

AUXILIARY TABLES
TO FACILITATE THE CALCULATIONS
OF THE
SURVEY OF INDIA.

FOURTH EDITION.

REVISED AND EXTENDED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
COLONEL F. B. LONGE, R.E.,
SURVEYOR GENERAL OF INDIA

BY
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PREFACE to THIRD EDITION.

Thirty-six years have elapsed since the publication of the first edition of the Auxiliary Tables of this Department, which was issued in 1851 under the title "Tables to facilitate the computations of a trigonometrical survey and the projection of maps for India. Computed and arranged by Babu Radhanath Sikdhar, Chief Computer in the Surveyor General's Office." This edition contained but seventeen tables, two of which consisted of symbols, formulæ and constants. In 1868 this was "revised and extended under the direction of Lieut.-Colonel J. T. Walker, R.E., F.R.S., &c., Superintendent of the Great Trigonometrical Survey of India, by J. B. N. Hennessey, Esq., F.R.A.S., Deputy Superintendent 1st Grade, Great Trigonometrical Survey, in charge Computing Office," and issued as a second edition under the title of "Auxiliary Tables to facilitate the calculations of the Survey Department of India." This edition contained twenty-six tables which were also, like those of the first edition, confined to the requirements of a trigonometrical survey and the projection of maps. Since 1868, however, ten other tables were from time to time added, which were generally numbered in continuation of the twenty-six as they were brought out, and now that the 1868 edition has been exhausted a new issue is imperatively called for, which of necessity requires a new arrangement of the old tables, grouping those together which relate to the same subjects; so that it has been impossible to retain the old familiar numbering by which many a table was popularly designated in the department. The present issue is moreover somewhat enlarged in scope and includes tables that will be useful to geographical explorers and save them the trouble of carrying other and perhaps cumbersome compilations, while at the same time it includes some new tables within the old scope which will also be found useful. The range of latitude—where it is the argument—has been somewhat enlarged, and now extends in all cases from the equator to 40° , except in tables XXIX, XXX and XXXVI to XLI inclusive in which it extends to 46° .

This edition contains sixty-three tables of which the following numbers were to be found in the previous editions with the less extended range of latitude:—I, II, III, V to XIV, XXIV to XXX, XXXII, XXXIII, XXXV to XL and XLIX to LI. Four concise tables, XLV to XLVIII, occupying but one opening now take the place of the more voluminous table of Mile Equivalents in Feet and Links.

A set of four Star Charts containing all the stars of the first, second and third magnitudes, originally published by General Walker in 1873 for the use of geographical explorers, has been reduced to a suitable scale and inserted in this edition.

For the assistance of the ordinary computer the Tables are preceded by the usual explanations regarding their use, and these are now supplemented by additional explanations in smaller type, shewing how the tables themselves or the formulæ on which they are based have been obtained: with these the ordinary computer need have no concern.

To assist officers employed beyond the Frontier in reducing the astronomical observations that may require to be taken, a few examples of such calculations are added in an Appendix.

The preparation and printing of these Tables have been accomplished under the superintendence of Mr. W. H. Cole, M.A., Deputy Superintendent in charge of the Computing and Printing Offices, but my acknowledgments are also due to Mr. J. Eccles, M.A., Assistant Superintendent, for the preparation of the explanations and appendix and for the trouble he has taken to make them as complete as possible.

July 1887.

C. T. HAIG, COLONEL, R.E.,

Deputy Surveyor General,

In charge of Trigonometrical Surveys.

The first edition of these Tables was issued in 1851, the second in 1868, and the third in 1887. The preface to the third edition, which has been reproduced on page 3, shows how the tables were gradually expanded between 1851 and 1887.

Since 1887 addenda have been printed and circulated at various times, and these have been incorporated in the present edition.

The principal differences between the present and the third editions are due to the changes that have been recently made in the methods of projecting maps. The projections which were formerly used for the atlas sheets and for the general maps of India have been abandoned as unsuited to the wide extent of longitude that has come to be included in Indian mapping.

The modification of the secant conical projection, which was introduced by Colonel Gore in 1900 for the construction of a Map of India and Adjacent Countries on the scale of $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$, has been recently adopted by Colonel Longe for all maps on a smaller scale than that of $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$.

In accordance with the resolution of the International Geographical Congress that assembled at Berne in 1891, it has been decided to adopt a polyconic projection for maps on the scale of $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$.

The polyconic system was first introduced into the Survey of India by Colonel Blacker; under his original design the central meridian of a map was a straight line, and all others were curved and concave to the central meridian: this however was found to be inconvenient, as no two contiguous maps could be placed together so as to form a single map, and eventually General Walker replaced the method by a modified polyconic projection, in which all meridians were straight lines. The latter system has for many years been employed in the Survey of India for topographical maps, and it will be used in future for all maps on the scale of $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ and larger scales.

The several scales, for which tables of "Graticules of Maps" have been constructed in this edition have been determined from the following considerations:—

(1stly). In the Report of the Survey Committee published in 1905 a list of the maps to be undertaken by the Survey of India was proposed.

(2ndly). As it was undesirable to fold the margins of sheets, when two or more were being photographed on one negative, it became necessary, in the case of maps being prepared for reduction, to arrange that every complete map should be drawn on a single sheet of drawing paper.

(3rdly). The maximum size of a sheet of drawing paper, which a draftsman can conveniently handle, had to be estimated.

The preparation and printing of the tables of this edition have been accomplished under the superintendence of Mr. J. Eccles, M.A., Superintendent of the Survey of India. The changes that have been lately made in the projections of Indian maps have necessitated the recalculation of many tables. Mr. Eccles is a recognised authority on the subject of map-projection, and his knowledge has been of great value both in assisting the Surveyor General to decide on the new projections, and in the computation of the data for the new tables. He assisted Colonel Gore in designing the secant-conical projection for India in 1900, and he has prepared the explanations of the projections for this edition.

DEHRA DUN
March 23rd 1906.

S. G. BURRARD, LIEUT.-COLONEL, R.E.,

Superintendent Trigonometrical Surveys.

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SYMBOLS AND FORMULÆ.

a = Equatorial radius of the earth.

b = Polar radius „ „

λ = Geodetic latitude.

c = Compression or ellipticity = $\frac{a-b}{a}$.

e = Eccentricity = $\left\{ \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^2} \right\}^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

ν = Normal to the meridian at λ terminated by the minor axis

$$= \frac{a}{(1 - e^2 \sin^2 \lambda)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

ρ = Radius of Curvature to the meridian at λ

$$= \frac{a(1 - e^2)}{(1 - e^2 \sin^2 \lambda)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

ρ_1 = Radius of Curvature of an oblique section at an azimuth of A in latitude λ

$$= \frac{\rho \nu}{\rho \sin^2 A + \nu \cos^2 A}$$

CONSTANTS EMPLOYED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE TABLES.

EVEREST'S CONSTANTS, 1ST SET.

See *Account of the Measurement of an Arc of the Meridian between the parallels of 18° 3' and 24° 7'*, A.D. 1830, page 115.

$a = 20922931.80$ feet $\log a = 7.320\ 6225\ 395$

$b = 20853374.58$ „ $\log b = 7.319\ 1763\ 443$

$c = 0.003324449014 = \frac{1}{300.8}$ $\log c = 3.521\ 7196\ 767$

$e^2 = 0.00663784607$ $\log e^2 = 3.822\ 0271\ 770$

$(1 - e^2) = 0.99336215393$ $\log (1 - e^2) = 1.997\ 1076\ 098$

AUXILIARY TABLES
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EXPLANATION OF THE TABLES.

TABLE I.—Normals terminated by the Minor Axis, and their Logarithms.

The Normals are given for every 10' of latitude between the parallels of 0° and 40° to the nearest tenth of a foot, and their logarithms to nine places of decimals.

The formula by which they have been computed, viz.,

$$v = \frac{a}{(1 - e^2 \sin^2 \lambda)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

follows at once from the simple geometry of the ellipse, a being the semi-axis major of the ellipse, e the eccentricity and v the normal at a point whose latitude is λ .

The argument with which to enter the table is the given latitude, and the corresponding Normal must be found by interpolation either in the ordinary way or, where extreme accuracy is required, according to the method exhibited in the foot note on the next page.

EXAMPLE.—To find the Normal at a point in latitude 9° 15' 25"·7.

1°. Approximately

In latitude 9° 10' Normal = 20924694·4 feet

(Difference = 61·1) × 5'·43 = + 34·8 ,,

Therefore in latitude 9° 15' 25"·7 Normal = 20924729·2 feet

2°. Rigorously*

If F = the value of the Normal corresponding to $9^{\circ} 10' 0''$

and $F^{(n)}$ = „ „ „ „ 9 15 25.7

where $n = 5' 25'' \cdot 7$ reduced to the decimal of $10'$

$$= .543$$

the formula in the Note gives

$$F^{(n)} = F + n a + \frac{n(n-1)}{1 \cdot 2} b + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} c + \&c.,$$

* NOTE.—On Interpolation by Differences of any order.

(See Chauvenet's Astronomy Vol. I.)

Let it be required to determine intermediate values of a function from tabulated values corresponding to equidistant values of the variable on which they depend.

Let $T, T + w, T + 2w, T + 3w, \&c.$, express equidistant values of the variable, $F, F^{(1)}, F^{(2)}, F^{(3)}, \&c.$, corresponding values of the given function, and let the differences of the first, second and following orders be formed as expressed in the following table:—

Argument	Function	1st Diff.	2nd Diff.	3rd Diff.	4th Diff.	5th Diff.	6th Diff.
T	F						
$T + w$	$F^{(1)}$	a	b				
$T + 2w$	$F^{(2)}$	$a^{(1)}$	$b^{(1)}$	c	d		
$T + 3w$	$F^{(3)}$	$a^{(2)}$	$b^{(2)}$	$c^{(1)}$	$d^{(1)}$	e	
$T + 4w$	$F^{(4)}$	$a^{(3)}$	$b^{(3)}$	$c^{(2)}$	$d^{(2)}$	$e^{(1)}$	f
$T + 5w$	$F^{(5)}$	$a^{(4)}$	$b^{(4)}$	$c^{(3)}$			
$T + 6w$	$F^{(6)}$	$a^{(5)}$					

These differences are found by subtracting each number from the one below it and the proper algebraical signs must be prefixed. The differences of any order are found from those of the preceding order in the same manner as the first differences are found from the given functions.

The even differences (2nd, 4th, &c.) fall in the same lines as the arguments and functions and the odd differences (1st, 3rd, &c.) between these lines.

Now, denoting the value of the function corresponding to a value of the argument $T + nw$ by $F^{(n)}$ we have by algebra

$$F^{(n)} = F + n a + \frac{n(n-1)}{1 \cdot 2} b + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} c + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} d + \&c.,$$

in which the coefficients are those of the n th power of a binomial. If n be taken successively 0, 1, 2, 3, &c., we shall obtain the function $F, F^{(1)}, F^{(2)}, F^{(3)}, \&c.$, and intermediate values are found by using fractional values of n .

The formula is usually applied only to interpolating between the function from which we set out and the next following one, in which case n is less than unity.

To find the proper value of n in each case let $T + t$ be the value of the argument for which we wish to interpolate a value of the function: then

$$n w = t \quad \text{and} \quad n = \frac{t}{w}$$

that is, n is the value of t reduced to a fraction of the interval w .

EXAMPLE.—Suppose that, instead of being given for every hour as it is, the Moon's Right Ascension had been given in the Nautical Almanac for every twelfth hour as follows:—

where the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd differences, a, b, c , are found from the following data given in the table:

		<i>Differences</i>		
		1st	2nd	3rd
In latitude $9^{\circ} 10'$	. . . Normal = 20924694.4			
		+ 64.1		
,, $9^{\circ} 20'$	. . . ,, = 20924758.5		+ 1.1	
		+ 65.2		0.0
,, $9^{\circ} 30'$	. . . ,, = 20924823.7		+ 1.1	
		+ 66.3		
,, $9^{\circ} 40'$	. . . ,, = 20924890.0			

So that $a = + 64.1, \quad b = + 1.1, \quad c = 0.0,$

therefore

$$F^{(n)} = 20924694.4 + 34.81 - 0.14$$

$$= 20924729.1.$$

Hence the Normal at a point in latitude $9^{\circ} 15' 25''.7$ is 20924729.1 feet.

		D's R. A.			1st Diff.		2nd Diff.	3rd Diff.	4th Diff.	5th Diff.
		<i>h</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s</i>
1905, January 1,	<i>h</i>	<i>h</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>s</i>						
	0	15	4	35.61						
					+ 27	34.89				
,,	1, 12	15	32	10.50			+ 12.61			
,,	2, 0	15	59	58.00	27	47.50		- 2.10		
,,	2, 12	16	27	56.01	27	58.01	10.51		- 1.31	
,,	3, 0	16	56	1.12	28	5.11	7.10	3.41		+ 0.14
,,	3, 12	17	24	8.75	28	7.63	2.52	4.58	1.17	

Required the Moon's Right Ascension on January 1, at 6^h .

Here $T = \text{January } 1, 0^h; t = 6^h; w = 12^h, \therefore n = \frac{6^h}{12^h} = \frac{1}{2}$; and if we denote the coefficients of a, b, c, d, e by A, B, C, D, E , we have

			$F =$	$15 \quad 4 \quad 35.61$
$a = + 27 \quad 34.89,$	$A = n = + \frac{1}{2},$		$Aa = + 0 \quad 13 \quad 47.45$	
$b = + 0 \quad 12.61,$	$B = A \frac{n-1}{2} = - \frac{1}{8},$		$Bb = - 0 \quad 0 \quad 1.58$	
$c = - 0 \quad 2.10,$	$C = B \frac{n-2}{3} = + \frac{1}{16},$		$Cc = - 0 \quad 0 \quad 0.13$	
$d = - 0 \quad 1.31,$	$D = C \frac{n-3}{4} = - \frac{5}{128},$		$Dd = + 0 \quad 0 \quad 0.05$	
$e = + 0 \quad 0.14,$	$E = D \frac{n-4}{5} = + \frac{7}{256},$		$Ee = + 0 \quad 0 \quad 0.00$	

Therefore

D's Right Ascension on January 1, 1905, at $6^h = F^{(4)} = 15 \quad 18 \quad 21.40$

which is the value given in the Nautical Almanac for that hour.

TABLE II.—*Radii of Curvature to the Meridian, and their Logarithms.*

The Radii of Curvature are given in feet for every 10' of latitude between the parallels 0° and 40° to the nearest tenth of a foot, and their logarithms to nine places of decimals.

The formula by which they have been computed, viz.,

$$\rho = \frac{a(1-e^2)}{(1-e^2\sin^2\lambda)^{3/2}}$$

follows very simply from that given for ν on page 9, ρ being the Radius of Curvature to the meridian at a point whose latitude is λ .

The argument with which to enter the table is the given latitude, and the corresponding Radius of Curvature must be found by interpolation in exactly the same way that the normal is found from Table I.

TABLE III.—*Logarithms of the Factor $\frac{(\rho + \nu)^2 \operatorname{cosec} 1''}{8\rho^2\nu^2}$ for computing the Spherical Excess of a Triangle.*

The Spherical Excess of a triangle ABC may be found with all necessary accuracy from any one of the formulæ

$$e'' = ab \sin C \times \frac{\operatorname{cosec} 1''}{2(\operatorname{radius})^2};$$

$$e'' = \frac{c^2 \sin A \sin B}{\sin C} \times \frac{\operatorname{cosec} 1''}{2(\operatorname{radius})^2};$$

$$e'' = 2 \text{ area of triangle} \times \frac{\operatorname{cosec} 1''}{2(\operatorname{radius})^2};$$

where e'' is the Spherical Excess in seconds.

The factor $\frac{\operatorname{cosec} 1''}{2(\operatorname{radius})^2}$ has been computed with a radius = $\frac{\rho\nu}{\rho \cos^2 45 + \nu \sin^2 45} = \frac{2\rho\nu}{\rho + \nu}$, the radius of curvature of an oblique section passing through the centre of the spheroid and having an azimuth of 45°, where ρ is the radius of curvature of the meridian and ν the normal terminated by the minor axis, for the mean latitude of the triangle, ρ and ν being taken in feet. The factor thus becomes $\frac{(\rho + \nu)^2 \operatorname{cosec} 1''}{8\rho^2\nu^2}$, and its logarithm is given in the table to five places of decimals for each degree of latitude from 0° to 40°.

EXAMPLE.—For a triangle of which the mean latitude is 24°28' :—

$$\text{Given } \begin{cases} \log a \text{ in feet} & = 4.97554 \\ \log b \text{ ,,} & = 4.98531 \\ \log \sin C & = 1.97054 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Tabular log for lat. } 24^\circ 28' = 10.37407$$

$$e'' = 2''.020 \quad \text{Sum} = \log e'' = \underline{0.30546}$$

The correction to be applied to each of the observed angles of a triangle on account of the spherical excess of the triangle is $-\frac{e''}{3}$ when the lengths of the sides do not exceed 100 miles.

TABLE IV.—For determining the Spherical Excess in Secondary Operations.

This table* is intended to be used only in Secondary Operations where the Spherical Excess is not required with greater accuracy than the nearest tenth of a second, or in observations to distant snow peaks when the nearest second of Spherical Excess is sufficient.

In using the table the area of the triangle will be found with sufficient accuracy by measuring the base and perpendicular with a pair of compasses from a working chart and taking their lengths from a scale.

Having obtained the area, enter the table with it as the argument, and the Spherical Excess will be found in the column corresponding to the mean latitude of the triangle which need not be known with greater accuracy than the nearest 5°.

EXAMPLE.—To find the Spherical Excess of a triangle whose area is 545 square miles in mean latitude of 26°.

For area of 500 square miles	...	Spherical Excess = 6"·60
" 40 "	...	" = 53
" 5 "	...	" = 07
For area of 545 square miles		
	...	Spherical Excess = 7"·20.

Therefore

$$\text{Spherical Excess of the triangle} = 7'' \cdot 2.$$

* The table is further useful in readily calculating with fair approximation the effect of neglecting spherical excess in a triangulation of some magnitude.

Suppose that a triangulation of an average width of 5 miles proceeds, at any azimuth, for a distance of 200 miles, then the spherical excess applicable is 13" of which one half or say 7" may be applied to each flank.

The computations being made with plane angles will give erroneous values of the azimuth of the terminal side, that obtained from the $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{left} \\ \text{right} \end{array} \right\}$ flank being too $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{great} \\ \text{small} \end{array} \right\}$ by half the spherical excess (=7"), while the difference in latitudes and longitudes will depend on the direction in which the series runs.

1st.—For a Meridional Series.

The latitudes of the two extremities of the terminal side will be insensibly affected.

The longitude of the $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{eastern} \\ \text{western} \end{array} \right\}$ extremity will be $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{too small} \\ \text{great} \end{array} \right\}$ by the subtense of $\frac{7''}{2}$ at 200 miles, i.e. by 17½ feet or 0"·19.

2nd.—For a Longitudinal Series.

The longitudes of the two extremities would be practically unaffected.

The latitude of the $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{northern} \\ \text{southern} \end{array} \right\}$ extremity would be $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{too small} \\ \text{great} \end{array} \right\}$ by the subtense of $\frac{7''}{2}$ at 200 miles, i.e. by 17½ feet or 0"·17.

3rd.—For a series in a direction whose azimuth is A.

In this case, for each extremity of the terminal side the subtense of 17½ feet will be divided up between the latitude and longitude in the proportion of $\sin A : \cos A$.

It must also be noted that if the length of the terminal side were computed from the latitudes and longitudes, it would be 35 feet in defect of that given by the triangular calculations.

TABLE V.—*Reciprocals of Numbers to facilitate the Computation of Weights of Observed Angles.*

This table has been prepared for use in the calculation of 'weights of observed angles' which are employed in the reduction of geodetical figures by the 'method of least squares'.

The table has been so constructed that each number in the second column is the reciprocal, to two places of decimals, of all quantities between the corresponding upper and lower numbers in the first column.

Thus the reciprocal of 8·000 being ·125

„ „ 7·407 „ ·135

„ „ 6·897 „ ·145

any number between 8·000 and 7·407 has a reciprocal between ·125 and ·135, *i.e.* ·13 to two places of decimals; and any number between 7·407 and 6·897 has a reciprocal ·14.

TABLE VI.—*Logarithms for facilitating the Computation of Terrestrial Latitudes, Longitudes and Reverse Azimuths.*

This table gives the logarithms of the quantities P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z used in the forms employed in this Department for the computation of terrestrial Latitudes, Longitudes and Reverse Azimuths.

The formulæ on which the calculations are based are due to Puissant and are demonstrated in the "Measurement of the Meridional Arc of India, 1847" by Colonel Everest and also in Vol. II of the *Account of the Operations of the G. S. Survey of India*.

Suppose that **A** and **B** are two stations and that the latitude and longitude of **A** and the azimuth of **B** from **A** are given, together with the distance at the mean sea level between the two stations, and it is required to compute the latitude and longitude of **B** and the azimuth of **A** from **B**.

We have given:—

λ = latitude of **A**,

L = longitude of **A**,

A = azimuth of **B** from **A** measured from S. by W. round the horizon,

c = distance at mean sea level between **A** and **B**,

and we require:—

λ' = latitude of **B**,

L' = longitude of **B**,

B = azimuth of **A** from **B** measured in the same way,

If we put

$$\lambda' = \lambda + \Delta\lambda; \quad L' = L + \Delta L; \quad \text{and } B = \overline{\pi + A} + \Delta A;$$

It will be seen that we require the differences

$$\Delta\lambda, \Delta L \text{ and } \Delta A$$

each of which consists of four parts:—

$$\delta_1 \lambda, \delta_2 \lambda, \delta_3 \lambda, \delta_4 \lambda,$$

$$\delta_1 L, \delta_2 L, \delta_3 L, \delta_4 L,$$

$$\delta_1 A, \delta_2 A, \delta_3 A, \delta_4 A.$$

The formulæ for $\Delta \lambda$, ΔL and ΔA as given in Vol. II of the *Account of the Operations &c.*, pages 116 to 118, are as follows:—

$$\Delta \lambda = \text{in seconds of arc} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{c}{\rho} \cos A \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ -\frac{1}{1.2} \frac{c^2}{\rho \cdot \nu} \sin^2 A \tan \lambda \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ -\frac{3}{4} \frac{c^2}{\rho \cdot \nu} \frac{e^2}{1-e^2} \cos^2 A \sin 2\lambda \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ +\frac{1}{1.2.3} \frac{c^3}{\rho \cdot \nu^2} \sin^2 A \cos A (1 + 3 \tan^2 \lambda) \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} +\delta_1 \lambda \\ +\delta_2 \lambda \\ +\delta_3 \lambda \\ +\delta_4 \lambda \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\Delta L = \text{in seconds of arc} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{c}{\nu} \frac{\sin A}{\cos \lambda} \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ +\frac{1}{1.2} \frac{c^2}{\nu^2} \frac{\sin 2A \tan \lambda}{\cos \lambda} \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ -\frac{1}{1.2.3} \frac{c^3}{\nu^3} \frac{(1+3 \tan^2 \lambda) \sin 2A \cos A}{\cos \lambda} \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ +\frac{1}{1.2.3} \frac{c^3}{\nu^3} \frac{2 \sin^3 A \tan^2 \lambda}{\cos \lambda} \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} +\delta_1 L \\ +\delta_2 L \\ +\delta_3 L \\ +\delta_4 L \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\Delta A = \text{in seconds of arc} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{c}{\nu} \sin A \tan \lambda \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ +\frac{1}{4} \frac{c^2}{\nu^2} \left(1 + 2 \tan^2 \lambda + \frac{e^2 \cos^2 \lambda}{1-e^2} \right) \sin 2A \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ -\frac{c^3}{\nu^3} \left(\frac{5}{6} + \tan^2 \lambda \right) \frac{\tan \lambda}{2} \sin 2A \cos A \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ +\frac{1}{2.3} \frac{c^3}{\nu^3} \sin^3 A \tan \lambda (1 + 2 \tan^2 \lambda) \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} +\delta_1 A \\ +\delta_2 A \\ +\delta_3 A \\ +\delta_4 A \end{array} \right\}$$

where ρ is the radius of curvature of the meridian and ν the normal terminated by the minor axis, both at A , and e the eccentricity of the ellipse.*

In these formulæ put,

$$P = \frac{\operatorname{cosec} 1''}{\rho}; \quad Q = \frac{\rho}{\nu}; \quad R = \frac{1}{2\rho}; \quad S = 2 \sec \lambda \frac{\rho}{\nu}; \quad T = \left(2 \tan^2 \lambda + \frac{\nu}{\rho} \right) \frac{\cot \lambda \cos \lambda}{2};$$

$$U = \left(\frac{1}{3} + \tan^2 \lambda \right) \sec^2 \lambda \operatorname{cosec} \lambda \frac{\rho}{\nu^2} \frac{2(1-e^2)}{3e^2}; \quad V = \frac{\sin \lambda \cos \lambda}{(2 \tan^2 \lambda + \frac{\nu}{\rho})} \frac{\nu}{\rho} \frac{3e^2}{1-e^2};$$

$$W = \frac{\frac{5}{6} + \tan^2 \lambda}{\frac{1}{3} + \tan^2 \lambda} \sin \lambda; \quad X = \frac{\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \tan^2 \lambda}{\frac{5}{6} + \tan^2 \lambda} \cot \lambda \frac{\nu}{\rho}; \quad Y = \frac{2 \tan^2 \lambda \sec \lambda}{1 + 3 \tan^2 \lambda} \frac{\rho}{\nu}; \quad Z = \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \tan^2 \lambda}{\tan \lambda \sec \lambda}.$$

* The above values of $\Delta \lambda$, ΔL , and ΔA are only the first three terms of infinite series in which each of them may be expanded. The magnitudes of the neglected terms depend on c and λ . In the operations of this Survey c averages about 30 miles in hilly tracts and 11 miles in the plains; a very few of the sides of principal triangles exceed 60 miles but not one is as great as 70 miles: the latitude λ ranges in the Tables from 0° to 40° . If then we take $c = 70$ miles and $\lambda = 40^\circ$ and compute the maximum values of the terms in $\frac{c^4}{\nu^4}$ (from the formulæ as given in Vol. II, page 119) we find that they and the azimuths on which they occur are as follows.—in $\Delta \lambda$, $0''\cdot0024$ on azimuth $40^\circ 25'$; in ΔL , $0''\cdot0079$ on azimuth $23^\circ 50'$; in ΔA , $0''\cdot0087$ on azimuth $24^\circ 21'$, which are within the limits of instrumental errors.

The terms $\delta_1\lambda$, &c., δ_1L , &c., δ_1A , &c., assume the forms:—

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_1\lambda &= P \cdot \cos A \cdot c; & \delta_1L &= \delta_1\lambda \cdot Q \cdot \sec \lambda \tan A; & \delta_1A &= \delta_1L \sin \lambda; \\ \delta_2\lambda &= \delta_1A \cdot R \cdot \sin A \cdot c; & \delta_2L &= \delta_2\lambda \cdot S \cdot \cot A; & \delta_2A &= \delta_2L \cdot T; \\ \delta_3\lambda &= \delta_2A \cdot V \cdot \cot A; & \delta_3L &= \delta_3\lambda \cdot U \cdot \sin A \cdot c; & \delta_3A &= \delta_3L \cdot W; \\ \delta_4\lambda &= \delta_3A \cdot X \cdot \tan A; & \delta_4L &= \delta_4\lambda \cdot Y \cdot \tan A; & \delta_4A &= \delta_4L \cdot Z; \end{aligned}$$

which are the expressions used in the form for computation. It will be noticed that by this method the terms are found consecutively each from the preceding one. The proper signs to be given to the quantities will be found in Table VII.

Each of the quantities P, Q is given in logarithms to 7 places of decimals }
 „ „ R, S, T „ 5 „ „ } for every 10' of
 „ „ U, V, W, X, Y, Z „ 3 „ „ } latitude from
 0° to 40°.

For latitudes other than those given in the table the quantities must be found by interpolation.

EXAMPLE.—To find P for latitude $24^\circ 8' 3'' \cdot 723$ or $24^\circ 8' \cdot 062$.

$$\text{From the table, P for } 24^\circ 0' = 3 \cdot 9959792$$

$$\text{Tab. difference for } 10' = -94$$

$$\text{Therefore „ } 8' \cdot 062 = -8 \cdot 062 \times 9 \cdot 4 = -76$$

$$\text{Therefore P for } 24^\circ 8' 3'' \cdot 723 = \underline{\underline{3 \cdot 9959716}}$$

The other quantities must be treated in a similar way.

To illustrate the use of this table we will now give examples of computations of latitude, longitude and reverse azimuth both of a principal and of a secondary station.

EXAMPLE 1.—Principal Triangulation. Given

Stations	Spherical Angles	Log Sides opposite Angles
	° ' "	Feet
Bhaorása H.S.	56 22 7·472	4·9853089
Párdho H.S.	69 8 3·472	5·0354039
Handiapáro H.S.	54 29 51·076	4·9755350

$$\text{Latitude of Bhaorása} = 24 \ 8 \ 3 \cdot 728, \quad \text{of Párdho} = 24 \ 16 \ 17 \cdot 867$$

$$\text{Longitude „} = 78 \ 3 \ 7 \cdot 913, \quad \text{„} = 77 \ 48 \ 40 \cdot 557$$

$$\text{Azimuth of Handiapáro at Bhaorása} = 178 \ 15 \ 53 \cdot 888$$

$$\text{„ „ Párdho} = 232 \ 39 \ 47 \cdot 353$$

In case of adjusted triangulation these azimuths are deduced in one way only on the margin of the form as the values remain the same whichever route is adopted to deduce them. But in case of unadjusted triangulation two values of A are deduced on the margin and their mean used in the computation.

To find the latitude and longitude of Handiapáro and the azimuths of Bhaorása and Párdho at Handiapáro.

COMPUTATION OF LATITUDES, LONGITUDES AND AZIMUTHS OF PRINCIPAL STATIONS.
(When both Stations A and B or one of them are in South Latitude or West Longitude or in both.)

EXAMPLE I.		EXAMPLE III.		EXAMPLE V.	
$\lambda_A = N 0 10 55 \cdot 139$ $L_A = E 77 10 44 \cdot 460$ $A = 345 45 10 \cdot 250$ $\text{Log } c = 5 \cdot 2804014$		$\lambda_A = S 0 19 39 \cdot 409$ $L_A = E 77 18 27 \cdot 188$ $A = 165 49 9 \cdot 662$ $\text{Log } c = 5 \cdot 2804014$		$\lambda_A = S 0 20 33 \cdot 338$ $L_A = E 76 53 57 \cdot 756$ $A = 267 54 47 \cdot 906$ $\text{Log } c = 5 \cdot 1736281$	
P	3.9966948	$\lambda_A = N 0 10 55 \cdot 139$	P	3.9966948	$\lambda_A = S 0 19 39 \cdot 409$
cos A	1.9864327	$\Delta\lambda = - 30 34 \cdot 548$	cos A	1.9864324	$\Delta\lambda = - 30 34 \cdot 548$
c	5.2804014	$\lambda_B = S 0 19 39 \cdot 409$	c	5.2804014	$\lambda_B = N 0 10 55 \cdot 139$
($\delta_1 \lambda$)	3.2635290	1834.5477	($\delta_1 \lambda$)	3.2635286	1834.5460
Q	1.9971076	$L_A = E 77 10 44 \cdot 460$	Q	1.9971077	$L_A = E 77 18 27 \cdot 188$
sec λ	0.0000022	$\Delta L = + 7 42 \cdot 728$	sec λ	0.0000071	$\Delta L = - 7 42 \cdot 728$
tan A	1.4046879	$L_B = E 77 18 27 \cdot 188$	tan A	1.4046931	$L_B = E 77 10 44 \cdot 460$
($\delta_1 L$)	2.6653267	+ 462.7289	($\delta_1 L$)	2.6653365	- 462.7395
(sin λ)	3.5019075		(sin λ)	3.7572369	
($\delta_1 A$)	0.1672342	+ 1.4697	($\delta_1 A$)	0.4225734	+ 2.6459
R	8.38124	$180^\circ + A = 165 45 10 \cdot 250$	R	8.38124	$180^\circ + A = 345 45 9 \cdot 662$
sin A	1.39112	$\Delta A = - 0 \cdot 588$	sin A	1.39113	$\Delta A = + 0 \cdot 588$
c	5.28040	$B = 165 45 9 \cdot 662$	c	5.28040	$B = 345 45 10 \cdot 250$
($\delta_2 \lambda$)	3.21999	- 0.0017	($\delta_2 \lambda$)	3.47534	- 0.0030
S	0.29814		S	0.29815	
cot A	0.59531		cot A	0.59531	
($\delta_2 L$)	2.11344	- 0.0130	($\delta_2 L$)	2.30980	+ 0.0234
T	2.19996		T	1.94466	
($\delta_2 A$)	0.31340	- 2.0578	($\delta_2 A$)	0.31346	- 2.0581
V	5.804		V	4.059	
cot A	0.595		cot A	0.595	
($\delta_3 \lambda$)	4.712	- 0.0005	($\delta_3 \lambda$)	4.967	- 0.0009
U	4.697		U	4.441	
sin A	1.391		sin A	1.391	
c	5.280		c	5.280	
($\delta_3 L$)	2.080	+ 0.0120	($\delta_3 L$)	2.079	- 0.0120
W	3.900		W	2.155	
($\delta_3 A$)	5.980	+ 0.0001	($\delta_3 A$)	4.234	+ 0.0002
X	1.802		X	1.547	
tan A	1.405		tan A	1.405	
($\delta_4 \lambda$)	3.187	+ 0.0015	($\delta_4 \lambda$)	3.186	+ 0.0015
Y	5.302		Y	5.813	
tan A	1.405		tan A	1.405	
($\delta_4 L$)	9.894	- 0.0000	($\delta_4 L$)	8.404	+ 0.0000
Z	2.197		Z	1.942	
($\delta_4 A$)	6.091	- 0.0000	($\delta_4 A$)	6.346	- 0.0000
EXAMPLE II.		EXAMPLE IV.		EXAMPLE VI.	
$\lambda_A = N 0 10 55 \cdot 139$ $L_A = W 0 4 3 \cdot 000$ $A = 345 45 10 \cdot 250$ $\text{Log } c = 5 \cdot 2804014$		$\lambda_A = S 0 19 39 \cdot 409$ $L_A = E 0 3 39 \cdot 728$ $A = 165 45 9 \cdot 662$ $\text{Log } c = 5 \cdot 2804014$		$\lambda_A = S 0 20 33 \cdot 338$ $L_A = W 0 30 45 \cdot 200$ $A = 267 54 47 \cdot 906$ $\text{Log } c = 5 \cdot 1736281$	
The computation will remain the same as above except the following:—		The computation will remain the same as above except the following:—		The computation will remain the same as above except the following:—	
$L_A = W 0 4 3 \cdot 000$ $\Delta L = - 0 7 42 \cdot 728$ $L_B = E 0 3 39 \cdot 728$		$L_A = E 0 3 39 \cdot 728$ $\Delta L = - 0 7 42 \cdot 728$ $L_B = W 0 4 3 \cdot 000$		$L_A = W 0 30 45 \cdot 200$ $\Delta L = - 0 24 29 \cdot 432$ $L_B = W 0 6 15 \cdot 768$	

- NOTES:— 1. When Station A is very close to the Equator, i.e., when λ_A is very small, the quantities T, V, U, W, X, Y and Z are to be computed from the formulæ on p. 15 instead of interpolating.
2. The Latitude North or South and the Longitude East or West should always be considered positive.
3. When $\Delta\lambda$ comes out negative and greater than the Latitude of A, the difference is the Latitude of the deduced station B on the other side of the Equator.
4. When A is west of Greenwich, the sign of ΔL must be changed before applying it to the Longitude of A.
5. When ΔL comes out greater than the Longitude of A, and negative when A is east or negative after changing sign when A is west, the difference is the Longitude of B on the other side of the Meridian of Greenwich.

EXAMPLE 2.—Secondary Triangulation. Given:—

Stations		Angles	Log Sides opposite Angles
		° ' "	Feet
Shadau s.	...	62 53 15	4.8399742
Maláni "	...	56 52 30	4.8135035
Kingriáli h.s.	...	60 14 15	4.8290939

Latitude of Shadau s. = 32 3 34.03, Latitude of Maláni s. = 32 7 22.66
 Longitude " = 71 3 29.80, Longitude " = 71 15 46.72

Azimuth of Maláni s. at Shadau s. = 249 55 15
 " of Shadau s. at Maláni s. = 70 1 45

To find the latitude and longitude of Kingriáli h.s. and the azimuths of Shadau s. and Maláni s. at Kingriáli h.s.

COMPUTATION OF LATITUDES, LONGITUDES AND AZIMUTHS OF SECONDARY STATIONS.

Stn. A, Shadau s.		Stn. B, Kingriáli h.s.		Stn. A, Maláni s.		Stn. B, Kingriáli h.s.	
At A Az. of Maláni s.		= 249° 55' 15"		At A Az. of Shadau s.		= 70° 1' 45"	
" ∠ between do.		and B = - 62 53 15		" ∠ between do.		and B = + 56 52 30	
" Az. of B, Kingriáli h.s.		= A = 187 2 0		" Az. of B, Kingriáli h.s.		= A = 126 54 15	
° ' "				° ' "			
P	3.9954755	λ _A	= 32 3 34.03	P	3.9954712	λ _A	= 32 7 22.66
cos A	1.9967196	Δλ	= + 10 39.28	cos A	1.7784974	Δλ	= + 6 50.64
c	4.8135035	λ _B	= 32 14 13.31	c	4.8399742	λ _B	= 32 14 13.30
(δ ₁ λ)	2.8056986	+ 639.291		(δ ₁ λ)	2.6139428	+ 411.096	
Q	1.9979206	L _A	= 71 3 29.80	Q	1.9979235	L _A	= 71 15 46.72
sec λ	0.0718614	ΔL	= + 1 32.80	sec λ	0.0721633	ΔL	= - 10 44.12
tan A	1.0912277	L _B	= 71 5 2.60	tan A	0.1243977	L _B	= 71 5 2.60
(δ ₁ L)	1.9667083	+ 92.621		(δ ₁ L)	2.8084273	- 643.320	
sin λ	1.7249301			sin λ	1.7256978		
(δ ₁ A)	1.6916384	+ 49.2		(δ ₁ A)	2.5341251	- 342.1	
R	8.38002	180° + A	= 7 2 0	R	8.38001	180° + A	= 306 54 15
sin A	1.08795	ΔA	= + 49	sin A	1.90290	ΔA	= - 5 43
c	4.81350	B	= 7 2 49	c	4.83997	B	= 306 48 32
(δ ₂ λ)	3.97311	- 0.009		(δ ₂ λ)	1.65701	- .454	
S	0.37082			S	0.37112		
cot A	0.90877			cot A	1.87560		
(δ ₂ L)	1.25270	+ .179		(δ ₂ L)	1.90373	- .801	
T	0.08361			T	0.08258		
(δ ₂ A)	1.33571	+ .2		(δ ₂ A)	1.98631	- 1.0	
Deduced Station B, Kingriáli h.s.				Deduced Station B, Kingriáli h.s.			
	Latitude	Longitude	Azimuth of Shadau s.		Latitude	Longitude	Azimuth of Maláni s.
	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
From 1st Deduction	32 14 13.31	71 5 2.60	7 2 49	From 2nd Deduction	...	...	306 48 32
" 2nd "	13.30	2.60	47	" 1st "	...	...	34
Mean ...	32 14 13.31	71 5 2.60	7 2 48	Mean ...	...	...	306 48 33

TABLE VII.—Directions for applying the Signs to the Terms of the Latitude, Longitude and Azimuth Formulæ.

This table is to be used in conjunction with the preceding one and gives the proper signs to be applied to the terms $\delta_1\lambda$, &c., δ_1L , &c., and δ_1A , &c., in the computations of Latitude, Longitude and Reverse Azimuths.

TABLE VIII.—For Calculating Azimuths and Distances of Points of which the Latitudes and Longitudes are known.

When the latitudes and longitudes of two Stations **A** and **B** are known and we require the distance between them and the azimuth of each station at the other, this table is to be used for finding the quantities R' , S' , T' , U' , V' , W' , X' , Y' , Z' employed in the forms for calculation.

The formulæ on which the calculations are based are those given under Table VI, and the treatment is as follows:—

Taking the formulæ for $\Delta\lambda$, ΔL , and ΔA and remembering that

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \delta_1\lambda &= -\frac{c}{\rho} \cos A \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ \delta_1L &= -\frac{c}{\nu} \frac{\sin A}{\cos \lambda} \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \end{aligned} \right\}$$

we get by eliminating A from each term in succession

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta\lambda = \text{in seconds of arc} & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} + \delta_1\lambda \\ - R' \delta_1 L^2 \\ - V' \delta_1 \lambda^2 \\ - X' \delta_1 \lambda \delta_1 L^2 \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} + \delta_1\lambda \\ + \delta_2\lambda \\ + \delta_3\lambda \\ + \delta_4\lambda \end{array} \right\} \text{ of Table VI, page 15.} \\ \Delta L = \text{in seconds of arc} & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} + \delta_1 L \\ + S' \delta_1 \lambda \delta_1 L \\ + U' \delta_1 \lambda^2 \delta_1 L \\ - Y' \delta_1 L^3 \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} + \delta_1 L \\ + \delta_2 L \\ + \delta_3 L \\ + \delta_4 L \end{array} \right\} \text{ " " } \\ \Delta A = \text{in seconds of arc} & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} + \sin \lambda \delta_1 L \\ + T' \delta_1 \lambda \delta_1 L \\ + W' \delta_1 \lambda^2 \delta_1 L \\ - Z' \delta_1 L^3 \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} + \delta_1 A \\ + \delta_2 A \\ + \delta_3 A \\ + \delta_4 A \end{array} \right\} \text{ " " } \end{aligned}$$

where R' , S' , T' , &c., have the following values:—

$$\begin{aligned} R' &= \frac{\nu}{4\rho} \sin 2\lambda \sin 1''; & S' &= \frac{\rho}{\nu} \tan \lambda \sin 1''; & T' &= \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{2\rho}{\nu} \tan^2 \lambda \right) \cos \lambda \sin 1''; \\ U' &= \frac{1}{3} \frac{\rho^2}{\nu^2} \left(\frac{2 - \cos 2\lambda}{\cos^2 \lambda} \right) \sin^3 1''; & V' &= \frac{3}{4} \frac{\rho}{\nu} \frac{e^2}{1 - e^2} \sin 2\lambda \sin 1''; & W' &= \frac{1}{12} \frac{\rho^2}{\nu^2} \frac{\sin \lambda}{\cos^2 \lambda} (11 - \cos 2\lambda) \sin^2 1''; \\ X' &= \frac{1}{6} (2 - \cos 2\lambda) \sin^3 1''; & Y' &= \frac{1}{3} \sin^2 \lambda \sin^2 1''; & Z' &= \frac{1}{12} \sin \lambda (3 - \cos 2\lambda) \sin^2 1''. \end{aligned}$$

It thus appears that $\delta_1\lambda$ and δ_1L are found by the first pair of equations, and then $\Delta\lambda$ and ΔL depend only on these and the quantities given in the table; and ΔA only needs in addition $\sin \lambda$.

Again in the reverse process, if $\Delta\lambda$ and ΔL are given, we have the 3rd and 4th equations for finding $\delta_1\lambda$ and δ_1L and then the first pair of equations will give A and c ; and ΔA will be found as before.

The differences $\Delta\lambda$, ΔL and ΔA in the explanation to Table VI may be computed as follows:—

Station A, Bhaorása H.S.		Station B, Handiapáro H.S.	
$\lambda = 24^\circ 8' 3''.728$		$A = 178^\circ 15' 53''.888$	
$L = 78 3 7.913$		$\text{Log } c = 5.0354039$	
$c = 5.0354039$ $\cos A = 1.9998009$ $\frac{1}{\rho} = 8.6815465$ $\frac{\rho}{\text{cosec } 1''} = 5.3144251$ $\delta_1 \lambda = 3.0311764 = + 1074.4257$	$c = 5.0354039$ $\sin A = 2.4811183$ $\sec \lambda = 0.0397247$ $\frac{1}{\nu} = 8.6791363$ $\frac{\nu}{\text{cosec } 1''} = 5.3144251$ $\delta_1 L = 1.5498083 = - 35.4657$	$\sin \lambda = 1.6115937$ $\delta_1 L = 1.5498083$ $\delta_1 A = 1.1614020 = -14.5011$	
$R' = 7.95882$ $\delta_1 L^2 = 3.09962$ $\delta_2 \lambda = 3.05844 = - .0011$	$S' = 6.33448$ $\delta_1 \lambda = 3.03118$ $\delta_1 L = 1.54981$ $\delta_2 L = 2.91547 = - .0823$	$T' = 8.49072$ $\delta_1 \lambda = 3.03118$ $\delta_1 L = 1.54981$ $\delta_2 A = 1.07171 = - .1180$	
$V' = 8.256$ $\delta_1 \lambda^2 = 6.062$ $\delta_3 \lambda = 2.318 = - .0208$	$U' = 11.094$ $\delta_1 \lambda^2 = 6.062$ $\delta_1 L = 1.550$ $\delta_3 L = 4.706 = - .0005$	$W' = 12.992$ $\delta_1 \lambda^2 = 6.062$ $\delta_1 L = 1.550$ $\delta_3 A = 4.604 = - .0004$	
$X' = 12.718$ $\delta_1 \lambda = 3.031$ $\delta_1 L^2 = 3.100$ $\delta_4 \lambda = 6.849 = .0000$	$Y' = 12.117$ $\delta_1 L^3 = 4.649$ $\delta_4 L = 8.766 = .0000$	$Z' = 12.272$ $\delta_1 L^3 = 4.649$ $\delta_4 A = 8.921 = .0000$	
$\Delta\lambda = + 1074.4038$ $= 17^\circ 54''.4038$	$\Delta L = - 35.5485$	$\Delta A = -14.6195$	

NOTE.—Some slight abbreviation may be introduced into this calculation by employing P from Table VI for $\frac{1}{\rho} \text{ cosec } 1''$ and the co-log from Table XXVII for $\frac{1}{\nu} \sec \lambda \text{ cosec } 1''$.

It remains now to explain how, having given $\Delta\lambda$ and ΔL , we can obtain $\delta_1 \lambda$ and $\delta_1 L$, the quantities required for finding A , c and ΔA .

We have

$$\Delta\lambda = \delta_1 \lambda - R' \delta_1 L^2 - V' \delta_1 \lambda^2 - X' \delta_1 \lambda \delta_1 L^2, \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

$$\Delta L = \delta_1 L + S' \delta_1 \lambda \delta_1 L + U' \delta_1 \lambda^2 \delta_1 L - Y' \delta_1 L^3, \dots \dots \dots (2)$$

and the terms involving U' , V' , X' , Y' are very small compared with those involving R' , S' ; therefore, omitting the last two terms of $\Delta\lambda$ and putting ΔL for $\delta_1 L$, we get as a first approximation

$$\delta_1 \lambda_0 = \Delta\lambda + R' \Delta L^2. \dots \dots \dots (3)$$

Substitute this for $\delta_1 \lambda$ in (2) and we get

$$\delta_1 L = \Delta L \div \left\{ 1 + S' \delta_1 \lambda_0 + U' \delta_1 \lambda_0^2 - Y' \Delta L^2 \right\} \dots \dots \dots (4)$$

where we have put ΔL^2 for $\delta_1 L^2$ in the last term, which we may safely do considering the magnitude of Y' .

Returning now to (1) and putting $\delta_1 \lambda_0$ for $\delta_1 \lambda$ in the third and fourth terms, we get a more accurate value of $\delta_1 \lambda$, viz.,

$$\delta_1 \lambda = \Delta\lambda + R' \delta_1 L^2 + V' \delta_1 \lambda_0^2 + X' \delta_1 \lambda_0 \delta_1 L^2 \dots \dots \dots (5)$$

In the practical application of these formulæ it will be sufficient to use 5 places of decimals in the terms involving R' , S' , T' , and 3 places in the terms involving U' , V' , W' , X' , Y' , Z' . Hence in the great majority of cases the values of $\delta_1 \lambda$ and $\delta_1 L$, obtained from equations (5) and (4) will be as accurate as can be desired: and this accuracy can be tested by comparing $\delta_1 \lambda$ from (5) with $\delta_1 \lambda_0$ used in (4), and $\delta_1 L$ from (4) with ΔL employed in (4), and should the differences be sensible another approximation can be made.

The method just described is applicable to principal triangulation where great accuracy is required. In the case of secondary triangulation and for topographical purposes we may neglect the last two terms in each of the equations (1) and (2).

We shall then have

$$\delta_1 \lambda = \Delta \lambda + R' \Delta L^2, \dots \dots \dots (6)$$

$$\delta_1 L = \Delta L \div \left\{ 1 + S' \delta_1 \lambda \right\} \dots \dots \dots (7)$$

If necessary we can further approximate by using this value of $\delta_1 L$ for ΔL in (6) and the new value of $\delta_1 \lambda$ in (7), but this will rarely be required.

Having now obtained $\delta_1 \lambda$ and $\delta_1 L$ we find A and c from the formulæ:—

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \delta_1 \lambda &= - \frac{c}{\rho} \cos A \operatorname{cosec} 1'', \\ \delta_1 L &= - \frac{c}{\nu} \frac{\sin A}{\cos \lambda} \operatorname{cosec} 1''. \end{aligned} \right\}$$

From which

$$\cot A = \frac{\rho}{\nu} \sec \lambda \frac{\delta_1 \lambda}{\delta_1 L},$$

$$c = - \delta_1 \lambda \sec A \rho \sin 1'';$$

and finally ΔA will be found as before.

The signs of $\delta_1 \lambda$ and $\delta_1 L$ will define the quadrant in which A lies; see Table VII.

The quantities R' , S' , T' are given in logs to 5 places and U' , V' , W' , X' , Y' , Z' to 3 places of decimals, the former for every $10'$ and the latter for every 1° of latitude from 0° to 40° .

The method of computing will then be as follows:—

1st. Principal Triangulation:—

Subtract the latitude and longitude of **A** from those of **B**, and we get $\Delta \lambda$ and ΔL with their proper signs.

Find $\delta_1 \lambda_a$, an approximate value of $\delta_1 \lambda$, from the formula

$$\delta_1 \lambda_a = \Delta \lambda + R' \Delta L^2,$$

and find the quantity a from the formula

$$a = 1 + S' \delta_1 \lambda_a + U' \delta_1 \lambda_a^2 - Y' \Delta L^2;$$

then

$$\delta_1 L = \Delta L \div a,$$

and

$$\delta_1 \lambda = \Delta \lambda + R' \delta_1 L^2 + V' \delta_1 \lambda_a^2 + X' \delta_1 \lambda_a \delta_1 L^2. \left. \vphantom{\delta_1 \lambda} \right\}$$

With these values of $\delta_1 \lambda$ and $\delta_1 L$ find A , c and ΔA from the equations:—

$$\cot A = Q \sec \lambda \frac{\delta_1 \lambda}{\delta_1 L},$$

$$c = - \frac{\delta_1 \lambda \sec A}{P},$$

and

$$\Delta A = \sin \lambda \delta_1 L + T' \delta_1 \lambda \delta_1 L + W' \delta_1 \lambda^2 \delta_1 L - Z' \delta_1 L^3, \left. \vphantom{\Delta A} \right\}$$

in which P and Q are obtained from Table VI.

The signs of $\delta_1 \lambda$ and $\delta_1 L$ will determine in which quadrant A lies according to Table VII.

EXAMPLE.

Station **A**, Párdho.

$$\lambda = 24^\circ 16' 17''.867$$

$$L = 77 \quad 48 \quad 40.557$$

To find *A*, *c* and *B*.

Station **B**, Handiapáro.

$$\lambda = 24^\circ 25' 58''.132$$

$$L = 78 \quad 2 \quad 32.364$$

		°	'	"		°	'	"
Station A , Párdho	λ	24	16	17.867	<i>L</i>	77	48	40.557
„ „ B , Handiapáro	λ	24	25	58.132	<i>L</i>	78	2	32.364
B - A ,	$\Delta\lambda$	+	9	40.265	ΔL	+	13	51.807

		°	'	"
$\Delta\lambda$	* +	580	265	
<i>R'</i>		7.96066		
ΔL^2		5.84005		
		<u>1.80071</u>	+	.632
$\delta_1 \lambda_a$	+	580	897	
				1".000000
<i>S'</i>		8.33727		
$\delta_1 \lambda_a$		2.76410		
		<u>3.10137</u>	* +	.001263
<i>U'</i>		11.096		
$\delta_1 \lambda_a^2$		5.528		
		<u>6.624</u>	+	.000004
<i>Y'</i>		12.122		
ΔL^2		5.840		
		<u>7.962</u>	-	.000001
<i>a</i>		0.0005494	+	1.001266
ΔL		2.9200225		
$\delta_1 L = \Delta L - a$		2.9194731		
$\Delta\lambda$	* +	580	265	
<i>R'</i>		7.96066		
$\delta_1 L^2$		5.83895		
		<u>1.79961</u>	+	.6304
<i>V'</i>		8.258		
$\delta_1 \lambda_a^2$		5.528		
		<u>3.786</u>	+	.0061
<i>X'</i>		12.719		
$\delta_1 \delta_1$		2.764		
$\delta_1 L^2$		5.839		
		<u>3.322</u>	* +	.0021
$\delta_1 \lambda$	+	580	9036	

		°	'	"
<i>Q</i>		1.9975950		
Sec λ		0.0401924		
$\delta_1 \lambda$		2.7641041		
Co-log $\delta_1 L$		3.0805269		
Cot <i>A</i>		<u>1.8824184</u>		
	† <i>A</i> =	232	39'	47".233
$\delta_1 \lambda$		2.7641041		
Co-log <i>P</i>		2.0040361		
Sec <i>A</i>		0.2171690		
<i>c</i>		4.9853092		
				Nat. Nos.
$\delta_1 L$		2.9194731		
Sin λ		1.6139084		
		<u>2.5333815</u>	* +	341.4928
<i>T'</i>		6.49185		
$\delta_1 \lambda$		2.76410		
$\delta_1 L$		2.91947		
		<u>0.17542</u>	* +	1.4977
<i>W'</i>		12.996		
$\delta_1 \lambda^2$		5.528		
$\delta_1 L$		2.919		
		<u>3.443</u>	* +	.0028
<i>Z'</i>		12.275		
$\delta_1 L^3$		8.758		
		<u>3.633</u>	† -	.0011
ΔA			+	342.9922
				° ' "
	$\pi + A =$	52	39	47.233
	$\Delta A =$	+	5	42.992
	<i>B</i> =	52	45	30.225

* Plus or minus as the case may be.

† *A* is in 1st 2nd 3rd 4th Quadrant,
 when $\frac{\delta_1 \lambda}{\delta_1 L}$ arc - + - +

‡ This term is + when $\delta_1 L$ is -, and - when $\delta_1 L$ is +.

When both stations **A** and **B**, or one of them, lie in *south* Latitude or *west* Longitude or in both, the following changes are required in the computation:—

If the ray crosses the Equator the *sum* of the Latitudes should be taken for $\Delta\lambda$ and it is always to be taken as *negative*.

When **A** lies to the *south* of the Equator the quadrant in which Azimuth **A** lies, is to be determined from the following:—

A is in	1st	2nd	3rd	4th Quadrant;
when $\frac{\delta_1\lambda}{\delta_1L}$ are	$\frac{+}{-}$	$\frac{-}{-}$	$\frac{-}{+}$	$\frac{+}{+}$

When **A** lies to the *south* of the Equator, the *sign* of ΔA is to be changed.

When Longitudes of both the stations are *west* of Greenwich the sign of ΔL will be $\frac{+}{-}$ according as the Longitude of **B** is $\frac{\textit{less}}{\textit{greater}}$ than the Longitude of **A**.

When the ray crosses the Meridian of Greenwich the *sum* of the Longitudes should be taken for ΔL and its sign is $\frac{+}{-}$ according as the Longitude of **B** is $\frac{\textit{east}}{\textit{west}}$ of Greenwich.

When the Latitude of **A** is very small, the quantities R' , S' , Y' , V' , W' , and Z' are to be computed from the formulæ on page 20.

On the following page are given 6 examples showing how computations can be effected in conformity with the above notes.

2nd. Secondary Triangulation:—

The computations are based on the following three formulæ:—

$$\Delta\lambda = -\frac{c}{\rho} \cos\left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}\right) \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \quad \dots \quad (1)$$

$$\Delta L = -\frac{c}{\nu} \frac{\sin\left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}\right)} \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \quad \dots \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\Delta A}{2} = \frac{\Delta L}{2} \sin\left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}\right) \quad \dots \quad (3)$$

These formulæ are deduced as follows:—

Let **A** and **B** be two points on the earth's surface, and let λ, L be the latitude and longitude of **A** and A the azimuth of **B** at **A**, and $\lambda + \Delta\lambda, L + \Delta L$ and $\pi + A + \Delta A$ be the corresponding quantities for **B**, and $c =$ the distance **AB**.

Let **O** be the middle point of **AB**, and let its latitude and longitude be Λ and l respectively, and the azimuth of **A** at **O** be α and of **B** at **O** be $\pi + \alpha$, and let $\Delta_B \Lambda, \&c., \Delta_A \Lambda, \&c.$, represent the differences of latitude, &c., between **O** and **B** and **A**.

Then the formulæ on page 15 gives:—

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta_A \Lambda \sin 1'' = & -\frac{c}{2\rho} \cos \alpha - \frac{1}{2} \frac{c^2}{4\rho\nu} \sin^2 \alpha \tan \Lambda - \frac{3}{4} \frac{c^2}{4\rho\nu} \frac{e^2}{1-e^2} \cos^2 \alpha \sin 2\Lambda \\ & + \frac{1}{6} \frac{c^3}{8\rho\nu^2} \sin^2 \alpha \cos \alpha (1 + 3 \tan^2 \Lambda); \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta_B \Lambda \sin 1'' = & +\frac{c}{2\rho} \cos \alpha - \frac{1}{2} \frac{c^2}{4\rho\nu} \sin^2 \alpha \tan \Lambda - \frac{3}{4} \frac{c^2}{4\rho\nu} \frac{e^2}{1-e^2} \cos^2 \alpha \sin 2\Lambda \\ & - \frac{1}{6} \frac{c^3}{8\rho\nu^2} \sin^2 \alpha \cos \alpha (1 + 3 \tan^2 \Lambda); \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{therefore } \Delta\lambda \sin 1'' = \frac{c}{\rho} \cos \alpha - \frac{1}{2} \frac{c^2}{4\rho\nu} \sin^2 \alpha \cos \alpha (1 + 3 \tan^2 \Lambda).$$

$$\text{Similarly } \Delta L \sin 1'' = \frac{c}{\nu} \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \Lambda} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{c^2}{\nu^2} \left\{ \frac{1 + 3 \tan^2 \Lambda}{\cos \Lambda} \cdot \sin 2\alpha \cos \alpha - 2 \sin^3 \alpha \cdot \frac{\tan^2 \Lambda}{\cos \Lambda} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta A \sin 1'' = & \frac{c}{\nu} \sin \alpha \tan \Lambda + \frac{1}{4} \frac{c^2}{\nu^2} \left\{ \left(\frac{5}{6} + \tan^2 \Lambda \right) \frac{\tan \Lambda}{2} \sin 2\alpha \cos \alpha \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{6} \sin^3 \alpha \tan \Lambda (1 + 2 \tan^2 \Lambda) \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Now } \pi + \alpha + \Delta_B \alpha = A + \Delta A,$$

$$\text{therefore } \pi + \alpha = A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} - \frac{1}{16} \frac{c^2}{\nu^2} \left(1 + 2 \tan^2 \Lambda + \frac{e^2 \cos^2 \Lambda}{1-e^2} \right) \sin 2\alpha \operatorname{cosec} 1''.$$

Now the maximum value of the last term for a distance of 60 miles and $\Lambda = 45^\circ$ is between $8''$ and $9''$;

$$\begin{aligned} \text{therefore } -\cos \alpha & = \cos\left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}\right) + \sin\left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}\right) \times .00004, \\ & = \cos\left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}\right) \text{ very nearly;} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{and } -\sin \alpha = \sin\left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}\right) \text{ very nearly.}$$

$$\text{Also } \Lambda = \lambda - \Delta_A \Lambda = \left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \frac{c^2}{\rho\nu} \sin^2 \alpha \tan \Lambda \operatorname{cosec} 1'',$$

and the maximum value of the second term is about 6";

therefore $\sin A = \sin \left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta \lambda}{2} \right)$ and $\cos A = \cos \left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta \lambda}{2} \right)$ nearly.

Consequently leaving out the terms containing third powers of c which are small we get:—

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \Delta \lambda &= -\frac{c}{\rho} \cos \left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} \right) \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ \Delta L &= -\frac{c}{\nu} \frac{\sin \left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} \right)}{\cos \left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta \lambda}{2} \right)} \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \\ \Delta A &= \Delta L \sin \left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta \lambda}{2} \right) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

The terms in c^3 are:—

In $\Delta \lambda$ $-\frac{1}{24} \frac{c^3}{\rho \nu^2} \cdot \sin^2 \theta \cos \theta (2 + 3 \tan^2 \phi) \operatorname{cosec} 1''$,

„ ΔL $-\frac{1}{24} \frac{c^3}{\nu^2} \cdot \sin \theta \sec \phi \{ \sin^2 \theta \sec^2 \phi - 1 \} \operatorname{cosec} 1''$,

„ ΔA $-\frac{1}{24} \frac{c^3}{\nu^2} \cdot \sin \theta \tan \phi \{ 2 + \tan^2 \phi \sin^2 \theta \} \operatorname{cosec} 1''$;

where $\theta = A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}$ and $\phi = \lambda + \frac{\Delta \lambda}{2}$,

and the greatest values of these for a distance of 60 miles in latitude 40° are:—

- In $\Delta \lambda$ $0'' \cdot 05$ on an azimuth $54^\circ 44'$.
- „ ΔL $0'' \cdot 03$ „ 90° ,
- „ ΔA $0'' \cdot 07$ „ 90° .

We have therefore the above three formulæ with all requisite amount of accuracy for secondary triangulation and snow peaks.

In the preceding formulæ $\log \frac{\operatorname{cosec} 1''}{\rho} = \operatorname{co-log} (\text{Table XXVI})$ and $\log \frac{\operatorname{cosec} 1''}{\nu \cos \left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta \lambda}{2} \right)}$
 $= \operatorname{co-log} (\text{Table XXVII})$.

From (1) and (2) we get:—

• $\operatorname{Cot} \left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} \right) = \frac{\rho}{\nu \cos \left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta \lambda}{2} \right)} \cdot \frac{\Delta \lambda}{\Delta L}$ or

$\operatorname{Log} \cot \left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} \right) = \log (\text{Table XXVI}) + \operatorname{co-log} (\text{Table XXVII}) + \log \Delta \lambda + \operatorname{co-log} \Delta L$.

Since λ , $\Delta \lambda$, L , ΔL , ρ and ν are given, this gives $A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}$: c follows from equation (1) and ΔA from equation (3), so that A and c are determined, and $B = 180^\circ + \left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \Delta A$.

EXPLANATION OF TABLES.

EXAMPLE

Station A, Shadau s.

$\lambda = 32^\circ 3' 34'' \cdot 03$

$L = 71 3 29 \cdot 80$

Station B, Kingriáli h.s.

$\lambda = 32^\circ 14' 13'' \cdot 31$

$L = 71 5 2 \cdot 60$

To find A, c and B.

Station A	...	...	...	Shadau s.
„ B	...	...	...	Kingriáli h.s.
				° ' "
λ_A	...	...	...	32 3 34·03
λ_B	...	...	...	32 14 13·31
$\lambda_B - \lambda_A = \Delta\lambda$	...	...	...	+ 0 10 39·28
$\frac{\lambda_A + \lambda_B}{2} = \lambda_m$	...	...	...	32 8 53·67
L_A	...	...	...	71 3 29·80
L_B	...	...	...	71 5 2·60
$L_B - L_A = \Delta L$	...	...	...	+ 0 1 32·80
Log $\Delta\lambda$	...	...	(1)	2·8056911
„ Tab. XXVI for λ_m	...	...	(2)	2·0045305
Co-log ΔL	...	...	...	2·0324520
„ Tab. XXVII for λ_m	...	...	...	2·0656779
Sum = log cot $\left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} \right)$	...	...	...	0·9083515
				° ' "
$A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}^*$	...	...	(3)	187 2 24
Log sec $\left(A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} \right)$	...	...	...	0·0032866
(1) + (2)	...	...	...	4·8102216
Sum = log c	...	...	...	4·8135082
Log ΔL	...	...	...	1·9675480
„ sin λ_m	...	...	...	1·7260028
Sum = Log ΔA	...	...	...	1·6935508
				° ' "
ΔA^\dagger	...	...	...	+ 49
$\frac{1}{2} \Delta A$	...	...	(4)	+ 25
(3) - (4) = A	...	...	...	187 1 59
$180^\circ + (3) + (4) = B$	...	...	...	7 2 49

* $A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}$ is in the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th Quadrant when $\frac{\Delta\lambda}{\Delta L}$ are $\frac{-}{-}$, $\frac{+}{-}$, $\frac{+}{+}$, $\frac{-}{+}$ respectively.

† ΔA has the same sign as ΔL .

When both the stations **A** and **B**, or one of them, lie in *south* Latitude or *west* Longitude or in both, the following notes besides those on page 24 will have to be taken into consideration:—

When the stations are on opposite sides of the Equator the middle Latitude is half the difference and ΔA has the *same* sign as ΔL according as the Latitude of the north station is *greater* than that of the south station. The quadrant in which $A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}$ lies, will be determined from the following:—

When **A** is *north* of the Equator,

$A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}$ is in	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Quadrant,
when $\frac{\Delta \lambda}{\Delta L}$ are	$\frac{-}{-}$	$\frac{+}{-}$	$\frac{+}{+}$	$\frac{-}{+}$	

When **A** is *south* of the Equator,

$A + \frac{\Delta A}{2}$ is in	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Quadrant,
when $\frac{\Delta \lambda}{\Delta L}$ are	$\frac{+}{-}$	$\frac{-}{-}$	$\frac{-}{+}$	$\frac{+}{+}$	

TABLE IX.—*Computation of Heights.—Correction to Log. Distance in Feet between two Stations A and B to reduce to the Level of Station A.*

In the computation of the difference of height of two stations it is necessary to find the distance between them at the level of the station whose height is known.

The sides of the triangles are the distances at the level of the sea, and this table gives the corrections in the 7th place to be added to their logarithms so as to get the values at any required height.

The correction is determined as follows:—

Let c = length of side at the sea level,

c' = " " at height of station **A**,

h = height of **A** above sea level,

R = radius of earth,

$$\text{then } \frac{c'}{c} = \frac{R + h}{R}.$$

Therefore

$$\log c' = \log c + \log \frac{R + h}{R}, \text{ and } R \text{ is taken equal to } \frac{2\rho\nu}{\rho + \nu}, \text{ see page 12 of explanation of Table III.}$$

EXPLANATION OF TABLES.

EXAMPLE.—Let $h = 1000$ feet in latitude 20° .

$$\text{From Table II } \rho = 20808279 \cdot 7 \quad \text{. } \log \rho = 7 \cdot 318236178$$

$$\text{,, I } \nu = 20931059 \cdot 7 \quad \text{. } \log \nu = 7 \cdot 320791216$$

$$\log 2 = 0 \cdot 301029996$$

$$\log 2 \rho \nu = 14 \cdot 94005739$$

$$\rho + \nu = 41739339 \cdot 4 \quad \text{. } \log \rho + \nu = 7 \cdot 62054557$$

$$R = 20869489 \cdot 2 \quad \text{. } \log R = 7 \cdot 31951182$$

$$R + h = 20870489 \cdot 2 \quad \text{. } \log \overline{R + h} = 7 \cdot 31953263$$

$$\log \frac{R + h}{R} = \cdot 00002081$$

so that the correction to the 7th place of logs = $208 \cdot 1$ as in the table.

The table gives the correction for every thousand feet from one to ten and for each degree of latitude from 0° to 40° .

For other heights and latitudes the correction must be found by interpolation.

EXAMPLE.—To find the log distance in feet between **A** and **B** in lat. 30° at the level of the station **A** when the height of **A** is 5,679 feet above sea level.

$$\text{From the table the correction for 5,000 feet is } 1039 \cdot 6$$

$$\text{,, ,, 600 ,, } 124 \cdot 8$$

$$\text{,, ,, 70 ,, } 14 \cdot 6$$

$$\text{,, ,, 9 ,, } 1 \cdot 9$$

$$\text{Therefore the correction for 5,679 feet is } 1181$$

$$\text{Thus if the log distance between } \mathbf{A} \text{ and } \mathbf{B} \text{ at sea level} = 4 \cdot 9826056$$

$$\text{then the log distance between } \mathbf{A} \text{ and } \mathbf{B} \text{ at level of } \mathbf{A} = 4 \cdot 9827237$$

If the difference of height between **A** and **B** is less than 5,000 feet, five-place logarithms are sufficient. In this case the small table at the foot of the page, which is the same for all latitudes, may be employed.

EXAMPLE.—To find the log distance in feet between **A** and **B** at the level of the station **A** when the height of **A** is 4,679 feet above sea level.

$$\text{From the table the correction for 4,000 feet is } 8$$

$$\text{,, ,, 600 ,, } 1$$

$$\text{,, ,, 79 ,, } 0$$

$$\text{Therefore the correction for 4,679 feet is } 9$$

$$\text{Thus if the log distance between } \mathbf{A} \text{ and } \mathbf{B} \text{ at sea level} = 4 \cdot 67015$$

$$\text{then the log distance between } \mathbf{A} \text{ and } \mathbf{B} \text{ at level of } \mathbf{A} = 4 \cdot 67024$$

TABLE X.—*Computation of Heights.—For converting Geodetic Distance in Miles into Seconds of Contained Arc.*

In the computation of difference of height it is necessary for the calculation of terrestrial refraction to convert the distance between the two stations into Seconds of Contained Arc, and this table is to be used for the purpose when the distance is given in miles.

Seconds of Contained Arc are determined as follows:—

Let c = the distance in miles,

and c'' = the corresponding contained arc in seconds;

$$\text{then } c'' = c \times 5280 \times \frac{\text{cosec } 1''}{\text{radius in feet}}$$

and the radius is taken = $\frac{2\rho\nu}{\rho + \nu}$ as in Table III, page 12.

EXAMPLE.—Suppose $c = 10$ miles in latitude 20° .

$$\log 52800 = 4.7226339$$

$$\log \text{cosec } 1'' = 5.3144251$$

$$\text{Sum} = 10.0370590$$

$$\log \text{radius} = 7.3195118, \text{ see page 30.}$$

$$\log c'' = 2.7175472$$

Therefore the Contained Arc or $c'' = 521''.9$ as in the table.

The table gives the Contained Arc in seconds for geodetic distances ranging in length from 10 miles to 90 miles, for each degree of latitude from 0° to 40° , and also for two places of decimals of a mile, the latter part of the table being independent of the latitude.

EXAMPLE.—To convert 42.58 miles in latitude 24° into Seconds of Contained Arc.

$$\text{From the upper table, 40 miles} = 2086''.7$$

$$\text{,, ,, ,, 2 ,,} = 104.3$$

$$\text{,, lower ,, 0.58} = 30.3$$

$$\text{Therefore the Contained Arc in Seconds} = 2221.3$$

TABLE XI.—*Computation of Heights.—For converting Geodetic Distance in Feet into Seconds of Contained Arc.*

This table is to be used instead of Table X, when the distance is given in feet.

It is calculated as follows:—

Let c = distance in feet;

then, from the last table, we have for latitude 20°

$$\log c'' = \log c + 3.9949133;$$

therefore

$$c'' = c \times 0.009884 = \frac{c}{100} \{1 - .0116\}$$

$$= \frac{c}{100} - \frac{c}{1000} \times 0.116$$

The quantity $-\frac{c}{1000} \times 0.116$ is tabulated.

The table is constructed for geodetic distances in feet reckoned from 1000 feet to 9000 feet for each degree of latitude from 0° to 40° , but a sufficient number of decimal places is given to admit of its being used for distances up to 500,000 feet.

To find the Contained Arc proceed by the following rule:—

RULE.—Divide the number of feet in the geodetic distance by 100 and diminish the quotient by the quantity in the table corresponding to the number of feet reckoned by thousands and the result gives the number of Seconds of Contained Arc.

EXAMPLE.—To convert 224,822 feet in latitude 24° into Seconds of Contained Arc.

$$224,822 \text{ feet} = 225,000 \text{ feet approximately.}$$

$$\text{For } 200,000 \text{ feet the table gives} \quad - 23^{\prime\prime}.9$$

$$20,000 \text{ ,, ,, ,,} \quad - 2.4$$

$$5,000 \text{ ,, ,, ,,} \quad - 0.6$$

$$\text{Therefore for } 225,000 \text{ ,, ,, ,,} \quad - 26.9$$

$$224,822 \text{ divided by } 100 = 2248.2$$

$$\text{Therefore the Contained Arc in Seconds} = 2221.8$$

TABLE XII.—*Computation of Heights.*—For obtaining the Quantity β'' in the formula for finding the Terrestrial Refraction.

The formulae for computation of Difference of Height and of Terrestrial Refraction between two stations are deduced as follows:—(see *Account of the Operations of the Great Trigonometrical Survey of India*, Vol. II).

Let **A** and **B** be two stations at which reciprocal vertical observations have been taken, the height of **A** above sea level being known it is required to find that of **B**.

Let H = the height of **A** in feet,

$$H + h = \text{ ,, } \text{ B } \text{ ,,}$$

c = the distance between the normals of **A** and **B** at the level of the sea,

$$c' = \text{ ,, } \text{ ,, } \text{ ,, } \text{ ,, } \text{ ,, } \text{ of } \text{ A,}$$

obtained with the aid of Table IX.

Also let κ = the chord of the arc c' ,

R = the mean radius of curvature;

$$\text{then} \quad \kappa = 2R \sin \frac{c'}{2R} = c' - \frac{c'^3}{24R^2}.$$

$$\text{Now} \quad c' = c \left(1 + \frac{H}{R} \right).$$

$$\text{Therefore} \quad \kappa = c \left(1 + \frac{H}{R} - \frac{c^2}{24R^3} \right),$$

or neglecting the third term which is inappreciable, 1st, in principal triangulation on account of the smallness of the side, 2nd, in high secondary points or distant snow peaks in comparison with the uncertainty in refraction;—

$$\kappa = c \left(1 + \frac{H}{R} \right) = c'.$$

Let D_1 and D_2 be the vertical angles, both assumed to be depressions, which would be observed at **A** and **B** if there was no refraction and the heights of the signal and instrument were equal;

then

$$h = \kappa \frac{\sin \frac{1}{2} (D_2 - D_1)}{\cos D_2}$$

$$= c' \sin \frac{1}{2} (D_2 - D_1) \sec D_2.$$

Let i_a, i_b = the heights in feet of the instruments at **A** and **B** respectively,

g_a, g_b = " " signals " "

$$\delta = g_a - g_b + i_a - i_b,$$

r_a, r_b = the refractions in the vertical angles at **A** and **B** respectively, assumed to be the same and = r''

D_a, D_b = the observed vertical angles at **A** and **B** respectively, both assumed to be depressions,

also let S' = the subtended angle, that is the angle at **A** between the line joining **A** and **B** and the chord κ ,

then $h = c' \sin S' \sec D_2.$

But $D_2 = D_b + r_b + \frac{g_a - i_b}{c' \sin 1''},$

$$D_1 = D_a + r_a + \frac{g_b - i_a}{c' \sin 1''};$$

therefore if we take $r_a = r_b = r''$, we get

$$S' = \frac{D_2 - D_1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} (D_b - D_a) + \frac{\delta}{2 c' \sin 1''};$$

or if we neglect insignificant quantities,

then $h = c' \sin \frac{1}{2} (D_b - D_a) \sec D_b + \frac{\delta}{2};$

or if S is put for $\frac{1}{2} (D_b - D_a)$

$$h = c' \sin S \sec D_b + \frac{\delta}{2}.$$

To calculate the refraction,

if c'' = the contained arc in seconds,

$$c'' = D_1 + D_2,$$

$$= D_a + D_b + 2 r'' - \frac{i_a - g_a + i_b - g_b}{c' \sin 1''}.$$

Put $\gamma = i_a - g_a + i_b - g_b$

and $\beta'' = \frac{\gamma \text{ feet}}{2 c' \text{ feet } \sin 1''},$

then $r'' = \frac{1}{2} \{ c'' - (D_a + D_b) \} + \beta''.$

If either of the observed angles at **A** or **B** is an elevation — E_a or — E_b must be substituted for D_a or D_b .

As the difference of height is only required to the nearest foot, it will be sufficient to take δ to the nearest 0.1 foot, while γ need only be kept to the nearest 0.5 foot.

The coefficient of refraction is usually deduced at the same time as the difference of height, the former being required in the calculation of heights of surrounding points from which reciprocal observations have not been taken.

The table gives β'' where, as above,

$$\beta'' = \frac{\gamma \text{ feet. cosec } 1''}{2 c' \text{ feet}} = \frac{\gamma \text{ feet. cosec } 1''}{2 \times 5280 \times (\text{distance in miles})} = 19'' \cdot 53 \frac{\gamma}{\text{distance in miles}}$$

The table is constructed for values of γ up to 12 feet and for all distances likely to be required; where the limits of the table are exceeded, β'' must be calculated by the above formula.

To obtain β'' , enter the table with the value of γ , under which look for the number of miles representing the distance between the stations, and take the corresponding value of β'' given in the margin. β'' has the same sign as γ .

The following form has been adopted for the computation of height and refraction when the angles at **A** and **B** are both observed:—

Computation of Height and Refraction.

No. of Deduction	Astronomical Dates of Observation	Station	No. of Observations	Observed Vertical Angles	Heights in Feet			Heights in Feet			Distance in Miles and Contd. Arc or c'' ‡‡	Terrestrial Refraction		Height of Tower or Platform in Feet		
	1902				$S = \frac{D-E}{2}$, $\frac{D+E}{2}$ or $\frac{E-E'}{2}$	In-strument or i	Signal or g	δ γ †	B-A	Above Sea Level			r''		r'' c''	
No. of Column		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1	Oct. 17 ^h 21 ^m ,, 12, 13 ^h 39 ^m	A Banog H.S. B Sirkanda „	9 8	EO 56 30.6 S D 1 9 49.7 R	1 3 10.2 0 6 39.6	i _a 5.6 i _b 5.0	g _a 2.3 g _b 2.3	δ + 0.6 γ + 6.0	+ 1647.9	7432.8	9080.7	...	16.97 985	50	.056	...

Logarithms	Corrn. for Height of A , Table IX	0.00015
	Sec \angle at B of col. (3) from Tab. XIII	0.00009
	sin S of col. 4	2.26421
	Geodetic Distance A to B in feet	4.95240
	Sum = Log a	3.21685
	$\parallel a$	+ 1647.6
Feet	$\frac{\delta}{2}$ from col. (7)	+ 0.3
	Sum = Height B - A for col. (8)	+ 1647.9
Seconds	$\nabla \beta$ from Table XII	...
	$\S R$ from col. (4)	...
	$\frac{1}{2}c$ from col. (12)	...
	Sum = r for col. (13)	...
		7 - 400 + 443 50

* These cases are very unusual being due to abnormal conditions; when they occur, they should be very carefully treated as the quantities involved will be small.

† $\delta = i_a - i_b + g_a - g_b$ and $\gamma = i_a + i_b - g_a - g_b$, where i_a and i_b are the heights of instruments and g_a and g_b heights of signals, each respectively at **A** and **B**. \parallel When both angles are Depressions a is $\frac{+}{-}$, or when both are Elevations a is $\frac{-}{+}$, according as the angle at **B** is

greater than the angle at **A**; and when one angle is an Elevation and another a Depression a is $\frac{+}{-}$ according as the $\frac{\text{angle at } B}{\text{angle at } A}$ is a Depression.

‡‡ From Table X or XI. $\nabla \beta$ has the same sign as γ .
 $\S R$ is negative when both angles are Depressions and positive when both are Elevations; and when one angle is an Elevation and another Depression R is $\frac{-}{+}$ according as the angle of Depression is *greater* than the angle of Elevation.

When only one angle is observed the computation of heights may be effected on the foregoing form as follows:—

Computation of Heights.

No. of Deduction	Astronomical Dates of Observation	Station	No. of Observations	Observed Vertical Angles	Heights in Feet			Heights in Feet			Distance in Miles and Contd. Arc or c'' ††	Terrestrial Refraction		Height of Tower or Platform in Feet		
	1905				S = $\frac{D-D}{2}$, $\frac{D+E}{2}$ or $\frac{E-E'}{2}$ R = $\frac{D+D}{2}$ $\frac{D-E}{2}$ or $\frac{E+E'}{2}$	Instrument or i	Signal or g	δ † γ ‡	B - A	Above Sea Level			r''		r' c'	
										A		B				Mean B
No. of Column	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
1	Nov. 6 ^h 23 ^m	A Mussoorea B Juonli Peak	4	E 2 37 28 D 3 19 10	S 2 58 19 R	i _a 5 i _b	g _b 0 g _a	$\delta + 5$ γ	+14835	6930	21765	...	54.06 2819	161	.057	...

Logarithms	Corrn. for Height of A, Table IX	...	...	...	0.00015
	sec \angle at B of col. (3) from Tab. XIII	...	...	...	0.00073
	sin S of col. (4)	...	...	...	2.71472
	Geodetic Distance A to B in feet	...	...	...	5.45553
	Sum = Log a	...	...	...	4.17113
Feet	$\parallel a$	...	...	...	+14830
	δ from col. (7)	...	...	...	+ 5
	Sum = Height B - A for col. (8)	...	...	...	+14835

Note.—When one angle is observed the other angle = $c + E - 2r + 39.1 \frac{\gamma}{\text{Distance in miles}}$ or $c - D - 2r + 39.1 \frac{\gamma}{\text{Distance in miles}}$, where r is equal to the coefficient of refraction in col. (14) multiplied by Contained Arc, the coefficient of refraction being determined from rays at which reciprocal vertical observations are taken: this angle if + is a Depression or D, and if - an Elevation or E; enter it in column (3) and proceed as if both angles at A and B were observed, except that in finding the height (B - A) use δ instead of $\frac{\delta}{2}$.

For explanation of * † †† ‡ § see Footnotes to the form on previous page.

It will be noticed that we add δ to a instead of $\frac{\delta}{2}$. The reason of this is that as we only observe one angle, and that from a height δ above A, we get the difference of height between B and A too small by this quantity and must therefore add it to the result to obtain the true difference of height.

Instead of employing the foregoing method of finding S we may use either Table XIV or Table XV.

TABLE XIII.—*Computation of Heights.—Log. secant of Observed Angle at Station B.*

It will be seen from the formula for h on page 33 that $\sec D_b$ is required, and it is the logarithm of this which is given in this table. The table is so arranged that the log secants have 5 in their sixth place. The log secant of any angle between two of those given in the table will be represented by the mean in the fifth place.

EXAMPLE.—To find log secant of $1^\circ 41' 15''$

From the table log secant of	...	°	'	''		
		1	40	20	is	0.000185
" "	" "	1	43	0	,,	195

Therefore log secant of ... 1 41 15 is 0.00019

The log secant is rejectaneous if the angle is less than $16' 25''$, while it is seldom greater than $2^\circ 7'$: the table has accordingly been given within these limits.

TABLE XIV.—*Computation of Heights.—To facilitate finding the Subtended Angle when only one angle has been observed and the Distance between Stations A and B is given in Log. Feet.*

This table is designed to meet both variation of refraction and change of latitude, and at the same time it is only necessary to know the log distance in feet between **A** and **B**. The range for the coefficient of refraction is from .03 to .20, while the latitude is given for every 5° from 0° to 40° .

The quantity given in the table is obtained as follows:—

Using the notation in Table XII.—

$$S = \frac{D_b - D_a}{2},$$

$$D_b = c'' - D_a - 2r'';$$

therefore

$$S = \frac{c'' - 2D_a - 2r''}{2}.$$

Now

$$r'' = k c'', \quad \text{where } k \text{ is the coefficient of refraction;}$$

therefore

$$S = c'' \frac{1 - 2k}{2} - D_a.$$

But

$$c'' = c \frac{\rho + \nu}{2\rho\nu} \operatorname{cosec} 1'';$$

therefore

$$S = \frac{1 - 2k}{2} \cdot \frac{\rho + \nu}{2\rho\nu} \cdot c \operatorname{cosec} 1'' - D_a \\ = K - D$$

where

$$K = \frac{1 - 2k}{2} \cdot \frac{\rho + \nu}{2\rho\nu} \cdot c \operatorname{cosec} 1''.$$

The co-logarithm of $\left(\frac{1 - 2k}{2} \cdot \frac{\rho + \nu}{2\rho\nu} \operatorname{cosec} 1''\right)$ is the tabular quantity.

To find K:—

RULE.—Subtract the quantity in the table from the log distance in feet and look out the result in the 4-place logarithms. The natural number corresponding is K in seconds of arc.

The subtended angle S is found by subtracting depressions from or adding elevations to K.

If any refraction between those given in the table is to be used, it will be sufficient to interpolate by simple proportion between the next lower and the next higher.

The following form has been adopted for the computation of heights:—

Fixed Station	A	...	...	...	...	Mussooree
Deduced Station	B	...	...	...	...	Jaonli Peak
Log Side in feet				(1)	...	5·4555
From Table for latitude 30° and refraction ·057				(2)	...	2·8591
(1) - (2) = log K in seconds of arc					...	3·0964
	K	...	...	...	...	0 20 49
Observed Angle D or E		...	...	...	...	E 2 37 28
S = K - D or K + E		...	...	...	...	2 58 17
Log tan S		...	...	...	...	2·71523
(1)		...	...	...	...	5·45553
Sum = log h		...	...	...	...	4·17076
	$\pm (i - s) \frac{h}{*}$	...	...	...	...	14817
		...	...	...	...	5
Sum = difference of height in feet		...	...	...	...	14822
Height of A above sea level in feet		...	...	...	...	6930
"	B	"	"	...	...	21752
Mean	"	"	"	...	...	...

* When the \angle at **A** is observed h has the same sign as S, and $(i - s)$ its proper sign; when the \angle at **B** is observed h , S and $(i - s)$ have opposite signs.

TABLE XV.—*Computation of Heights.*—To facilitate finding the Subtended Angle when only one angle has been observed and the Distance between Stations **A** and **B** is given in Feet.

The table gives the quantity K of the last table, and from it the subtended angle S is found by subtracting depressions or adding elevations.

The table is constructed for coefficients of refraction ranging from ·00 to ·5, for distances from 100 feet to 400,000 feet, and for latitude 20°, the mean between the limits generally adopted in these tables; by means of it the subtended angle can be found at once when the distance is given in feet and the coefficient of refraction is known.

The construction of the table will be seen from the following Example:—

To find K when $c = 10000$ feet and $k = \cdot 08$

$$\log \frac{\rho + \nu}{2\rho\nu} \operatorname{cosec} 1'' = 3\cdot 9949133 \text{ as on page 31.}$$

$$\frac{1 - 2k}{2} = \cdot 42 \dots \dots \log = 1\cdot 6232493$$

$$c = 10000 \dots \dots \log = 4\cdot 0000000$$

$$\text{Nat. No.} = 41\cdot 5 \dots \dots \log = 1\cdot 6181626$$

Therefore $K = 42''$ as in the table.

EXAMPLE.—To find S when the coefficient of refraction is $\cdot 07$, the distance is $77,746$ feet and the observed depression is $0^\circ 14' 35''$.

It is sufficient to keep the distance to the nearest 100 feet.

From the table, for 70,000 feet $K = 0 \ 4 \ 58$

„ 7,000 „ „ = 30

„ 700 „ „ = 3

therefore „ 77,700 „ $K = 0 \ 5 \ 31$

$$D = 0 \ 14 \ 35$$

$$\text{Therefore } S = K - D = 0 \ 9 \ 4$$

TABLE XVI.—*Computation of Heights.—Natural Tangents to 5 places of Decimals.*

The table gives the tangents of angles for each minute from 0° to 16° , and is intended to aid in the calculation of heights when a clinometer is not available.

TABLE XVII.—*Computation of Heights.—Correction for Curvature and Refraction in determining Heights with the Clinometer.*

This table gives the correction, for curvature of the earth and for refraction, to the difference of height found by multiplying the distance in feet by the tangent of the angle of depression or elevation obtained from the clinometer. It has been calculated with a radius equal to the radius of curvature to the meridian in latitude 20° and with coefficients of refraction $0\cdot 10$, $0\cdot 07$ and $0\cdot 05$. The correction is only required to the nearest foot, and the table is so arranged as to give this by inspection for any distance up to 48,000 feet.

The correction is found thus:—

Let the tangent at A meet the normal at B in B' ; then if B' is vertically below B at a height equal to that of A

$$\text{the correction for curvature} = B'B = \frac{(\text{distance})^2}{2 \text{ radius}}$$

Again, the correction for refraction = distance $\times k \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{radius}}$, where k is the coefficient of refraction,

$$= k \frac{(\text{distance})^2}{\text{radius}};$$

$$\text{therefore the total correction} = \frac{(\text{distance})^2}{\text{radius}} \left\{ \frac{1 - 2k}{2} \right\}.$$

The argument with which to enter the table is the distance in feet. Thus suppose the distance was 20,000 feet and the coefficient of refraction 0.10; then as 20,000 lies between 19,752 and 21,028 the correction will lie between 7.5 and 8.5, and will consequently be 8.

The way in which the argument is computed may be seen from the following example:—

Given $k = .10$, find the distance corresponding to a correction = 0.5,

$$(\text{distance})^2 = \frac{\text{radius}}{.8}$$

$$\log \text{radius} = 7.3182362$$

$$\log .8 = 1.9030900$$

$$\log (\text{distance})^2 = 7.4151462$$

$$\log \text{distance} = 3.7075731;$$

$$\text{distance} = 5100 \text{ feet.}$$

therefore

EXAMPLE.—*Computation of Clinometric Heights.*

Fixed Station A	Deduced Station B	1 Reading at A or B.	2 Distance in feet	3 1 × 2	4 Correc- tion*	5 i - s feet	Alg. Sum of 3, 4 and 5	Height of A in feet	Height of B in feet	Mean Height of B in feet
Hill temple	Rampur ☉	A - .115	9950	- 1144	+ 2	- 4	- 1146	2181	1035	1036
Panta Cone Rock	Ditto	A - .0775	13230	- 1025	+ 3	- 4	- 1026	2063	1037	
Panta H.S.	Tiri ☉	B + .096	10900	- 1046	- 2	+ 4	- 1044	1961	917	918
Panta N. po. 2	Ditto	B + .0375	10100	- 379	- 2	+ 4	- 377	1295	918	

NOTE.—The reading in column 1 will be + if an Elevation and - if a Depression. * This correction from Table is always - when the angle observed is at B and + when the angle observed is at A. When the angle observed is at A, 3 and 5 are to be entered with their proper signs, and with their signs changed when the angle observed is at B.

TABLE XVIII.—*Computation of Heights.—For determining Differences of Height with the Barometer.—BAILY.*

The formula on which this table depends as investigated in works on Hydrostatics (see Besant's Hydro-Mechanics), is as follows:—

Let H = height of barometer in inches at lower station,

H' = " " " upper "

T = temperature of barometer in degrees Fah. at lower station,

T' = " " " upper "

t = " air " lower "

t' = " " " upper "

λ = mean latitude.

- s = height in feet of lower station above sea level,
 x = difference between the heights of the two stations,
 μ = the modulus of the common system of logarithms,
 θ = the difference of expansion between mercury and brass for 1° Fah.,
 r = mean radius of the earth,

then

$$\begin{aligned}
 x = 60158.6 \text{ feet} & \left\{ \log \frac{H}{H'} - \mu \theta (T - T') \right\} \\
 & \times \left\{ 1 + \frac{t + t' - 64^\circ}{900} \right\} \times (1 + 0.002695 \cos 2\lambda) \\
 & \times \left\{ 1 + \frac{x + 2\mu x}{r} + \frac{2s}{r} \right\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Assuming s to be 4000 feet, the mean radius of the earth as 20898240 feet, and taking an approximate value of x , the expression $60158.6 \left\{ 1 + \frac{x + 2\mu x}{r} + \frac{2s}{r} \right\}$ becomes equal to 60345.51. If we leave out the expansion of the thermometer scale and take the value of θ to be .0001 the formula then becomes as given by Baily,

$$\begin{aligned}
 x = 60345.51 & \left\{ 1 + \frac{t + t' - 64^\circ}{900} \right\} \times (1 + 0.002695 \cos 2\lambda) \\
 & \times \log \left\{ \frac{H}{H'} \frac{1}{\left\{ 1 + .0001 (T - T') \right\}} \right\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

The quantity A in Part I is the logarithm of $60345.51 \left\{ 1 + \frac{t + t' - 64^\circ}{900} \right\}$,

„ B „ II „ of $\left\{ 1 + .0001 (T - T') \right\}$,

„ C „ III „ of $(1 + .002695 \cos 2\lambda)$.

The method of using the table is as follows:—

From Part II take out the quantity B corresponding to the difference $T - T'$ of the attached thermometers (if aneroid barometers are employed B is zero), add it to log H', and subtract the sum from log H. This gives a quantity D.

To the logarithm of D add the quantity A from Part I corresponding to the sum $t + t'$ of the detached thermometers, and the quantity C from Part III corresponding to the mean latitude. The natural number of the resulting logarithm will be the required difference of height in feet.

EXAMPLE:—

Computation of Heights from Barometrical Observations.

Lower Station (L)	...	...	...	...	...	Dchra
Upper „ (U)	...	...	...	...	...	Mussooree
Date and Time of Observation	...	...	...	...	...
Barometer at (L) = H	...	...	...	...	...	in.
„ (U) = H'	...	...	...	...	...	27·563
Attached Thermometer at (L) = T	...	...	...	...	...	79°·0
„ (U) = T'	...	...	...	...	...	70·1
T - T'	...	...	...	...	...	8·9
Detached Thermometer at (L) = t	...	...	...	...	...	79·6
„ (U) = t'	...	...	...	...	...	65·1
t + t'	...	...	...	...	...	144·7
B for T - T' from Part II	...	...	...	...	...	0·00039
Log H'	...	...	...	...	...	1·36936
Sum (1)	...	...	...	...	...	1·36975
Log H (2)	...	...	...	...	...	1·44033
(2) - (1) = D	...	...	...	...	...	0·07058
Log	...	...	...	...	...	2·84868
A for t + t' from Part I	...	...	...	...	...	4·81794
C for mean latitude 30° from Part III	...	...	...	...	...	0·00058
Sum = difference of height in log feet	...	...	...	...	...	3·66720
„ „ in feet	...	...	...	...	...	4647·3
Height of given station above sea level in feet	...	...	...	...	...	2233·1
„ deduced „ „	...	...	...	...	...	6880·4

NOTE.—If Aneroid Barometers are employed, B = 0.

TABLE XIX.—*Computation of Heights.—For determining Differences of Height with the Barometer.—LOOMIS.*

The formula on which this table depends is the same as that given in the last table; but the constants employed by Baily are in some cases different from those of Loomis: the latter takes the mean radius of the earth as 20888629 feet, and the coefficient of $\cos 2\lambda$ as 0·00265 instead of 0·002695.

If we take the coefficient of expansion of mercury for 1° Fah. = ·0001;

„ „ „ brass scale „ = ·0000104;

and their difference, *viz.*, ·0000896 for θ , the first line of the formula on previous page becomes

$$60158\cdot6 \log \frac{H}{H'} - 2\cdot3409 (T - T').$$

The formula then stands as given by Loomis, *viz* :—

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= 60158\cdot6 \log \frac{H}{H'} - 2\cdot3409 (T - T') \\
 &\times \left\{ 1 + \frac{t + t' - 64^\circ}{900} \right\} \times (1 + 0\cdot00265 \cos 2\lambda) \\
 &\times \left\{ 1 + \frac{x + 52251}{20888629} + \frac{s}{10444315} \right\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Part I of the table gives the value in feet of the expression $60158\cdot6 \log H$ for heights of the barometer from 11 to 31 inches, only that each value has been decreased by a certain constant which does not change the difference

$$60158\cdot6 \log H - 60158\cdot6 \log H'.$$

Part II gives the correction $- 2\cdot3409 (T - T')$ depending on the difference of temperatures of the barometers at the two stations. This correction is to be omitted if aneroid barometers are employed.

Part III gives the correction due to the term $0\cdot00265 \cos 2\lambda$.

Part IV " " " $\frac{x + 52251}{20888629}$.

Part V " " " $\frac{s}{10444315}$.

The method of using the table is as follows :—

From Part I take out the two numbers corresponding to the heights of the barometers at the upper and lower stations.

To their difference apply the correction in Part II corresponding to the value of $T - T'$, the difference of reading of the two attached thermometers, unless the barometers are aneroids, when this correction is not required. This gives a first approximate difference of height; denote this by a and apply the correction $\frac{a}{900} \times (t + t' - 64^\circ)$ for the temperature of the air: this gives a second approximation b .

Enter Part III with the two arguments, b and the mean latitude;

„ IV „ argument b ;

„ V „ two arguments, b and the height of the barometer at the lower station.

The sum of the three corrections thus obtained when applied to b gives the required difference of height.

EXAMPLE:—

Computation of Heights from Barometrical Observations.

Lower Station (L)	Dehra
Upper „ (U)	Mussooree
Date and Time of Observation	
	in.
Barometer at (L) = H	27·563
„ (U) = H'	23·408
Attached Thermometer at (L) = T	79°·0
„ „ (U) = T'	70·1
T - T'	8·9
Detached Thermometer at (L) = t	79·6
„ „ (U) = t'	65·1
$\frac{t + t' + 64^{\circ}}{900} = f$	0·08967
Part I for H	25396·1
„ „ H'	21127·2
Difference = D	4268·9
Part II for T - T' = C†	- 20·9
D + C = a	4248·0
a × f	+ 380·9
Sum = a + (a × f) = b	4628·9
Part III for b and mean latitude 30°	+ 6·1
„ IV „ b	+ 12·6
„ V „ b and H	+ 1·0
Sum = Difference of height in feet	4648·6
Height of given station above sea level in feet	2233·1
„ deduced „ „ „	6881·7

† Negative when the temperature at (U) is the lower and *vice versa*; but if Aneroid Barometers are employed, C=0.

TABLE XX.—*Computation of Heights.—For determining Heights with the Boiling Point Thermometer.*

The heights of the barometer corresponding to different boiling points are derived from the results of Regnault's Experiments, revised by A. Moritz, by conversion from French into English units.

The approximate heights in the third column of Part I may be obtained by subtracting the feet of Table XIX from 27541·5 feet, which is the value in that table corresponding to the reading of the barometer at the sea level, *viz.*, 29·9218 inches.

The multipliers in Part II are found, on the supposition that dry air expands 0.00208333 of its volume for 1° Fah., from the formula—multiplier = $1 + (t' - 32) \times 0.00208333$, where t' is the mean temperature of the stratum of air passed through. Now the temperature of the air decreases 1° Fah. for every 331 feet ascended; so that if T is the temperature at a height h , the temperature at the sea level is $T + \frac{h}{331}$, and the mean temperature = $T + \frac{h}{660}$ nearly.

The method of using the table is as follows:—

Enter Part I with the given boiling point as argument and take out the approximate height.

Divide it by 660 and add the result to the air temperature. This gives the mean temperature of the stratum of air passed through.

Enter Part II with the mean temperature as argument, and the corresponding quantity when multiplied by the approximate height will give the required height above the sea level.

EXAMPLE.—The boiling point of water at Dehra is 208°·14 Fah. when the temperature of the air is 78°·5 Fah. To find the height of Dehra above the sea level.

Part I gives for 208°·14 approximate height = 2020 feet;

therefore mean temperature = $78^{\circ}\cdot 5 + \left[\frac{2020}{660}\right]^{\circ} = 81^{\circ}\cdot 6$.

Part II gives for 81°·6 multiplier = 1·103;

therefore height of Dehra above sea level = $1\cdot 103 \times 2020$ feet = 2228 feet.

TABLE XXI.—*Parallax of the Sun.*

This table gives the parallax of the sun for different months of the year at altitudes increasing by 5° from 0° to 90°. The values of the parallax for altitudes other than those given in the table may be found from inspection by simple interpolation.

The quantities given in the first line of the table are the angles subtended by the equatorial radius of the earth at the sun; and as the sun's distance is constantly changing, this quantity is greatest when the sun is nearest, that is in January, and least when the sun is furthest away, that is in July. The ratio of these two quantities is $1 + \frac{1}{60} : 1 - \frac{1}{60}$, since the eccentricity of the earth's orbit = $\frac{1}{60}$ nearly.

The values given in the first line are the "horizontal parallaxes" for the particular months, and for other altitudes the parallaxes have been found by multiplying the quantities in the first line by the cosines of the corresponding altitudes.

TABLE XXII.—*Astronomical Refractions.*

This table gives the mean refractions of celestial objects for zenith distances ranging from 0° to 88° 40' (a limit which is never exceeded), when the height of the barometer is 30 inches and the air temperature 50° Fah.

The table, as stated in Appendix I to Greenwich Observations, 1893, is based on Bessel's *Tabulæ Regiomontanæ* down to Z. D. 85° and for all other Z. D.'s on Bessel's *Fundamenta* modified.

In addition to this, the third, fourth and fifth columns of the table supply the requisite data for computing the refraction for any zenith distance and for other readings of the barometer and thermometer. The refraction and differences which correspond most nearly to the apparent zenith distance are to be employed.

EXAMPLE.—To find the refraction for a zenith distance 76° 17' with the barometer at 29·85 inches and the temperature of the air 45° Fah.

The table gives for zenith distance 76° 20'	refraction = 3 55·2								
,, correction for	<table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; border-bottom: 1px solid black;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">3' of zenith distance = - 0"·29 × 3</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px; text-align: right;">= - 0·87</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">- 15 in. of barometer = - 7·97 × 0·15</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px; text-align: right;">= - 1·20</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">- 5° of temperature = + 0·470 × 5</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px; text-align: right;">= + 2·35</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: right; border-top: 1px solid black;">Total correction = + 0·28</td> </tr> </table>	3' of zenith distance = - 0"·29 × 3	= - 0·87	- 15 in. of barometer = - 7·97 × 0·15	= - 1·20	- 5° of temperature = + 0·470 × 5	= + 2·35	Total correction = + 0·28	
3' of zenith distance = - 0"·29 × 3	= - 0·87								
- 15 in. of barometer = - 7·97 × 0·15	= - 1·20								
- 5° of temperature = + 0·470 × 5	= + 2·35								
Total correction = + 0·28									

Therefore the required refraction = 3 55·48

TABLE XXIII.—Values of $\frac{2 \sin^2 \frac{1}{2} t}{\sin 1''}$ for Computation of Circumpolar Azimuths.

The values in this table are computed to two places of decimals required for the computation of azimuth according to the new formula which, as well as the method of taking observations, will be found fully explained in the Trigonometrical Hand-Book, subject "Azimuths". In this table, t is the same as Δp of the Hand-Book.

TABLE XXIV.—Computation of Circumpolar Azimuths.—To Facilitate the Calculation of the Corrections—for Instrumental Errors of Collimation, Inclination and Deviation—to the Observed Times of Transit.

The use of the table will be seen at once from the formulæ for the corrections.

Let a, b, c be the corrections in seconds of arc for *deviation, inclination, and collimation* respectively.

Then the correction to the observed time of transit in seconds of time

$$= \frac{a \sin Z.D. + b \cos Z.D. + c}{15 \sin N.P.D.}$$

The table gives the values of the sine and cosine of the star's zenith distance for each degree from 0° to 90°, and the value of the factor $\frac{1}{15 \sin N.P.D.}$ for N. or S. declinations of stars for each degree from 0° to 45°.

The three quantities in the numerator of the above expression ought to be kept to the first place of decimals, while the resulting correction must be obtained to two places of decimals.

The rules for the signs of the corresponding corrections are as follows:—
with the star above the pole,

Collimation. If as the azimuth increases the circle reading also increases, then the collimation correction is + if F. L. reads highest and the star is observed with the Face to the east.

Inclination. The correction is + when west pivot of telescope axis is highest.

Deviation. When the azimuth of R. M. from south by west deduced from the angle between the R. M. and the Transit Star is less than its geodetic azimuth, the deviation correction is $\frac{+}{-}$ for stars $\frac{N}{S}$ of the zenith, and *vice versa*.

TABLE XXV.—*Computation of Circumpolar Azimuths.—To Facilitate the Computation of δA or the Reduction to Elongation (old formula).*

Let A = the azimuth of the star at maximum elongation,

P = the corresponding hour angle in arc,

δP = the interval in time from maximum elongation at a given moment,

δA = the corresponding change in azimuth;

then δA is found in seconds of arc (see *Account of the Operations of the Great Trigonometrical Survey of India*, Vol. II, pages 145—7) from the formula:—

$$\delta A = \frac{2 \sin^2 \frac{1}{2} \delta P \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \tan A \cos^2 \text{N.P.D.}}{1 - 2 \sin^2 \text{N.P.D.} \sin^2 \frac{1}{2} \delta P \pm \cot P \sin \delta P}$$

The sign of the last term of the denominator is $\frac{+}{-}$ according as the position of the star is before E. or after W. Elongation or after E. or before W. Elongation.

Part I of the table gives the values in natural numbers of $2 \sin^2 \text{N.P.D.} \sin^2 \frac{1}{2} \delta P$ for every minute of time of δP from 0^m to 30^m and for every degree of the star's N.P.D. from 0° to 10° . Enter the table with δP in minutes of time and carry the eye along the line until the quantity corresponding to the N.P.D. of the star is reached. The variation either for N.P.D. or for δP is so slow that the quantity can readily be taken out by inspection. Subtract it from unity and enter the result in the form for computation.

Part II contains values of the term $\cot P \sin \delta P$ in natural numbers between the limits $P = 82^\circ$ and $P = 90^\circ$ and for values of δP from 0^m to 30^m . The differences for each minute of time and for each 10 minutes of arc are so nearly constant that the column for 1^m may be taken as giving the former, and the horizontal line corresponding to $P = 89^\circ 50'$ as giving the latter.

To use Part II of the table, enter with P to the nearest $10'$ and carry the eye along the corresponding horizontal line until the column headed with the integral part of δP in minutes of time is reached. Interpolate for minutes and decimals of a minute of P in arc, using the quantity in the last line but one as the common difference. Next add the product between the decimals of δP in minutes and the quantity in the column for 1^m corresponding to the value of P .

EXAMPLE.—To find the value of $\cot P \sin \delta P$, when $P = 87^\circ 42' 16''$ or $87^\circ 42' \cdot 3$ and $\delta P = 15^m \cdot 72$.

For	$P = 87^\circ 40'$, the column for 15^m gives	·00266
	Common difference for $10'$ = -	·00019
therefore	difference for $2' \cdot 3$. . . = -	·00019 \times ·23 = - 4
„	$P = 87^\circ 42' \cdot 3$ gives	·00262
	Common difference for 1^m = +	·00018
„	difference for $0^m \cdot 72$. . . = +	·00018 \times ·72 = + 13
	Therefore the required result =	·00275

Part III contains the logarithmic values of $2 \sin^2 \frac{1}{2} \delta P \operatorname{cosec} 1''$ for every second of time of δP from 0^m to 30^m , and is to be used in computing the numerator of the expression for δA , δP for the purpose being kept to two places of decimals of seconds.

Tables XXIV and XXV have been constructed to facilitate the calculation involved in determining the meridian from circumpolar star observations. The method, which is described below, is a rigorous one and is only to be employed in the principal operations of the Survey of India. It is not to be adopted except where great accuracy is required.

Observations are made between some fixed mark or station, which is called the referring mark, and a circumpolar star near its elongation. As the position of the star at each observation has to be referred to its position at elongation the time must be carefully noted, and it is necessary therefore to employ a chronometer of which the error and rate are known. These may be determined in several ways, but the usual method, when the station at which the observations are made appertains to triangulation, is to place the telescope of the theodolite in the plane of the meridian as given by the triangulation, and to observe the transits of suitable stars every night throughout the time occupied by the observations for azimuth.

When commencing work the first thing to be done is to level the instrument with extreme care. As the transit axis level does not show errors of level in the body of the instrument, the readings of a level fixed near the base of the pillars of the instrument parallel to the transit axis are necessary. With this level any residual errors which may exist prior to and at the conclusion of the observations, are to be carefully noted in the four positions of the vertical circle facing N., S., E. and W., both ends of the level being read and entered in the field book.

The instrument should now be set to the adopted meridian and the transit axis tested for inclination with the transit axis level, the two ends of the level being read with its cross-level both east and west, the position of the face of the instrument, E. or W., being also noted, as this position must be maintained when observing the time star. These readings are required for finding the corrections to the times of transit of the time stars due to the dislevelment of the transit axis, but the operation should be repeated at the end of the observations as a test of the stability of the instrument. Level readings on one face are not to be combined with those on the opposite face for the determination of the correction to the time star. The time stars should for convenience be taken from the Nautical Almanac and ought to be near the equator. One time star each night is all that is absolutely necessary, as the rate of the chronometer for 24 hours is what is wanted, but it is preferable to have two in case of accidents. It is not material whether they are observed before or after the azimuth observations, but it is safer to commence with the time star lest clouds interfere with its observation afterwards. In setting for a star on (or very near) the meridian, it should be remembered that in north latitudes

zenith distance = co-latitude - N.P.D. for stars at upper culmination,

„ = co-latitude + N.P.D. „ lower „

a negative result signifies that the star is south of the zenith.

The time stars being chosen, let us suppose, to precede the azimuth observations, the telescope should be brought round, say, from left to right to intersect the referring mark and the readings of all the microscopes taken and recorded in the field book. It should then be moved on in the same direction till placed in the adopted meridian, when the first time star should be transited and the readings of the microscopes again taken and entered. The method of reducing these observations will be explained hereafter.

To enable the observer to find the circumpolar star to which observations are to be taken it is necessary to compute its horary angle P , its altitude, and its azimuth A , all at elongation, by the formulæ:—

1. $\log \cos P = \log \tan \text{N.P.D.} + \log \tan \lambda$,
2. $\log \sin A = \log \sin \text{N.P.D.} + \log \sec \lambda$,
3. $\log \sin \text{Alt.} = \log \sec \text{N.P.D.} + \log \sin \lambda$,

where λ is the latitude of the place. The true altitude thus found must be corrected for refraction by adding the proper quantity given in Table XXII.

The horary angle reduced to time will, when added to the star's right ascension, give the sidereal time of western elongation and when subtracted it will give the time of eastern elongation; from these the chronometer times of elongation may be found. It is convenient to know the different apparent altitudes of the star during the observations, and for this purpose the change in altitude from elongation may be found with sufficient approximation by the formula:—

Increment in altitude for 1 minute of time for n° of polar distance

$$= \frac{2\pi n^\circ}{60 \times 24} = 5'' \times 3 \cdot 14159 n^\circ = 15'' \cdot 71 \times n^\circ.$$

A small table showing the apparent altitude and zenith distance at intervals of say 5 minutes before and after elongation may with advantage be constructed and placed conveniently for reference, as follows:—

Polaris—for 30th January 1903, Latitude $23^\circ 14' \text{ N.}$, Longitude $98^\circ \text{ E. of Greenwich.}$

$$\text{N.P.D.} = 1^\circ 12' 17''; n^\circ = 1^\circ \cdot 205.$$

	Chronometer Time			Apparent Altitude			Apparent Zenith Distance		
	<i>h</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>s</i>	°	'	"	°	'	"
At W. Elongation	6	52	0	23	26	5	66	33	55
		57	0	24	30		35	30	
	7	2	0	22	55		37	5	
		7	0	21	20		38	40	
		12	0	19	45		40	15	
		17	0	18	10		41	50	
		22	0	16	35		43	25	
		27	0	15	0		45	0	
		32	0	13	25		46	35	
		37	0	11	50		48	10	
		42	0	10	15		49	45	
		47	0	8	40		51	20	
		52	0	7	5		52	55	

About 20 or 30 minutes before elongation the observer intersects the referring mark, moving the telescope from the side opposite the star, and registers the reading. He then raises the telescope to the required altitude and moves the instrument to within half a minute of the star's azimuthal reading, when he clamps the instrument and employs the tangent screw to bring it into such a position that the star, after the lapse of a few seconds, may transit the wire, and directs the assistant to count the beats of the chronometer aloud, so that when the star appears bisected on the wire the observer may be able to call out the exact second, which is recorded with the hour and minute. The level on the body of the instrument is then read and recorded and also the microscope readings of the horizontal limb. The observer next unclamps and overshoots the star and then with a reverse motion he again observes first the star and then the mark: this gives a pair of observations on one face. A similar pair is then taken on the other face beginning with the referring mark. Four pairs of observations are generally taken, and they should be so timed that two are before and two after elongation.

In circumpolar star observations two different systems may be adopted. First, one star may be observed at both elongations, or secondly, two stars may be selected, of approximately equal-polar distance, but differing by about 12 hours in right ascension, and the one observed at its eastern and the other at its western elongation. The advantage of the first method is that any errors which may exist in the tabulated place of the star do not affect the result; but on the other hand the observations must be conducted near sun-rise and sun-set, when both star and referring mark may be difficult to see. The second method has the advantage that the stars can be chosen so as to be observed at night when small stars are easily visible, but the results of the observations are burdened by the errors in the stars' places, so that the first method is the preferable of the two.

When the second method is adopted, care should be taken to select stars of which the north polar distances are nearly equal, and it is advisable that their times of elongation should differ by about 45 minutes so as to allow of the observations to one star being completed before those to the other are begun. When they are simultaneously at elongation both may be observed in the same round of angles with the referring mark, but this should not be attempted by any but a rapid and experienced observer.

If the selected stars are not in the Nautical Almanac, their mean places must be computed for the first day of the year either from a catalogue or from Table LIV, by the formula:—

$$\text{Mean Right Ascension on 1st January (1910 + } y) = \text{Mean Right Ascension on 1st January 1910} + \left(p + \mu + \frac{s y}{200} \right) y,$$

where p = annual precession in Right Ascension,

μ = annual proper motion „

s = secular variation „

y = number of years,

with a similar formula for North Polar Distance.

The following is a specimen of the observations as entered in the field book :—
*Azimuth observed at Loi Hpa-Lang Hill Station with Troughton and Simms' 12-Inch Theodolite
 No. II., Chronometer No. 4345 by A. J. Johansson & Co.
 Observations taken to Polaris at Western Elongation.*

Date 30th January, 1903.

Readings of Levels on body of Instrument at commencement.

Face of Vertical Circle	Readings of Levels				Remarks
	Level M, 1 ^d = 2".28		Level N, 1 ^d = 1".80		
East ...	E. end 35.1	W. end 32.7	E. end 38.1	W. end 31.2	Barometer 26 ^o .19 Thermometer 61 ^o .0
South ...	S. end 35.0	N. end 32.9	S. end 38.0	N. end 35.0	
West ...	W. end 34.8	E. end 33.2	W. end 38.0	E. end 34.8	
North ...	N. end 35.8	S. end 32.1	N. end 38.3	S. end 34.5	

Readings of Transit Axis Level (1^d = 1".70) at commencement.

Face of Vertical Circle	Cross Level	Readings		Remarks
		West end	East end	
W	East	18.0	34.5	
	West	29.0	23.5	

Object	Face and Zero	Microscope Readings				Micrometer 1 ^d = 1".059675. 1 ^d x (1".059675) = 1".15351*	Corrected Mean = C + D	Angles	Chronometer Times of Transit of Star					Micrometer Readings	
		B	A	Mean of B & A = C	No. of read- ings = E				Value in arc = D	A B C D E					
										h	m	s	s		s
Loi Song H.S. R.M. θ Canis Majoris ε Canis Majoris	W	75 627.9	54.9	41.40	55.9	59.23	75 5 42.17 66 29 61.80 66 29 61.30	8 35 40.37 8 35 40.87	6 45 108.5 6 50 119.5	94 0 79.6 8 87 8.71	65.0 65.0	50.7 55.0	55.9 55.9	55.8	
Loi Song H.S. R.M. Polaris	F.L.	75 626.1	51.3	38.70	54.4	57.64	75 5 41.06 65 12 19.90	9 54 9.16	7 2 41.0 7 5 20.0	33.1 33.3	34.9 34.7	35.0 35.0	37.9 38.0	54.4 74.1	54.3
Loi Song H.S. R.M. Polaris	F.R.	255 444.3	56.0	50.15	55.8	59.13	255 5 40.28 245 10 27.10 245 9 57.16	9 54 19.97	7 13 34.0 7 15 52.0	35.2 35.2	32.5 32.7	38.9 38.6	34.0 34.0	49.9 75.1	55.6
Loi Song H.S. R.M. Polaris	F.L.	105 8 6.1	29.4	17.75	55.6	58.92	105 7 18.83 95 13 48.30 95 14 14.80	9 54 22.96	7 25 21.0 7 27 55.0	33.1 33.1	34.9 34.9	34.9 35.0	38.0 38.0	55.4 75.6	55.6
Loi Song H.S. R.M. Polaris	F.R.	285 618.1	33.0	25.55	55.3	58.60	285 7 24.15 275 12 6.42 275 11 44.65	9 54 5.24	7 37 15.0 7 39 22.0	35.1 35.1	32.9 33.0	38.0 39.0	34.9 34.0	56.4 76.1	55.7
Loi Song H.S. R.M. Polaris	F.L.	285 7275.1	44.6	59.76	61.8	64.28	285 7 26.94 285 5 57.36 285 5 57.36	9 54 7.26	7 30 22.0	35.1	33.0	39.0	34.0	76.8	76.5

* Multiplier for d in case of star.

Here follow level readings similar to those at the commencement but in the reverse order.

In these observations FL denotes that the face of the instrument is to the left and FR that it is to the right of the observer, while $75^{\circ} 5'$, $255^{\circ} 5'$, $105^{\circ} 7'$ and $285^{\circ} 7'$ are the zero-settings of the instrument which remain the same for one night but are changed on successive nights in accordance with the system of zero-settings adopted in observing horizontal angles.

The reduction of the observations now remains. The corrections to the times of transit of the time-stars for collimation, inclination and deviation must first be obtained.

The collimation correction is found from the observations of the referring mark, taken during the azimuth observations, by comparing the readings on faces right and left in which the instrument has been moved in the same direction; thus a reading of referring mark, before intersection of the circumpolar star, on face left will be compared with a similar reading on face right. Following this method in the example given, we get the numbers $8''\cdot22$, $7''\cdot86$, $5''\cdot32$ and $8''\cdot17$. Half the mean of these is $3''\cdot7$, so that the correction for collimation in seconds of time is $+ 3\cdot7 \times \frac{1}{15 \sin N.P.D.}$, the sign being determined by the rule given in Table XXIV.

The readings of the transit axis level are W. $47\cdot0$, E. $58\cdot0$, and the difference divided by the number of readings, or $2\cdot75$ divisions, multiplied by the value of one division of the scale, viz., $1''\cdot70$, gives $4''\cdot7$. The correction for inclination is therefore $- 4\cdot7 \cos Z.D. \times \frac{1}{15 \sin N.P.D.}$ seconds of time, the sign being determined by the rule in Table XXIV.

To obtain the deviation correction apply the angle between the referring mark and the transit star to the azimuth of the referring mark, to deduce the azimuth at which the star was transited. The difference between this and 180° gives the horizontal deviation of the instrument in arc E. or W. of the meridian, and when multiplied by $\frac{\sin Z.D.}{15 \sin N.P.D.}$ we have the correction to the transit in seconds of time. The sign of the correction is determined by the rule in Table XXIV. For the example given, the azimuth of the referring mark is $188^{\circ} 35' 49''\cdot74$; hence the horizontal deviation for θ Can. Maj. is $9''\cdot37$ E. and for ϵ Can. Maj. $8''\cdot87$ E.

The sum of the three corrections gives the total correction to be applied to the star's transit and for θ Can. Maj. it is $- 0^s\cdot4$ and for ϵ Can. Maj. $- 0^s\cdot5$.

The readings of the chronometer times as noted on 5 wires A, B, C, D and E, when reduced to centre wire C and their mean taken, give the chronometer time of transit of θ Canis Majoris as $6^h 46^m 19^s\cdot5$ and that of ϵ Can. Maj. $6^h 51^m 27^s\cdot3$, so that the corrected times become $6^h 46^m 19^s\cdot1$ and $6^h 51^m 26^s\cdot8$. The right ascensions of the stars being $6^h 49^m 42^s\cdot9$ and $6^h 54^m 50^s\cdot8$, the error of the chronometer as deduced from the two time stars is $3^m 23^s\cdot9$ slow. The observations of the next night furnish the rate of the chronometer.

Now proceeding to the calculation of the azimuth: the right ascension and north polar distance of the circumpolar star or stars have to be deduced rigorously for the times of elongation on the first and last nights of observation, and those for intermediate nights by interpolation. A list of circumpolar stars for the epoch 1st January 1810 is given in Table LIV. The corrections for apparent places are to be computed either by the formulæ given in Nautical Almanac or by using Turner's Tables.

The horary angle P and azimuth at elongation A of the circumpolar star, are found for the first day from the formulæ previously given. Instead of computing these for each day their changes are found corresponding to the daily change in N.P.D. from the formulæ:—

If tabular difference in	log tan N.P.D. for variation of	$1'' = a$		
„	„	„ cos P	„	$= b$
„	„	„ sin N.P.D.	„	$= c$
„	„	„ sin A	„	$= d$
then the change in hour angle		$= -\frac{a}{b} \times \text{change in N.P.D.},$		
„		$\text{azimuth} = +\frac{c}{d} \times \text{change in N.P.D.},$		

whence follow the N.P.D., azimuth and sidereal time at elongation on the dates of observation.

The recorded times of observing the star are now corrected for the error of the chronometer and for the rate of the chronometer for the interval elapsed from the time star's transit. The corrected times being subtracted from the sidereal time of elongation give the interval in-time between each observation and elongation, and the differences between the azimuth of the star at these times and at elongation are found by the formula on p. 46, the several terms being found by the three Parts of this table. The observed angle between the referring mark and the star is corrected up by this quantity and the mean of the corrected angles applied to the azimuth of the star at elongation from south by west, the result being the azimuth of the referring mark from south by west. The mean of these results is taken for each zero on each face.

There is still one further correction to be applied due to the dislevelment of the body of the instrument. To obtain this, take the level readings for each star and add the mean of all the east readings on face left to the mean of all the east readings on face right, doing the same for the west readings. A quarter of the difference reduced to seconds of arc and multiplied by the tangent of the star's apparent altitude at the time of elongation will give the correction to the angle between the referring mark and the star at elongation. The sign of this correction is found by the following rule:—

When the sum of the E. end readings is *greater* than that of the W. end, the correction is $\frac{\text{additive to}}{\text{subtractive from}}$ the angle between referring mark and star according as the azimuth (from south by west) of the star at elongation is $\frac{\text{less}}{\text{greater}}$ than the azimuth of referring mark by triangulation and *vice versa* when the sum of the W. end readings is *greater*.

The correction will have the same sign for all observations of the same group whether on face right or face left and whether the instrument reads from left to right or from right to left. It must be determined separately for each star and should be applied to the zero means of face left and face right. If the referring mark is not in the horizon a further correction to the angle, which is generally insignificant, is necessary, *viz.*, a quarter of the difference of the level readings multiplied by the tangent of the altitude of the mark. The sign of this correction is always opposite to that of the former one.

The dislevelment in divisions of the level scale obtained as above is 0.17 and this multiplied by $2'' \cdot 28 \times \tan \text{Alt.}$ gives $0'' \cdot 17$: the sign is + because the east end readings are greater and the azimuth (south by west) of star at elongation less.

Applying the corrections the angle between the referring mark and the star at elongation is obtained for the different zeros; the means are then taken out by eastern and western elongation, and finally the azimuth of the referring mark from south by west deduced.

TABLE XXVI.—*Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along the Meridian.*

The formula on which this table is based is

$$sm = \rho l \sin 1''.$$

It is deduced as follows:—

Let s_1 = the length in feet of the arc between lats λ and $\lambda + \frac{l}{2}$,

s_2 = " " " " λ and $\lambda - \frac{l}{2}$;

then
$$s_1 = \frac{l}{2} \sin 1'' \frac{ds}{d\lambda} + \frac{1}{1.2} \left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^2 \sin^2 1'' \frac{d^2s}{d\lambda^2} + \frac{1}{1.2.3} \left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^3 \sin^3 1'' \frac{d^3s}{d\lambda^3} + \&c.,$$

$$- s_2 = - \frac{l}{2} \sin 1'' \frac{ds}{d\lambda} + \frac{1}{1.2} \left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^2 \sin^2 1'' \frac{d^2s}{d\lambda^2} - \frac{1}{1.2.3} \left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^3 \sin^3 1'' \frac{d^3s}{d\lambda^3} + \&c.;$$

therefore if s_m = the length in feet of an arc of l'' ,

$$s_m = s_1 + s_2$$

$$= 2 \sin 1'' \frac{ds}{d\lambda} + \frac{1}{24} l^3 \sin^3 1'' \frac{d^3s}{d\lambda^3} + \&c.$$

Now $\frac{ds}{d\lambda} = \rho = \frac{a(1 - e^2)}{(1 - e^2 \sin^2 \lambda)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ where ρ is the radius of curvature to the meridian in lat. λ ;

therefore $\frac{d^3s}{d\lambda^3} = 3 e^2 \rho \cos 2\lambda$, neglecting terms in e^4 ;

" $s_m = \rho l \sin 1'' + \frac{1}{8} \rho l^3 \sin^3 1'' e^2 \cos 2\lambda + \&c.$

The value of this second term when $\lambda = 0^\circ$ is .000 000 000 002 l^3 feet; or .09 feet for an arc of 1° .

So that for calculating the length of an arc of $1''$ we need the above formula.

The table is computed for every $5'$ of latitude from 0° to 40° , and is to be used in conjunction with the two succeeding tables in computing rectangular co-ordinates, as is explained on pages 54 and 55.

TABLE XXVII.—*Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along Parallels of Latitude.*

The formula on which the table is based is

$$sp = .00000 48481 36811 \nu \cos \lambda p''.$$

It is deduced as follows:—

Let sp = the length in feet of arc of p'' in a parallel of latitude where radius is r .

then
$$sp = \frac{\pi}{180 \times 3600} r p''.$$

and
$$r = \nu \cos \lambda;$$

whence the above value.

The table is computed for parallels of latitude $5'$ apart between the latitudes 0° and 40° , and is to be used in conjunction with the preceding and succeeding tables in computing rectangular co-ordinates, as is explained on pages 54 and 55.

TABLE XXVIII.—*Arc-versines of Spheroidal Arcs of Parallel 1° in length.*

If O and P are two points on the surface of the earth, and if the parallel through P cuts the meridian through O in p : and if a great circle through P be drawn perpendicular to this meridian cutting it in N, then pN is called the Arc-versine of the arc Pp and is given by:—

$$\text{Arc-versine of } Pp = R' \Delta L^2$$

where R' is that for the latitude of P.

We can find this quantity as follows:—Equations (1) and (2) on page 21 give the expressions for the differences of latitude and longitude of two points. If we employ them for finding the position of P referred to N we shall have, see page 20, since the azimuth of P at N is 270° ,

$$\delta_1 \lambda = -\frac{c}{\rho} \cos A \operatorname{cosec} 1'' = 0,$$

so that

$$\Delta \lambda = -R' \delta_1 L^2,$$

$$\text{and } \Delta L = \delta_1 L - Y' \delta_1 L^2.$$

Now if $\delta_1 L$ is taken as $1''$, we have

$$Y' \delta_1 L^2 = 0'' \cdot 04 \text{ in latitude } 20^\circ.$$

So that if we take $\Delta L = \delta_1 L$ we commit an error of $0'' \cdot 04$ or 4 feet in $1''$.

Now

$$Pp = \Delta L \text{ and } PN = \delta_1 L,$$

therefore

$$Pp \text{ may be employed in place of } PN;$$

and

$$\Delta \lambda = pN = \text{arc-versine of } Pp.$$

therefore we have

$$\text{Arc-versine of } Pp = -R' \Delta L^2,$$

or

$$\text{arc-versine of } Pp = +R' \Delta L^2 \text{ when N is referred to P.}$$

where R' is that for the latitude of N which is practically the same as for P.

The table gives the arc-versine in seconds and in feet for an arc of 1° at every $5'$ of latitude from 0° to 40° . It also gives for the same latitudes the logarithm of the number of seconds in the arc-versine of an arc of $1''$, and it is this last logarithm which is to be used in conjunction with the two preceding tables in computing rectangular co-ordinates, as is explained below.

Tables XXVI, XXVII and XXVIII have been prepared to enable surveyors whose operations are based on rectangular co-ordinates to convert the latitudes and longitudes of the Trigonometrical Survey Stations, which fall within range of their operations, into rectangular co-ordinates, and thus obtain data for correcting the errors of their operations by simple proportion.

The operations of the Revenue Survey are based on rectangular co-ordinates computed on the supposition that the earth is a plane, and this assumption introduces errors which are insensible in small areas, and insignificant when compared with the ordinary errors of measurement.

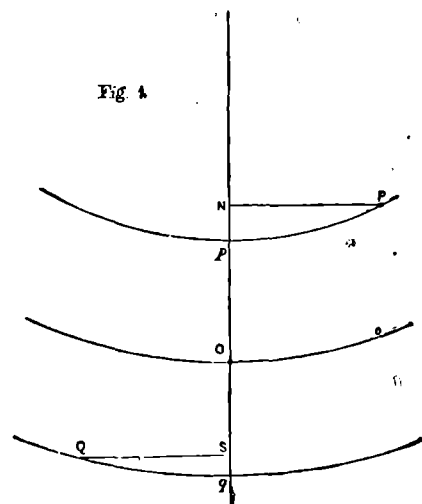
Suppose O, P, Q are three stations of the Trigonometrical Survey whose latitudes and longitudes are known, and we want the co-ordinates of P and Q with respect to O which are respectively perpendicular and parallel to the meridian at O.

Draw the parallels Oo , Pp , Qq , cutting the meridian through O in O , p , q , and draw PN and QS perpendicular to the meridian through O.

Then the co-ordinates of P and Q are:—

$$\begin{aligned} X &= PN, & X &= QS, \\ &\text{and} & & \\ Y &= ON, & Y &= OS. \end{aligned}$$

As explained above the X co-ordinates PN and QS may be considered equal to the arcs Pp and Qq .



Also $ON = pN + Op,$

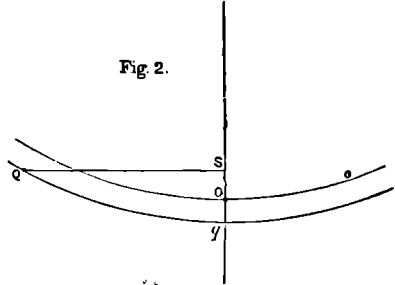
and $OS = Sq - Oq,$

OS being negative because S falls south of O.

Therefore X in feet = the difference of longitude converted into feet by Table XXVII, and

$$Y \text{ in feet} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{the arc-versine} \\ \text{in feet from} \\ \text{Table XXVIII} \end{array} \right\} \pm \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{the difference of} \\ \text{latitude converted} \\ \text{into feet by Table} \\ \text{XXVI.} \end{array} \right\}$$

The + sign being used when the point is north of O,
and the - „ „ „ „ south of O;



in the latter case Y will be + or - according as the arc-versine is greater or less than the difference of latitude.

We have thus the following rules:—

RULE I.—To find the perpendicular co-ordinate X in chains.

Find the difference of longitude between the point and the origin in seconds; take its logarithm and add the logarithm from Table XXVII corresponding to the latitude of the point and the arithmetical complement of log 66. This will give the logarithm of X in chains.

X will be + or - according as the longitude of the point is greater or less than that of the origin.

RULE II.—To find the arc-versine in seconds.

To twice the logarithm of the difference of longitude in seconds add the logarithm from Table XXVIII corresponding to the latitude of the point. This will give the logarithm of the arc-versine in seconds.

RULE III.—To find the meridional co-ordinate Y in chains.

Find Y in seconds from the equation,

$$Y \text{ seconds} = \text{arc-versine} + \text{latitude of point} - \text{latitude of origin},$$

and note its sign. To the logarithm of Y in seconds add the logarithm in Table XXVI (corresponding to a latitude = latitude of origin $\pm \frac{1}{2} Y$) and the arithmetical complement of log 66. This will give the logarithm of Y in chains.

The sign of Y in chains will be the same as that of Y in seconds.

*Computation of Rectangular Co-ordinates of Trigonometrical and other Stations
of which the Latitude and Longitude are known.*

From origin _____

Number of Sheet	...	...	...	...	...	...
Name of Station (S)	...	...	...	...	...	...
Long. of Origin (O)	...	...	...	...	...	72 10 13.73
„ (S)	...	...	...	...	...	71 20 10.25
Difference	...	...	...	...	...	0 50 3.48
„ in seconds	...	...	...	...	...	3003.48
Log „	...	...	...	...	...	3.4776247
Log from Tab. XXVII for Lat. of (S)	...	...	...	...	...	1.9786411
A. C. of log 66	...	...	...	...	...	2.1804561
Sum = log X	...	...	...	...	...	3.6367219
*X (Easting or Westing) in chains	...	...	...	...	...	- 4332.23W.
Twice log diff. of Long. (4 places)	...	...	...	...	...	6.9552
Log from Tab. XXVIII for Lat. of (S)	...	...	...	...	...	7.8987
Sum = log Arc-versine	...	...	...	...	...	0.8539
Arc-versine in seconds	...	...	...	...	...	7.14
Lat. of (O)	...	...	...	...	...	20 15 30.62
Lat. of (S)	...	...	...	...	...	20 15 26.50
Difference (d) †	...	...	...	...	...	-0 0 4.12
Arc-versine in seconds	...	...	...	...	...	+ 7.14
Algebraical sum = Y in arc	...	...	...	...	...	+0 0 3.02
Y in seconds	...	...	...	...	...	+ 3.02
$\frac{1}{2}$ Y in arc	...	...	...	...	...	+0 0 1.51
Lat. of (O)	...	...	...	...	...	20 15 30.62
Algebraical sum	...	...	...	...	...	20 15 32.13
Log from Tab. XXVI for Alg. sum	...	...	...	...	...	2.0038236
Log of Y in seconds	...	...	...	...	...	0.4800069
A. C. of log 66	...	...	...	...	...	2.1804561
Sum = log Y	...	...	...	...	...	0.6642866
‡ Y (Northing or Southing) in chains	...	...	...	...	...	+ 4.62 N.

* X is $\frac{\text{east}}{\text{west}}$ of Origin according as the Longitude of the Station is $\frac{\text{greater}}{\text{less}}$ than that of the Origin. † (d) is $\frac{+}{-}$ according as the Latitude of the Station is $\frac{\text{greater}}{\text{less}}$ than that of the Origin. ‡ Y is $\frac{\text{north}}{\text{south}}$ of the Origin according as Y in arc is $\frac{+}{-}$.

Tables XXVI, XXVII and XXVIII may also be employed, with all the accuracy desirable for most practical purposes, for determining the latitude and longitude of a Revenue Survey Station whose rectangular co-ordinates have been corrected for errors of measurement and made consistent with the corresponding co-ordinates of the Trigonometrical Survey Stations in the districts under survey. The latitude and longitude of the origin must of course be known, and the given rectangular co-ordinates must be perpendicular and parallel to the meridian of the origin.

The method of proceeding will be as follows:—

RULE I.—To log Y in chains add the log of 66, the sum is log Y in feet, and Y in feet divided by 100 will give an approximate value of Y in seconds (*see* Table XXVI): find the approximate middle latitude = latitude of origin $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ Y and with it enter Table XXVI and take out the corresponding logarithm: add its Arithmetical complement to the logarithm of Y in feet, and the result will be the logarithm of Y in seconds of arc.

RULE II.—To log X in chains add the log of 66 and the Arithmetical complement of the logarithm in Table XXVII corresponding to a latitude = latitude of the origin \pm Y in arc, and keep the sum to 4 places of decimals; multiply this by 2 and add the logarithm in Table XXVIII corresponding to the same latitude: the result will be the logarithm of the arc-versine in seconds.

RULE III.—To find the latitude of the point.

The required latitude = latitude of origin \pm Y in arc — arc-versine, where Y has the same sign in arc as it has in chains.

RULE IV.—To find the longitude of the point.

To log X in chains add the log of 66 and the arithmetical complement of the logarithm in Table XXVII corresponding to the latitude just found. This will give the logarithm of the difference of longitude in seconds. This difference must be added to the longitude of the origin if X is *plus* and subtracted when X is *minus*.

*Reduction of the Co-ordinates of Stations from Rectangular to Spherical.*Latitude of origin (λ_0) = $20^\circ 15' 30'' \cdot 62$; Longitude of origin (L_0) = $72^\circ 10' 13'' \cdot 73$

Name of Station (S)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Y in chains	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+ 2877·56
Log	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·4590244
„ 66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·8195439
Sum = log Y in feet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·2785683
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 / /
$\frac{Y \text{ in feet}}{100} = Y \text{ in arc approximately} = Y_a^*$	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 31 39
$\pm \frac{1}{2} Y_a$	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 15 49·5
λ_0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 15 30·62
Algebraical sum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 31 20
A. C. of log from Table XXVI for Alg. Sum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·9961633
Log Y in feet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·2785683
Sum = log Y in seconds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·2747316
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 / /
Y in arc †	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 31 22·49
$\lambda_0 \pm Y \text{ in arc} = \lambda'_a$	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 46 53·11
X in chains	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+ 3295·18
Log	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·5179
„ 66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·8195
A. C. of log from Table XXVII for λ'_a	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·0228
Sum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·3602
Twice Sum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6·7204
Log from Table XXVIII for λ'_a	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·9079
Sum = log Arc-versine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·6283
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 / /
Arc-versine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 0 4·25
$\lambda'_a - \text{Arc-versine} = \text{Lat. of (S)}$	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 46 48·86
Log X in chains	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·5178792
„ 66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·8195139
A. C. of log from Table XXVII for Lat. of (S)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·0228337
Sum = log X in seconds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·3602568
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 / /
X in arc †	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+ 0 38 12·22
L_0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72 10 13·73
Algebraical sum = Long. of (S)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72 48 25·95

* Y_a has the same sign as Y in chains.

† X in arc and Y in arc have the same signs as they have in chains.

TABLE XXIX.—*Linear Value in Miles of a Degree of Arc measured along the Meridian.*

This table is computed from the same formula as Table XXVI, the unit being changed from feet to miles. The term $\rho \sin 1''$ gives the result correct to 4 places of decimals of a mile.

The argument in this table is the mean latitude of the extremities of the given arc. Thus the meridional distance between the parallels of $7\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ and $8\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ is 68.7159 miles and may be reckoned as the length of a degree at the latitude of 8° . The table is constructed for mean latitudes ranging from 0° to 46° .

EXAMPLE.—Required the meridional distance between the parallels of $8^\circ 5'$ and $8^\circ 38'$.

The mean latitude = $\frac{8^\circ 5' + 8^\circ 38'}{2} = 8^\circ \cdot 358$.

The table gives the length of a degree at 8° = $\overset{\text{Miles}}{68 \cdot 7159}$

Difference for 1° = + .0035

Therefore difference for $0^\circ \cdot 358$ = + .0035 \times .358 = + .0013

Length of a degree at $8^\circ \cdot 358$ = $\underline{68 \cdot 7172}$

Therefore distance between the parallels of $8^\circ 5'$ and $8^\circ 38'$
 = $\frac{33}{60} \times 68 \cdot 7172$ miles = 37.7945 miles.

TABLE XXX.—*Linear Value in Miles of a Degree of Arc measured along Parallels of Latitude.*

This table is computed by the same formula as Table XXVII, the unit being changed from feet to miles.

The argument in this table is the latitude of the parallel on which the length is required. Thus the distance on the parallel of 28° between two meridians 1° apart is 61.1109 miles. The table is constructed for parallels of latitude 1° apart from latitude 0° to latitude 46° .

EXAMPLE.—Required the distance between the meridians $78^\circ 24'$ and $78^\circ 53'$ on the parallel of $28^\circ 41' = 28^\circ \cdot 683$.

If $F^{(n)}$ = value in miles of 1° on the parallel of $28^\circ \cdot 683$

F = " " " 28°

then $F^{(n)} = F + n a + \frac{n(n-1)b}{1.2} + \&c.$ (see note to Table I)

where $n = \cdot 683$, and a and b are the 1st and 2nd differences given by the table.

The table gives $F = 61 \cdot 1109$ Miles

„ $a = - \cdot 5734$; therefore $n a = - \cdot 3916$

„ $b = - \cdot 0185$ „ $\frac{n(n-1)b}{1.2} = + \cdot 0020$

therefore $F^{(n)} = 60 \cdot 7213$

Therefore the distance between meridians $78^\circ 24'$ and $78^\circ 53'$ on the parallel of $28^\circ \cdot 683$
 = $\frac{29}{60} \times 60 \cdot 7213$ miles = 29.3486 miles.

TABLE XXXI.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{16}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.*

TABLE XXXII.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ a Mile.*

TABLE XXXIII A.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{3}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{2}{3}$ of a Mile.*

TABLE XXXIII B.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{3}$ of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 1 Mile.*

TABLE XXXIV.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 2 Miles.*

TABLE XXXV A.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 3 Miles.*

TABLE XXXV B.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 4 Miles.*

TABLE XXXVI.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 1 Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 8 Miles.*

TABLE XXXVII.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 2 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 12 Miles.*

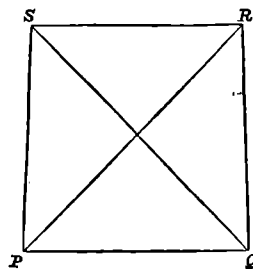
TABLE XXXVIII.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 2 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 : 1000,000.*

These tables are for use in constructing the graticules of maps, on the different scales mentioned, when the projection used is the modified form of polyconic which has been employed by the department for many years.

The quantities m , n , p and q in the tables are the respective lengths of the sides PS or RQ, PQ, SR and of the diagonal PR or SQ, of each so called little square SPQR whose size is indicated in the table.

As the lengths PQ and SR are the correct lengths of a particular angular amount of the corresponding parallels of latitude and SP or RQ is the correct length of the meridian between these parallels, the projection of each small square may be considered a modified secant conical one and the projection as a whole may with sufficient accuracy be denominated polyconic.

On the scales employed in Tables XXXI and XXXII the area comprised in each little square is that of a standard sheet, or of a plane-table section, and therefore it will be sufficient in plotting such sheets or sections on these scales to draw a line parallel to the top edge of the paper and lay off SR, the corresponding p , on it.



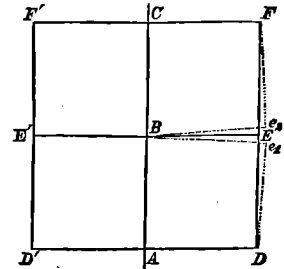
Then with S and R as centres and $SP = m$ and $RP = q$ as radii, two circles must be described cutting each other in P and two others with the same centres but with radii $SQ = q$ and $RQ = m$ cutting in Q and the lines SP, PQ, and RQ joined to form the graticule, the practical test being that PQ shall equal n .

If however the sheet to be projected is of the old form *viz* twice the angular distance in longitude that it is in latitude then a line should be drawn down the middle of the paper and $PS = m$ laid off on it: the point R and a corresponding point R' on the left of PS should then be determined from centres P and S and similarly the points Q and Q'. The graticule is then completed by joining PQ, PQ', SR, SR', RQ and R'Q', the practical test being that each of the two latter shall be equal to m .

In the remainder of the tables the angular size of the squares is such that four of them are required to make up a sheet of standard size.

Such sheets should be plotted in the following manner:—

A line is drawn down the centre of the paper and on it AB and BC are laid off equal respectively to each of two successive m 's on the particular scale. With A and B as centres and the corresponding n and q as radii circles are described cutting in D and D' and with C and B as centres and the corresponding p and q as radii circles are described cutting in F' and F': DF and D'F' are joined, DE and D'E' are each made equal to AB and the graticule completed by joining the various points.



It will be noticed that there is here a departure from the polyconic projection described above since the point E belonging to each little square is not plotted but obtained after joining up the line DF. This is done to make the meridians straight lines and does not affect the accuracy of the projection, for if e_1 and e_2 are the corners of the respective little squares then

we have, if θ_1 and θ_2 are the angles which AD and Be_2 make with AC

on the scale of 1 inch = 1 mile between the parallels of $39^\circ 45'$ and 40°

$$\cos \theta_1 = \frac{6.656 - 6.644}{2 \times 8.623} = \frac{.012}{17.246} \quad \cos \theta_2 = \frac{6.644 - 6.632}{2 \times 8.623} = \frac{.012}{17.246}$$

$$\theta_1 = \theta_2 \quad \text{and}$$

De_1e_2F is a straight line and e_1 and e_2 coincide with E.

On the scale of 1 inch = 4 miles between the parallels of 39° and 40°

$$\cos \theta_1 = \frac{.017}{17.244} \quad \cos \theta_2 = \frac{.048}{17.246} \quad \text{whence}$$

the co-ordinates of D, e_1 , e_2 , F are found to be

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 6.727 \\ .018 \end{array} \right\} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 6.680 \\ 8.640 \end{array} \right\} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 6.680 \\ 8.641 \end{array} \right\} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 6.632 \\ 17.263 \end{array} \right\}$$

from which it follows that

$$DF = 17.245 \quad \text{and that the co-ordinates of E are } \left. \begin{array}{l} 6.680 \\ 8.640 \end{array} \right\}$$

so that e_1 , e_2 and E coincide to the one-thousandth part of an inch and DF is equal to AC.

On the scale of 1 to 1000,000 between the parallels of 36° and 40° ,

$$\cos \theta_1 = \frac{\cdot 183}{17\cdot 476} \quad \cos \theta_2 = \frac{\cdot 192}{17\cdot 482} \quad \text{whence}$$

the co-ordinates of D, e_1 , e_2 , F are found to be

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 7\cdot 098 \} & 6\cdot 915 \} & 6\cdot 915 \} & 6\cdot 723 \} \\ \cdot 074 \} & 8\cdot 810 \} & 8\cdot 814 \} & 17\cdot 553 \} \end{array}$$

From which it follows that

$$DF = 17\cdot 483 \text{ and that the co-ordinates of E are } \begin{array}{l} 6\cdot 911 \\ 8\cdot 811 \end{array}$$

so that e_1 , e_2 and E differ from each other by about the four one-thousandth parts of an inch and DF and AC differ by the same amount. This for all practical purposes is coincidence.

The detail on the sheets on the scale of 1 inch = 4 miles is obtained directly from that on the scale of 1 inch = 1 mile by reduction. No appreciable error in detail is introduced by this, for if two sheets (the equivalent of four half sheets) in each of which the lower parallel is 39° are placed together, two in each of which the lower parallel is $39^\circ 30'$ and two in each of which the upper parallel is 40° , the extreme points of these parallels correspond to the points D, E, F, and

if θ is the angle which the n of the first half sheet makes with AC, the n of the second half sheet will make an angle $3\theta - 180$, that of the third half sheet an angle of $5\theta - 360$ and that of the fourth half sheet an angle of $7\theta - 540$ each with the same line so that the co-ordinates of the extreme point are

$$n \left\{ \sin \theta + \sin (3\theta - 180) + \sin (5\theta - 360) + \sin (7\theta - 540) \right\} = n \cdot \frac{\sin (4\theta - 270) \sin (4\theta - 360)}{\sin (\theta - 90)}$$

$$\text{and } n \left\{ \cos \theta + \cos (3\theta - 180) + \cos (5\theta - 360) + \cos (7\theta - 540) \right\} = n \cdot \frac{\cos (4\theta - 270) \sin (4\theta - 360)}{\sin (\theta - 90)}$$

and for the three parallels under discussion θ is given by

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\cdot 012}{17\cdot 244} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{\cdot 012}{17\cdot 246} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{\cdot 012}{17\cdot 246}$$

while the values of n are respectively 6·728, 6·680 and 6·632 whence it easily follows that:—

the co-ordinates of the three points under consideration when reduced to scale of 1 inch = 4 miles are respectively

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 6\cdot 728 \} & 6\cdot 680 \} & 6\cdot 632 \} \\ \cdot 019 \} & 8\cdot 641 \} & 17\cdot 264 \} \end{array}$$

while the co-ordinates of D, E, F are respectively

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 6\cdot 727 \} & 6\cdot 680 \} & 6\cdot 632 \} \\ \cdot 018 \} & 8\cdot 640 \} & 17\cdot 263 \} \end{array}$$

so that the points are practically identical.

Similarly if two sheets on the scale of 1 inch = 4 miles in each of which the lower parallel is 36° be placed together, two in each of which the lower parallel is 38° and two in each of which the

upper parallel is 40° , the co-ordinates of the three extreme points one on each parallel when reduced to the scale of 1 to 1000,000 are found to be

7.098 } .074 }	6.914 } 8.813 }	6.723 } 17.554 }
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while the co-ordinates of D, E, F on the scale of 1 to 1000,000 are

7.098 } .074 }	6.911 } 8.811 }	6.723 } 17.553 }
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so that the points are identical for all purposes of plotting.

TABLE XXXIX.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 2 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 28 Miles.*

TABLE XL.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 2 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 32 Miles.*

TABLE XLI.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 4 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 64 Miles.*

TABLE XLII.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 4 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 80 Miles.*

TABLE XLIII.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 4 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 96 Miles.*

TABLE XLIV.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 4 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 192 Miles.*

TABLE XLV.—*Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 4 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 256 Miles.*

These tables are for use in constructing the graticules of maps on the various scales indicated, when the projection used is a modified secant conical one having for its limits the parallels of 8° and 40° . The tables are carried down to 0° and in some cases up to 44° , but the projection is really constructed with the above limits.

The meridians are represented by straight lines and the parallels by arcs of circles described round a common centre. The position of this centre and the angle of projection (that is the angle subtended at the centre by an arc of parallel of 1°) are determined by the following considerations:—

1°. The lengths on the meridians shall be the same as the corresponding lengths on the earth's surface.

2°. The errors of lengths of the parallels of 8° and 40° shall be equal and each shall be equal to the error of length of the parallel at a certain latitude between these parallels where it is maximum. The sign of the latter will differ from those of the two former and there will be two parallels on which the errors will be zero. The projection is thus a *quasi secant conical* one though it cannot be illustrated geometrically.

From these considerations it follows that if O is the centre and θ the angle of projection, P and E the positions on the projection of the north pole and of a point on the equator respectively,

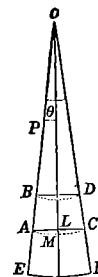
$$\theta = 0^\circ 24' 5''.9$$

$$OP = 4280.11 \text{ miles}$$

$$OE = 10494.33 \text{ ,,}$$

The error is zero on the parallels of $12^\circ 30'$ and $35^\circ 8'$ and on the parallels of 8° , $23^\circ 40' 51''$ and 40° the percentages of error are respectively 1.8, 1.9 and 2.3.

The parallels should be arcs of circles but the chords are plotted instead.



If $ABCD$ is a small square of, say, 2° and if OA is, say, $10^6,000$ miles then

$$OL = OA \cos \theta = 9999.75 \text{ miles,}$$

so that LM is $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile or on the scale of 1 inch = 32 miles less than the one-hundredth part of an inch.

As each of the squares forms part of one projection in which the meridians are straight lines it is immaterial from what line the projection is started and convenience of handling must be the guide. For example the Map of India on the scale of 1 inch = 32 miles extending in longitude from about 60° to about 104° east longitude and from about 4° to about 40° north latitude is in twelve sheets. Each sheet is a rectangle 20.5 inches in longitude and 24.511 inches in latitude, and the sheets are arranged by fours in longitude. The central meridian, *viz.*, that of 82° east longitude is drawn down through the three western central sheets parallel to the eastern edges of the rectangles and a little way to the west of them. Another line to represent the same meridian is drawn parallel to the western edges of the eastern sheets at the same distance outside the edges. Along these two lines the lengths of each two degrees of latitude are laid off starting from a point representing 6° a little north of the lowest edge, care being taken that at the junctions of the various sheets the sum of the two parts shall be the correct value.

The right hand bottom corner of the bottom square and the right hand top corner of the top square in the eastern central sheets are plotted, and the corresponding left hand corners in the western central sheets. The points are joined forming two new meridians which are divided up as before and the parallels formed by joining the corresponding points of section: the process is continued on these two new meridians until the edges of the sheets are reached.

The practical test is that the lengths of all the meridians shall be the same and also that the n 's shall be those given in the table but there is a further test in the check diagonal of which one is given for each sheet. Thus in the bottom sheets the diagonal of the square eight degrees in latitude between 8° and 16° and eight degrees in longitude is 24.127 inches.

The only difficulty now is to get the next meridians drawn in their proper place on the adjoining sheets. This is easily effected by projecting corners of the last squares of the central sheets on the margins outside the eastern or western edges as the case may be and then carefully transferring these last squares to their proper positions on the contiguous sheets.

It is hardly necessary to describe the projection of the other scales in detail: the general principle to be observed is that the top corner of the top square and the bottom corner of the bottom square of each sheet should be first plotted and then joined to form the new meridian.

TABLE XLVI.—*Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{8}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.*

This table gives the rectangular co-ordinates in chains of the corners of $\frac{1}{8}$ th degree squares referred to the centre of the degree as origin for latitudes ranging from 0° to 40° .

It is computed according to the principles laid down in Tables XXVI, XXVII, and XXVIII, and is for the use of Revenue Surveyors and others whose operations are based on rectangular co-ordinates referred to the centre of a square degree as origin, but which are intended for publication in maps based on spherical co-ordinates. The points of which the rectangular co-ordinates are given in the table are the corners of $7' 30''$ squares.

TABLE XLVII.—*Convergency between Meridians 1 Mile apart measured on Parallels of Latitude.*

The formula from which this table has been constructed, is

$$\text{Convergency} = 5280 \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \frac{\tan \lambda}{\nu}$$

where ν is the normal to the meridian in latitude λ .

It may be deduced as follows:—

Let P and Q be two points 1 mile apart on the parallel of latitude λ° whose difference of longitude is ΔL ; draw tangents at the points P and Q to the meridians through P and Q; these tangents will meet at a point T on the polar axis of the earth.

Then the convergency = the angle P T Q = $\Delta L \sin \lambda$

$$\text{or} \quad = P Q \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \frac{\tan \lambda}{\nu} = 5280 \operatorname{cosec} 1'' \frac{\tan \lambda}{\nu}$$

EXAMPLE.—To find the convergency of two points 1 mile apart in latitude $17^\circ 40'$.

$$\log 5280 = 3.72263$$

$$\log \operatorname{cosec} 1'' = 5.31443$$

$$\log \tan \lambda = 1.50311$$

$$\log \frac{1}{\nu} = 8.67924 \text{ from Table I}$$

$$\text{Nat. No.} = 16.57 \quad \log = 1.21941$$

therefore the convergency = $16''.6$ as given in the table.

The table is constructed for every $5'$ of latitude from 0° to 40° , and enables Revenue Surveyors and others who employ rectangular co-ordinates, to refer observed azimuths or azimuths obtained through triangulation to their meridian of origin.

RULE.—Enter the table with the latitude of the point at which the convergency is wanted, and multiply the quantity so obtained by the number of miles in the perpendicular co-ordinate of the point: the result will be the convergency required, and will be additive to the observed azimuth if *west* of the origin, subtractive if *east*.

EXAMPLE.—In latitude $30^\circ 25'$ let the length of the co-ordinate perpendicular to the meridian of origin be 15.67 miles,

then the convergency = $15.67 \times 30''.5 = 477''.9 = 7' 57''.9$.

TABLE XLVIII.—*Lengths of Circular Arcs.*

This table gives, to 7 places of decimals in terms of radius unity, the lengths of arcs of a circle subtending angles at the centre ranging from $0''\cdot01$ to 180° . The tabular numbers are also of course the circular measures of the corresponding angles.

RULE I.—To find the length of the arc which subtends a given angle at the centre of a circle of given radius. Find the tabular number corresponding to the given angle and multiply it by the radius.

EXAMPLE.—

To find the length of an arc of $57^\circ 17' 44''\cdot8$ with a radius of 100 feet.

Tabular No. for 57°	is	0·9948377
" " 17'	"	49451
" " 44"	"	2135
" " ".8	"	39
		1·0000000

therefore the length of the arc = 100 feet.

RULE II.—To find the degrees, &c., subtended by a given arc at the centre of a circle of given radius. Divide the arc by the radius; from the result subtract the next lower tabular number; from the difference the next lower and so on, till no subtrahend remains; and opposite the several numbers subtracted will be the degrees, minutes, &c.

EXAMPLE.—To find the angle subtended by an arc of 13·6578 feet in a circle whose radius is 100 feet.

	Arc \div radius =	·1365780
The table gives for . . .	7°	·1221730
	Difference . . .	·0144050
" " " "	$49'$	·0142535
	" "	·0001515
" " " "	$31''$	1503
	" "	·0000012
" " " "	$\cdot25$	12
therefore the required angle = $7^\circ 49' 31''\cdot25$.		0

TABLE XLIX.—*Gauss's Sum and Difference Logarithms.*

This table contains Gauss's Logarithms adapted from *Shortrede's Logarithmic Tables*, and *Galbraith and Haughton's Manual of Mathematical Tables*, and by means of it the logarithms of the sum and difference of two numbers may be immediately derived from the logarithms of the numbers themselves. The table consists of three parts headed respectively A, B and C, the construction of which is as follows:—

$$A = \log m$$

$$B = \log \left(1 + \frac{1}{m} \right)$$

$$C = \log (1 + m)$$

hence it follows that

$$C = A + B.$$

First, let it be required to find the logarithm of $(a + b)$ when $\log a$ and $\log b$ are given, a being $> b$. Put $m = \frac{a}{b}$; then

$$\log m = \log a - \log b = A \text{ in table,}$$

$$\log(a + b) = \log a \left(1 + \frac{b}{a}\right) = \log a + \log \left(1 + \frac{1}{m}\right) = \log a + B \text{ in table,}$$

or

$$\log(a + b) = \log b \left(1 + \frac{a}{b}\right) = \log b + \log(1 + m) = \log b + C \text{ in table.}$$

RULE.—Subtract the lesser logarithm from the greater; with the difference enter part A, find the corresponding number in part B, and add it to the greater logarithm; or enter part A, find the corresponding number in part C, and add it to the lesser logarithm. Either process will give the logarithm of $(a + b)$.

EXAMPLE.—Find the logarithm of the sum of the numbers whose logarithms are 0.36173 and 0.23045.

$$\log a = 0.36173$$

$$\log b = 0.23045$$

$$\log a - \log b = 0.13128 = A,$$

$$\text{corresponding value in B} = 0.24033$$

$$\log a = 0.36173$$

$$\log(a + b) = 0.60206$$

or

$$\text{corresponding value in C} = 0.37161$$

$$\log b = 0.23045$$

$$\log(a + b) = 0.60206$$

Next, let it be required to find $\log(a - b)$ with the same data. There will be two cases, one in which $\frac{a}{b}$ will be > 2 or $(\log a - \log b) > 0.30103$, the other in which $\frac{a}{b}$ will be < 2 or $(\log a - \log b) < 0.30103$, a being $> b$ in both cases.

• In the first case let $\frac{a}{b} = 1 + m$, then $a - b = \frac{a}{1 + \frac{1}{m}}$

$$\log a - \log b = \log(1 + m) = C \text{ in table,}$$

$$\log(a - b) = \log a - \log \left(1 + \frac{1}{m}\right) = \log a - B \text{ in table.}$$

RULE.—When $(\log a - \log b)$ is > 0.30103 , with the difference enter part C, find the corresponding number in part B, and subtract it from the greater logarithm.

In the second case let $\frac{a}{b} = 1 + \frac{1}{m}$, then $a - b = \frac{a}{1 + \frac{1}{m}}$

$$\log a - \log b = \log \left(1 + \frac{1}{m} \right) = B \text{ in table}$$

$$\log (a - b) = \log a - \log \left(1 + \frac{1}{m} \right) = \log a - B \text{ in table.}$$

RULE.—When $(\log a - \log b)$ is < 0.30103 , with the difference enter part B, find the corresponding number in part C, and subtract it from the greater logarithm.

EXAMPLE 1.—Find the logarithm of the difference of the numbers whose logarithms are 3.44134 and 1.21352.

$$\log a = 3.44134$$

$$\log b = 1.21352$$

$$\log a - \log b = 2.22782$$

Next lower number in C = 2.22261 corresponding value in B = 0.00261

Remainder =	521	}	"subtract	$\frac{521 \times 6}{994}$	=	3
Tabular difference in C =	994						
„ „ in B =	6						

$$B = 0.00258$$

$$\log a = 3.44134$$

$$\log (a - b) = \log a - B = \underline{\underline{3.43876}}$$

EXAMPLE 2.—Find the logarithm of the difference of the numbers whose logarithms are 0.25042 and 0.08395.

$$\log a = 0.25042$$

$$\log b = 0.08395$$

$$\log a - \log b = 0.16647$$

Next lower number in B = 0.16633 corresponding value in C = 0.49733

Remainder =	14	}	subtract	$\frac{14 \times 68}{32}$	=	30
Tabular difference in B =	32						
„ „ in C =	68						

$$C = 0.49703$$

$$\log a = 0.25042$$

$$\log (a - b) = \log a - C = \underline{\underline{1.75339}}$$

Gauss's Tables give logarithmically the correlations of the following functions:—

A	B	C
x	$1 + \frac{1}{x}$	$1 + x$
$y - 1$	$\frac{y}{y - 1}$	y
$\frac{z}{1 - z}$	$\frac{1}{z}$	$\frac{1}{1 - z}$
$\tan^2\theta$	$\operatorname{cosec}^2\theta$	$\sec^2\theta$
$\frac{1}{A}$	C	B

Thus if the logarithm of $\tan^2\theta$ is given, and part A of the table is entered with it as an argument, the corresponding number in part B will be the logarithm of $\operatorname{cosec}^2\theta$, and in part C the logarithm of $\sec^2\theta$.

EXAMPLE.—Given $\log \tan^2\theta = 0.47712$, part A; then from part B $\log \operatorname{cosec}^2\theta = 0.12494$, and from part C $\log \sec^2\theta = 0.60206$.

When the index of the given logarithm is negative enter part A with the corresponding negative logarithm, then the logarithm of the function B will be found in part C, and the logarithm of the function C will be found in part B. Conversely when the logarithm of B or C is only to be found in part C or B the corresponding logarithm of the function A will be negative.

EXAMPLE.—Given $\log \tan^2\theta = 2.04324 = -1.95676$, part A; then from part C $\log \operatorname{cosec}^2\theta = 1.96153$, and from part B, $\log \sec^2\theta = 0.00477$.

Again $\log a$ being given let it be required to find $\log(1 + a)$.

RULE 1.—When a is greater than 1, *i.e.*, when $\log a$ positive, enter part A with the given logarithm, and the corresponding number in C will be $\log(1 + a)$.

RULE 2.—When a is less than 1, *i.e.*, when $\log a$ negative, enter part A with the negative logarithm, and the corresponding number in B will be $\log(1 + a)$.

EXAMPLES.

1. Given $\log a = 2.62562$
 Next lower number in A = 2.62000 corresponding value in C = 2.62104
 Difference = 562 }
 Tabular difference in C = 998 } add $\frac{562 \times 998}{1000} = 561$
 $\log(1 + a) = C = 2.62665$

2. Given $\log a = 2.62562$
 Then the negative log of $a = 1.37438$
 Next lower number in A = 1.37400 corresponding value in B = 0.01798
 Difference = 38 }
 Tabular difference in B = 4 } subtract $\frac{38 \times 4}{100} = 2$
 $\log(1 + a) = B = 0.01796$

Lastly, $\log a$ being given let it be required to find $\log(a - 1)$ or $\log(1 - a)$.

RULE 1.—If $\log a$ is > 0.30103 , i.e., $a > 2$, enter part C with it, the corresponding number in A will be $\log(a - 1)$.

RULE 2.—If $\log a$ is < 0.30103 but > 0 , i.e., $a < 2$ but > 1 , enter part B with it, the corresponding number in A will be the negative log of $(a - 1)$.

RULE 3.—If $\log a$ be negative, i.e., $a < 1$, with the negative log of a enter part B or C and take the corresponding number in C or B; this will be the negative log of $(1 - a)$.

EXAMPLES.

1. Given $\log a = 2.62562$
 Next lower number in C = 2.62101 corresponding value in A = 2.62000
 Difference = 458 }
 Tabular difference in C = 998 } add $\frac{458 \times 1000}{998} = 459$
 $\log(a - 1) = A = 2.62459$

2. Given $\log a = 0.03981$
 Next higher number in B = 0.03987 corresponding value in A = 1.01700
 Difference = 6 }
 Tabular difference in B = 8 } add $\frac{6 \times 100}{8} = 75$
 therefore negative log of $(a - 1) = 1.01775$
 therefore $\log(a - 1) = A = 2.98225$

3. Given $\log a = 1.62562$
 Then the negative log of $a = 0.37438$
 Next lower number in C = 0.37433 corresponding value in B = 0.23833
 Difference = 5 }
 Tabular difference in B = 42 } subtract $\frac{5 \times 42}{58} = 4$
 „ „ in C = 58 }
 therefore negative log of $(1 - a) = B = 0.23829$
 therefore $\log(1 - a) = 1.76171$

TABLE L.—*Common Logarithms to 4 places of Decimals.*

This table gives the logarithms to 4 places of decimals of all numbers from 100 to 999.

TABLE LI.—*Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.*

This table gives the logarithms to 5 places of decimals of all numbers from 1000 to 9999, and is intended especially to aid the calculations of the Revenue Branch of this Survey.

TABLE LII.—*Logarithmic Sines and Cosines to 5 places of Decimals.*

This table gives the logarithmic sines and cosines of angles differing by 1' between 0° and 90°, and is intended especially to aid in the traverse calculations of the Revenue Branch of this Survey.

TABLE LIII.—*Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance 1° 10', and Mean Refraction.*

The table is constructed for a North Polar Distance of Polaris 1° 10', but as corrections for every 10" of N. P. D. are given, it can be used for the correct North Polar Distance as given by the Nautical Almanac. The time being known, all that is necessary is to intersect the star and read the horizontal circle, then the azimuth can be obtained by inspection from the table. The table is constructed to suit latitudes differing by 2° between 0° and 40° and for hour angles from 0^h to 12^h. The table further gives the hour angle at elongation with its correction for an increment of 10" in N. P. D.

The formulæ by which the altitude and azimuth and the changes in them due to change in N.P.D. (Δ) have been computed are as follows:—

Let t = hour angle at any time except elongation,

λ = latitude,

δ = the declination,

ζ = the zenith distance,

q = the parallactic angle,

A = the azimuth,

then $\sin \frac{1}{2} \zeta = n \sec N$ and $\sin A = \operatorname{cosec} \zeta \sin \Delta \sin t$;

where $\tan N = \frac{m}{n} \sin \frac{1}{2} t$; $m = \sqrt{\cos \lambda \cos \delta}$; and $n = \sin \frac{1}{2} (\delta - \lambda)$.

d (alt.) = $-\cos q d \Delta$ and $d A = \frac{\sin q}{\sin \zeta} d \Delta$;

where $\sin q = \frac{\cos \lambda \sin A}{\sin \Delta}$.

From the above the true zenith distance ζ has been computed and the mean refraction, from Table I of Chauvenet's Astronomy, Vol. II, has been applied to obtain the apparent altitude.

The formulæ at elongation, P being the hour angle, are:—

\sin (alt.) = $\sin \lambda \sec \Delta$; $\sin A = \sin \Delta \sec \lambda$; and $\cos P = \tan \lambda \tan \Delta$;

the apparent altitude being found as before.

The changes in the preceding elements for a change in Δ are:—

$$d P = - \tan \lambda \operatorname{cosec} P \sec^2 \Delta d \Delta;$$

$$d (\text{alt.}) = - d P \sin \Delta;$$

$$d A = d \Delta \sec (\text{alt.}).$$

The table may be used for two purposes. *First*, Given the altitude and hour angle, the latitude may be obtained by a series of interpolations. The results differ only by a few seconds from those arrived at by the method given in the Nautical Almanac, but the computation is rather laborious and cannot be recommended. *Second*, Given the latitude and hour angle, to find the azimuth.

EXAMPLE:—

On Nov. 9th 1905, in latitude $27^{\circ} 47' 26''$ an observation was taken to Polaris at $21^{\text{h}} 4^{\text{m}} 54^{\text{s}}$; determine the azimuth.

On Nov. 9th 1905, the Right Ascension of Polaris = $\begin{matrix} h & m & s \\ 25 & 26 & 17 \end{matrix}$

Sidereal time of observation = $\begin{matrix} 21 & 4 & 54 \end{matrix}$

Hour angle = $\begin{matrix} 4 & 21 & 23 \end{matrix}$

The North Polar Distance of Polaris = $1^{\circ} 11' 41''$: correcting the tabular quantities for $1' 41''$ of N. P. D., we get:—

	°	'	''	at	$\begin{matrix} h & m & s \\ 4 & 20 & 0 \end{matrix}$	Azimuth =	°	'	''
In latitude	26	0	0			=	1	12	36
"		"	"	"	4 40 0	"	=	1 15 12	}
"	28	0	0	"	4 20 0	"	=	1 13 56	}
"		"	"	"	4 40 0	"	=	1 16 34	}
therefore	"	26	0	"	4 21 23	"	=	1 12 47	}
and	"	28	0	"	"	"	=	1 14 7	}
whence	"	27	47	26	"	"	=	1 13 59	

so that the required azimuth of Polaris = $1^{\circ} 13' 59''$.

This is the azimuth of Polaris measured from north either to the east or to the west. If the sidereal time of observation be between the R.A. and $12^{\text{h}} + \text{R.A.}$ then Polaris is west of the meridian, otherwise it is east. The azimuth from south round by west will therefore be 180° minus the azimuth found from the table in the 1st case and 180° plus the azimuth found from the table in the 2nd case. In the case given above the sidereal time of observation is *not* between R.A. and $12^{\text{h}} + \text{R.A.}$; therefore the azimuth is east of the meridian and the azimuth from south by west is $181^{\circ} 13' 59''$.

It is evident that the arithmetic in this computation would have been much simplified if Polaris had been observed at one of the hour angles mentioned in the table; but as this may not be convenient at all times, an example of the most general type has been chosen.

TABLE LIV.—*Elements of Circumpolar Stars for 1st January 1910.*

The table contains a list of 80 circumpolar stars down to the 8th magnitude situated within 9° of the pole and arranged in order of their right ascensions. The mean right ascensions and declinations are given to 2 places of decimals of a second, except those of the Nautical Almanac stars: the apparent places of the latter can be taken out at once from the almanac. The mean right ascensions and declinations, the annual precessions in right ascension and declination, the secular variations of precession and the third differences, have been computed by the rigorous formulæ given in the *Catalogue of Fundamental Stars* by Newcomb. In most cases Newcomb's *Catalogue of Fundamental Stars* and the *Greenwich Second Ten-Year Catalogue 1890* were used, but a few stars which are not given there were obtained from the *Greenwich Ten-Year Catalogue 1880* or *Greenwich Nine-Year Catalogue 1872*. The proper motion was taken from the corresponding catalogue when given there, and when not, it is left blank. The unit in the columns headed $\frac{d^3a}{dt^3}$ and $\frac{d^3\delta}{dt^3}$ is the sixth place of decimals or the quantities are in millionths of a second.

The formulæ for finding the mean place of a star on the 1st January of the year (1910 + y) are:—

$$a' = a + \frac{da}{dt} \cdot y + \frac{d^2a}{dt^2} \cdot \frac{y^2}{200} + \frac{d^3a}{dt^3} \cdot \frac{y^3}{6} + \mu y$$

$$\delta' = \delta + \frac{d\delta}{dt} \cdot y + \frac{d^2\delta}{dt^2} \cdot \frac{y^2}{200} + \frac{d^3\delta}{dt^3} \cdot \frac{y^3}{6} + \mu' y$$

where a and δ are the mean right ascension and declination on 1st January 1910,

and $\frac{da}{dt}$ and $\frac{d\delta}{dt}$ are the annual precessions in right ascension and declination,

„ $\frac{d^2a}{dt^2}$ and $\frac{d^2\delta}{dt^2}$ „ secular variations „ „ „

„ μ and μ' „ proper motions „ „ „

The formulæ for computing the apparent places and the values of constants therein will be found in the Nautical Almanac, but the computations are much facilitated by using Turner's *Tables for facilitating the computation of Star Constants*.

TABLE LV.—Values of $\frac{2 \sin^2 \frac{1}{2} t}{\sin 1''}$ for the Reduction of Circum-meridian Observations for Latitude.

This table is intended to be employed in the computation of latitude from circum-meridian observations of the sun or a star. The formula for finding the latitude is as follows:—

If ζ = true meridian zenith distance,

ζ_0 = an observed ex-meridian zenith distance, corrected for refraction, and in the case of the sun or a planet also for semi-diameter and parallax,

Δ = north polar distance of sun or star,

γ_0 = an approximate value of co-latitude,

= $\Delta \pm \zeta_0$ when the object is above the pole,

or = $\zeta_0 - \Delta$ „ „ „ below „

the positive sign being used when the star is north of the zenith and the negative one when the star is south of the zenith.

t = the difference between the chronometer time of transit and that of observation,

then ζ = $\zeta_0 - Am$ when the object is above the pole

or = $\zeta_0 + Am$ „ „ „ below „

where A = cosec ζ_0 sin Δ sin γ_0 and $m = 2 \frac{\sin^2 \frac{1}{2} t}{\sin 1''}$,

and the co-latitude = $\Delta \pm \zeta$ when the object is above the pole,

or = $\zeta - \Delta$ „ „ „ below „

the positive sign being used when the star is north of the zenith and the negative one when the star is south of the zenith.

In the above formula t should be less than 20 minutes and ζ greater than 10° , and consequently the table is only constructed to give m for all values of t from 0° to 20^m . The logarithms of the several quantities m , should they be required, will be found in Part III of Table XXV.

In practice a number of observations (say ten) should be taken, and it is better that some should be on one side and some on the other side of the meridian, but it is not necessary to reduce each of these separately: the above formula is sufficiently accurate if ζ_0 be taken to represent the mean of the zenith distances corrected as above described and m the mean of the quantities $2 \frac{\sin^2 \frac{1}{2} t}{\sin 1''}$ corresponding to the respective hour angles of observation. In case of the sun Δ is the north polar distance corresponding to the mean of the times of observation.

EXAMPLE.—Circum-meridian Observations for Latitude to α Gruis (South) at Mahadeo Pokra h.s., November 8, 1903.
 Angles observed with 6-inch Theodolite No. 1100 by Troughton & Simms; Vertical Circle $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} F. L. \text{ reads Altitude} \\ F. R. \text{ ,, Zenith distance} \end{array} \right.$

Object N. or S. β Barometer τ Thermometer	Face	Circle Readings			Mean Zenith Distance	Level Readings 1 Division = 6".0		Chronometer Times of Observation				<i>t</i>	<i>m</i>	REMARKS						
		A	B	Mean		Object End —	Eye End +	1st Wire	2nd	3rd	Mean									
		o' "	' "	o' "		o' "	d	d	<i>h m s</i>	<i>m s</i>	<i>m s</i>				<i>h m s</i>	<i>m s</i>				
α Gruis S. in. $\beta = 22.9$ $\tau = 44.0$	L	194 53 59	55 31	194 54 45	75 4 28	25.0	21.0	21 55 12				6 15	77							
	R	345 3 2	4 20	345 3 41	75 4 28	23.0	23.0	56 32				4 55	47							
	R	345 2 58	4 24	345 3 41	75 4 4	25.0	21.0	57 58				3 29	24							
	L	194 54 32	56 34	194 55 33		25.0	21.0	59 26				2 1	8							
	L	194 54 44	56 40	194 55 42		22.0	24.0	22 0 48				0 39	1							
	R	345 2 29	4 13	345 3 15	75 3 46.5	22.0	24.0	2 20				0 53	2							
	R	345 2 31	4 13	345 3 22	75 3 57	22.0	24.0	3 28				2 1	8							
	L	194 54 35	56 21	194 55 28		22.0	24.0	4 56				3 29	24							
	L	194 54 13	56 1	194 55 7		23.0	23.0	6 44				5 17	55							
	R	345 3 9	4 43	345 3 56	75 4 24.5	20.0	26.0	8 16				6 49	91							
Mean											75 4	8.0								
Level corrn.												+ 0.6								
Mean obsd. Z.D. (corrected for level)											75 4	8.6								
Sum																	337			
Mean																	33.7			

Computation of Latitude by Circum-meridian Zenith Distances.

Station	...	Mahadeo Pokra
Date (Astronomical)	...	Nov. 8, 1903
Longitude	...	85 31 20
Object, N. or S.	...	α Gruis (South)
R. A. of object	...	^h 22 ^m 2 ^s 10
Chr. error	...	— 43
Chr. time of transit	...	22 1 27
Mean obsd. Z. D.	...	^o 75 ['] 4 ["] 9
Refn.—parallax	...	+ 0 2 47
Approx. Z. D. = ζ_0	...	75 6 56
N.P.D. = Δ	...	137 25 42
$\Delta^* \pm \zeta_0 = \gamma_0$	...	62 18 46
Log cosec ζ_0	...	0.0148225
„ sin Δ	...	1.8302754
„ sin γ_0	...	1.9471872
„ <i>m</i>	...	1.5276299
Sum = log <i>A.m.</i>	...	1.3199150
<i>A.m.</i>	...	0 0 21
ζ_0	...	75 6 56
$\zeta_0 \mp \Delta^* = \zeta$	...	75 6 35
Δ	...	137 25 42
Co-lat. = $\Delta^* \pm \zeta$	...	62 19 7
Latitude	...	27 40 53

* Δ is — if the object is below the Pole. \pm according as the object is $\frac{N}{S}$ of the Zenith. \mp according as the object is $\frac{\text{above}}{\text{below}}$ the Pole. In the upper table *t* is the difference between the chronometer time of transit and that of observation and in the lower *m* is the mean of the quantities *m* of the upper table corresponding to the quantities *t*, taken from Table LV.

TABLE LVI.—*Factors for Bessel's Probable Error Formulæ.*

The formulæ for finding the probable error of a single observation of a group, or of the mean of the group, are given in "Airy's *Theory of Errors of Observations*, 1875" article 60, as follows:—

$$p.e. \text{ of a single observation} = \frac{0.6745}{\sqrt{n-1}} \cdot \sqrt{\text{sum of squares of apparent errors.}}$$

$$p.e. \text{ of the mean} = \frac{0.6745}{\sqrt{n(n-1)}} \cdot \sqrt{\text{sum of squares of apparent errors.}}$$

The table gives the values of the two factors $\frac{0.6745}{\sqrt{n-1}}$ and $\frac{0.6745}{\sqrt{n(n-1)}}$ for values of n from 2 to 100 inclusive.

TABLE LVII.—*Quadrilateral Surfaces of 15' in Latitude and in Longitude on the Terrestrial Ellipsoid.*

This table gives the areas in square miles, to 3 places of decimals, of squares of 15' side between the latitudes 0° and 40°.

The table is computed from the formula:—

$$\text{Area} = \frac{\rho \nu \cos \lambda}{(5280)^2} \times (\text{circular measure of } 15')^2 = \left(\frac{15}{88}\right)^2 \rho \nu \cos \lambda \sin^2 1''.$$

For purposes of interpolation each area given in the table must be considered as corresponding to its middle latitude and the interpolation carried on, as in the foot-note to Table I, for the middle latitude of the space required.

If the area of a 5' space is required, the areas in the table must first be divided by 9 and then considered as the 5' spaces corresponding to the middle latitudes, and the interpolation carried on as before.

More generally, if the area of an n' space is required, multiply the 15' areas by $\frac{n^2}{225}$ and interpolate as before.

TABLE LVIII.—*Semi-diurnal and Semi-nocturnal Arcs, showing the time of the rising and setting of the Sun, Moon, or Equatorial Stars.*

The table, abridged from that in "*Hints to Travellers*," gives half the time that a celestial body continues above or below the horizon when the latitude and declination are of the same or of contrary names: it affords the means of computing the rising and setting of the sun, moon and equatorial stars, and the length of the day and night. No allowance is made for refraction which in extreme cases will cause an error of 3". For convenience a table of the dates corresponding to sun's declination is added.

To find the time of the sun's rising or setting. Enter the table with arguments latitude and declination. Then the tabular number is the apparent time of the sun's setting or rising according as the arguments are of the same or contrary names, and this subtracted from 12 hours will be the apparent time of rising in the former case or setting in the latter. Twice the time of rising or setting will give the length of the night or day.

EXAMPLE.—To find the apparent time of sunrise and sunset and the length of the day and night in lat. 32° N., declination 18° N.

For arguments, lat. 32° N., declination 18° N. tabular number = $\begin{matrix} h & m \\ 6 & 47 \end{matrix}$

Therefore the time of sunset = $\begin{matrix} h & m \\ 6 & 47 \end{matrix}$ Length of the day = 13 34

And „ „ sunrise = 5 13 „ „ night = 10 26

To find the time of a star's rising and setting. Find the right ascensions of the sun and star from the Nautical Almanac and subtract the former from the latter increased by 24 hours if necessary. The difference is the approximate time of the star's passing the meridian. Enter the table with arguments latitude and declination, the tabular number is half the time the star is above or below the horizon according as the latitude and declination are of the same or different names, and in the latter case it must be subtracted from 12 hours to get half the time of continuance above the horizon; subtract or add half the time above the horizon from star's meridian passage and the result will be the time of the star's rising or setting.

EXAMPLE.—At what apparent time does δ Ophiuchi rise and set on May 1st 1905 in lat. 30° N.?

Star's Right Ascension on 1st May 1905 . . . = $\begin{matrix} h & m \\ 16 & 9 \end{matrix}$

Sun's „ „ „ . . . = $\begin{matrix} 2 & 32 \\ \hline \end{matrix}$

Approximate time of star's meridian passage . . = 13 37

Arguments, lat. 30° N., declination 3° 27' S.

Tabular number = 6^h 8^m, subtract from 12 hours . = $\begin{matrix} h & m \\ 5 & 52 \end{matrix}$

Time of star's rising = 7 45 P.M.

„ „ setting = 19 29 „ or $\begin{matrix} h & m \\ 7 & 29 \end{matrix}$ A.M.

TABLE LIX.—*Corrections for reducing Apparent to Mean Solar Time.*

These corrections must be applied to the apparent time with the signs given in the table to reduce to mean time. If greater accuracy is required the Nautical Almanac must be used where the quantities will be found under the heading "Equation of Time," on page I of each month.

TABLE LX.—*Showing Links to be subtracted from each Chain, in an ascending or descending line, in order to reduce it to the Horizontal Measure.*

This table gives the number of links to be subtracted from each chain on different ascents or descents from 1° to 30° so as to reduce it to the horizontal.

The horizontal space passed over in ascending 1 chain on a slope of θ degrees is $100 \cos \theta$ links, so that the numbers given in the tables are the values corresponding to $100 \operatorname{versin} \theta$ for different values of θ from 1° to 30°.

Thus if the slope be 12°,

$$\text{Tabular expression} = 100 \operatorname{versin} 12^\circ = 100 \times .021852 = 2.19.$$

EXAMPLE.—To find the horizontal measure corresponding to a distance of 2 chains 56 links on an incline of $3^{\circ} 20'$.

$$\text{Tabular number corresponding to } 3^{\circ} 20' = 0.14 + \frac{20}{60} \times .10 = 0.173;$$

therefore the number of links to be subtracted = $2.56 \times .173 = .44$,

and the horizontal distance = 2 chains 55.56 links.

TABLE LXI.—For the conversion of Feet into Miles.

The table gives the equivalent in miles of any number of feet from 1 to 99,999, and by simply altering the decimal points it can be used for any larger number.

EXAMPLE.—To find the number of miles in 35,798 feet.

	The table gives	35,000 feet	=	6.6288	miles
	„	„	790	„	= 0.1496 „
	„	„	8	„	= 0.0015 „
			35,798	„	= 6.7799 „
Therefore					

TABLE LXII.—For the conversion of Miles into Feet.

The table gives the equivalent in feet of any number of miles from 0.01 to 99.99, and by altering the decimal places it can be used for any number of miles.

EXAMPLE.—To convert 6.7799 miles into feet.

	The table gives	6	miles	=	31680	feet,
	„	„	.7700	„	= 4065.6	„
	„	„	.0099	„	= 52.3	„
			6.7799	„	= 35798	„
Therefore						

TABLE LXIII.—For the conversion of Links into Feet.

The table gives the value in feet of any number of links from 1 to 99,999 and may be used for any other number by altering the decimal places.

EXAMPLE.—To find the number of feet in 77210.52 links.

	The table gives	77000	links	=	50820	feet,
	„	„	210	„	= 138.6	„
	„	„	.52	„	= 34	„
			77210.52	„	= 50958.94	„
Therefore						

TABLE LXIV.—*For the conversion of Feet into Links.*

The table gives the value in links of any number of feet from 1 to 99,999 and may be used for any other number by altering the decimal places.

EXAMPLE.—To find the number of links in 50958·94 feet.

	The table gives	50,000	feet =	75757·6	links,
	„	„	950	„ =	1439·4 „
	„	„	8	„ =	12·1 „
	„	„	·94	„ =	1·42 „
Therefore			<u>50958·94</u>	„ =	<u>77210·52</u> „

TABLE LXV.—*For the conversion of Versts and Kilometres into Miles and vice versâ.*

This table gives the values, to 4 places of decimals of miles, of distances from 1 to 10 versts and from 1 to 10 kilometres: and it gives values of distances from 1 to 10 miles in versts and kilometres: it also gives the accurate value in kilometres of 1 mile and the value in feet of 1 verst.

TABLE LXVI.—*For the conversion of French into English Measures.*TABLE LXVII.—*For the conversion of English into French Measures.*

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX.

No. 1.

Problems relating to Trigonometrical Interpolations:

1.—*To find the positions of two points by observations from them to two known points.*

1st Solution.

The following solution of the problem is due to Major R. A. Wahab, R.E., and will be found of especial use in trans-frontier reconnaissance where a Surveyor is working in a valley with fixed but inaccessible points on either flank.

Let A and B be the two known points and X and Y the points whose positions are to be determined.

Fig. 1.

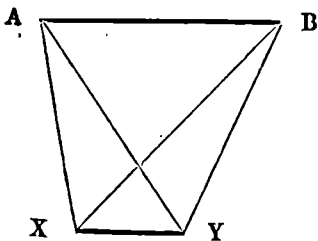
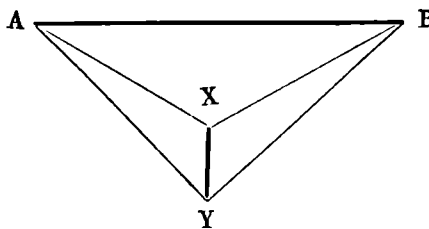


Fig. 2.



From the triangles B X Y and A X Y,

$$B X = X Y \sin B Y X \operatorname{cosec} X B Y ;$$

$$A X = X Y \sin A Y X \operatorname{cosec} X A Y ;$$

therefore

$$\frac{B X}{A X} = \frac{\sin B Y X \sin X A Y \operatorname{cosec} X B Y \operatorname{cosec} A Y X.}{\sin A Y X \sin X B Y \operatorname{cosec} X A Y}$$

Thus in the triangle ABX the ratio $\frac{BX}{AX}$ is determined, and the included angle AXB is given by observation and the side AB is known, so that the sides AX and BX may be determined as follows:—

Let
$$\tan x = \frac{BX}{AX} \sin AXB;$$

then if BN is drawn perpendicular to AX ,

AM parallel to BN , and BM parallel to AX ,

then
$$\frac{BX}{AX} \sin AXB = \frac{BN}{AX} = \frac{AM}{AX} = \tan AXM;$$

therefore the angle $AXM = x$.

Now
$$\begin{aligned} \sin AXB \sin x \operatorname{cosec}(AXB - x) &= \frac{BX}{BM} \sin AXB \\ &= \frac{BX \sin AXB}{AB \cos BAX}; \end{aligned}$$

but
$$\frac{BX}{AB} \sin AXB = \sin BAX;$$

therefore
$$\tan BAX = \sin AXB \sin x \operatorname{cosec}(AXB - x),$$

and
$$AX = AB \sin ABX \operatorname{cosec} AXB,$$

$$BX = AB \sin BAX \operatorname{cosec} AXB,$$

and XY is determined by the solution of the triangle AXY .

The following is a specimen of the form in which the computation may be carried out:—

BYX . . .	114	30	25	. . .	log sin	1.9589989
XAY . . .	24	2	25	. . .	,, sin	1.6099984
XBY . . .	19	20	17	. . .	,, cosec	0.4799868
AYX . . .	55	24	43	. . .	,, cosec	0.0844658
AXB . . .	54	23	34	. . .	,, sin	1.9101052
x . . .	47	52	6	Sum =	,, tan x	0.0435551
AXB . . .					,, sin	1.9101052
x . . .					,, sin	1.8701728
($x - AXB$)* or ($AXB - x$) . . .	6	31	28	. . .	,, cosec	0.9445181
($180' - BAX$)* or BAX . . .	79	19	39	Sum =	,, tan BAX	0.7247961
Sum of BAX and AXB . . .	133	43	13			
1. $180^\circ - \text{Sum} = ABX$. . .	46	16	47	. . .	,, sin	1.8589716
2. BAX . . .					,, sin	1.9924218
3. AXB . . .					,, cosec	0.0898948
4. AB . . .					,,	4.9061884
Sum of 1, 3 and 4 . . .					,, AX	4.8550548
,, 2, 3 and 4 . . .					,, BX	4.9885050

* This should be used when x is greater than AXB .

2nd Solution.

This is due to Colonel T. F. B. Renny-Tailyour, R.E.

Assuming 1 foot as the value of XY, the values of $\log B X$ and $\log A X$ are found in terms of it from the triangles X B Y and X A Y.

With these two values and the included angle A X B the value of $\log A B$ is computed on Form P. 25. The difference between this and the true value of $\log A B$ is then added to the above values of $\log B X$, $\log A X$ and $\log X Y$ to get their true values.

Thus

Log X Y	= 0.000000	Log X Y	= 0.000000
Log ^o sin B Y X	= 1.9589989	Log sin A Y X	= 1.9155342
Log cosec X B Y	= 0.4799868	Log cosec X A Y	= 0.3900016
Log B X	= 0.4389857	Log A X	= 0.3055358
Included Angle C		54° 23' 34"	
Log sin C		<u>1.9101052</u>	
„ (B C = a)		0.4389857	
Co-log (A C = b)		<u>1.6944642</u>	
Sum = log tan x		<u>0.0435551</u>	
x		47° 52' 6"	
(C - x) or (x - C)* = D		<u>6 31 28</u>	
Log sin C		<u>1.9101052</u>	
„ sin x		1.8701728	
„ cosec D		<u>0.9445181</u>	
Sum = log tan y		<u>0.7247961</u>	
y or (180° - y)* = A		<u>79° 19' 39"</u>	
180° - (A + C) = B		<u>46° 16' 47"</u>	
Log cosec A		0.0075782	
„ sin C		1.9101052	
„ a		0.4389857	
Sum = log (AB = c)		<u>0.3566691</u>	
Known value (see Major Wahab's example)		4.9061884	
Difference		<u>4.5495193</u>	
log B X = 4.9885050	log A X = 4.8550551	log X Y = 4.5495193	

* This should be used when x is greater than C.

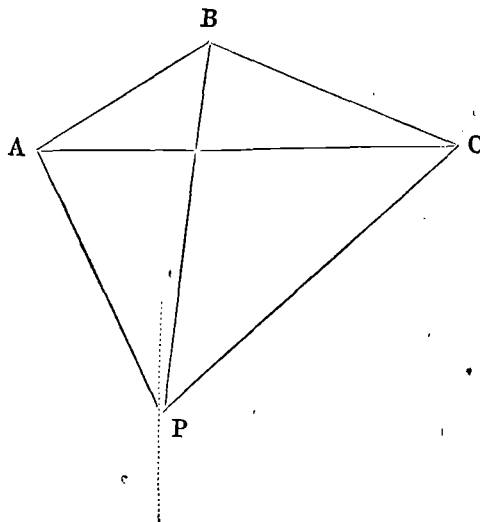
2.—To find the position of a point by observations from it to three known points.

Let $A B C$ be three known points, snow peaks for instance, and let P be the point whose position is required.

The azimuth of A at P and the angles $A P B$ and $B P C$ are observed, and the approximate lengths $P A$ and $P C$ taken off by a pair of compasses or otherwise.

With the azimuth of A and the length $P A$ the back azimuth of P at A is computed. This applied to the known azimuth of B at A will give an approximate value for the angle $B A P$ and similarly an approximate value of the angle $B C P$ is obtained.

The triangles $B A P$ and $B C P$ are computed and two values of the log side $B P$ obtained.



$$\text{Also} \quad \frac{B P}{A B} = \frac{\sin B A P}{\sin A P B}$$

so that $\log B P = \log \sin B A P + \text{a constant}$

therefore the change in $\log B P$ due to an error in $B A P$ is equal to the change in $\log \sin B A P$.

Similarly the change in $\log B P$ due to an error in $B C P$ is equal to the change in $\log \sin B C P$.

So that the total difference of the two values must be divided up in the ratio of change in $\log \sin B A P$: change in $\log \sin B C P$.

$$\text{Now} \quad \frac{P A}{P B} = \frac{\sin A B P}{\sin P A B} = \text{a constant practically since the small change in } P A B$$

will not much affect the sines of these angles. So that

$$\log P A = \log P B + \text{a constant nearly}$$

and the change in $\log P A = \text{change in } \log P B \text{ very approximately.}$

Therefore when the total difference of the two values of log P B has been divided up in the above ratio the part belonging to triangle B A P must be applied to log P A to get a new value and that belonging to triangle B C P must be applied to log P C to get its new value.

With these new values and the original azimuth at P the values of P B are computed and these should now agree. If they do not, the process must be continued till they do.

The differences of latitude and longitude can then be computed as usual.

EXAMPLE.

Taken from Captain Wood's *Report on the Identification and Nomenclature of the Himalayan Peaks as seen from Katmandu, Nepal, 1904.*

From the known triangle Peak XXVIII(A)-Peak XXV (B)-Peak XXII (C) :—

Log side A B in feet = 5·4612370

„ B C „ = 5·0882648

At A azimuth of B = 282° 44' 7"

„ C „ „ = 112 23 23

And from observations :—

At Kaulia h.s. (P) azimuth of A = 139° 35' 38"

„ „ angle between B and A = 69 47 54

„ „ „ B and C = 31 24 4

The approximate length of P A = 54·72 miles = 5·4607800 Log feet

„ „ P C = 45·28 „ = 5·3785403 „

and the approximate latitude of P = 27° 49' 9".

With these approximate lengths and latitude and the observed azimuth, back azimuths were computed on Form P. 17, the values deduced being :—

At A azimuth of P = 319° 19' 9"

„ C „ „ = 61 5 50

The differences between these and the azimuths at A of B and at C of B are the angles at A between B and P and at C between B and P, namely, 36° 35' 2" and 51° 17' 33" respectively.

The three angles of each of the triangles B A P and B C P being thus known, by solving the triangles, two values of the log side B P are obtained, *viz*:—

5·2640562 from triangle B A P

and 5·2636939 „ „ B C P

The difference 3623 must be divided up in the ratio of the change in log sin B A P : the change in log sin B C P, *i.e.*, in the ratio of + 28 : + 17

so that Log P A = 5·4708110 - 2254 = 5·4705856

and Log P C = 5·3678646 + 1369 = 5·3680015

With these values of the sides and the observed azimuth the process was repeated and the two values of the common side now became

5·2639938 from triangle B A P

5·2637378 „ „ B C P

After dividing up the difference 2560 as before it was found that

Log P A = 5·4706653

and Log P C = 5·3679683.

The process was again repeated with the above values, and as both the triangles gave the same value of the common side, *i.e.*, 5·2638345 no further approximation was necessary.

The co-ordinates of Kaulia h.s. were now computed from Peak XXV with this value of the common side, the results being:—

Latitude 27° 48' 58"·7, Longitude 85° 16' 48"·3.

The values given in Captain Wood's revised computation are:—

Latitude 27° 48' 58"·9, Longitude 85° 16' 47"·9.

A sufficiently close agreement for the purpose.

3.—*Computation of the Azimuth of B from A and their Distance apart when the Latitudes of A and B and the Azimuth of A from B are known.*

The solution of the problem is obtained from pages 26 and 27 as follows:—

$$\text{If } \log \frac{\rho}{\nu} \Delta\lambda \tan \left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2} \right) = \log n.$$

1st Approximation, $\log \Delta A = \log n + \log \tan (A + \Delta A).$

$$\Delta A = x_1 \quad A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} = A + \Delta A - \frac{x_1}{2} = y_1.$$

2nd Approximation, $\log \Delta A = \log n + \log \tan y_1$

$$\Delta A = x_2 \quad A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} = A + \Delta A - \frac{x_2}{2} = y_2.$$

3rd Approximation, $\log \Delta A = \log n + \log \tan y_2$

$$\Delta A = x_3 \quad A + \frac{\Delta A}{2} = A + \Delta A - \frac{x_3}{2} = y_3.$$

$$A = A + \Delta A - x_3$$

$$c = -\rho \Delta\lambda \sin 1'' \sec y_3.$$

In Secondary Triangulation where great accuracy is not required, the 3rd approximation is superfluous.

The following is a specimen of the form in which the computation may be carried out:—

λ_A	32 3 34.03	24 8 3.728	26 49 50.81
λ_B	32 14 13.31	24 25 58.132	27 45 15.52
$\lambda_B - \lambda_A = \Delta\lambda$	+ 0 10 39.28	+ 0 17 54.404	+ 0 55 24.71
$\frac{\lambda_A + \lambda_B}{2} = \lambda_m$	32 8 53.67	24 17 0.93	27 17 33.17
Azimuth of A from B = B	7 2 49	358 15 39	58 1 51
Log Q	1.9979206	1.9975898	1.9976953
„ $\Delta\lambda$	2.8056911	3.0311676	3.5217538
„ $\tan \lambda_m$	1.7982864	1.6543427	1.7126276
Sum = $\log n$	2.6018981	2.6831001	3.2320767
Log tan B	1.0920759	2.4823520	0.2047310
Sum = $\log x_1$	1.6939740	1.1654521	3.4368077
x_1^*	+ 0 0 49.4	- 0 0 14.6	+ 0 45 34
$\frac{1}{2}x_1$	+ 7 24.7	- 7.3	+ 22 47
$B - \frac{1}{2}x_1 = y_1$	7 2 24.3	358 15 46.3	57 39 4
Log tan „	1.0916485	2.4818450	0.1983434
„ „	2.6018981	2.6831001	3.2320767
Sum = $\log x_2$	1.6935466	1.1649451	3.4304201
x_2^\dagger	+ 0 0 49.4	- 0 0 14.6	+ 0 44 54
$\frac{1}{2}x_2$	+ 7 24.7	- 7.3	+ 22 27
$B - \frac{1}{2}x_2 = y_2$	7 2 24.3	358 15 46.3	57 39 24
$A = 180^\circ + (B - x_2)$	187 2 0	178 15 54	237 16 57
Co-log P	2.0045245	2.0040284	2.0041865
Log $\Delta\lambda$	2.8056911	3.0311676	3.5217538
„ $\sec y_2$	0.0032867	0.0061997	0.2716531
Sum = $\log c$	4.8135023	5.0353957	5.7975934

* x_1 is $\frac{+}{-}$ according as B is in 1st or 3rd quadrant when $\Delta\lambda$ is positive but the signs will be reversed when $\Delta\lambda$ is negative.

† x_2 is $\frac{+}{-}$ „ „ y_1 is in 1st or 3rd „ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ „

APPENDIX.

No. 2.

Methods of determining Time, Latitude and Azimuth from Astronomical Observations.

The following methods for determining *Time*, *Latitude* and *Azimuth* by astronomical observations are those in most general use among explorers and surveyors engaged in trans-frontier work, and are here given to obviate the necessity of consulting larger works. The methods for determining *Longitude* are purposely omitted, as the results will in general not be found more accurate than those derived from dead reckoning.

I.—To find the Time.

1st Method. *By a single altitude of a star or of the sun when the latitude is known.*

The altitude should be observed with a sextant, or with a theodolite on both faces, and the time noted by a clock or watch. For greater precision observe several altitudes in quick succession, noting the time of each, and take the mean of the altitudes as corresponding to the mean of the times. Correct the observed altitude for instrumental errors, refraction and also, in case of the sun or a planet, for semi-diameter and parallax.

Then if

ζ = the corrected zenith distance,

γ = the co-latitude,

Δ = the north polar distance,

t = the hour angle,

T = clock time corresponding to ζ ;

$$\sin \frac{1}{2} t = \sqrt{\frac{\sin \frac{1}{2} (\zeta + \Delta - \gamma) \sin \frac{1}{2} (\zeta + \gamma - \Delta)}{\sin \gamma \sin \Delta}},$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\sin (s - \gamma) \sin (s - \Delta)}{\sin \gamma \sin \Delta}},$$

or

$$\tan \frac{1}{2} t = \sqrt{\frac{\sin \frac{1}{2} (\zeta + \Delta - \gamma) \sin \frac{1}{2} (\zeta + \gamma - \Delta)}{\sin \frac{1}{2} (\Delta + \gamma - \zeta) \sin \frac{1}{2} (\zeta + \Delta + \gamma)}},$$

$$= \sqrt{\sin (s - \gamma) \sin (s - \Delta) \operatorname{cosec} (s - \zeta) \operatorname{cosec} s}$$

where $\frac{\zeta + \Delta + \gamma}{2} = s$.

If a = the right ascension of the star or planet for the approximate time of observation, then the sidereal time of observation = $a \pm \frac{t}{15}$, the upper or lower sign being used according as the star is west or east of the meridian; and the error of the clock on sidereal time = $T - \left(a \pm \frac{t}{15} \right)$. If the clock employed gives mean time, the sidereal time at mean noon must be subtracted from the sidereal time of observation and the result converted to mean time; the difference from the clock time is the clock error.

If the sun be observed, then the *apparent time* = $\frac{t}{15}$ if on the west side, or $(12 \text{ hrs.} - \frac{t}{15})$ if on the east side of the meridian. To this must be applied the equation of time to obtain the true mean time of observation. The difference from the clock time is now the clock error.

The body observed should not have less than 10° of altitude and should be as near the prime vertical as possible.

EXAMPLE.—*Computation of Time.*

Station ...	...	...	...	...	Dehra Dún
Date (Astronomical) ...	...	...	...	...	12th Oct., 05
Longitude ...	...	...	...	...	78 3 15
Object, E. or W. ...	...	...	...	...	a Coronæ W.
Mean Obsd. Z.D. ...	...	...	...	...	58 45 45 †
Refraction — Parallax ...	...	...	...	...	+ 1 24
Corrected Z.D. = ζ ...	...	...	...	...	58 47 9
N.P. Δ = Δ ...	...	...	...	...	62 57 47
Co-latitude = γ ...	...	...	...	...	59 40 31
Sum = $2s$ ...	...	...	...	...	181 25 27
s ...	...	...	...	...	90 42 44
$s - \zeta$ ...	...	...	...	...	31 55 35
$s - \Delta$ ...	...	...	...	...	27 44 57
$s - \gamma$ ...	...	...	...	...	31 2 13
Log cosec s ...	...	...	...	...	0·0000336
„ „ ($s - \zeta$) ...	...	...	...	...	0·2766845
„ „ ($s - \Delta$) ...	...	...	...	...	1·6680145
„ „ ($s - \gamma$) ...	...	...	...	...	1·7123051
Sum = Log $\tan^2 \frac{1}{2} t$ ...	...	...	...	...	1·6570377
„ „ $\tan \frac{1}{2} t$ ...	...	...	...	...	1·8285189
$\frac{1}{2} t$ ...	...	...	...	...	33 58 16·9
t ...	...	...	...	...	67 56 33·8
t in time † ...	...	...	...	...	h m s 4 31 46·2
*'s R.A. or \odot 's Eq. of T. ...	...	...	...	...	15 30 40·0
For Stars only {	Local S.T. of Obsn. ...	...	...	...	20 2 26·2
	S.T. at Local M.N. ...	...	...	...	-13 20 42·3
	S. Interval from „ ...	...	...	...	6 41 43·9
	Retardation ...	...	...	...	- 1 5·8
True M.T. of Obsn. ...	...	...	...	...	6 40 38·1
Chr. Time „ ...	...	...	...	...	6 40 28
Chr. Error ...	...	...	...	...	- 10·1

† In case of Sun when observed east of meridian $12^h - t$ should be entered: and in case of Star when observed east of meridian, t is to be subtracted from its R.A. west of meridian, t is to be added to

2nd Method. *By equal altitudes of a star or the sun.*

If T_1, T_2 be the times marked by a clock when a star has the same altitude before and after crossing the meridian, then $T = \frac{1}{2} (T_1 + T_2)$ will be the clock time of its meridian transit, and the error of the clock can at once be found.

If instead of a star the sun be employed, the clock time of *apparent noon* will be equal to

$$T - \left(\frac{\tan \lambda}{\sin t} - \frac{\cot \Delta}{\tan t} \right) \frac{t \theta}{15},$$

where $2t =$ the elapsed time between the observations, $\theta =$ the small horary *decrease* of polar distance: if the polar distance is increasing θ will be negative. The equation of time having been applied, the clock error on mean noon is known.

For equal altitudes of the sun before and after midnight, *i.e.*, on the afternoon of one day and the morning of the next, $\tan \lambda$ changes sign and the clock time of *apparent midnight* is

$$T + \left(\frac{\tan \lambda}{\sin t} + \frac{\cot \Delta}{\tan t} \right) \frac{t \theta}{15}.$$

The most favourable condition of observation will be when the object is observed nearly *east* or *west* of the meridian, but the altitude should not be less than 10° .

The advantage of this method is that any error of graduation of the sextant or theodolite will have no effect; and the disadvantage is that some hours must elapse between the two observations, as the star should not be near the meridian.

II.—To find the Latitude by Observation.

1st Method. *By circum-meridian altitudes of a star or the sun.*

For an explanation and example see Explanation of Table LV pages 74 and 75.

2nd Method. *By altitude of the pole star out of the meridian.*

Adopting the notation employed in the Preface to the Nautical Almanac,

if $l =$ the latitude,

$a =$ the true altitude of the star,

$p =$ the apparent polar distance,

h the hour angle of the star $= S - a$; S being the local sidereal time of observation and a the apparent right ascension of the star;

then $l = a - p \cos h + \frac{1}{2} \sin 1'' (p \sin h)^2 \tan a.$

The Nautical Almanac gives tables to facilitate the computation as follows:—

Table I gives $-p \cos h$, or the *first correction*.

„ II „ $\frac{1}{2} \sin 1'' (p \sin h)^2 \tan a$, or the *second correction*.

Table III, which depends on the difference between the true and assumed values of p and a , contains the *third correction* increased by $1'$ to render the quantities additive, and this accounts for the $1'$ which is subtracted from the "Corrected Altitude".

For an example see the Nautical Almanac.

III.—To find the Azimuth by Observation.

1st Method. *Given the time and the latitude.*

The azimuth can be obtained from *Polaris* at once by means of Table LIII; the method of proceeding will be found in the explanation of that table.

2nd Method. *Given the latitude and also the time approximately.*

Observe the angle between the referring mark and a circumpolar star *at elongation*.

The time of elongation of the star, its azimuth and the altitude for setting the telescope may all be found from formulæ 1, 2 and 3 on page 48. The azimuth of the mark from north will be the angle between star and mark \pm the azimuth of the star at elongation according as the star is between the mark and the pole or otherwise.

3rd Method. *Given the latitude and time.*

Observe the angle between the referring mark and a circumpolar star *near elongation*.

If P be the hour angle at elongation, and δP the interval before or after elongation, and δA the corresponding difference in azimuth,

$$\text{then } \tan \delta A = -2 \sin^2 \frac{\delta P}{2} \sec \lambda \cot \delta \operatorname{cosec} P \text{ approximately;}$$

$$\text{or } \delta A'' = -2 \frac{\sin^2 \frac{\delta P}{2}}{\sin 1''} \sec \lambda \cot \delta \operatorname{cosec} P.$$

The log. of the first part is given in Table XXV, Part III.

EXAMPLE.—Observations were taken at Jalpaiguri s., latitude $26^\circ 31' 15''$, longitude $88^\circ 45'$, on 7th January 1904, to λ Ursæ Minoris *near* Western Elongation, the angle between the referring mark and star was $1^\circ 8' 36''.5$, the sidereal time of observation $1^h 1^m 48^s.5$ and the Azimuth of R.M. by triangulation $180^\circ 1' 40''$.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{The declination } \delta = 88^\circ 59' 54'' \\ \text{and R. A.} \quad \quad = 19^h 16^m 48^s.3 \end{array} \right\} \text{at elongation.}$$

To obtain δP the time from elongation, employ formula 1, and also to get A , the azimuth of the star at elongation, employ formula 2 on page 48.

$\text{Log cos } P = \text{log tan } \lambda + \text{log cot } \delta$ $\text{log tan } \lambda = \overline{1} \cdot 6981316$ $\text{,, cot } \delta = \overline{2} \cdot 2426448$ $\text{Sum} = \text{,, cos } P = \overline{3} \cdot 9407764$ $P \text{ in arc} = 89^\circ 30' 0''$ $P \text{ in time} = \overset{h}{5} \overset{m}{58} \overset{s}{0 \cdot 0}$	$\text{Log sin } A = \text{log cos } \delta + \text{log sec } \lambda$ $\text{log cos } \delta = \overline{2} \cdot 2425785$ $\text{,, sec } \lambda = \overline{0} \cdot 0482876$ $\text{Sum} = \text{log sin } A = \overline{2} \cdot 2908661$ $A = 1^\circ 7' 10''$
Star's Right Ascension at elongation	19 16 48·3
Sidereal time	1 14 48·3
,, of observation	1 1 48·5
δP	0 12 59·8
$\text{Log } 2 \sin^2 \frac{\delta P}{2} \text{ cosec } 1'' =$	2·52058
,, sec λ	0·04829
,, cot δ	$\overline{2} \cdot 24264$
,, cosec P	0·00002
Sum = Log δA	0·81153
δA^*	+ 6''·5
Angle between R. M. and star	1° 8' 36''·5
Corrected angle	1 8 43
Azimuth of star at elongn. = A	1 7 10
,, Mark from north	0 1 33

4th Method. *Given the time and the latitude.*

Observe the angle between referring mark and any star of *North Aspect*, i.e., whose declination is greater than the latitude of the place.

If z is the azimuth of a star, then $\cot z = \frac{\cos \lambda \tan \delta - \sin \lambda \cos t}{\sin t}$ where λ is the latitude, δ the declination and t the hour angle of the star.

The formula is taken from Doolittle's *Practical Astronomy*, p. 535.

* δA is $\frac{-}{+}$ for eastern and $\frac{+}{-}$ for western elongation according as the azimuth (from S. by W.) of the star at elongation is $\frac{\text{less}}{\text{greater}}$ than the azimuth of R.M. by triangulation. In cases where R. M. falls between the star at elongation and its observed position, the observed angle is to be subtracted from δA to get the angle between R.M. and star at elongation.

Computation of Azimuth from Star Observations when the Latitude and Time are known.

Applicable to Stars of North Aspect only.

Station	...	...	...	...	...	Toungoo
Object observed	...	...	...	...	...	δ Ursæ Minoris
Date (Astronomical)	...	...	...	...	...	14th Dec., 1904
						o ' "
Longitude in Arc	...	...	...	...	...	96 27 3
						h m s
Mean of Chr. Times	...	...	...	...	...	11 21 59
Chronometer Correction	...	...	...	...	...	- 5
Local Mean Time	...	...	...	...	...	11 21 54
Longitude in Time	...	...	...	...	...	- 6 25 48
Greenwich Mean Time (a)	...	...	...	...	...	4 56 6
S. T. at Gr. Mean Noon	...	...	...	...	...	17 30 54
Local Mean Time	...	...	...	...	...	11 21 54
Acceleration for (a)	...	...	...	...	...	+ 49
Sum = Local S. T. of Obsn. = θ	...	...	...	...	...	4 53 37
R. A. of Star = α	...	...	...	...	...	18 2 36
θ - α = Hour Angle = t	...	...	...	...	...	10 51 1
						o ' "
t in Arc	...	...	...	...	...	162 45 15
Latitude = λ	...	...	...	...	...	18 55 45
Declination = δ	...	...	...	...	...	86 37 2
Log cos λ	...	...	...	...	...	1·9758546
„ tan δ	...	...	...	...	...	1·2283441
Sum = Log (b)	...	...	...	...	...	1·2041987
(b)*	...	...	...	...	...	16·003
Log sin λ	...	...	...	...	...	1·5110795
„ cos t	...	...	...	...	...	1·9800222
Sum = Log (c)	...	...	...	...	...	1·4911017
(c)*	...	...	...	...	...	0·310
(b) - (c) †	...	...	...	...	...	16·313
Log „ = (d)	...	...	...	...	...	1·2125338
„ sin t = (e)	...	...	...	...	...	1·4719839
(d) - (e) = Log cot z	...	...	...	...	...	1·7405499
						o ' "
z = Azimuth of Star	...	...	...	...	...	1 2 28
Angle R. M. and Star ‡	...	...	...	...	...	2 10 23
Azimuth of R.M. from N. = A	...	...	...	...	...	1 7 55

* To 3 places of decimals. † Sum is to be taken when t lies between 90° and 270° . ‡ In deducing this angle always subtract the reading of Star from that of R. M. To obtain A , the Azimuth of Star is to be $\frac{\text{added to}}{\text{subtracted from}}$ this angle according as it is $\frac{\text{east}}{\text{west}}$ of the Meridian, i.e., according as t is $\frac{\text{greater}}{\text{less}}$ than 180° .

5th Method. *Given the latitude.*

Observe the angle between the referring mark and the star and the star's altitude simultaneously, which is done by getting the star on the intersection of the cross wires of the theodolite. The star should not be at a high altitude: it should be near the prime vertical and rather on the side towards the apparent pole than on the other side.

Then if ζ = corrected zenith distance,
 Δ = north polar distance,
 A = the azimuth of the star from north,
 γ = co-latitude,

$$\text{then } \tan \frac{A}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{\sin \frac{1}{2}(\Delta + \gamma - \zeta) \sin \frac{1}{2}(\Delta + \zeta - \gamma)}{\sin \frac{1}{2}(\gamma + \zeta - \Delta) \sin \frac{1}{2}(\Delta + \gamma + \zeta)}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\sin(s - \zeta) \sin(s - \gamma) \operatorname{cosec}(s - \Delta) \operatorname{cosec} s}$$

where $\frac{\zeta + \Delta + \gamma}{2} = s$

Computation of Azimuth (Horizontal and Vertical Angle observed simultaneously).

Station	Yengweytaung h.s.
Star, E. or W.	α Andromedæ W.
Date (Astronomical)	19th Jan., 1902
	° ' "
Mean Zenith Distance	43 17 0
Refraction	+ 45
Corrected Z.D. = ζ	43 17 45
Co-latitude = γ	69 17 30
N.P. Distance = Δ	61 26 51
Sum = $2s$	174 2 6
s	87 1 3
$s - \Delta$	25 34 12
$s - \gamma$	17 43 33
$s - \zeta$	43 43 18
Log cosec s	0.0005887
„ „ ($s - \Delta$)	0.3649050
„ sin ($s - \gamma$)	1.4335339
„ „ ($s - \zeta$)	1.8395759
Sum = $\log \tan^2 \frac{1}{2} A$	1.6886035
„ $\tan \frac{1}{2} A$	1.8443018
	° ' "
$\frac{1}{2} A$	34 56 34
A	69 53 8
Angle R.M. and Star*	163 18 1
Azimuth of R.M. from N.*	93 24 54

* For deduction of the angle between R.M. and Star and the Azimuth of R.M. from north see footnotes to the last page.

6th Method. *Given the time and latitude.*

Observe the angle between the referring mark and *any* star. The best result will be got when the star is near the pole.

If t = the hour angle of the star,
 δ = declination „ „
 A = azimuth „ „ from north,
 γ = the co-latitude;
 and if $\tan y = \cot \delta \cos t$,
 then $\cot A = \sin (\gamma - y) \cot t \times \operatorname{cosec} y$.

Computation of Azimuth from Star Observations when the Time is known.

Station	...	...	...	...	...	Kaulia h.s.
Star E. or W.	...	...	...	...	...	ζ Ursæ Minoris
Date (Astronomical)	...	...	...	...	...	Oct. 25, 1903
						<i>h m s</i>
Local sidereal time of observation	...	...	...	...	...	21 43 33.6
R.A. of star	...	...	...	...	...	15 47 21.6
Difference = x	...	...	...	...	...	5 56 12.0
x in arc	...	...	...	...	...	89 3 0
x or $(360^\circ - x)^*$ = p	...	...	...	...	...	89 3 0
p or $(180^\circ - p)^\dagger$ = t	...	...	...	...	...	89 3 0
Declination of star = δ^\ddagger	...	...	...	...	...	78 5 43
Log cot δ	...	...	...	...	...	1.3239100
„ cos t	...	...	...	...	...	2.2195811
Sum = log tan y	...	...	...	...	...	3.5434911
„	...	...	...	...	...	0 12 1
Co-latitude = γ	...	...	...	...	...	62 11 34
Difference or sum§ = β	...	...	...	...	...	61 59 33
β or $(180^\circ - \beta)^\parallel$ = θ	...	...	...	...	...	61 59 33
Log sin θ	...	...	...	...	...	1.9459047
„ cot t	...	...	...	...	...	2.2196408
„ cosec y	...	...	...	...	...	2.4564908
Sum = log cot z	...	...	...	...	...	0.6220363
„	...	...	...	...	...	0 12 1
z or $(180^\circ - z)^\parallel$ = A	...	...	...	...	...	13 25 43
Angle R.M. and star	...	...	...	...	...	106 52 16
Az. of R.M. from N.	...	...	...	...	...	93 26 33

* $360^\circ - x$ is to be used when x is greater than 180° . \dagger $180^\circ - p$ is to be used when p is greater than 90° . \ddagger To be used without regard to signs. \S Sum is to be used 1st with stars of south declination and 2ndly when p is greater than 90° . \parallel $180^\circ - \beta$ is to be used when β is greater than 90° . \nparallel $180^\circ - z$ is to be used 1st with stars of south declination and 2ndly with stars of north declination when y is greater than γ .

As the zenith distances must be corrected for refraction barometric and thermometric readings should be taken wherever they are observed.

APPENDIX.

No. 3.

Formulæ frequently employed in Calculations.

Solution of Oblique-Angled Spherical Triangles.

Given the three sides, a, b, c.

$$\cos A = \frac{\cos(a + \theta)}{\sin b \sin c \cos \theta}, \text{ where } \tan \theta = \frac{\cos b \cos c}{\sin a};$$

$$\text{or } \sin \frac{1}{2} A = \sqrt{\frac{\sin(s-b) \sin(s-c)}{\sin b \sin c}}; \cos \frac{1}{2} A = \sqrt{\frac{\sin s \sin(s-a)}{\sin b \sin c}};$$

$$\text{or } \tan \frac{1}{2} A = \sqrt{\frac{\sin(s-b) \sin(s-c)}{\sin s \sin(s-a)}}, \text{ where } s = \frac{1}{2}(a + b + c).$$

Given two sides and the contained angle, a, b, C.

$$\cos c = \cos a \cos b + \sin a \sin b \cos C$$

$$= \frac{\cos a \cos(b - \theta)}{\cos \theta}, \text{ where } \tan \theta = \tan a \cos C;$$

$$\text{or } \tan \frac{A + B}{2} = \frac{\cos \frac{1}{2}(a - b)}{\cos \frac{1}{2}(a + b)} \cot \frac{1}{2} C \text{ and } \tan \frac{A - B}{2} = \frac{\sin \frac{1}{2}(a - b)}{\sin \frac{1}{2}(a + b)} \cot \frac{1}{2} C.$$

Given two sides and an angle opposite one of them, a, b, A.

$$c = \theta \pm \theta',$$

$$\text{where } \tan \theta = \tan b \cos A,$$

$$\text{and } \cos \theta' = \frac{\cos \theta \cos a}{\cos b}.$$

There are two triangles fulfilling the given conditions; if however c is either greater than 180° or negative, the corresponding triangle must be rejected.

The other parts can be found by one of the formulæ of the first group.

Given the three angles, A, B, C.

$$\cos a = \frac{\sin(A + \theta)}{\sin B \sin C \sin \theta}, \text{ where } \cot \theta = \frac{\cos B \cos C}{\sin A};$$

$$\text{or } \sin \frac{1}{2} a = \sqrt{\frac{-\cos S \cos(S-A)}{\sin B \sin C}}; \cos \frac{1}{2} a = \sqrt{\frac{\cos(S-B) \cos(S-C)}{\sin B \sin C}};$$

$$\text{or } \tan \frac{1}{2} a = \sqrt{\frac{-\cos S \cos(S-A)}{\cos(S-B) \cos(S-C)}}, \text{ where } S = \frac{1}{2}(A + B + C).$$

Given two angles and the side adjacent, A, B, c.

$$\cos C = -\cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B \cos c$$

$$= \frac{\cos A \sin (B - \theta)}{\sin \theta}, \text{ where } \cot \theta = \cos c \tan A;$$

$$\text{or } \tan \frac{a+b}{2} = \frac{\cos \frac{1}{2}(A-B)}{\cos \frac{1}{2}(A+B)} \tan \frac{1}{2}c \text{ and } \tan \frac{a-b}{2} = \frac{\sin \frac{1}{2}(A-B)}{\sin \frac{1}{2}(A+B)} \tan \frac{1}{2}c.$$

Given two angles and a side opposite one of them, A, B, a.

$$C = \theta + \theta',$$

$$\text{where, } \cot \theta = \tan B \cos a,$$

$$\text{and } \sin \theta' = \frac{\sin \theta \cos A}{\cos B}.$$

There will be two triangles fulfilling the required conditions; if however C is either greater than 180° or negative, the corresponding triangle must be rejected.

The three angles being known, the other parts can be found by one of the formulæ of the fourth group.

Solution of Right-Angled Spherical Triangles.

Arrange the five parts a , $90^\circ - B$, $90^\circ - c$, $90^\circ - A$ and b in a circle leaving out the right angle C; consider any one of them as a middle part, then all the formulæ follow from Napier's two rules:---

1st The sine of the middle part = The product of the tangents of the adjacent parts

2nd " " = " " cosines " opposite "

Solution of Oblique-Angled Plane Triangles.

Given the three sides, a, b, c.

$$\sin \frac{A}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{(s-b)(s-c)}{bc}}; \quad \cos \frac{A}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{s(s-a)}{bc}};$$

$$\text{or } \tan \frac{A}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{(s-b)(s-c)}{s(s-a)}}, \text{ where } s = \frac{1}{2}(a+b+c).$$

Given two sides and the angle contained, a, b, C.

$$c = b \sec^2 \phi \cos \theta,$$

where $\tan^2 \phi = \frac{a}{b}$

and $\sin \theta = \sin 2\phi \cos \frac{1}{2} C.$

Or $\tan A = \frac{\sin C \sin x}{\sin (C - x)},$

where $\tan x = \frac{a}{b} \sin C$

and c can be found from the formula, $c = \frac{a \sin C}{\sin A}.$

Given the angles and a side, A, B, C, a.

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}.$$

Given two sides and an angle opposite one of them, a, b, A.

$$\sin B = \frac{b}{a} \sin A; \text{ and } c = \frac{a \sin C}{\sin A}.$$

If $b > a$ there are two triangles fulfilling the required conditions.

Reduction of the reading of a Mercurial Barometer to any temperature.

Let h = observed height of the Barometer,

t = temperature of the Attached Thermometer,

T = temperature to which the observed height is to be reduced,

m = expansion, in volume, of mercury,

l = linear expansion of scale,

θ = normal temperature of standard scale (generally = 62° Fah.),

then the reduction to the required temperature will be

$$= h. \frac{m(t - T) - l(t - \theta)}{1 + m(t - T)}.$$

Comparison of the Thermometrical Scales.

$$x^\circ \text{ Fahrenheit} = \left(x^\circ - 32^\circ\right) \frac{5}{9} \text{ Centigrade} = \left(x^\circ - 32^\circ\right) \frac{4}{9} \text{ Reaumur}$$

$$x^\circ \text{ Centigrade}^* = \left(32^\circ + \frac{9}{5} x^\circ\right) \text{ Fahrenheit} = \frac{4}{5} x^\circ \text{ Reaumur}$$

$$x^\circ \text{ Reaumur} = \left(32^\circ + \frac{9}{4} x^\circ\right) \text{ Fahrenheit} = \frac{5}{4} x^\circ \text{ Centigrade}.$$

* This graduation was used by Celsius and is sometimes called after him.

APPENDIX.

No. 4.

Certain Numerical Quantities frequently required.

Base of Napierian Logarithms	=	ϵ =	2·718 2818 285
Modulus of the common Logarithms	=	$\log \epsilon$ =	0·434 2944 819
Ratio of the circumference of a circle to its diameter	=	π =	3·141 5926 536
		$\log \pi$ =	0·497 1498 727
Arc of a circle equal in length to the radius	=	$57^\circ 17' 44''\cdot 8$	
Sin $1'' = 0\cdot 0000048481$	$\log \sin 1'' =$	$6\cdot 685 5748 668$	
	$\log \operatorname{cosec} 1'' =$	$5\cdot 314 4251 332$	
Weight of a litre of dry air (bar. = 760 millimetres, ther. = 0°C)	=	1·293 grammes	
" cubic foot of water = 436247·424 grains	=	62·32 lbs. avoird.	
Length of the seconds pendulum in latitude of Greenwich . .	=	39·1400 inches	
Acceleration produced by gravity " "	=	32·191374 ft. per sec.	
Co-efficient of expansion of air in volume per 1° Fahrenheit	=	0·0020361	
" " mercury in volume "	=	0·0001001	
" of linear expansion of brass "	=	0·0000104	
" " " iron "	=	0·0000065	
" " " glass "	=	0·0000050	
Velocity of light = 186300 miles per second			
" sound in air at 32° Fahrenheit = 1091 feet per second.			

APPENDIX.

No. 5.

The Morse Alphabet.

The system adopted in the army and navy is called the *flashing system*, and has for its elements a long and a short flash, representing a dash (—) and a dot (-). Every requisite signal is formed of a combination of these symbols with pauses of proper duration. A dash occupies the space of three dots. The pause between the symbols composing a letter or other sign equals a dot; that between the letters of a word a dash.

All messages are spelt out by means of the Morse Alphabet. No abbreviations are used, except such as are common in ordinary writing, or may be specially authorised.

A — — —	B — — — —
C — — — —	D — — —
E -	F - - — —
G — — — -	H - - - -
I - -	J - — — — —
K — — — —	L — — — —
M — — —	N — — -
O — — — —	P - — — — -
Q — — — — —	R - — — -
S - - -	T — —
U - - — —	V - - - — —
W - — — —	X — — — — —
Y — — — — —	Z — — — — -

Miscellaneous Signs.

Station sign - — — — -	Repeat - - — — — - -
Right - — — — —	Cipher — — — — — - - - -
Comma - — — — — - —	Full stop - - - - - -
Preparative or Erasure - - - - - - - - etc.	
Stop — — — — — — — — — — etc.	
General answer — — — — — - - - etc.	

The *station sign* followed by a letter is the distinguishing signal of the station to which that letter has been assigned. This is used at the beginning of every message as a call signal, and at the end to show that the message is finished.

The *repeat sign* is used after receiving a message to show what words require repetition. The numerical order of such words is indicated by the letters a. b. c. k instead of the figures 1. 2. 3. 0. Thus "repeat" bk means repeat the 20th word of the message.

The *cipher sign* is used when the whole or part of a message is to be transmitted in cipher. It should precede and follow the portion in cipher.

The *preparative* is used when communicating with two or more stations in sight to call their attention. It is also used to call the attention of an unknown station. To acknowledge this sign, the receiving station should give, instead of the "general answer", its own distinguishing letter (without the prefix P.), and repeat this till the next signal is begun.

This sign is also the *erasure*, and is used to erase a word that has been wrongly sent. It should in this case be acknowledged by the erasure.

The *stop* denotes the end of a message that has been preceded by no distinguishing signal.

The *general answer* is the acknowledgment of a signal received.

Every word must be repeated till answered before the next word is sent.

APPENDIX.

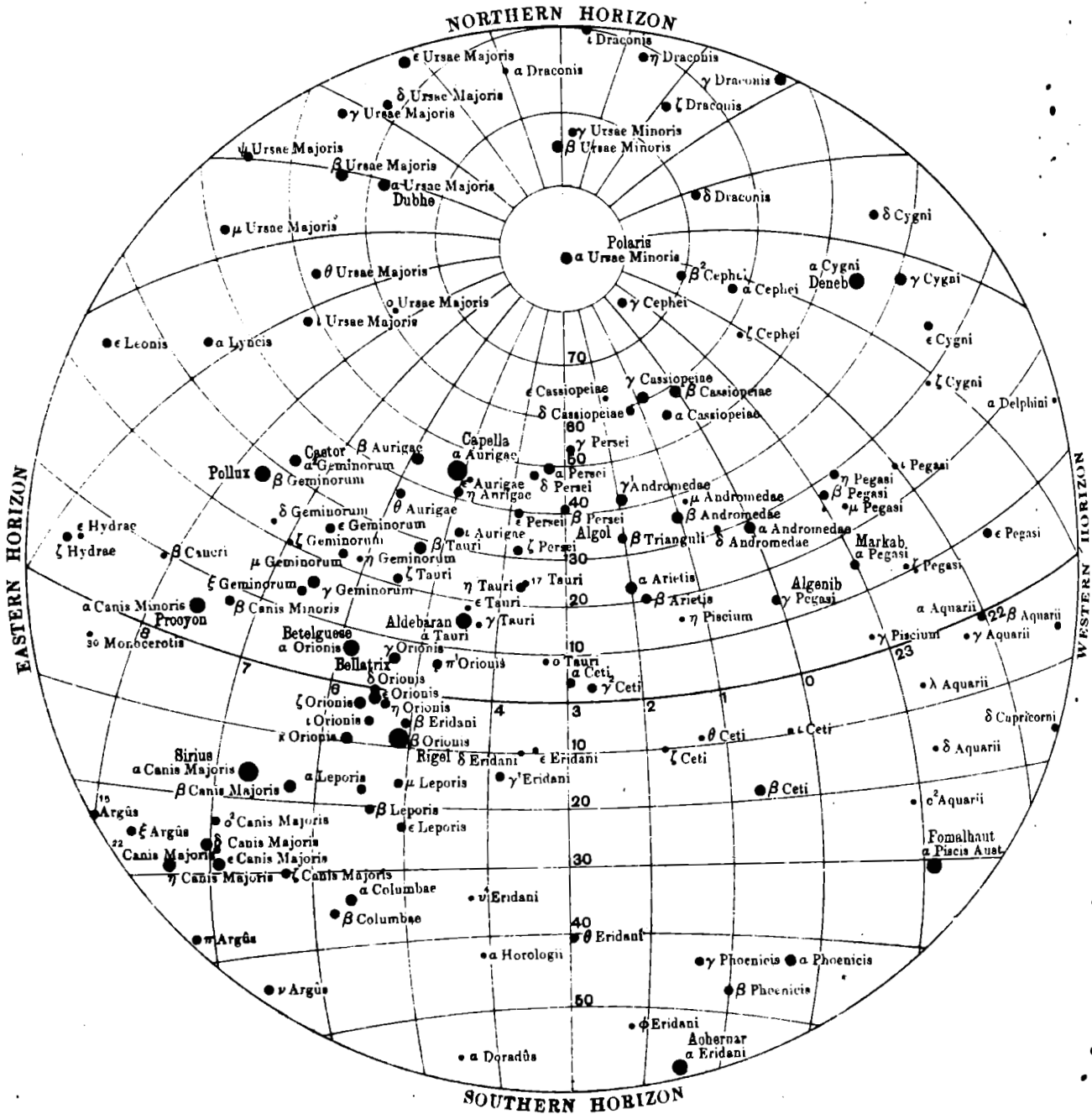
No. 6.

Star Charts.

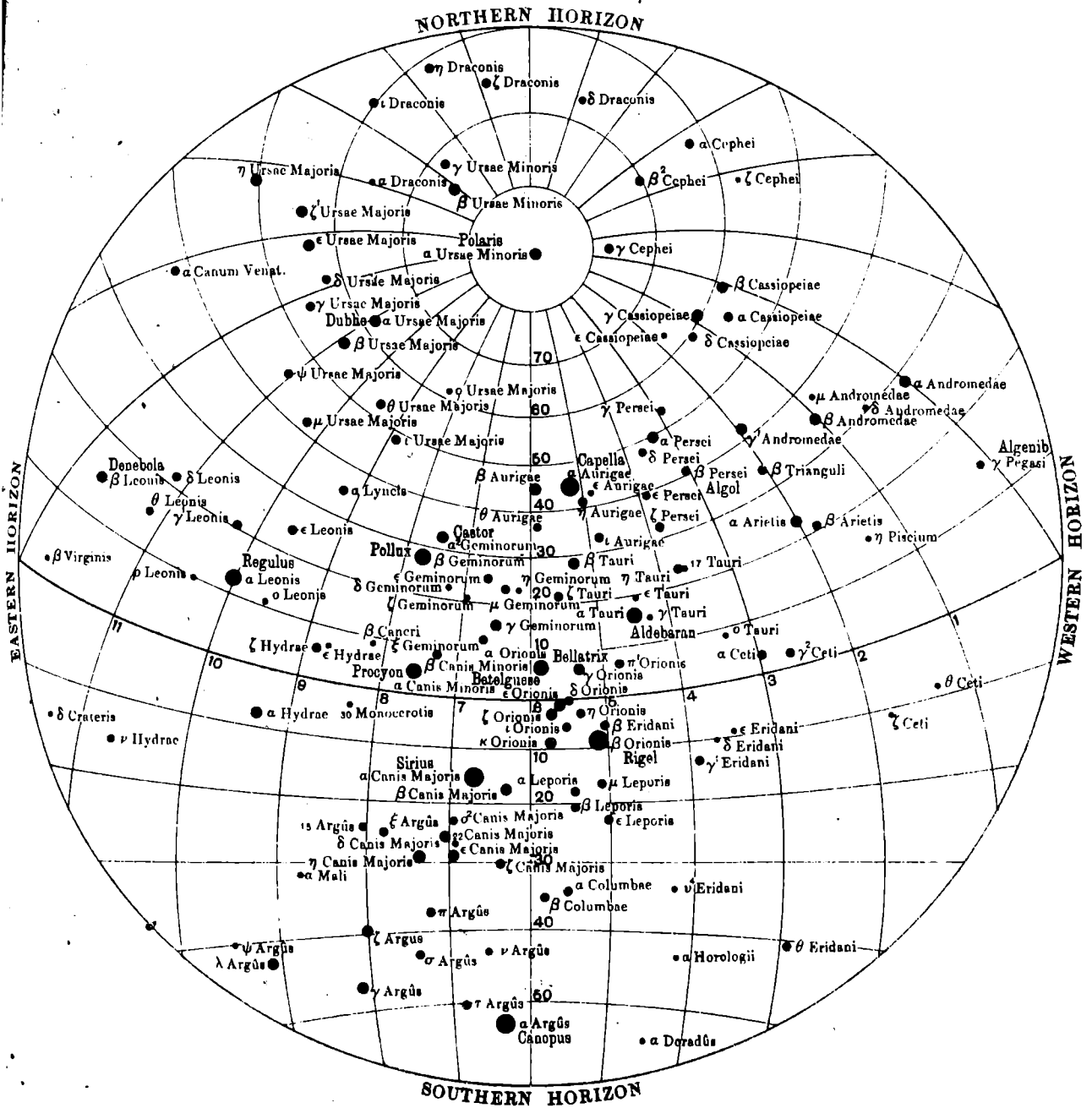
These Charts represent the aspect of the heavens as seen from a place in latitude 30° N.

The projection used is the ordinary stereographical one, the eye being supposed at the nadir and the plane of projection that passing through the centre and perpendicular to the line joining the zenith and nadir. In this projection every circle on the sphere is represented by a circle on the plane and it is a very simple matter to determine the positions of the centres and the radii of the various circles representing the graticule of right ascension and declination. The stars are taken from the Nautical Almanac of 1909 and go down to the 4th Magnitude.

STAR CHART FOR LATITUDE 30° N. 3 HOURS

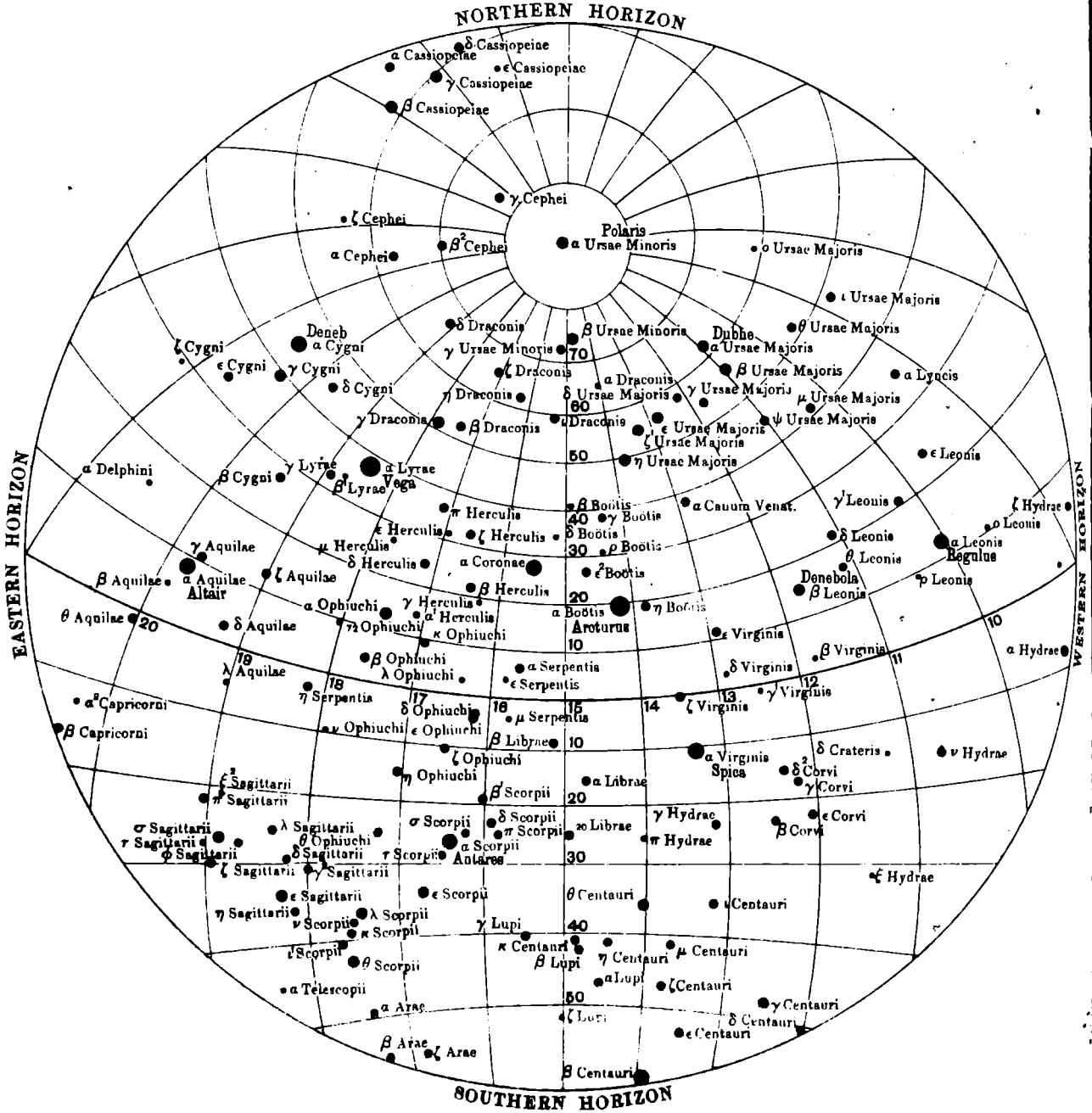


STAR CHART FOR LATITUDE 30° N. 6 HOURS



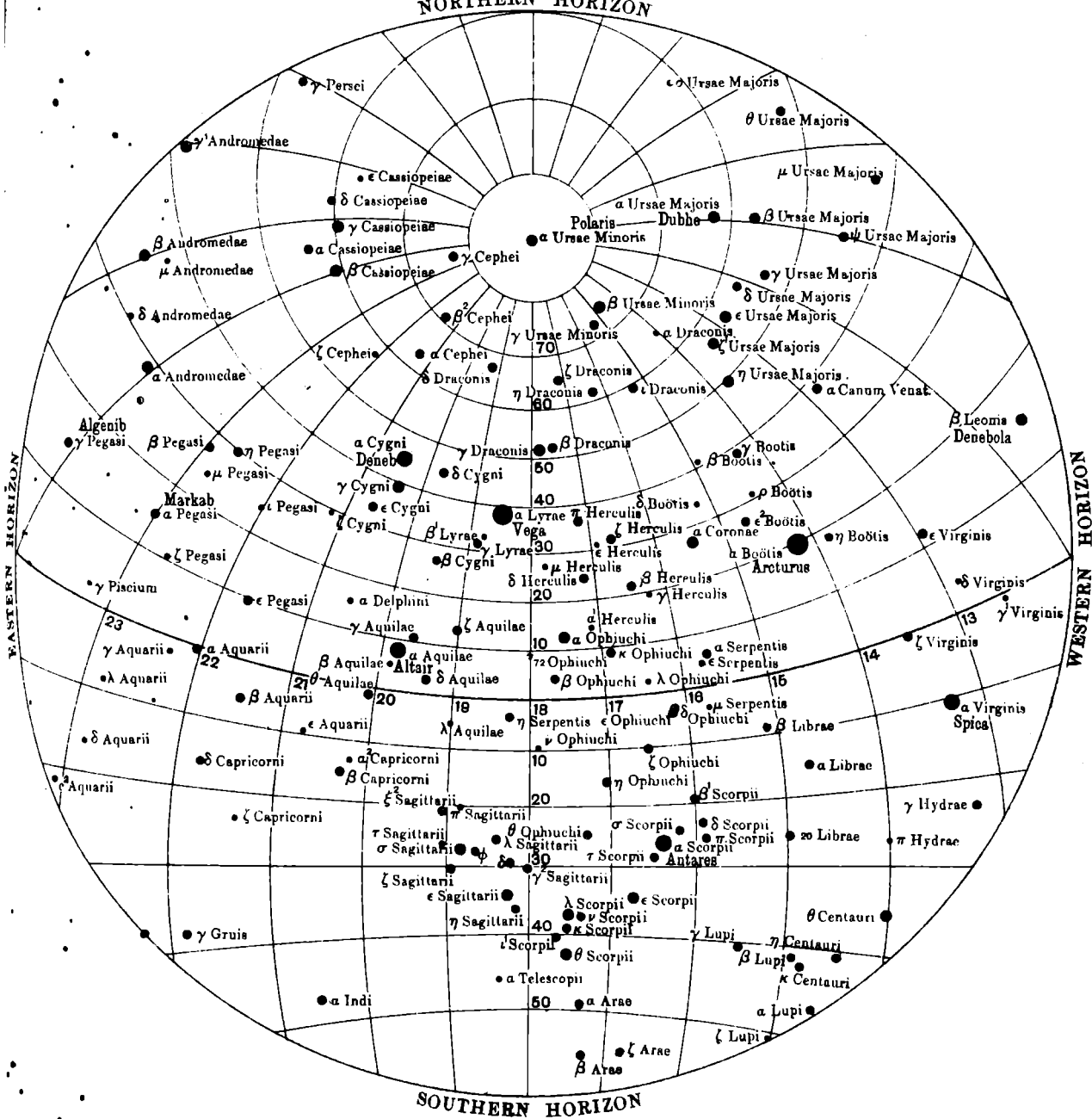
STAR CHART FOR LATITUDE 30° N.

15 HOURS



STAR CHART FOR LATITUDE 30° N.
18 HOURS

NORTHERN HORIZON



TABLES.

TABLE I.—Normals terminated by the Minor Axis, and their Logarithms.

Latitude	Normals in feet	Diff.	Logarithms of the Normals	Diff.	Latitude	Normals in feet	Diff.	Logarithms of the Normals	Diff.
0	209		7' 320		0	209		7' 320	
0	22931' 8	+	6225,40	+	7	23963' 2	+	6439,48	+
10	22933' 4	0' 6	6225,52	,12	10	24012' 7	49' 5	6449,75	10,27
20	22934' 2	1' 8	6225,88	,36	20	24063' 3	50' 6	6460,24	10,49
30	22937' 1	2' 9	6226,49	,61	30	24115' 0	51' 7	6470,98	10,74
40	22941' 2	4' 1	6227,35	,86	40	24167' 8	52' 8	6481,95	10,97
50	22946' 5	5' 3	6228,44	1,09	50	24221' 8	54' 0	6493,16	11,21
1		6' 5		1,35	8		55' 2		11,44
0	22953' 0	7' 6	6229,79	1,58	10	24277' 0	56' 2	6504,60	11,67
10	22960' 6	8' 8	6231,37	1,83	20	24333' 2	57' 4	6516,27	11,91
20	22969' 4	10' 0	6233,20	2,07	30	24390' 6	58' 5	6528,18	12,15
30	22979' 4	11' 1	6235,27	2,32	40	24449' 1	59' 6	6540,33	12,37
40	22990' 5	12' 4	6237,59	2,56	50	24508' 7	60' 8	6552,70	12,61
50	23002' 9		6240,15			24569' 5		6565,31	
2		13' 5		2,80	9		61' 9		12,85
0	23016' 4	14' 7	6242,95	3,05	10	24631' 4	63' 0	6578,16	13,07
10	23031' 1	15' 8	6246,00	3,29	20	24694' 4	64' 1	6591,23	13,31
20	23046' 9	17' 0	6249,29	3,53	30	24758' 5	65' 2	6604,54	13,54
30	23063' 9	18' 2	6252,82	3,78	40	24823' 7	66' 3	6618,08	13,76
40	23082' 1	19' 4	6256,60	4,01	50	24890' 0	67' 5	6631,84	14,00
50	23101' 5		6260,61			24957' 5		6645,84	
3		20' 5		4,27	10		68' 5		14,23
0	23122' 0	21' 7	6264,88	4,50	10	25026' 0	69' 7	6660,07	14,46
10	23143' 7	22' 9	6269,38	4,75	20	25095' 7	70' 8	6674,53	14,69
20	23166' 6	24' 0	6274,13	4,99	30	25166' 5	71' 8	6689,22	14,91
30	23190' 6	25' 2	6279,12	5,23	40	25238' 3	73' 0	6704,13	15,14
40	23215' 8	26' 4	6284,35	5,47	50	25311' 3	74' 0	6719,27	15,37
50	23242' 2		6289,82			25385' 3		6734,64	
4		27' 5		5,71	11		75' 2		15,60
0	23269' 7	28' 7	6295,53	5,96	10	25460' 5	76' 2	6750,24	15,82
10	23298' 4	29' 9	6301,49	6,20	20	25536' 7	77' 4	6766,06	16,05
20	23328' 3	31' 0	6307,69	6,44	30	25614' 1	78' 4	6782,11	16,28
30	23359' 3	32' 2	6314,13	6,68	40	25692' 5	79' 5	6798,39	16,50
40	23391' 5	33' 3	6320,81	6,92	50	25772' 0	80' 6	6814,89	16,72
50	23424' 8		6327,73			25852' 6		6831,61	
5		34' 5		7,16	12		81' 6		16,95
0	23459' 3	35' 7	6334,89	7,40	10	25934' 2	82' 8	6848,56	17,17
10	23495' 0	36' 8	6342,29	7,64	20	26017' 0	83' 8	6865,73	17,39
20	23531' 8	38' 0	6349,93	7,88	30	26100' 8	84' 8	6883,12	17,62
30	23569' 8	39' 1	6357,81	8,12	40	26185' 6	86' 0	6900,74	17,83
40	23608' 9	40' 3	6365,93	8,36	50	26271' 6	87' 0	6918,57	18,06
50	23649' 2		6374,29			26358' 6		6936,63	
6		41' 4		8,60	13		88' 0		18,27
0	23690' 6	42' 6	6382,89	8,84	10	26446' 6	89' 2	6954,90	18,50
10	23733' 2	43' 7	6391,73	9,07	20	26535' 8	90' 1	6973,40	18,71
20	23776' 9	44' 9	6400,80	9,32	30	26625' 9	91' 3	6992,11	18,94
30	23821' 8	46' 0	6410,12	9,55	40	26717' 2	92' 3	7011,05	19,15
40	23867' 8	47' 1	6419,67	9,79	50	26809' 5	93' 3	7030,20	19,37
50	23914' 9	48' 3	6429,46	10,02	60	26902' 8	94' 3	7049,57	19,58
60	23963' 2		6439,48			26997' 1		7069,15	
	209		7' 320			209		7' 320	

TABLE I.—Normals terminated by the Minor Axis, and their Logarithms.

Latitude	Normals in feet	Diff.	Logarithms of the Normals	Diff.	Latitude	Normals in feet	Diff.	Logarithms of the Normals	Diff.
° ' 209			7' 320		° ' 209			7' 320	
14 °	26997' 1	+	7069,15	+	21 °	31855' 7	+	8077,33	+
10	27092' 6	95' 5	7088,95	19,80	10	31991' 5	135' 8	8105,50	28,17
20	27189' 0	96' 4	7108,96	20,01	20	32128' 1	136' 6	8133,85	28,35
30	27286' 5	97' 5	7129,19	20,23	30	32265' 7	137' 6	8162,38	28,53
40	27385' 0	98' 5	7149,64	20,45	40	32404' 0	138' 3	8191,09	28,71
50	27484' 5	99' 5	7170,29	20,65	50	32543' 3	139' 3	8219,98	28,89
15 °	27585' 1	100' 6	7191,16	20,87	22 °	32683' 4	140' 1	8249,04	29,06
10	27686' 6	101' 5	7212,24	21,08	10	32824' 3	140' 9	8278,28	29,24
20	27789' 2	102' 6	7233,53	21,29	20	32966' 1	141' 8	8307,70	29,42
30	27892' 8	103' 6	7255,03	21,50	30	33108' 7	142' 6	8337,29	29,59
40	27997' 5	104' 7	7276,74	21,71	40	33252' 2	143' 5	8367,05	29,76
50	28103' 1	105' 6	7298,65	21,91	50	33396' 5	144' 3	8396,99	29,94
16 °	28209' 7	106' 6	7320,78	22,13	23 °	33541' 6	145' 1	8427,09	30,10
10	28317' 3	107' 6	7343,11	22,33	10	33687' 5	145' 9	8457,37	30,28
20	28425' 9	108' 6	7365,65	22,54	20	33834' 3	146' 8	8487,81	30,44
30	28535' 5	109' 6	7388,40	22,75	30	33981' 8	147' 5	8518,43	30,62
40	28646' 1	110' 6	7411,35	22,95	40	34130' 2	148' 4	8549,21	30,78
50	28757' 7	111' 6	7434,50	23,15	50	34279' 4	149' 2	8580,15	30,94
17 °	28870' 3	112' 6	7457,86	23,36	24 °	34429' 3	149' 9	8611,26	31,11
10	28983' 8	113' 5	7481,42	23,56	10	34580' 1	150' 8	8642,54	31,28
20	29098' 3	114' 5	7505,19	23,77	20	34731' 6	151' 5	8673,98	31,44
30	29213' 8	115' 5	7529,15	23,96	30	34883' 9	152' 3	8705,58	31,60
40	29330' 3	116' 5	7553,31	24,16	40	35037' 0	153' 1	8737,34	31,76
50	29447' 7	117' 4	7577,67	24,36	50	35190' 9	153' 9	8769,26	31,92
18 °	29566' 0	118' 3	7602,24	24,57	25 °	35345' 5	154' 6	8801,33	32,07
10	29685' 4	119' 4	7627,00	24,76	10	35500' 9	155' 4	8833,57	32,24
20	29805' 6	120' 2	7651,95	24,95	20	35657' 1	156' 2	8865,96	32,39
30	29926' 9	121' 3	7677,10	25,15	30	35814' 0	156' 9	8898,51	32,55
40	30049' 0	122' 1	7702,45	25,35	40	35971' 6	157' 6	8931,21	32,70
50	30172' 1	123' 1	7727,99	25,54	50	36130' 0	158' 4	8964,07	32,86
19 °	30296' 1	124' 0	7753,73	25,74	26 °	36289' 1	159' 1	8997,07	33,00
10	30421' 1	125' 0	7779,66	25,93	10	36449' 0	159' 9	9030,23	33,16
20	30547' 0	125' 9	7805,78	26,12	20	36609' 5	160' 5	9063,54	33,31
30	30673' 8	126' 8	7832,09	26,31	30	36770' 8	161' 3	9096,99	33,45
40	30801' 5	127' 7	7858,59	26,50	40	36932' 8	162' 0	9130,60	33,61
50	30930' 1	128' 6	7885,28	26,69	50	37095' 5	162' 7	9164,35	33,75
20 °	31059' 7	129' 6	7912,16	26,88	27 °	37258' 9	163' 4	9198,24	33,89
10	31190' 1	130' 4	7939,22	27,06	10	37423' 0	164' 1	9232,28	34,04
20	31321' 5	131' 4	7966,47	27,25	20	37587' 8	164' 8	9266,46	34,18
30	31453' 7	132' 2	7993,91	27,44	30	37753' 3	165' 5	9300,79	34,33
40	31586' 8	133' 1	8021,53	27,62	40	37919' 5	166' 2	9335,25	34,46
50	31720' 8	134' 0	8049,34	27,81	50	38086' 3	166' 8	9369,85	34,60
60	31855' 7	134' 9	8077,33	27,99	60	38253' 8	167' 5	9404,60	34,75
	209		7' 320			209		7' 320	

TABLE I.—Normals terminated by the Minor Axis, and their Logarithms.

Latitude	Normals in feet	Diff.	Logarithms of the Normals	Diff.	Latitude	Normals in feet	Diff.	Logarithms of the Normals	Diff.
°	209		7.320		°	209		7.321	
28	0 38253.8	+	9404,60	+	34	0 44679.8	+	0737,26	+
	10 38422.0	168.2	9439,48	34,88		10 44867.9	188.1	0776,26	39,00
	20 38590.8	168.8	9474,49	35,01		20 45056.5	188.6	0815,35	39,09
	30 38760.2	169.4	9509,64	35,15		30 45245.4	188.9	0854,54	39,19
	40 38930.4	170.2	9544,93	35,29		40 45434.8	189.4	0893,81	39,27
	50 39101.1	170.7	9580,34	35,41		50 45624.6	189.8	0933,16	39,35
29	0 39272.5	171.4	9615,89	35,55	35	0 45814.9	190.3	0972,61	39,45
	10 39444.5	172.0	9651,57	35,68		10 46005.5	190.6	1012,14	39,53
	20 39617.2	172.7	9687,37	35,80		20 46196.6	191.1	1051,75	39,61
	30 39790.4	173.2	9723,31	35,94		30 46388.0	191.4	1091,44	39,69
	40 39964.3	173.9	9759,37	36,06		40 46579.8	191.8	1131,21	39,77
	50 40138.8	174.5	9795,55	36,18		50 46772.0	192.2	1171,06	39,85
30	0 40313.8	175.0	9831,86	36,31	36	0 46964.6	192.6	1210,99	39,93
	10 40489.5	175.7	9868,30	36,44		10 47157.6	193.0	1251,00	40,01
	20 40665.8	176.3	9904,85	36,55		20 47350.9	193.3	1291,08	40,08
	30 40842.6	176.8	9941,52	36,67		30 47544.6	193.7	1331,23	40,15
	40 41020.0	177.4	9978,32	36,80		40 47738.6	194.0	1371,46	40,23
	50 41198.0	178.0	0015,23	36,91		50 47933.0	194.4	1411,76	40,30
31	0 41376.5	178.5	0052,26	37,03	37	0 48127.7	194.7	1452,13	40,37
	10 41555.6	179.1	0089,40	37,14		10 48322.7	195.0	1492,56	40,43
	20 41735.3	179.7	0126,66	37,26		20 48518.1	195.4	1533,06	40,50
	30 41915.5	180.2	0164,03	37,37		30 48713.8	195.7	1573,63	40,57
	40 42096.2	180.7	0201,51	37,48		40 48909.8	196.0	1614,26	40,63
	50 42277.5	181.3	0239,10	37,59		50 49106.1	196.3	1654,96	40,70
32	0 42459.3	181.8	0276,80	37,70	38	0 49302.7	196.6	1695,71	40,75
	10 42641.6	182.3	0314,61	37,81		10 49499.5	196.8	1736,53	40,82
	20 42824.5	182.9	0352,53	37,92		20 49696.7	197.2	1777,40	40,87
	30 43007.8	183.3	0390,55	38,02		30 49894.2	197.5	1818,33	40,93
	40 43191.7	183.9	0428,67	38,12		40 50091.9	197.7	1859,32	40,99
	50 43376.0	184.3	0466,90	38,23		50 50289.9	198.0	1900,36	41,04
33	0 43560.9	184.9	0505,23	38,33	39	0 50488.1	198.2	1941,45	41,09
	10 43746.2	185.3	0543,66	38,43		10 50686.6	198.5	1982,60	41,15
	20 43932.0	185.8	0582,19	38,53		20 50885.3	198.7	2023,79	41,19
	30 44118.2	186.2	0620,81	38,62		30 51084.3	199.0	2065,04	41,25
	40 44305.0	186.8	0659,53	38,72		40 51283.5	199.2	2106,33	41,29
	50 44492.2	187.2	0698,35	38,82		50 51482.9	199.4	2147,67	41,34
	60 44679.8	187.6	0737,26	38,91		60 51682.6	199.7	2189,05	41,38
	209		7.321			209		7.321	

TABLE II.—Radii of Curvature to the Meridian, and their Logarithms.

Latitude	Radii of Curvature in feet	Diff.	Logthms. of the Radii of Curvature	Diff.	Latitude	Radii of Curvature in feet	Diff.	Logthms. of the Radii of Curvature	Diff.
0	207		7'317		7	207		7'317	
0	84048.6	+	7301.49	+	0	87122.5	+	7943.76	+
10	84050.4	1.8	7301.86	.37	10	87269.9	147.4	7974.54	30.78
20	84055.6	5.2	7302.96	1.10	20	87420.6	150.7	8006.04	31.50
30	84064.4	8.8	7304.78	1.82	30	87574.8	154.2	8038.25	32.21
40	84076.6	12.2	7307.35	2.57	40	87732.3	157.5	8071.16	32.91
50	84092.4	15.8	7310.64	3.29	50	87893.2	160.9	8104.78	33.62
1	84111.6	19.2	7314.66	4.01	8	88057.5	164.3	8139.10	34.32
10	84134.4	22.8	7319.42	4.76	10	88225.2	167.7	8174.13	35.03
20	84160.7	26.3	7324.91	5.49	20	88396.2	171.0	8209.86	35.73
30	84190.4	29.7	7331.12	6.21	30	88570.6	174.4	8246.29	36.43
40	84223.7	33.3	7338.07	6.95	40	88748.4	177.8	8283.42	37.13
50	84260.4	36.7	7345.75	7.68	50	88929.4	181.0	8321.25	37.83
2	84300.7	40.3	7354.16	8.41	9	89113.9	184.5	8359.78	38.53
10	84344.4	43.7	7363.30	9.14	10	89301.6	187.7	8399.00	39.22
20	84391.6	47.2	7373.17	9.87	20	89492.7	191.1	8438.92	39.92
30	84442.4	50.8	7383.77	10.60	30	89687.1	194.4	8479.53	40.61
40	84496.6	54.2	7395.10	11.33	40	89884.9	197.8	8520.84	41.31
50	84554.3	57.7	7407.15	12.05	50	90085.9	201.0	8562.84	42.00
3	84615.5	61.2	7419.94	12.79	10	90290.2	204.3	8605.52	42.68
10	84680.1	64.6	7433.45	13.51	10	90497.9	207.7	8648.89	43.37
20	84748.3	68.2	7447.69	14.24	20	90708.8	210.9	8692.95	44.06
30	84819.9	71.6	7462.65	14.96	30	90923.0	214.2	8737.70	44.75
40	84895.0	75.1	7478.35	15.70	40	91140.5	217.5	8783.13	45.43
50	84973.6	78.6	7494.77	16.42	50	91361.2	220.7	8829.24	46.11
4	85055.6	82.0	7511.91	17.14	11	91585.2	224.0	8876.03	46.79
10	85141.1	85.5	7529.78	17.87	10	91812.5	227.3	8923.50	47.47
20	85230.1	89.0	7548.37	18.59	20	92043.0	230.5	8971.65	48.15
30	85322.6	92.5	7567.69	19.32	30	92276.8	233.8	9020.47	48.82
40	85418.5	95.9	7587.73	20.04	40	92513.7	236.9	9069.97	49.50
50	85517.8	99.3	7608.49	20.76	50	92753.9	240.2	9120.14	50.17
5	85620.7	102.9	7629.97	21.48	12	92997.4	243.5	9170.98	50.84
10	85726.9	106.2	7652.18	22.21	10	93244.0	246.6	9222.49	51.51
20	85836.6	109.7	7675.10	22.92	20	93493.8	249.8	9274.67	52.18
30	85949.8	113.2	7698.74	23.64	30	93746.8	253.0	9327.51	52.84
40	86066.4	116.6	7723.10	24.36	40	94003.0	256.2	9381.02	53.51
50	86186.4	120.0	7748.18	25.08	50	94262.4	259.4	9435.19	54.17
6	86309.9	123.5	7773.98	25.80	13	94524.9	262.5	9490.02	54.83
10	86436.8	126.9	7800.49	26.51	10	94790.6	265.7	9545.51	55.49
20	86567.1	130.3	7827.72	27.23	20	95059.4	268.8	9601.65	56.14
30	86700.8	133.7	7855.66	27.94	30	95331.4	272.0	9658.45	56.80
40	86838.0	137.2	7884.31	28.65	40	95606.5	275.1	9715.90	57.45
50	86978.5	140.5	7913.68	29.37	50	95884.7	278.2	9774.01	58.11
60	87122.5	144.0	7943.76	30.08	60	96166.0	281.3	9832.76	58.75
	207		7'317			207		7'317	

TABLE II.—Radii of Curvature to the Meridian, and their Logarithms.

Latitude	Radii of Curvature in feet	Diff.	Logthms. of the Radii of Curvature	Diff.	Latitude	Radii of Curvature in feet	Diff.	Logthms. of the Radii of Curvature	Diff.
	207		7.317			208		7.318	
14	0 96166.0	+	9832.76	+	21	0 10654.0	+	2857.29	+
	10 96450.4	284.4	9892.16	59.40		10 11059.0	405.0	2941.80	84.51
	20 96738.0	287.6	9952.20	60.04		20 11466.6	407.6	3026.85	85.05
	30 97028.6	290.6	0012.89	60.69		30 11876.7	410.1	3112.45	85.60
	40 97322.3	293.7	0074.21	61.32		40 12289.5	412.8	3198.58	86.13
	50 97619.0	296.7	0136.18	61.97		50 12704.8	415.3	3285.24	86.66
15	0 97918.8	299.8	0198.78	62.60	22	0 13122.6	417.8	3372.43	87.19
	10 98221.6	302.8	0262.02	63.24		10 13543.1	420.5	3460.16	87.73
	20 98527.5	305.9	0325.89	63.87		20 13966.0	422.9	3548.40	88.24
	30 98836.4	308.9	0390.39	64.50		30 14391.4	425.4	3637.17	88.77
	40 99148.3	311.9	0455.52	65.13		40 14819.4	428.0	3726.46	89.29
	50 99463.2	314.9	0521.27	65.75		50 15249.8	430.4	3816.27	89.81
16	0 99781.1	317.9	0587.65	66.38	23	0 15682.7	432.9	3906.59	90.32
	10 00102.0	320.9	0654.65	67.00		10 16118.0	435.3	3997.41	90.82
	20 00425.9	323.9	0722.27	67.62		20 16555.8	437.8	4088.75	91.34
	30 00752.7	326.8	0790.51	68.24		30 16996.0	440.2	4180.59	91.84
	40 01082.5	329.8	0859.36	68.85		40 17438.6	442.6	4272.93	92.34
	50 01415.2	332.7	0928.82	69.46		50 17883.6	445.0	4365.77	92.84
17	0 01750.8	335.6	0998.89	70.07	24	0 18331.0	447.4	4459.10	93.33
	10 02089.4	338.6	1069.58	70.69		10 18780.8	449.8	4552.93	93.83
	20 02430.8	341.4	1140.86	71.28		20 19232.9	452.1	4647.24	94.31
	30 02775.2	344.4	1212.75	71.89		30 19687.4	454.5	4742.04	94.80
	40 03122.4	347.2	1285.24	72.49		40 20144.1	456.7	4837.32	95.28
	50 03472.5	350.1	1358.33	73.09		50 20603.2	459.1	4933.08	95.76
18	0 03825.5	353.0	1432.02	73.69	25	0 21064.6	461.4	5029.31	96.23
	10 04181.3	355.8	1506.29	74.27		10 21528.2	463.6	5126.02	96.71
	20 04539.9	358.6	1581.16	74.87		20 21994.1	465.9	5223.19	97.17
	30 04901.4	361.5	1656.62	75.46		30 22462.3	468.2	5320.84	97.65
	40 05265.7	364.3	1732.66	76.04		40 22932.6	470.3	5418.94	98.10
	50 05632.8	367.1	1809.29	76.63		50 23405.2	472.6	5517.50	98.56
19	0 06002.6	369.8	1886.49	77.20	26	0 23880.0	474.8	5616.52	99.02
	10 06375.3	372.7	1964.28	77.79		10 24357.0	477.0	5716.00	99.48
	20 06750.7	375.4	2042.64	78.36		20 24836.1	479.1	5815.92	99.92
	30 07128.9	378.2	2121.57	78.93		30 25317.4	481.3	5916.28	100.36
	40 07509.8	380.9	2201.07	79.50		40 25800.8	483.4	6017.09	100.81
	50 07893.4	383.6	2281.14	80.07		50 26286.3	485.5	6118.34	101.25
20	0 08279.7	386.3	2361.78	80.64	27	0 26773.9	487.6	6220.03	101.69
	10 08668.8	389.1	2442.97	81.19		10 27263.7	489.8	6322.15	102.12
	20 09060.5	391.7	2524.73	81.76		20 27755.4	491.7	6424.69	102.54
	30 09454.9	394.4	2607.04	82.31		30 28249.3	493.9	6527.66	102.97
	40 09852.0	397.1	2689.91	82.87		40 28745.1	495.8	6631.06	103.40
	50 10251.7	399.7	2773.32	83.41		50 29243.0	497.9	6734.87	103.81
	60 10654.0	402.3	2857.29	83.97		60 29742.9	499.9	6839.10	104.23
	208		7.318			208		7.318	

TABLE II.—Radii of Curvature to the Meridian, and their Logarithms.

Latitude	Radii of Curvature in feet	Diff.	Logthms. of the Radii of Curvature	Diff.	Latitude	Radii of Curvature in feet	Diff.	Logthms. of the Radii of Curvature	Diff.
° ' 208			7' 318		° ' 208			7' 319	
28 °	29742' 9	+	6839,10	+	34 °	48927' 0	+	0837,08	+
10	30244' 8	501' 9	6943,73	104,63	10	49488' 7	561' 7	0954,09	117,01
20	30748' 6	503' 8	7048,78	105,05	20	50051' 7	563' 0	1071,37	117,28
30	31254' 4	505' 8	7154,23	105,45	30	50616' 1	564' 4	1188,91	117,54
40	31762' 2	507' 8	7260,08	105,85	40	51181' 7	565' 6	1306,73	117,82
50	32271' 8	509' 6	7366,33	106,25	50	51748' 6	566' 9	1424,80	118,07
29 °	32783' 3	511' 5	7472,97	106,64	35 °	52316' 7	568' 1	1543,13	118,33
10	33296' 8	513' 5	7580,01	107,04	10	52886' 1	569' 4	1661,72	118,59
20	33812' 1	515' 3	7687,43	107,42	20	53456' 7	570' 6	1780,55	118,83
30	34329' 2	517' 1	7795,23	107,80	30	54028' 5	571' 8	1899,63	119,08
40	34848' 2	519' 0	7903,41	108,18	40	54601' 5	573' 0	2018,95	119,32
50	35369' 0	520' 8	8011,97	108,56	50	55175' 6	574' 1	2138,50	119,55
30 °	35891' 6	522' 6	8120,90	108,93	36 °	55750' 8	575' 2	2258,29	119,79
10	36416' 0	524' 4	8230,19	109,29	10	56327' 2	576' 4	2378,31	120,02
20	36942' 1	526' 1	8339,86	109,67	20	56904' 6	577' 4	2498,55	120,24
30	37470' 0	527' 9	8449,88	110,02	30	57483' 1	578' 5	2619,01	120,46
40	37999' 6	529' 6	8560,26	110,38	40	58062' 7	579' 6	2739,69	120,68
50	38531' 0	531' 4	8671,00	110,74	50	58643' 3	580' 6	2860,58	120,89
31 °	39064' 0	533' 0	8782,08	111,08	37 °	59225' 0	581' 7	2981,68	121,10
10	39598' 7	534' 7	8893,51	111,43	10	59807' 6	582' 6	3102,99	121,31
20	40135' 0	536' 3	9005,28	111,77	20	60391' 2	583' 6	3224,49	121,50
30	40673' 0	538' 0	9117,39	112,11	30	60975' 8	584' 6	3346,20	121,71
40	41212' 6	539' 6	9229,84	112,45	40	61561' 3	585' 5	3468,09	121,89
50	41753' 8	541' 2	9342,61	112,77	50	62147' 8	586' 5	3590,17	122,08
32 °	42296' 6	542' 8	9455,72	113,11	38 °	62735' 1	587' 3	3712,44	122,27
10	42841' 0	544' 4	9569,14	113,42	10	63323' 3	588' 2	3834,88	122,44
20	43386' 9	545' 9	9682,89	113,75	20	63912' 4	589' 1	3957,51	122,63
30	43934' 3	547' 4	9796,95	114,06	30	64502' 3	589' 9	4080,30	122,79
40	44483' 2	548' 9	9911,33	114,38	40	65093' 1	590' 8	4203,26	122,96
50	45033' 7	550' 5	0026,01	114,68	50	65684' 6	591' 5	4326,38	123,12
33 °	45585' 6	551' 9	0141,00	114,99	39 °	66276' 9	592' 3	4449,66	123,28
10	46139' 0	553' 4	0256,28	115,28	10	66870' 0	593' 1	4573,10	123,44
20	46693' 8	554' 8	0371,86	115,58	20	67463' 8	593' 8	4696,69	123,59
30	47250' 0	556' 2	0487,74	115,88	30	68058' 4	594' 6	4820,43	123,74
40	47807' 6	557' 6	0603,90	116,16	40	68653' 6	595' 2	4944,30	123,87
50	48366' 6	559' 0	0720,35	116,45	50	69249' 5	595' 9	5068,32	124,02
60	48927' 0	560' 4	0837,08	116,73	60	69846' 1	596' 6	5192,47	124,15
	208		7' 319			208		7' 319	

TABLE III.—Logarithms of the Factor $\frac{(\rho + \nu)^2 \operatorname{cosec} 1''}{8 \rho^2 \nu^2}$ for computing the Spherical Excess of a Triangle.

Latitude	Logarithms	Latitude	Logarithms	Latitude	Logarithms	Latitude	Logarithms
0	10.37505	11	10.37484	22	10.37424	33	10.37333
1	505	12	480	23	417	34	324
2	504	13	476	24	409	35	315
3	503	14	471	25	402	36	305
4	502	15	466	26	394	37	295
5	500	16	461	27	386	38	286
6	498	17	455	28	377	39	276
7	496	18	450	29	369	40	266
8	494	19	444	30	360		
9	491	20	437	31	351		
10	487	21	431	32	342		

TABLE IV.—For determining the Spherical Excess in Secondary Operations.

Area of Triangle in Square Miles	Mean Latitude of Triangle								
	0°	5°	10°	15°	20°	25°	30°	35°	40°
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
5	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
10	.13	.13	.13	.13	.13	.13	.13	.13	.13
15	.20	.20	.20	.20	.20	.20	.20	.20	.20
20	.26	.26	.26	.26	.26	.26	.26	.26	.26
30	.40	.40	.40	.40	.40	.40	.40	.39	.39
40	.53	.53	.53	.53	.53	.53	.53	.53	.53
50	.66	.66	.66	.66	.66	.66	.66	.66	.66
60	.79	.79	.79	.79	.79	.79	.79	.79	.79
70	.93	.93	.93	.93	.92	.92	.92	.92	.92
80	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.05	1.05	1.05
90	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.18	1.18
100	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.32
200	2.64	2.64	2.64	2.64	2.64	2.64	2.64	2.63	2.63
300	3.97	3.97	3.97	3.96	3.96	3.96	3.95	3.95	3.95
400	5.29	5.29	5.29	5.28	5.28	5.28	5.27	5.27	5.26
500	6.61	6.61	6.61	6.61	6.60	6.60	6.59	6.58	6.58
600	7.93	7.93	7.93	7.93	7.92	7.92	7.91	7.90	7.89
700	9.26	9.26	9.25	9.25	9.24	9.23	9.23	9.22	9.21
800	10.58	10.58	10.57	10.57	10.56	10.55	10.54	10.53	10.52
900	11.90	11.90	11.90	11.89	11.88	11.87	11.86	11.85	11.84
1000	13.22	13.22	13.22	13.21	13.20	13.19	13.18	13.17	13.15

TABLE V.—Reciprocals of Numbers to facilitate the Computation of Weights of Observed Angles.

Numbers	Reciprocals	Numbers	Reciprocals	Numbers	Reciprocals	Numbers	Reciprocals	Numbers	Reciprocals
200·000		4·878		2·469		1·653		1·242	
	0·01		0·21		0·41		0·61		0·81
66·667		4·651		2·410		1·626		1·227	
	·02		·22		·42		·62		·82
40·000		4·444		2·353		1·600		1·212	
	·03		·23		·43		·63		·83
28·571		4·255		2·299		1·575		1·198	
	·04		·24		·44		·64		·84
22·222		4·082		2·247		1·550		1·183	
	·05		·25		·45		·65		·85
18·182		3·922		2·198		1·527		1·170	
	·06		·26		·46		·66		·86
15·385		3·774		2·151		1·504		1·156	
	·07		·27		·47		·67		·87
13·333		3·636		2·105		1·481		1·143	
	·08		·28		·48		·68		·88
11·765		3·509		2·062		1·460		1·130	
	·09		·29		·49		·69		·89
10·526		3·390		2·020		1·439		1·117	
	·10		·30		·50		·70		·90
9·524		3·279		1·980		1·418		1·105	
	·11		·31		·51		·71		·91
8·696		3·175		1·942		1·399		1·093	
	·12		·32		·52		·72		·92
8·000		3·077		1·905		1·379		1·081	
	·13		·33		·53		·73		·93
7·407		2·985		1·869		1·361		1·070	
	·14		·34		·54		·74		·94
6·897		2·899		1·835		1·342		1·058	
	·15		·35		·55		·75		·95
6·452		2·817		1·802		1·325		1·047	
	·16		·36		·56		·76		·96
6·061		2·740		1·770		1·307		1·036	
	·17		·37		·57		·77		·97
5·714		2·667		1·739		1·290		1·026	
	·18		·38		·58		·78		·98
5·405		2·597		1·709		1·274		1·015	
	·19		·39		·59		·79		·99
5·128		2·532		1·681		1·258		1·005	
	·20		·40		·60		·80		1·00
4·878		2·469		1·653		1·242		0·995	

TABLE VI.—Logarithms for facilitating the Computation of

Latitude	P	Diff.	Q	Diff.	R	Diff.	S	Diff.	T	Diff.
0										
0	3̄.9966950	—	1̄.9971076	+	8̄.38124	—	0.29814	+	Infinite	—
10	6949	1	1076	0	24	0	814	0	2.23814	Infinite
20	6948	1	1077	1	24	0	815	1	1.93712	30102
30	6947	1	1078	1	24	0	816	1	76105	17607
40	6944	3	1080	2	24	0	817	1	63614	12491
50	6941	3	1082	2	24	0	818	1	53927	9687
1										
0	3̄.9966937	4	1̄.9971085	3	8̄.38124	0	0.29820	2	1.46014	7913
10	6932	5	1088	3	24	0	823	3	39325	6689
20	6926	6	1092	4	24	0	826	3	33532	5793
30	6920	6	1096	4	24	0	829	3	28423	5109
40	6913	7	1101	5	24	0	832	3	23856	4567
50	6905	8	1106	5	24	0	836	4	19725	4131
2										
0	3̄.9966897	8	1̄.9971111	5	8̄.38124	0	0.29841	5	1.15956	3769
10	6888	9	1117	6	23	1	845	4	12490	3466
20	6878	10	1124	7	23	0	850	5	09283	3207
30	6868	10	1131	7	23	0	856	6	06299	2984
40	6856	12	1139	8	23	0	862	6	03509	2790
50	6844	12	1147	8	23	0	868	6	00890	2619
3										
0	3̄.9966831	13	1̄.9971155	8	8̄.38123	0	0.29874	6	0.98423	2467
10	6818	13	1164	9	23	0	881	7	96090	2333
20	6804	14	1174	10	23	0	888	7	93879	2211
30	6789	15	1184	10	22	1	896	8	91777	2102
40	6773	16	1194	10	22	0	904	8	89775	2002
50	6757	16	1205	11	22	0	912	8	87863	1912
4										
0	3̄.9966739	18	1̄.9971216	11	8̄.38122	0	0.29921	9	0.86034	1829
10	6722	17	1228	12	22	0	930	9	84282	1752
20	6703	19	1241	13	22	0	940	10	82600	1682
30	6684	19	1254	13	21	1	950	10	80983	1617
40	6664	20	1267	13	21	0	960	10	79427	1556
50	6643	21	1281	14	21	0	971	11	77927	1500
5										
0	3̄.9966621	22	1̄.9971295	14	8̄.38121	0	0.29982	11	0.76479	1448
10	6599	22	1310	15	20	1	993	11	75080	1399
20	6576	23	1325	15	20	0	0.30005	12	73728	1352
30	6553	23	1341	16	20	0	017	12	72418	1310
40	6528	25	1357	16	20	0	029	12	71150	1268
50	6503	25	1374	17	20	0	042	13	69919	1231
6										
0	3̄.9966477	26	1̄.9971391	17	8̄.38119	1	0.30055	13	0.68725	1194
10	6451	26	1409	18	19	0	069	14	67566	1159
20	6424	27	1427	18	19	0	083	14	66439	1127
30	6396	28	1446	19	18	1	098	15	65342	1097
40	6367	29	1465	19	18	0	112	14	64276	1066
50	6338	29	1484	19	18	0	127	15	63237	1039
60	6308	30	1504	20	18	0	143	16	62224	1013

Terrestrial Latitudes, Longitudes, and Reverse Azimuths.

Latitude	V	Diff.	U	Diff.	W	Diff.	X	Diff.	Y	Diff.	Z	Diff.
0	0	Inf. neg.	Infinite	Infinite	Infinite	Inf. neg.	Infinite	Infinite	Inf. neg.	Infinite	Infinite	Infinite
0	0	5.766	4.735	3.862	3.01	2.163	1.840	1.526	1.212	0.900	0.588	0.276
10	301	434	301	276	176	125	76	301	828	602	2.235	301
20	4.067	176	434	176	339	464	539	176	4.180	352	1.934	176
30	243	125	258	125	464	561	363	125	4.300	250	758	125
40	368	97	133	97	561	79	238	97	4.420	193	633	97
50	465	79	036	79	79	2.640	141	79	4.540	159	536	79
1	0	4.544	5.957	67	67	706	1.062	67	4.782	134	1.457	67
10	610	58	890	58	764	815	0.995	58	4.916	115	390	58
20	668	51	833	51	815	861	0.937	51	3.031	103	332	51
30	719	46	782	46	861	902	886	46	134	91	281	46
40	765	41	736	41	861	902	841	41	225	83	236	41
50	806	38	695	38	902	902	800	38	308	75	194	38
2	0	4.844	5.658	37	37	940	0.762	37	3.383	69	1.157	37
10	878	34	623	34	974	974	727	34	452	65	122	34
20	910	32	592	32	1.006	1.006	695	32	517	59	090	32
30	940	30	562	30	036	036	665	30	576	56	060	30
40	967	27	535	27	064	064	638	27	632	56	032	27
50	993	26	509	26	090	090	611	26	685	53	006	26
3	0	3.018	5.484	25	25	1.115	0.587	25	3.734	49	0.981	25
10	041	23	462	23	138	138	563	23	781	47	958	23
20	063	22	440	22	160	160	541	22	825	44	936	22
30	084	21	419	21	181	181	520	21	867	42	915	21
40	104	20	400	20	201	201	500	20	907	40	895	20
50	122	18	381	18	220	220	481	18	946	39	876	18
4	0	3.140	5.363	18	18	238	0.463	18	3.982	36	0.858	18
10	158	18	346	17	255	255	446	17	0.017	35	840	17
20	174	16	330	16	272	272	429	16	051	34	823	16
30	190	16	314	16	288	288	413	16	084	33	807	16
40	205	15	300	14	303	303	397	15	115	31	792	15
50	220	15	285	15	318	318	382	15	145	30	777	15
5	0	3.234	5.271	14	14	332	0.368	14	2.174	29	0.762	14
10	248	14	258	13	346	346	354	14	202	28	748	14
20	261	13	245	13	360	360	340	14	229	27	734	14
30	274	13	233	12	372	372	327	13	255	26	721	13
40	286	12	221	12	385	385	315	12	281	26	709	12
50	298	12	209	12	397	397	303	12	306	25	696	12
6	0	3.309	5.198	11	11	409	0.291	12	2.330	24	0.684	12
10	321	12	187	11	420	420	279	12	353	23	673	11
20	332	11	177	10	431	431	268	11	376	23	662	11
30	342	10	167	10	442	442	257	11	398	22	651	11
40	351	10	157	10	452	452	247	10	419	21	640	11
50	362	10	147	10	463	463	236	11	440	21	630	10
60	372	10	138	9	472	472	226	10	461	21	619	11

TABLE VI.—Logarithms for facilitating the Computation of

Latitude	P	Diff.	Q	Diff.	R	Diff.	S	Diff.	T	Diff.
°		—		+		—		+		—
7	0	31	1	21	8	I	0	16	0	986
	10	32	1525	21	17	O	159	16	61238	963
	20	32	1546	21	17	O	175	17	60275	939
	30	33	1567	22	17	I	192	17	59336	917
	40	33	1589	23	16	O	209	17	58419	896
	50		1612		16		226		57523	
8	0	35	1	23	8	O		18	0	875
	10	35	1635	23	15	I	0	18	56648	856
	20	36	1658	24	15	O	262	19	55792	837
	30	36	1682	24	15	O	281	19	54955	819
	40	37	1706	25	15	I	300	19	54136	801
	50	38	1731	25	14	O	319	20	53335	784
			1756		14		339		52551	
9	0	38	1	26	8	I		20		768
	10	40	1782	26	13	O	0	20	51783	753
	20	40	1808	26	13	O	379	21	51030	737
	30	40	1834	27	13	I	400	21	50293	723
	40	42	1861	28	12	O	421	22	49570	709
	50	42	1889	28	12	I	443	22	48861	695
			1917		11		465		48166	
10	0	42	1	28	8	O		22		682
	10	44	1945	29	11	O	0	23	47484	669
	20	44	1974	30	11	I	510	23	46815	656
	30	44	2004	30	10	O	533	24	46159	645
	40	46	2034	30	10	I	557	24	45514	633
	50	46	2064	31	09	O	581	24	44881	621
			2095		09		605		44260	
11	0	47	1	31	8	I		25		611
	10	47	2126	31	08	O	0	25	43649	599
	20	48	2157	33	08	I	655	25	43050	590
	30	49	2190	32	07	O	680	26	42460	579
	40	50	2222	33	07	I	706	26	41881	570
	50	50	2255	34	06	O	732	27	41311	560
			2289		06		759		40751	
12	0	51	1	33	8	I		27		550
	10	51	2322	35	05	O	0	27	40201	542
	20	52	2357	35	05	I	813	28	39659	532
	30	53	2392	35	04	O	841	28	39127	524
	40	54	2427	35	04	I	869	29	38603	516
	50	54	2462	37	03	O	898	29	38087	507
			2499		03		927		37580	
13	0	55	1	36	8	I		29		500
	10	55	2535	37	02	O	0	30	37080	491
	20	56	2572	38	02	I	986	30	36589	484
	30	57	2610	37	01	O	0	30	36105	477
	40	58	2647	39	00	O	046	31	35628	469
	50	58	2686	38	00	I	077	32	35159	462
	60	58	2724	40	00	O	109	31	34697	455
			2764		99		140		34242	

Terrestrial Latitudes, Longitudes, and Reverse Azimuths.

Latitude	V	Diff.	U	Diff.	W	Diff.	X	Diff.	Y	Diff.	Z	Diff.
°		+		-		+		-		+		-
7	0	3' 372	5' 138	9	1' 472	10	0' 226	10	2' 461	19	0' 619	9
	10	381	129	8	482	9	216	9	480	20	610	10
	20	390	121	9	491	9	207	9	500	19	600	9
	30	399	112	9	501	10	198	8	519	19	591	9
	40	408	104	8	509	9	188	10	537	18	581	10
	50	416	096	8	518	8	180	8	555	18	573	8
8	0	3' 425	5' 088	9	1' 527	9	0' 171	9	2' 573	18	0' 564	9
	10	433	081	7	535	8	162	8	590	17	555	9
	20	440	074	7	543	8	154	8	607	17	547	8
	30	448	066	8	551	8	146	8	624	17	539	8
	40	456	060	8	559	8	138	8	640	16	531	8
	50	463	053	7	566	7	130	8	656	16	523	8
9	0	3' 470	5' 046	7	1' 574	8	0' 123	7	2' 672	16	0' 515	8
	10	477	040	7	581	7	115	8	687	15	508	7
	20	484	034	7	588	7	108	7	702	15	500	8
	30	490	028	6	595	7	101	7	716	14	493	7
	40	497	022	6	602	7	094	7	731	15	486	7
	50	503	016	6	608	6	087	7	745	14	479	7
10	0	3' 509	5' 011	6	1' 615	7	0' 080	7	2' 759	14	0' 472	7
	10	515	005	6	621	6	074	6	772	13	466	6
	20	521	000	6	627	6	067	7	786	14	459	7
	30	527	6' 995	5	634	7	061	6	799	13	453	6
	40	532	990	5	640	6	055	6	812	13	446	7
	50	538	985	6	645	5	049	6	824	12	440	6
11	0	3' 543	6' 981	5	1' 651	6	0' 043	6	2' 837	13	0' 434	6
	10	548	976	5	657	6	037	6	849	12	428	6
	20	554	972	6	662	5	031	6	861	12	422	6
	30	559	967	5	668	6	025	6	873	12	416	6
	40	563	963	4	673	5	020	5	885	12	411	5
	50	568	959	5	678	5	014	6	896	11	405	6
12	0	3' 573	6' 955	5	1' 684	6	0' 009	5	2' 908	12	0' 399	6
	10	578	951	5	689	5	003	6	919	11	394	5
	20	582	947	4	694	5	1' 998	5	930	11	389	5
	30	586	944	4	698	4	993	5	940	10	384	5
	40	591	940	5	703	5	988	5	951	11	378	6
	50	595	937	4	708	5	983	5	962	11	373	5
13	0	3' 599	6' 933	4	1' 713	5	1' 978	5	2' 972	10	0' 368	5
	10	603	930	4	717	4	973	5	982	10	363	5
	20	607	927	4	722	5	968	5	992	10	359	4
	30	611	924	4	726	4	964	4	1' 002	10	354	5
	40	615	921	4	730	4	959	4	012	10	349	5
	50	618	918	3	734	4	954	5	021	9	345	4
	60	622	915	4	739	5	950	4	031	10	340	5

TABLE VI.—Logarithms for facilitating the Computation of

Latitude	P	Diff.	Q	Diff.	R	Diff.	S	Diff.	T	Diff.	
°		—		+		—		+		—	
14	0	3̄.9964419	60	1̄.9972764	39	8̄.38099	I	0̄.31140	32	0̄.34242	448
	10	4359	60	2803	40	98	I	172	33	33794	442
	20	4299	61	2843	41	97	O	205	33	33352	435
	30	4238	61	2884	41	97	I	238	33	32917	429
	40	4177	62	2925	41	96	O	271	34	32488	422
	50	4115		2966	41	96		305		32066	
15	0	3̄.9964053	62	1̄.9973008	42	8̄.38095	I	0̄.31339	34	0̄.31649	417
	10	3989	64	3050	42	94	O	373	34	31239	410
	20	3925	64	3092	42	94	O	408	35	30835	404
	30	3861	64	3135	43	93	I	443	35	30436	399
	40	3796	65	3179	44	92	I	479	36	30043	393
	50	3730	66	3223	44	92	O	515	36	29655	388
16	0	3̄.9963664	66	1̄.9973267	44	8̄.38091	I	0̄.31552	37	0̄.29273	382
	10	3597	67	3312	45	90	O	588	36	28896	377
	20	3529	68	3357	45	90	O	626	38	28525	371
	30	3461	68	3402	45	89	I	663	37	28158	367
	40	3392	69	3448	46	88	I	701	38	27797	361
	50	3323	69	3494	46	88	O	740	39	27440	357
17	0	3̄.9963252	71	1̄.9973541	47	8̄.38087	I	0̄.31779	39	0̄.27089	351
	10	3182	70	3588	47	86	O	818	39	26742	347
	20	3110	72	3636	48	86	O	858	40	26400	342
	30	3039	71	3684	48	85	I	898	40	26062	338
	40	2966	73	3732	48	84	I	938	40	25729	333
	50	2893	73	3781	49	83	I	979	41	25400	329
18	0	3̄.9962819	74	1̄.9973830	49	8̄.38083	O	0̄.32021	42	0̄.25076	324
	10	2745	74	3879	49	82	I	062	41	24756	320
	20	2670	75	3929	50	81	I	105	43	24440	316
	30	2595	75	3980	51	80	I	147	42	24128	312
	40	2519	76	4030	50	80	O	190	43	23821	307
	50	2442	77	4081	51	79	I	234	44	23517	304
19	0	3̄.9962365	77	1̄.9974133	52	8̄.38078	I	0̄.32277	43	0̄.23217	300
	10	2287	78	4185	52	77	O	322	45	22922	295
	20	2209	78	4237	52	77	O	366	44	22630	292
	30	2130	79	4289	52	76	I	411	45	22341	289
	40	2050	80	4342	53	75	I	457	46	22057	284
	50	1970	80	4396	54	74	I	503	46	21776	281
20	0	3̄.9961890	80	1̄.9974450	54	8̄.38073	I	0̄.32549	46	0̄.21498	278
	10	1808	82	4504	54	73	O	596	47	21225	273
	20	1727	81	4558	54	72	I	643	47	20954	271
	30	1644	83	4613	55	71	I	690	48	20687	267
	40	1561	83	4668	55	70	I	738	47	20424	263
	50	1478	83	4724	56	69	I	787	49	20163	261
	60	1394	84	4780	56	68	I	836	49	19906	257

Terrestrial Latitudes, Longitudes, and Reverse Azimuths.

Latitude	V	Diff.	U	Diff.	W	Diff.	X	Diff.	Y	Diff.	Z	Diff.
°		+		-		+		-		+		-
14	0	3.622	6.915	1.739	1.950	1.031	0.340					
	10	626	913	743	946	040	336					
	20	629	910	747	941	049	331					
	30	632	907	751	937	058	327					
	40	636	905	755	933	067	323					
	50	639	903	758	929	076	318					
15	0	3.642	6.900	1.762	1.925	1.085	0.314					
	10	645	898	766	920	093	310					
	20	648	896	769	916	102	306					
	30	651	894	773	913	110	302					
	40	654	892	777	909	119	298					
	50	657	890	780	905	127	294					
16	0	3.659	6.888	1.783	1.901	1.135	0.290					
	10	662	886	787	897	143	287					
	20	665	885	790	894	151	283					
	30	667	883	793	890	158	279					
	40	670	882	796	887	166	276					
	50	672	880	800	883	174	272					
17	0	3.675	6.879	1.803	1.880	1.181	0.269					
	10	677	877	806	876	189	265					
	20	679	876	809	873	196	262					
	30	681	875	812	869	203	258					
	40	683	874	815	866	210	255					
	50	685	873	817	863	217	252					
18	0	3.687	6.872	1.820	1.860	1.224	0.249					
	10	689	871	823	856	231	245					
	20	691	870	826	853	238	242					
	30	693	869	828	850	245	239					
	40	695	868	831	847	251	236					
	50	697	867	834	844	258	233					
19	0	3.698	6.867	1.836	1.841	1.265	0.230					
	10	700	866	839	838	271	227					
	20	702	866	841	835	277	224					
	30	703	865	844	832	284	221					
	40	705	865	846	829	290	219					
	50	706	864	848	827	296	216					
20	0	3.708	6.864	1.851	1.824	1.302	0.213					
	10	709	864	853	821	303	210					
	20	710	863	855	818	314	208					
	30	711	863	858	816	320	205					
	40	713	863	860	813	326	202					
	50	714	863	862	810	332	200					
	60	715	863	864	808	338	197					

TABLE VI.—Logarithms for facilitating the Computation of

Latitude	P	Diff.	Q	Diff.	R	Diff.	S	Diff.	T	Diff.	
°											
'											
21	0	3̄.9961394	—	1̄.9974780	+	8̄.38068	—	0.32836	+	0.19906	—
	10	1310	84	4836	56	68	0	885	49	19653	253
	20	1224	86	4893	57	67	I	935	50	19402	251
	30	1139	85	4950	57	66	I	985	50	19154	248
	40	1053	86	5007	57	65	I	0.33035	50	18910	244
	50	0966	87	5065	58	64	I	086	51	18669	241
22	0	3̄.9960879	87	1̄.9975123	58	8̄.38063	I	0.33138	52	0.18430	239
	10	0791	88	5182	59	62	0	189	51	18195	235
	20	0703	88	5241	59	62	O	242	53	17962	233
	30	0614	89	5300	59	61	I	294	52	17732	230
	40	0525	89	5359	59	60	I	348	54	17506	226
	50	0435	90	5419	60	59	I	401	53	17281	225
23	0	3̄.9960345	90	1̄.9975479	60	8̄.38058	I	0.33455	54	0.17060	221
	10	0254	91	5540	61	57	I	510	55	16841	219
	20	0163	91	5601	61	56	I	565	55	16625	216
	30	0071	92	5662	61	55	I	620	55	16412	213
	40	3̄.9959978	93	5724	62	54	I	676	56	16201	211
	50	9886	92	5786	62	53	I	732	56	15993	208
24	0	3̄.9959792	94	1̄.9975848	62	8̄.38052	I	0.33788	56	0.15788	205
	10	9698	94	5910	62	51	I	846	58	15584	204
	20	9604	94	5973	63	51	O	903	57	15384	200
	30	9509	95	6036	63	50	I	961	58	15185	199
	40	9414	95	6100	64	49	I	0.34020	59	14990	195
	50	9318	96	6164	64	48	I	078	58	14796	194
25	0	3̄.9959222	96	1̄.9976228	64	8̄.38047	I	0.34138	60	0.14605	191
	10	9125	97	6292	64	46	I	197	59	14416	189
	20	9028	97	6357	65	45	I	258	61	14229	187
	30	8930	98	6422	65	44	I	318	60	14045	184
	40	8832	98	6488	66	43	I	380	62	13863	182
	50	8734	98	6553	65	42	I	441	61	13683	180
26	0	3̄.9958635	99	1̄.9976619	66	8̄.38041	I	0.34503	62	0.13505	178
	10	8535	100	6686	67	40	I	566	63	13330	175
	20	8435	100	6752	66	39	I	629	63	13156	174
	30	8335	100	6819	67	38	I	692	63	12984	172
	40	8234	101	6886	67	37	I	756	64	12815	169
	50	8133	101	6954	68	36	I	820	64	12648	167
27	0	3̄.9958031	102	1̄.9977022	68	8̄.38035	I	0.34885	65	0.12482	166
	10	7929	102	7090	68	34	I	950	65	12319	163
	20	7827	102	7158	68	33	I	0.35016	66	12157	162
	30	7724	103	7227	69	32	I	082	66	11998	159
	40	7620	104	7296	69	31	I	149	67	11840	158
	50	7516	104	7365	69	30	I	216	67	11685	155
	60	7412	104	7435	70	29	I	284	68	11531	154

Terrestrial Latitudes, Longitudes, and Reverse Azimuths.

Latitude	V	Diff.	U	Diff.	W	Diff.	X	Diff.	Y	Diff.	Z	Diff.
21	0	3 715	+ I 6 863	+	1 864	+	1 808	-	1 338	+	0 197	-
10	716	I	863	0	866	2	805	3	343	5	195	2
20	717	I	863	0	868	2	802	3	349	6	192	3
30	718	I	863	0	870	2	800	2	355	5	190	2
40	719	I	863	0	872	2	797	3	360	5	187	3
50	720	I	863	0	874	2	795	2	366	6	185	2
22	0	3 721	I 6 864	I	1 876	2	1 793	2	1 371	5	0 182	3
10	722	I	864	0	878	2	790	3	376	5	180	2
20	722	I	864	0	880	2	788	3	382	6	178	2
30	723	I	865	0	882	2	785	2	387	5	175	3
40	724	I	865	0	884	2	783	2	392	5	173	2
50	724	0	866	I	885	I	781	2	397	5	171	2
23	0	3 725	I 6 866	0	1 887	2	1 778	3	1 403	6	0 169	2
10	726	I	867	0	889	2	776	2	408	5	167	2
20	726	I	868	0	891	2	774	2	413	5	164	3
30	727	I	868	0	892	2	771	3	418	5	162	2
40	727	0	869	I	894	2	769	2	423	5	160	2
50	727	0	870	I	896	2	767	2	428	5	158	2
24	0	3 728	I 6 870	0	1 897	I	1 765	2	1 432	4	0 156	2
10	728	I	871	0	899	2	763	2	437	5	154	2
20	728	I	872	0	900	I	761	3	442	5	152	2
30	729	I	873	0	902	2	758	3	447	5	150	2
40	729	I	874	0	903	I	756	2	451	4	148	2
50	729	0	875	I	905	2	754	2	456	5	146	2
25	0	3 729	0 6 876	I	1 906	I	1 752	2	1 461	5	0 144	2
10	729	0	877	I	908	2	750	2	465	4	143	I
20	729	0	878	I	909	I	748	2	470	5	141	2
30	729	0	880	2	911	2	746	2	474	4	139	2
40	729	0	881	I	912	2	744	2	479	5	137	2
50	729	0	882	I	914	I	742	2	483	4	135	2
26	0	3 729	0 6 883	I	1 915	I	1 740	2	1 487	4	0 133	2
10	729	0	885	2	916	I	738	2	492	5	132	I
20	729	0	886	I	918	2	736	2	496	4	130	2
30	729	0	888	2	919	I	734	2	500	4	128	2
40	729	0	889	I	920	I	732	2	505	5	127	I
50	728	- I	890	I	921	I	730	2	509	4	125	2
27	0	3 728	0 6 892	2	1 923	2	1 729	I	1 513	4	0 123	2
10	728	0	894	2	924	I	727	2	517	4	122	I
20	727	0	895	I	925	I	725	2	521	4	120	2
30	727	0	897	2	926	I	723	2	525	4	119	I
40	727	0	898	I	927	I	721	2	529	4	117	2
50	726	0	900	2	929	2	719	2	533	4	115	2
60	726	0	902	2	930	I	717	2	537	4	114	I

TABLE VI.—Logarithms for facilitating the Computation of

Latitude	P	Diff.	Q'	Diff.	R	Diff.	S	Diff.	T	Diff.
°	'	—	—	+	—	—	+	—	—	—
28	0	3̄.9957412	1̄.9977435	69	8̄.38029	1	0̄.35284	68	0̄.11531	—
	10	7308	7504	70	28	1	352	69	11379	152
	20	7203	7574	71	27	2	421	69	11228	151
	30	7097	7645	70	25	1	490	69	11080	148
	40	6991	7715	71	24	1	559	69	10933	147
	50	6885	7786	71	23	1	629	70	10788	145
29	0	3̄.9956778	1̄.9977857	71	8̄.38022	1	0̄.35700	71	0̄.10645	143
	10	6671	7928	71	21	1	771	71	10504	141
	20	6564	8000	72	20	1	842	71	10364	140
	30	6456	8072	72	19	1	914	72	10226	138
	40	6348	8144	72	18	1	986	72	10089	137
	50	6239	8216	72	17	1	0̄.36059	73	09955	134
30	0	3̄.9956130	1̄.9978289	73	8̄.38016	1	0̄.36133	74	0̄.09821	134
	10	6021	8362	73	15	1	207	74	09690	131
	20	5911	8435	73	14	1	281	74	09560	130
	30	5801	8508	73	13	2	356	75	09431	129
	40	5691	8582	74	11	1	431	75	09304	127
	50	5580	8656	74	10	1	507	76	09179	125
31	0	3̄.9955469	1̄.9978730	74	8̄.38009	1	0̄.36584	77	0̄.09055	124
	10	5358	8804	74	08	1	661	77	08932	123
	20	5246	8879	75	07	1	738	77	08811	121
	30	5134	8953	74	06	1	816	78	08692	119
	40	5021	9028	75	05	1	894	78	08574	118
	50	4909	9104	76	04	1	973	79	08457	117
32	0	3̄.9954796	1̄.9979179	75	8̄.38002	2	0̄.37053	80	0̄.08342	115
	10	4682	9255	76	01	1	133	80	08228	114
	20	4568	9330	75	00	1	213	80	08115	113
	30	4454	9406	76	8̄.37999	1	294	81	08004	111
	40	4340	9483	77	98	1	376	82	07894	110
	50	4225	9559	76	97	1	458	82	07786	108
33	0	3̄.9954110	1̄.9979636	77	8̄.37996	1	0̄.37540	82	0̄.07678	108
	10	3995	9713	77	94	2	623	83	07572	106
	20	3879	9790	77	93	1	707	84	07468	104
	30	3764	9867	77	92	1	791	84	07364	104
	40	3647	9944	77	91	1	876	85	07262	102
	50	3531	1̄.9980022	78	90	1	961	85	07161	101
34	0	3̄.9953414	1̄.9980100	78	8̄.37989	1	0̄.38047	86	0̄.07062	99
	10	3297	0178	78	87	2	133	86	06963	99
	20	3180	0256	78	86	1	220	87	06866	97
	30	3062	0334	78	85	1	307	87	06770	96
	40	2945	0413	79	84	1	395	88	06675	95
	50	2827	0492	79	83	1	483	88	06581	94
	60	2708	0571	79	82	1	572	89	06488	93

Terrestrial Latitudes, Longitudes, and Reverse Azimuths.

Latitude	V	Diff.	U	Diff.	W	Diff.	X	Diff.	Y	Diff.	Z	Diff.
°		—		+		+		—		+		—
28	0	3.726	6.902	2	1.930	1	1.717	1	1.537	4	0.114	2
	10	725	904	2	931	1	716	2	541	4	112	1
	20	725	906	1	932	1	714	2	545	4	111	2
	30	724	907	2	933	1	712	2	549	4	109	1
	40	724	909	2	934	1	710	1	553	4	108	1
	50	723	911		935		709		557		107	
29	0	3.722	6.913	2	1.936	1	1.707	2	1.561	4	0.105	2
	10	722	915	2	937	1	705	2	565	4	104	2
	20	721	917	2	938	1	703	1	568	3	102	1
	30	720	919	2	939	1	702	1	572	4	101	1
	40	719	921	3	940	1	700	2	576	4	100	2
	50	718	924		941		698		580		098	
30	0	3.718	6.926	2	1.942	1	1.697	1	1.583	3	0.097	1
	10	717	928	2	943	1	695	2	587	4	096	2
	20	716	930	2	944	1	693	2	590	3	094	1
	30	715	932	2	945	1	692	1	594	4	093	1
	40	714	935	3	946	1	690	2	598	4	092	1
	50	713	937	2	947	1	688	2	601	3	091	1
31	0	3.712	6.939	2	1.947	0	1.687	1	1.605	4	0.089	2
	10	711	942	3	948	1	685	2	608	3	088	1
	20	710	944	2	949	1	684	1	612	4	087	1
	30	708	947	3	950	1	682	2	615	3	086	1
	40	707	949	2	951	1	680	2	619	4	085	1
	50	706	952	3	952	1	679	1	622	3	083	2
32	0	3.705	6.954	2	1.952	0	1.677	2	1.625	3	0.082	1
	10	704	957	3	953	1	676	1	629	4	081	1
	20	702	960	3	954	1	674	2	632	3	080	1
	30	701	962	2	955	1	672	2	635	3	079	1
	40	700	965	3	955	0	671	1	639	4	078	1
	50	698	968	3	956	1	669	2	642	3	077	1
33	0	3.697	6.971	3	1.957	1	1.668	1	1.645	3	0.076	1
	10	696	973	2	958	1	666	2	649	4	075	1
	20	694	976	3	958	0	665	1	652	3	074	1
	30	693	979	3	959	1	663	2	655	3	073	1
	40	691	982	3	960	1	662	1	658	3	072	1
	50	690	985	3	960	0	660	2	661	3	071	1
34	0	3.688	6.988	3	1.961	1	1.659	1	1.665	4	0.070	1
	10	687	991	3	962	1	657	2	668	3	069	1
	20	685	994	3	962	0	656	1	671	3	068	1
	30	683	997	3	963	1	654	2	674	3	067	1
	40	682	5.000	3	963	0	653	1	677	3	066	1
	50	680	003	3	964	1	651	2	680	3	065	1
	60	678	006	3	965	1	650	1	683	3	064	1

TABLE VI.—Logarithms for facilitating the Computation of

Latitude	P	Diff.	Q	Diff.	R	Diff.	S	Diff.	T	Diff.
°		—		+		—		+		—
35	0	3̄.9952708	1̄.9980571	8̄.37982	0̄.38572	0̄.06488				
	10	2590	0650	79	80	662	90	06397	91	
	20	2471	0729	79	79	752	90	06306	91	
	30	2352	0808	79	78	842	90	06217	89	
	40	2232	0888	80	77	934	92	06129	88	
	50	2113	0967	79	76	0̄.39025	91	06042	87	
36	0	3̄.9951993	1̄.9981047	8̄.37974	0̄.39118	0̄.05956	93	05871	86	
	10	1873	1127	80	73	211	93	05787	85	
	20	1753	1207	80	72	304	93	05704	84	
	30	1632	1288	81	71	398	94	05622	83	
	40	1512	1368	80	70	493	95	05541	82	
	50	1391	1449	81	68	588	95	05461	81	
37	0	3̄.9951270	1̄.9981530	8̄.37967	0̄.39683	0̄.05461	95	05382	80	
	10	1148	1610	80	66	780	97	05304	79	
	20	1027	1691	81	65	877	97	05227	78	
	30	0905	1773	82	64	974	97	05151	77	
	40	0783	1854	81	62	0̄.40072	98	05076	76	
	50	0661	1935	81	61	171	99		75	
38	0	3̄.9950539	1̄.9982017	8̄.37960	0̄.40270	0̄.05002	99	04928	74	
	10	0416	2098	81	59	370	100	04856	74	
	20	0294	2180	82	57	470	100	04785	72	
	30	0171	2262	82	56	571	101	04714	71	
	40	0048	2344	82	55	673	102	04644	71	
	50	3̄.9949925	2426	82	54	775	102		70	
39	0	3̄.9949802	1̄.9982508	8̄.37953	0̄.40878	0̄.04576	103	04508	68	
	10	9678	2591	83	51	981	103	04441	68	
	20	9555	2673	82	50	0̄.41085	104	04374	67	
	30	9431	2755	82	49	190	105	04309	67	
	40	9307	2838	83	48	295	105	04244	65	
	50	9183	2921	83	46	401	106	04181	65	
	60	9059	3003	82	45	508	107		63	

Terrestrial Latitudes, Longitudes, and Reverse Azimuths.

Latitude	V	Diff.	U	Diff.	W	Diff.	X	Diff.	Y	Diff.	Z	Diff.
35	0	—	5°006	+	1°965	+	1°650	—	1°683	+	0°064	—
	10	2	010	4	965	0	648	2	686	3	063	I
	20	1	013	3	966	0	647	1	689	3	062	I
	30	2	016	3	966	0	645	2	692	3	061	I
	40	2	019	3	967	0	644	1	695	3	060	I
	50	2	023	4	967	0	642	2	698	3	059	I
36	0	2	5°026	3	1°968	I	1°641	1	1°701	3	0°059	0
	10	2	029	3	969	I	639	2	704	3	058	I
	20	2	033	4	969	0	638	1	707	3	057	I
	30	2	036	3	970	0	636	2	710	3	056	I
	40	2	040	4	970	0	635	1	713	3	055	0
	50	2	043	3	971	I	633	2	716	3	055	0
37	0	2	5°047	4	1°971	0	1°632	1	1°719	3	0°054	I
	10	2	050	3	972	0	631	2	722	3	053	I
	20	2	054	4	972	0	629	1	725	3	052	I
	30	2	057	3	973	0	628	1	728	3	051	I
	40	2	061	4	973	0	626	2	731	3	051	0
	50	2	065	4	974	I	625	1	734	3	050	I
38	0	3	5°068	3	1°974	0	1°623	2	1°736	2	0°049	I
	10	2	072	4	975	0	622	1	739	3	049	0
	20	2	076	4	975	0	620	2	742	3	048	I
	30	2	080	4	975	0	619	1	745	3	047	I
	40	3	084	4	976	0	618	1	748	3	046	0
	50	2	088	4	976	0	616	2	751	3	046	0
39	0	3	5°091	3	1°977	I	1°615	1	1°753	2	0°045	I
	10	2	095	4	977	0	613	2	756	3	044	0
	20	2	099	4	977	0	612	1	759	3	044	I
	30	3	103	4	977	0	610	2	761	2	043	I
	40	2	107	4	978	0	609	1	764	3	042	I
	50	3	111	4	979	0	608	1	767	3	042	0
	60	2	115	4	979	0	606	2	770	3	041	I

TABLE VII.—Directions for applying the Signs to the
When station *A* lies to the *north* of the Equator.

Terms of the Formulæ	Magnitude of the given Azimuth <i>A</i>			
	0° to 90°	90° to 180°	180° to 270°	270° to 360°
$\delta_1 \lambda$	—	+	+	—
$\delta_1 L$	—	—	+	+
$\delta_1 A$	—	—	+	+
$\delta_2 \lambda$	—	—	—	—
$\delta_2 L$	+	—	+	—
$\delta_2 A$	+	—	+	—
$\delta_3 \lambda$	—	—	—	—
$\delta_3 L$	—	—	+	+
$\delta_3 A$	—	—	+	+
$\delta_4 \lambda$	+	—	—	+
$\delta_4 L$	+	+	—	—
$\delta_4 A$	+	+	—	—

NOTE.—The Azimuth is to be reckoned from South by West.

Terms of the Latitude, Longitude and Azimuth Formulæ.

When station A lies to the *south* of the Equator.

Terms of the Formulæ	Magnitude of the given Azimuth A			
	0° to 90°	90° to 180°	180° to 270°	270° to 360°
$\delta_1 \lambda$	+	-	-	+
$\delta_1 L$	-	-	+	+
$\delta_1 A$	+	+	-	-
$\delta_2 \lambda$	-	-	-	-
$\delta_2 L$	-	+	-	+
$\delta_2 A$	+	-	+	-
$\delta_3 \lambda$	-	-	-	-
$\delta_3 L$	-	-	+	+
$\delta_3 A$	+	+	-	-
$\delta_4 \lambda$	-	+	+	-
$\delta_4 L$	+	+	-	-
$\delta_4 A$	-	-	+	+

NOTE.—The Azimuth is to be reckoned from South by West.

TABLE VIII.—For calculating Azimuths and Distances of Points of which the Latitudes and Longitudes are known.

Lat.	R'	Diff.	S'	Diff.	T'	Diff.	Lat.	R'	Diff.	S'	Diff.	T'	Diff.
0	Inf. neg.	+	Inf. neg.	+	6.38454	+	5	7.32606	+	7.62466	+	6.38944	+
0	9.85116	Inf.	8.14641	Inf.	38455	1	0	1408	63897	1431	6.38977	33	
10	30102		30103		38457	2	10	1364	65284	1387	39012	35	
20	8.15218	17608	44744	17610	38460	3	20	35378	1320	1345	39047	35	
30	32826	12492	62354	12495	38463	3	30	36698	1280	1304	39083	36	
40	45318	9689	74849	9692	38468	5	40	37978	1242	67933	1268	39083	37
50	55007		84541				50	39220		69201		39120	
1	8.62923	7916	8.92460	7919	6.38474	6	6	7.40425	1205	7.70433	1232	6.39159	39
0	6691	6691	99157	6697	38481	7	0	1172	71633	1200	1200	39198	39
10	69614	5796	7.04958	5801	38490	9	10	41597	1140	72800	1167	39239	41
20	75410	5111	10075	5117	38499	9	20	42737	1109	73938	1138	39280	41
30	80521	4571	14653	4578	38509	10	30	43846	1080	75047	1109	39323	43
40	85092	4134	18795	4142	38521	12	40	44926	1052	76130	1083	39367	44
50	89226						50	45978					
2	8.92999	3773	7.22577	3782	6.38533	12	7	7.47004	1026	7.77187	1057	6.39411	44
0	3470	3470	26056	3479	38547	14	0	1001	78220	1033	1033	39457	46
10	96469	3212	29278	3222	38561	14	10	48005	977	79229	1009	39504	47
20	99681	2989	32278	3000	38578	17	20	48982	953	80216	987	39552	48
30	7.02670	2795	35085	2807	38594	16	30	49935	932	81182	966	39601	49
40	05465	2625	37722	2637	38612	18	40	50867	911	82128	946	39651	50
50	08090						50	51778					
3	7.10563	2473	7.40209	2487	6.38631	19	8	7.52669	891	7.83054	926	6.39702	51
0	2339	2339	42561	2352	38652	21	0	871	83962	908	908	39754	52
10	12902	2218	44794	2233	38673	21	10	53540	853	84852	890	39807	53
20	15120	2109	46918	2124	38695	22	20	54393	835	85724	872	39861	54
30	17229	2010	48944	2026	38718	23	30	55228	818	86581	857	39916	55
40	19239	1919	50880	1936	38743	25	40	56046	801	87421	840	39972	56
50	21158						50	56847					
4	7.22995	1837	7.52734	1854	6.38769	26	9	7.57632	785	7.88247	826	6.40029	57
0	1761	1761	54513	1779	38795	26	0	770	80957	810	810	40087	58
10	24756	1690	56223	1710	38823	28	10	58402	755	89854	797	40146	59
20	26446	1626	57868	1645	38852	29	20	59157	740	90637	783	40207	61
30	28072	1566	59455	1587	38882	30	30	59897	727	91407	770	40268	61
40	29638	1510	60986	1531	38912	30	40	60624	713	92164	757	40330	62
50	31148	1458	62466	1480	38944	32	50	61337	700	92909	745	40393	63
5	32606						10	62037					

Lat.	U'	Diff.	Y'	Diff.	V'	Diff.	X'	Diff.	W'	Diff.	Z'	Diff.
0	12.888	+	Inf. neg.	+	Inf. neg.	+	12.593	+	Inf. neg.	+	Inf. neg.	+
0	889	1	15.378	Infinite	10.926	Infinite	593	0	13.528	Infinite	14.805	Infinite
1	890	1	980	602	9.226	300	594	1	830	302	13.136	301
2	892	2	14.332	352	402	176	596	2	007	177	313	177
3	895	3	581	249	526	124	597	1	132	125	439	126
4												
5	12.898	3	14.775	194	9.622	96	600	3	230	98	13.537	98
6	902	4	932	157	701	79	602	2	311	81	617	80
7	908	6	13.066	134	766	65	606	4	380	69	685	68
8	913	5	181	115	823	57	610	4	440	60	745	60
9	920	7	283	102	873	50	614	4	494	54	798	53
10	927	7	373	90	917	44	618	4	542	48	846	48

TABLE VIII.—For calculating Azimuths and Distances of Points of which the Latitudes and Longitudes are known.

Lat.	R'	Diff.	S'	Diff.	T'	Diff.	Lat.	R'	Diff.	S'	Diff.	T'	Diff.
0		+		+		+	0		+		+		+
10	7° 62037	688	7° 92909	733	6° 40393	64	15	7° 78518	435	6° 11093	503	6° 42742	93
10	62725	675	93642	722	40457	66	10	78953	428	11596	498	42835	94
20	63400	664	94364	711	40523	66	20	79381	423	12094	494	42929	95
30	64064	652	95075	700	40589	67	30	79804	417	12588	488	43024	95
40	64716	641	95775	689	40656	68	40	80221	412	13076	484	43119	97
50	65357		96464		40724		50	80633		13560		43216	
11	7° 65988	631	7° 97144	680	6° 40793	69	16	7° 81040	407	6° 14040	480	6° 43313	97
10	66608	620	97814	670	40864	71	10	81441	401	14515	475	43411	98
20	67217	609	98475	661	40935	71	20	81837	396	14986	471	43510	99
30	67817	600	99126	651	41007	72	30	82228	391	15452	466	43610	100
40	68407	590	99769	643	41080	73	40	82614	386	15914	462	43711	101
50	68988	581	00403	634	41154	74	50	82996	382	16373	459	43813	102
12	7° 69560	572	6° 01028	625	6° 41229	75	17	7° 83372	376	6° 16827	454	6° 43916	103
10	70122	562	01646	618	41305	76	10	83744	372	17277	450	44019	103
20	70676	554	02255	609	41382	77	20	84111	367	17724	447	44123	104
30	71222	546	02857	602	41460	78	30	84474	363	18167	443	44229	106
40	71759	537	03452	595	41539	79	40	84832	358	18606	439	44335	106
50	72289	530	04039	587	41619	80	50	85186	354	19041	435	44442	107
13	7° 72810	521	6° 04619	580	6° 41700	81	18	7° 85535	349	6° 19473	432	6° 44549	107
10	73324	514	05193	574	41781	81	10	85880	345	19902	429	44658	109
20	73831	507	05759	566	41864	83	20	86221	341	20327	425	44767	109
30	74330	499	06319	560	41948	84	30	86558	337	20749	422	44878	111
40	74822	492	06873	554	42032	84	40	86891	333	21168	419	44989	111
50	75307	485	07421	548	42118	86	50	87220	329	21584	416	45101	112
14	7° 75785	478	6° 07962	541	6° 42204	86	19	7° 87544	324	6° 21996	412	6° 45213	112
10	76256	471	08498	536	42292	88	10	87865	321	22405	409	45327	114
20	76721	465	09028	530	42380	88	20	88182	317	22812	407	45441	114
30	77180	459	09552	524	42469	89	30	88496	314	23215	403	45557	116
40	77632	452	10071	519	42559	90	40	88805	309	23616	401	45673	116
50	78078	446	10585	514	42650	91	50	89111	306	24014	398	45789	116
15	78518	440	11093	508	42742	92	20	89414	303	24409	395	45907	118
Lat.	U'	Diff.	Y'	Diff.	V'	Diff.	X'	Diff.	W'	Diff.	Z'	Diff.	
0		+		+		+		+		+		+	
10	12° 927		13° 373		9° 917		12° 618		12° 542		13° 846		
11	935	8	455	82	956	39	624	6	586	44	889	43	
12	944	9	530	75	992	36	629	5	627	41	929	40	
13	953	9	598	68	025	33	635	6	665	38	966	37	
14	963	10	661	63	054	29	641	6	701	36	001	35	
15	12° 973	10	13° 720	59	8° 082	28	12° 648	7	12° 735	34	12° 034	33	
16	984	11	775	55	107	25	654	6	768	33	065	31	
17	996	12	826	51	130	23	662	8	799	31	095	30	
18	11° 008	12	874	48	152	22	669	7	829	30	123	28	
19	021	13	919	45	172	20	676	7	857	28	149	26	
20	034	13	962	43	191	19	684	8	885	28	175	26	

TABLE VIII.—For calculating Azimuths and Distances of Points of which the Latitudes and Longitudes are known.

Lat.	R'	Diff.	S'	Diff.	T'	Diff.	Lat.	R'	Diff.	S'	Diff.	T'	Diff.
°		+		+		+	°		+		+		+
20	7° 89414	299	6° 24409	302	6° 45907	118	25	7° 97015	210	6° 35187	330	6° 49792	141
10	89713	295	24801	389	46025	120	10	97225	207	35517	328	49933	141
20	90008	292	25190	387	46145	120	20	97432	206	35845	326	50074	142
30	90300	288	25577	385	46265	120	30	97638	202	36171	325	50216	143
40	90588	285	25962	382	46385	122	40	97840	201	36406	324	50359	144
50	90873	282	26344	379	46507	122	50	98041	198	36820	322	50503	144
21	7° 91155	278	6° 26723	377	6° 46629	124	26	7° 98239	195	6° 37142	320	6° 50647	145
10	91433	275	27100	375	46753	123	10	98434	193	37462	320	50792	146
20	91708	272	27475	372	46876	125	20	98627	191	37782	317	50938	146
30	91980	269	27847	370	47001	126	30	98818	189	38099	317	51084	147
40	92249	266	28217	367	47127	126	40	99007	186	38416	315	51231	147
50	92515	262	28584	366	47253	127	50	99193	184	38731	315	51378	147
22	7° 92777	260	6° 28950	363	6° 47380	128	27	7° 99377	182	6° 39044	313	6° 51527	149
10	93037	256	29313	361	47508	128	10	99559	179	39357	313	51676	149
20	93293	254	29674	359	47636	129	20	99738	178	39668	309	51825	150
30	93547	251	30033	357	47765	130	30	99916	175	39977	309	51975	151
40	93798	247	30390	355	47895	131	40	6° 00091	173	40286	309	52126	151
50	94045	242	30745	352	48026	132	50	00264	171	40593	307	52278	152
23	7° 94290	242	6° 31097	351	6° 48158	132	28	6° 00435	168	6° 40899	306	6° 52430	152
10	94532	239	31448	349	48290	132	10	00603	167	41204	305	52583	153
20	94771	237	31797	347	48423	133	20	00770	164	41508	304	52736	153
30	95008	233	32144	345	48556	134	30	00934	163	41810	302	52890	154
40	95241	231	32489	344	48690	136	40	01097	160	42112	302	53045	155
50	95472	228	32833	341	48826	136	50	01257	158	42412	300	53201	156
24	7° 95700	226	6° 33174	340	6° 48962	136	29	6° 01415	156	6° 42711	299	6° 53356	155
10	95926	223	33514	338	49098	136	10	01571	154	43009	298	53513	157
20	96149	220	33852	336	49236	138	20	01725	152	43306	297	53670	157
30	96369	218	34188	335	49374	138	30	01877	150	43602	296	53828	158
40	96587	215	34523	333	49512	140	40	02027	149	43897	295	53987	159
50	96802	213	34856	331	49652	140	50	02176	146	44191	294	54146	159
25	7° 97015	210	6° 35187	330	6° 49792	140	30	02322	146	44484	293	54306	160
Lat.	U'	Diff.	Y'	Diff.	V'	Diff.	X'	Diff.	W'	Diff.	Z'	Diff.	
°		+		+		+		+		+		+	
20	11° 034	14	13° 062	41	8° 191	18	12° 684	8	12° 885	27	12° 175	25	
21	048	14	12° 003	38	209	16	692	8	912	26	200	24	
22	062	15	041	37	225	15	700	9	938	26	224	23	
23	077	15	078	35	240	14	709	8	964	25	247	22	
24	092	15	113	35	254	14	717	8	989	25	269	22	
25	11° 107	15	12° 146	33	8° 267	13	12° 726	9	11° 014	25	12° 290	21	
26	123	16	178	32	280	13	734	8	038	24	311	21	
27	140	17	208	30	291	11	743	9	062	24	331	20	
28	156	16	237	29	302	11	752	9	086	24	351	20	
29	173	17	265	28	312	10	760	8	109	23	370	19	
30	191	18	292	27	321	9	769	9	133	24	389	19	

TABLE VIII.—For calculating Azimuths and Distances of Points of which the Latitudes and Longitudes are known.

Lat.	R'	Diff.	S'	Diff.	T'	Diff.	Lat.	R'	Diff.	S'	Diff.	T'	Diff.
30	6° 02322	144	6° 44484	292	6° 54306	160	35	6° 05844	91	6° 52886	269	6° 59374	178
10	02466	142	44776	291	54466	161	10	05935	88	53155	269	59552	178
20	02608	140	45067	290	54627	162	20	06023	87	53424	268	59730	179
30	02748	139	45357	290	54789	161	30	06110	86	53692	268	59909	180
40	02887	136	45647	288	54950	164	40	06196	84	53960	267	60089	180
50	03023		45935		55114		50	06280		54227		60269	
31	6° 03158	135	6° 46222	287	6° 55277	163	36	6° 06362	82	6° 54494	267	6° 60450	181
10	03290	132	46509	285	55441	164	10	06442	80	54760	266	60631	181
20	03421	131	46794	285	55606	165	20	06521	79	55026	266	60813	182
30	03550	129	47079	285	55771	165	30	06598	77	55291	265	60995	182
40	03677	127	47363	284	55937	166	40	06674	76	55556	265	61178	183
50	03802	125	47646	283	56103	166	50	06748	74	55820	264	61361	183
32	6° 03926	124	6° 47928	282	6° 56270	167	37	6° 06820	72	6° 56084	264	6° 61545	184
10	04047	121	48210	282	56437	167	10	06891	71	56348	264	61729	184
20	04167	120	48490	280	56606	169	20	06960	69	56611	263	61915	186
30	04285	118	48770	280	56774	168	30	07028	68	56873	262	62100	185
40	04401	116	49049	279	56944	170	40	07094	66	57135	262	62286	186
50	04516	115	49328	279	57113	169	50	07159	65	57397	262	62473	187
33	6° 04628	112	6° 49606	278	6° 57284	171	38	6° 07222	63	6° 57659	262	6° 62660	187
10	04739	111	49883	277	57455	171	10	07283	61	57920	261	62848	188
20	04848	109	50159	276	57627	172	20	07343	60	58180	260	63036	188
30	04955	107	50434	275	57799	172	30	07401	58	58441	261	63225	189
40	05061	106	50709	275	57971	172	40	07458	57	58701	260	63415	190
50	05165	104	50984	275	58145	174	50	07513	55	58960	259	63604	189
34	6° 05267	102	6° 51257	273	6° 58319	174	39	6° 07567	54	6° 59220	260	6° 63795	191
10	05368	101	51530	273	58493	174	10	07619	52	59479	259	63986	191
20	05466	98	51803	273	58669	176	20	07670	51	59737	258	64178	192
30	05563	97	52074	271	58844	175	30	07719	49	59996	259	64370	192
40	05659	96	52345	271	59020	176	40	07766	47	60254	258	64562	192
50	05752	93	52616	271	59197	177	50	07812	46	60511	257	64756	194
35	6° 05844	92	52886	270	59374	177	40	07857	45	60769	258	64950	194
Lat.	U'	Diff.	Y'	Diff.	V'	Diff.	X'	Diff.	W'	Diff.	Z'	Diff.	
30	11° 191	17	12° 292	26	8° 321	8	12° 769	9	11° 133	23	12° 389	18	
31	208	19	318	24	329	8	778	9	156	23	407	18	
32	227	18	342	24	337	7	787	8	179	23	425	17	
33	245	19	366	23	344	7	795	9	202	23	442	17	
34	264		389		351		804		225		459		
35	11° 283	19	12° 411	22	8° 357	6	12° 813	9	11° 248	23	12° 475	16	
36	302	19	432	21	362	5	821	8	270	22	491	16	
37	322	20	453	21	367	5	830	9	294	24	507	16	
38	342	20	473	20	371	4	838	8	316	22	522	15	
39	363	21	492	19	374	3	846	8	340	24	537	15	
40	384	21	510	18	377	3	855	9	363	23	551	14	

TABLE IX.—Computation of Heights.—Correction to Log. Distance in Feet
between two Stations A and B to reduce to the Level of Station A.

Correction to the 7th place of decimals.

Latitude	Height in Feet of Station A									
	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	10000
0	208.3	416.5	624.8	833.0	1041.3	1249.6	1457.8	1666.1	1874.4	2082.6
1	3	5	8	0	3	6	8	1	4	6
2	3	5	8	0	3	6	8	1	3	6
3	3	5	8	0	3	5	8	1	3	6
4	3	5	8	0	3	5	8	0	3	6
5	208.3	416.5	624.8	833.0	1041.3	1249.5	1457.8	1666.0	1874.3	2082.5
6	2	5	7	0	2	5	7	0	2	5
7	2	5	7	0	2	5	7	1665.9	2	4
8	2	5	7	832.9	2	4	6	9	1	3
9	2	5	7	9	1	4	6	8	1	3
10	208.2	416.4	624.7	832.9	1041.1	1249.3	1457.5	1665.8	1874.0	2082.2
11	2	4	6	9	1	3	5	7	1873.9	1
12	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0
13	2	4	6	8	0	1	3	5	7	2081.9
14	2	4	5	7	1040.9	1	3	4	6	8
15	208.2	416.3	624.5	832.7	1040.9	1249.0	1457.2	1665.4	1873.5	2081.7
16	2	3	5	6	8	1248.9	1	3	4	6
17	1	3	4	6	7	9	0	1	3	4
18	1	3	4	5	6	8	1456.9	0	2	3
19	1	2	3	5	6	7	8	1664.9	0	1
20	208.1	416.2	624.3	832.4	1040.5	1248.6	1456.7	1664.8	1872.9	2081.0
21	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	2080.8
22	1	1	2	3	4	4	5	6	6	7
23	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
24	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3
25	208.0	416.0	624.0	832.1	1040.1	1248.1	1456.1	1664.1	1872.1	2080.1
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	415.9	623.9	831.9	1039.9	1247.8	1455.8	1663.8	1871.8	2079.7
28	0	9	9	8	8	7	7	6	6	6
29	207.9	9	9	7	7	6	6	5	4	4
30	207.9	415.8	623.8	831.7	1039.6	1247.5	1455.4	1663.3	1871.3	2079.2
31	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	1	0	2078.9
32	9	7	6	5	4	2	1	0	1870.9	7
33	9	7	6	4	3	1	0	1662.8	7	5
34	8	7	5	3	2	0	1454.8	6	5	3
35	207.8	415.6	623.4	831.2	1039.0	1246.8	1454.6	1662.5	1870.3	2078.1
36	8	6	3	1	1038.9	7	5	3	0	2077.8
37	8	5	3	0	8	6	3	1	1869.8	6
38	7	5	2	830.9	7	4	2	1661.9	6	4
39	7	4	1	9	6	3	0	7	4	1
40	7	4	1	8	5	1	1453.8	5	2	2076.9
Correction to the 5th place of decimals										
for any latitude between 0° and 40°.										
	2	4	6	8	10	12	15	17	19	21

TABLE X.—Computation of Heights.—For converting Geodetic Distance in Miles into Seconds of Contained Arc.

Latitude	Geodetic Distance in Miles									Latitude
	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	
0	522 ³	1044 ⁵	1566 ⁸	2089 ⁰	2611 ³	3133 ⁵	3655 ⁸	4178 ¹	4700 ³	0
1	3	5	8	0	3	5	8	1	3	1
2	3	5	8	0	3	5	8	0	3	2
3	2	5	7	0	2	5	7	0	2	3
4	2	5	7	0	2	4	7	4177 ⁹	2	4
5	522 ²	1044 ⁵	1566 ⁷	2088 ⁹	2611 ²	3133 ⁴	3655 ⁶	4177 ⁹	4700 ¹	5
6	2	4	7	9	1	3	5	8	0	6
7	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	7	4699 ⁹	7
8	2	4	6	8	0	1	3	5	7	8
9	2	3	5	7	2610 ⁹	0	2	4	6	9
10	522 ²	1044 ³	1566 ⁵	2088 ⁶	2610 ⁸	3132 ⁹	3655 ¹	4177 ²	4699 ⁴	10
11	1	3	4	5	7	8	3654 ⁹	1	2	11
12	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	4176 ⁹	0	12
13	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	4698 ⁷	13
14	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	14
15	522 ⁰	1044 ¹	1566 ¹	2088 ¹	2610 ¹	3132 ²	3654 ²	4176 ²	4698 ²	15
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4697 ⁹	16
17	0	1043 ⁹	1565 ⁹	2087 ⁸	2609 ⁸	3131 ⁸	3653 ⁷	4175 ⁷	7	17
18	521 ⁹	9	8	7	6	6	5	4	3	18
19	9	8	7	6	4	3	2	1	0	19
20	521 ⁹	1043 ⁷	1565 ⁶	2087 ⁴	2609 ³	3131 ¹	3653 ⁰	4174 ⁸	4696 ⁷	20
21	8	6	4	2	1	3130 ⁹	3652 ⁷	5	3	21
22	8	5	3	1	2608 ⁹	6	4	2	4695 ⁹	22
23	7	5	2	2086 ⁹	6	4	1	4173 ⁸	6	23
24	7	4	1	7	4	1	3651 ⁸	5	2	24
25	521 ⁶	1043 ³	1564 ⁹	2086 ⁶	2608 ²	3129 ⁸	3651 ⁵	4173 ¹	4694 ⁷	25
26	6	2	8	4	0	5	1	4172 ⁷	3	26
27	5	1	6	2	2607 ⁷	3	3650 ⁸	3	4693 ⁹	27
28	5	0	5	0	5	0	4	4171 ⁹	4	28
29	4	1042 ⁹	3	2085 ⁸	2	3128 ⁷	1	5	0	29
30	521 ⁴	1042 ⁸	1564 ²	2085 ⁶	2607 ⁰	3128 ³	3649 ⁷	4171 ¹	4692 ⁵	30
31	3	7	0	3	2606 ⁷	0	4	4170 ⁷	0	31
32	3	6	1563 ⁸	1	4	3127 ⁷	0	3	4691 ⁵	32
33	2	5	7	2084 ⁹	1	4	3648 ⁶	4169 ⁸	1	33
34	2	3	5	7	2605 ⁹	0	2	4	4690 ⁶	34
35	521 ¹	1042 ²	1563 ³	2084 ⁵	2605 ⁶	3126 ⁷	3647 ⁸	4168 ⁹	4690 ⁰	35
36	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	4689 ⁵	36
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
38	520 ⁹	1041 ⁹	1562 ⁸	2083 ⁸	2604 ⁷	3125 ⁷	3646 ⁶	4167 ⁵	4688 ⁵	38
39	9	8	6	5	4	3	2	1	4687 ⁹	39
40	8	6	5	3	1	3124 ⁹	3645 ⁸	4166 ⁶	4	40

Mile	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09	Mile
.0	"	"	1 ⁰	1 ⁶	2 ¹	2 ⁶	3 ¹	3 ⁷	4 ²	4 ⁷	.0
.1	5 ²	5 ⁷	6 ³	6 ⁸	7 ³	7 ⁸	8 ³	8 ⁹	9 ⁴	9 ⁹	.1
.2	10 ⁴	11 ⁰	11 ⁵	12 ⁰	12 ⁵	13 ⁰	13 ⁶	14 ¹	14 ⁶	15 ¹	.2
.3	15 ⁶	16 ²	16 ⁷	17 ²	17 ⁷	18 ³	18 ⁸	19 ³	19 ⁸	20 ³	.3
.4	20 ⁹	21 ⁴	21 ⁹	22 ⁴	23 ⁰	23 ⁵	24 ⁰	24 ⁵	25 ⁰	25 ⁶	.4
.5	26 ¹	26 ⁶	27 ¹	27 ⁶	28 ²	28 ⁷	29 ²	29 ⁷	30 ³	30 ⁸	.5
.6	31 ³	31 ⁸	32 ³	32 ⁹	33 ⁴	33 ⁹	34 ⁴	35 ⁰	35 ⁵	36 ⁰	.6
.7	36 ⁵	37 ⁰	37 ⁶	38 ¹	38 ⁶	39 ¹	39 ⁶	40 ²	40 ⁷	41 ²	.7
.8	41 ⁷	42 ³	42 ⁸	43 ³	43 ⁸	44 ³	44 ⁹	45 ⁴	45 ⁹	46 ⁴	.8
.9	46 ⁹	47 ⁵	48 ⁰	48 ⁵	49 ⁰	49 ⁶	50 ¹	50 ⁶	51 ¹	51 ⁶	.9

TABLE XI.—Computation of Heights.—For converting Geodetic Distance
in Feet into Seconds of Contained Arc.

Lat.	Geodetic Distance in Feet								
	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000
0	—0'109	—0'218	—0'326	—0'435	—0'544	—0'65	—0'76	—0'87	—0'98
1	109	218	326	435	544	65	76	87	98
2	109	218	326	435	544	65	76	87	98
3	109	218	327	436	545	65	76	87	98
4	109	218	327	436	545	65	76	87	98
5	109	219	328	437	546	66	76	87	98
6	109	219	328	438	547	66	77	88	99
7	110	219	329	439	549	66	77	88	99
8	110	220	330	440	550	66	77	88	99
9	110	221	331	441	552	66	77	88	99
10	111	221	332	443	554	66	78	89	1'00
11	111	222	333	445	556	67	78	89	1'00
12	112	223	335	446	558	67	78	89	1'00
13	112	224	336	448	560	67	78	90	1'01
14	113	225	338	450	563	68	79	90	1'01
15	113	226	339	453	566	68	79	91	1'02
16	114	228	341	455	569	68	80	91	1'02
17	114	229	343	457	572	69	80	91	1'03
18	115	230	345	460	575	69	81	92	1'04
19	116	231	347	463	579	69	81	93	1'04
20	116	233	349	466	582	70	82	93	1'05
21	117	234	352	469	586	70	82	94	1'05
22	118	236	354	472	590	71	83	94	1'06
23	119	238	356	475	594	71	83	95	1'07
24	120	239	359	479	598	72	84	96	1'08
25	121	241	362	482	603	72	84	96	1'08
26	121	243	364	486	607	73	85	97	1'09
27	122	245	367	489	612	73	86	98	1'10
28	123	246	370	493	616	74	86	99	1'11
29	124	248	373	497	621	75	87	99	1'12
30	125	250	376	501	626	75	88	1'00	1'13
31	126	252	379	505	631	76	88	1'01	1'14
32	127	254	382	509	636	76	89	1'02	1'14
33	128	257	385	513	641	77	90	1'03	1'15
34	129	259	388	517	647	78	91	1'03	1'16
35	130	261	391	522	652	78	91	1'04	1'17
36	131	263	394	526	657	79	92	1'05	1'18
37	133	265	398	530	663	80	93	1'06	1'19
38	134	267	401	535	668	80	94	1'07	1'20
39	135	270	404	539	674	81	94	1'08	1'21
40	136	272	408	544	680	82	95	1'09	1'22

TABLE XII.—Computation of Heights.—For obtaining the Quantity β'' in the formula for finding the Terrestrial Refraction.

β''	Values of γ in feet																								
	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	5.5	6	6.5	7	7.5	8	8.5	9	9.5	10	10.5	11	11.5	12	
"	Distance between Stations A and B in Miles																								
29.5																									7.929.5
28.5																									8.228.5
27.5																									8.527.5
26.5																									8.826.5
25.5																									9.225.5
24.5																									9.624.5
23.5																									10.023.5
22.5																									10.422.5
21.5																									10.821.5
20.5																									11.220.5
19.5																									11.619.5
18.5																									12.018.5
17.5																									12.417.5
16.5																									12.816.5
15.5																									13.215.5
14.5																									13.614.5
13.5																									14.013.5
12.5																									14.412.5
11.5																									14.811.5
10.5																									15.210.5
9.5																									15.69.5
8.5																									16.08.5
7.5																									16.47.5
6.5																									16.86.5
5.5																									17.25.5
4.5																									17.64.5
3.5																									18.03.5
2.5																									18.42.5
1.5																									18.81.5
0.5																									19.20.5

This table makes provision for values of γ up to 12 feet and of the distance to 195.3 miles: when these limits are exceeded β'' should be computed by the following formula: $-\beta'' = 19.53 \frac{\gamma}{\text{Dist. in miles}}$

TABLE XIII.—Computation of Heights.—Log. secant of Observed Angle at Station B.

Angle			Log. secant	Angle			Log. secant	Angle			Log. secant
°	'	"		°	'	"		°	'	"	
0	16	25	0'00000,5	1	15	35	0'00010,5	1	45	37	0'00020,5
0	28	32	1,5	1	19	6	11,5	1	48	10	21,5
0	36	51	2,5	1	22	28	12,5	1	50	39	22,5
0	43	37	3,5	1	25	42	13,5	1	53	5	23,5
0	49	28	4,5	1	28	49	14,5	1	55	28	24,5
0	54	42	5,5	1	31	50	15,5	1	57	47	25,5
0	59	28	6,5	1	34	45	16,5	2	0	5	26,5
1	3	52	7,5	1	37	35	17,5	2	2	19	27,5
1	8	0	8,5	1	40	20	18,5	2	4	32	28,5
1	11	54	9,5	1	43	0	19,5	2	6	42	29,5

TABLE XIV.—Computation of Heights.—To facilitate finding the Subtended Angle when only one angle has been observed and the Distance between Stations A and B is given in Log. Feet.

Lat.	Adopted Refraction expressed in Decimals of Contained Arc									Lat.
	0·20	0·10	0·09	0·08	0·07	0·06	0·05	0·04	0·03	
0	2'5276	2'4027	2'3920	2'3815	2'3713	2'3613	2'3515	2'3420	2'3327	0
5	5277	4027	3920	3815	3713	3613	3516	3420	3327	5
10	5277	4028	3921	3816	3714	3614	3516	3421	3327	10
15	5278	4029	3922	3817	3715	3615	3517	3422	3328	15
20	5280	4030	3923	3818	3716	3616	3519	3423	3330	20
25	5281	4032	3925	3820	3718	3618	3521	3425	3332	25
30	5284	4034	3927	3822	3720	3620	3523	3427	3334	30
35	5286	4036	3929	3825	3722	3623	3525	3429	3336	35
40	5288	4039	3932	3827	3725	3625	3527	3432	3338	40

TABLE XV.—Computation of Heights.—To facilitate finding the Subtended Angle when only one angle has been observed and the Distance between Stations A and B is given in Feet.

Con- tained Arc in Feet	Adopted Refraction expressed in Decimals of Contained Arc														
	0·5	0·4	0·3	0·2	0·1	0·09	0·08	0·07	0·06	0·05	0·04	0·03	0·02	0·01	0·00
100	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
200	00	00	00	00	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01
300	00	00	00	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01
400	00	00	00	01	01	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02
500	00	00	00	01	01	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02
600	00	00	01	01	02	02	02	02	03	03	03	03	03	03	03
700	00	00	01	01	02	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03
800	00	00	01	02	02	03	03	03	03	03	04	04	04	04	04
900	00	00	01	02	03	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04
1000	00	00	01	02	03	04	04	04	04	04	05	05	05	05	05
2000	00	00	02	04	06	08	08	08	09	09	09	09	09	010	010
3000	00	00	03	06	09	011	012	012	013	013	013	014	014	015	015
4000	00	00	04	08	012	016	016	017	017	017	018	018	019	019	020
5000	00	00	05	010	015	020	020	021	021	022	022	023	023	024	025
6000	00	00	06	012	018	024	024	025	026	026	027	027	028	028	029
7000	00	00	07	014	021	028	028	029	030	030	031	032	033	033	034
8000	00	00	08	016	024	032	032	033	034	035	036	036	037	038	039
9000	00	00	09	018	027	036	036	037	038	039	040	041	042	043	044
10000	00	00	010	020	030	040	041	042	043	043	044	045	046	047	049
20000	00	00	020	040	059	119	121	123	125	127	129	131	133	135	139
30000	00	00	030	059	129	159	22	25	28	210	213	216	219	222	228
40000	00	00	040	119	159	238	242	246	250	254	258	32	36	310	318
50000	00	00	049	139	228	318	323	328	333	337	342	347	352	357	47
60000	00	00	059	159	258	357	43	49	415	421	427	433	439	445	457
70000	00	00	019	218	328	437	444	451	458	54	511	518	525	532	546
80000	00	00	019	238	357	516	524	532	540	548	556	64	612	620	635
90000	00	00	029	258	427	556	65	614	623	631	640	649	658	77	725
100000	00	00	039	318	456	635	645	655	75	715	725	735	745	754	814
200000	00	00	0318	635	953	1311	1330	1350	1410	1430	1450	159	1529	1549	1628
300000	00	00	0457	953	1450	1946	2016	2045	2115	2145	2214	2244	2314	2343	2443
400000	00	00	0635	1311	1946	2621	271	2741	2820	290	2939	3019	3058	3138	3257

TABLE XVI.—Computation of Heights.—Natural Tangents to 5 places of Decimals.

	0°	1°	2°	3°	4°	5°	6°	7°	
0	0.00000	0.01746	0.03492	0.05241	0.06993	0.08749	0.10510	0.12278	0
1	029	775	521	270	07022	778	540	308	1
2	058	804	550	299	051	807	569	338	2
3	087	833	579	328	080	837	599	367	3
4	116	862	609	357	110	866	628	397	4
5	145	891	638	387	139	895	658	426	5
6	175	920	667	416	168	925	687	456	6
7	204	949	696	445	197	954	716	485	7
8	233	978	725	474	227	983	746	515	8
9	262	02007	754	503	256	09013	775	544	9
10	291	037	783	533	285	042	805	574	10
11	0.00320	0.02066	0.03812	0.05562	0.07314	0.09071	0.10834	0.12603	11
12	349	095	842	591	344	101	863	633	12
13	378	124	871	620	373	130	893	662	13
14	407	153	900	649	402	159	922	692	14
15	436	182	929	678	431	189	952	722	15
16	465	211	958	708	461	218	981	751	16
17	495	240	987	737	490	247	11011	781	17
18	524	269	04016	766	519	277	040	810	18
19	553	298	046	795	548	306	070	840	19
20	582	328	075	824	578	335	099	869	20
21	0.00611	0.02357	0.04104	0.05854	0.07607	0.09365	0.11128	0.12899	21
22	640	386	133	883	636	394	158	929	22
23	669	415	162	912	665	423	187	958	23
24	698	444	191	941	695	453	217	988	24
25	727	473	220	970	724	482	246	13017	25
26	756	502	250	999	753	511	276	047	26
27	785	531	279	06029	782	541	305	076	27
28	815	560	308	058	812	570	335	106	28
29	844	589	337	087	841	600	364	136	29
30	873	619	366	116	870	629	394	165	30
31	0.00902	0.02648	0.04395	0.06145	0.07899	0.09658	0.11423	0.13195	31
32	931	677	424	175	929	688	453	224	32
33	960	706	454	204	958	717	482	254	33
34	989	735	483	233	987	746	511	284	34
35	0.01018	764	512	262	08017	776	541	313	35
36	047	793	541	291	046	805	570	343	36
37	076	822	570	321	075	834	600	372	37
38	105	851	599	350	104	864	629	402	38
39	135	881	628	379	134	893	659	432	39
40	164	910	658	408	163	923	688	461	40
41	0.01193	0.02939	0.04687	0.06438	0.08192	0.09952	0.11718	0.13491	41
42	222	968	716	467	222	981	747	521	42
43	251	997	745	496	251	10011	777	550	43
44	280	03026	774	525	280	040	806	580	44
45	309	055	803	554	309	069	836	609	45
46	338	084	833	584	339	099	865	639	46
47	367	114	862	613	368	128	895	669	47
48	396	143	891	642	397	158	924	698	48
49	425	172	920	671	427	187	954	728	49
50	455	201	949	700	456	216	983	758	50
51	0.01484	0.03230	0.04978	0.06730	0.08485	0.10246	0.12013	0.13787	51
52	513	259	05007	759	514	275	042	817	52
53	542	288	037	788	544	305	072	847	53
54	571	317	066	817	573	334	101	876	54
55	600	346	095	847	602	363	131	906	55
56	629	376	124	876	632	393	160	935	56
57	658	405	153	905	661	422	190	965	57
58	687	434	182	934	690	452	219	995	58
59	716	463	212	963	720	481	249	14024	59
60	746	492	241	993	749	510	278	054	60

TABLE XVI.—Computation of Heights.—Natural Tangents to 5 places of Decimals.

	8°	9°	10°	11°	12°	13°	14°	15°	
0	0.14054	0.15838	0.17633	0.19438	0.21256	0.23087	0.24933	0.26795	0
1	084	868	663	468	286	117	964	826	1
2	113	898	693	498	316	148	995	857	2
3	143	928	723	529	347	179	25026	888	3
4	173	958	753	559	377	209	056	920	4
5	202	988	783	589	408	240	087	951	5
6	232	16017	813	619	438	271	118	982	6
7	262	047	843	649	469	301	149	27013	7
8	291	077	873	680	499	332	180	044	8
9	321	107	903	710	529	363	211	076	9
10	351	137	933	740	560	393	242	107	10
11	0.14381	0.16167	0.17963	0.19770	0.21590	0.23424	0.25273	0.27138	11
12	410	196	993	801	621	455	304	169	12
13	440	226	18023	831	651	485	335	201	13
14	470	256	053	861	682	516	366	232	14
15	499	286	083	891	712	547	397	263	15
16	529	316	113	921	743	578	428	294	16
17	559	346	143	952	773	608	459	326	17
18	588	376	173	982	804	639	490	357	18
19	618	406	203	20012	834	670	521	388	19
20	648	435	233	042	864	700	552	419	20
21	0.14678	0.16465	0.18263	0.20073	0.21895	0.23731	0.25583	0.27451	21
22	707	495	293	103	925	762	614	482	22
23	737	525	323	133	956	793	645	513	23
24	767	555	353	164	986	823	676	545	24
25	796	585	384	194	22017	854	707	576	25
26	826	615	414	224	047	885	738	607	26
27	856	645	444	254	078	916	769	639	27
28	886	674	474	285	108	946	800	670	28
29	915	704	504	315	139	977	831	701	29
30	945	734	534	345	169	24008	862	732	30
31	0.14975	0.16764	0.18564	0.20376	0.22200	0.24039	0.25893	0.27764	31
32	15005	794	594	406	231	069	924	795	32
33	034	824	624	436	261	100	955	826	33
34	064	854	654	466	292	131	986	858	34
35	094	884	684	497	322	162	26017	889	35
36	124	914	714	527	353	193	048	921	36
37	153	944	745	557	383	223	079	952	37
38	183	974	775	588	414	254	110	983	38
39	213	17004	805	618	444	285	141	28015	39
40	243	033	835	648	475	316	172	046	40
41	0.15272	0.17063	0.18865	0.20679	0.22505	0.24347	0.26203	0.28077	41
42	302	093	895	709	536	377	235	109	42
43	332	123	925	739	567	408	266	140	43
44	362	153	955	770	597	439	297	172	44
45	391	183	986	800	628	470	328	203	45
46	421	213	19016	830	658	501	359	234	46
47	451	243	046	861	689	532	390	266	47
48	481	273	076	891	719	562	421	297	48
49	511	303	106	921	750	593	452	329	49
50	540	333	136	952	781	624	483	360	50
51	0.15570	0.17363	0.19166	0.20982	0.22811	0.24655	0.26515	0.28391	51
52	600	393	197	21013	842	686	546	423	52
53	630	423	227	043	872	717	577	454	53
54	660	453	257	073	903	748	608	486	54
55	689	483	287	104	934	778	639	517	55
56	719	513	317	134	964	809	670	549	56
57	749	543	347	164	995	840	701	580	57
58	779	573	378	195	23026	871	733	612	58
59	809	603	408	225	056	902	764	643	59
60	838	633	438	256	087	933	795	675	60

TABLE XVII.—Computation of Heights.—Correction for Curvature and Refraction in determining Heights with the Clinometer.

Adopted Refraction expressed in Decimals of Contained Arc					
0.10		0.07		0.05	
Distance in feet	Correction in feet	Distance in feet	Correction in feet	Distance in feet	Correction in feet
5 100	0.5	4 900	0.5	4 808	0.5
8 834	1.5	8 487	1.5	8 328	1.5
11 404	2.5	10 957	2.5	10 752	2.5
13 493	3.5	12 964	3.5	12 722	3.5
15 300	4.5	14 700	4.5	14 425	4.5
16 915	5.5	16 251	5.5	15 948	5.5
18 388	6.5	17 667	6.5	17 337	6.5
19 752	7.5	18 977	7.5	18 623	7.5
21 028	8.5	20 203	8.5	19 825	8.5
22 231	9.5	21 358	9.5	20 959	9.5
23 371	10.5	22 454	10.5	22 035	10.5
24 459	11.5	23 499	11.5	23 060	11.5
25 500	12.5	24 500	12.5	24 042	12.5
26 501	13.5	25 461	13.5	24 985	13.5
27 465	14.5	26 387	14.5	25 894	14.5
28 396	15.5	27 282	15.5	26 772	15.5
29 297	16.5	28 148	16.5	27 622	16.5
30 172	17.5	28 989	17.5	28 447	17.5
31 022	18.5	29 805	18.5	29 248	18.5
31 850	19.5	30 600	19.5	30 028	19.5
32 656	20.5	31 375	20.5	30 789	20.5
33 443	21.5	32 131	21.5	31 531	21.5
34 212	22.5	32 870	22.5	32 255	22.5
34 964	23.5	33 592	23.5	32 964	23.5
35 700	24.5	34 300	24.5	33 659	24.5
36 422	25.5	34 993	25.5	34 339	25.5
37 129	26.5	35 672	26.5	35 005	26.5
37 823	27.5	36 339	27.5	35 660	27.5
38 504	28.5	36 994	28.5	36 302	28.5
39 174	29.5	37 637	29.5	36 934	29.5
39 833	30.5	38 270	30.5	37 554	30.5
40 480	31.5	38 892	31.5	38 165	31.5
41 118	32.5	39 505	32.5	38 766	32.5
41 746	33.5	40 108	33.5	39 358	33.5
42 364	34.5	40 702	34.5	39 941	34.5
42 974	35.5	41 288	35.5	40 516	35.5
43 575	36.5	41 865	36.5	41 083	36.5
44 168	37.5	42 435	37.5	41 642	37.5
44 753	38.5	42 997	38.5	42 193	38.5
45 330	39.5	43 552	39.5	42 738	39.5
45 900	40.5	44 100	40.5	43 275	40.5
46 464	41.5	44 641	41.5	43 806	41.5
47 020	42.5	45 175	42.5	44 331	42.5
47 570	43.5	45 704	43.5	44 849	43.5
48 114	44.5	46 226	44.5	45 362	44.5
48 651	45.5	46 743	45.5	45 869	45.5
49 183	46.5	47 253	46.5	46 370	46.5
49 709	47.5	47 759	47.5	46 866	47.5
50 230	48.5	48 259	48.5	47 357	48.5
50 745	49.5	48 754	49.5	47 843	49.5
51 255	50.5	49 244	50.5	48 323	50.5

TABLE XVIII.—Computation of Heights.—For determining Differences of Height with the Barometer.—BAILY.

PART I.—Thermometers in the Open Air in degrees Fahrenheit.									
t+t'	A	t+t'	A	t+t'	A	t+t'	A	t+t'	A
1	4·74913	37	4·76742	73	4·78497	109	4·80183	145	4·81807
2	74965	38	76791	74	78544	110	80229	146	81851
3	75016	39	76841	75	78592	111	80275	147	81896
4	75068	40	76891	76	78640	112	80321	148	81940
5	75120	41	76940	77	78687	113	80367	149	81984
6	4·75171	42	4·76990	78	4·78735	114	4·80413	150	4·82028
7	75223	43	77039	79	78782	115	80458	151	82072
8	75274	44	77089	80	78830	116	80504	152	82116
9	75326	45	77138	81	78877	117	80550	153	82160
10	75377	46	77187	82	78925	118	80595	154	82204
11	4·75429	47	4·77236	83	4·78972	119	4·80641	155	4·82248
12	75480	48	77285	84	79019	120	80686	156	82291
13	75531	49	77335	85	79066	121	80731	157	82335
14	75582	50	77384	86	79113	122	80777	158	82379
15	75633	51	77433	87	79160	123	80822	159	82423
16	4·75684	52	4·77482	88	4·79207	124	4·80867	160	4·82466
17	75735	53	77530	89	79254	125	80913	161	82510
18	75786	54	77579	90	79301	126	80958	162	82553
19	75837	55	77628	91	79348	127	81003	163	82597
20	75888	56	77677	92	79395	128	81048	164	82640
21	4·75938	57	4·77725	93	4·79442	129	4·81093	165	4·82684
22	75989	58	77774	94	79489	130	81138	166	82727
23	76040	59	77823	95	79535	131	81183	167	82770
24	76090	60	77871	96	79582	132	81228	168	82814
25	76141	61	77919	97	79628	133	81273	169	82857
26	4·76191	62	4·77968	98	4·79675	134	4·81317	170	4·82900
27	76241	63	78016	99	79721	135	81362	171	82943
28	76292	64	78065	100	79768	136	81407	172	82986
29	76342	65	78113	101	79814	137	81452	173	83029
30	76392	66	78161	102	79861	138	81496	174	83072
31	4·76442	67	4·78209	103	4·79907	139	4·81541	175	4·83115
32	76492	68	78257	104	79953	140	81585	176	83158
33	76542	69	78305	105	79999	141	81630	177	83201
34	76592	70	78353	106	80045	142	81674	178	83244
35	76642	71	78401	107	80091	143	81719	179	83287
36	76692	72	78449	108	80137	144	81763	180	83330

PART II.—Attached Thermometers.					PART III.—Lat. of the Place.		
T-T'	B	T-T'	B	T-T'	B	Latitude	C
0	0·00000	20	0·00087	40	0·00174	0	0·00117
1	004	21	091	41	178	5	115
2	009	22	096	42	182	10	110
3	013	23	100	43	187	15	101
4	017	24	104	44	191	20	090
5	0·00022	25	0·00109	45	0·00195	25	0·00075
6	026	26	113	46	200	30	058
7	030	27	117	47	204	35	040
8	035	28	122	48	208	40	020
9	039	29	126	49	212	45	000
10	0·00043	30	0·00130	50	0·00217	50	1·99980
11	048	31	135	51	221	55	960
12	052	32	139	52	225	60	942
13	056	33	143	53	230	65	925
14	061	34	148	54	234	70	910
15	0·00065	35	0·00152	55	0·00238	75	1·99900
16	069	36	156	56	243	80	890
17	074	37	161	57	247	85	885
18	078	38	165	58	251	90	883
19	083	39	169	59	256		

TABLE XIX.—Computation of Heights.—For determining Differences of Height with the Barometer.—LOOMIS.

PART I.											
Argument:—The observed Height of the Barometer at either Station.											
Baro. in Inches	Feet	Diff.	Baro. in Inches	Feet	Diff.	Baro. in Inches	Feet	Diff.	Baro. in Inches	Feet	Diff.
11.0	1396.9	236.4	16.0	11186.3	162.8	21.0	18291.0	124.1	26.0	23871.0	100.3
11.1	1633.3	234.3	16.1	11349.1	161.8	21.1	18415.1	123.6	26.1	23971.3	99.9
11.2	1867.6	232.3	16.2	11510.9	160.8	21.2	18538.7	122.9	26.2	24071.2	99.5
11.3	2099.9	230.2	16.3	11671.7	159.8	21.3	18661.6	122.4	26.3	24170.7	99.1
11.4	2330.1	228.2	16.4	11831.5	158.8	21.4	18784.0	121.8	26.4	24269.8	98.8
11.5	2558.3	226.2	16.5	11990.3	157.9	21.5	18905.8	121.2	26.5	24368.6	98.4
11.6	2784.5	224.2	16.6	12148.2	156.9	21.6	19027.0	120.7	26.6	24467.0	98.1
11.7	3008.7	222.4	16.7	12305.1	155.9	21.7	19147.7	120.1	26.7	24565.1	97.6
11.8	3231.1	220.5	16.8	12461.0	155.1	21.8	19267.8	119.6	26.8	24662.7	97.3
11.9	3451.6	218.6	16.9	12616.1	154.1	21.9	19387.4	119.0	26.9	24760.0	97.0
12.0	3670.2	216.8	17.0	12770.2	153.3	22.0	19506.4	118.5	27.0	24857.0	96.6
12.1	3887.0	215.0	17.1	12923.5	152.3	22.1	19624.9	118.0	27.1	24953.6	96.2
12.2	4102.0	213.3	17.2	13075.8	151.5	22.2	19742.9	117.4	27.2	25049.8	95.9
12.3	4315.3	211.6	17.3	13227.3	150.6	22.3	19860.3	116.9	27.3	25145.7	95.5
12.4	4526.9	209.8	17.4	13377.9	149.7	22.4	19977.2	116.4	27.4	25241.2	95.2
12.5	4736.7	208.2	17.5	13527.6	148.9	22.5	20093.6	115.8	27.5	25336.4	94.8
12.6	4944.9	206.5	17.6	13676.5	148.0	22.6	20209.4	115.4	27.6	25431.2	94.5
12.7	5151.4	205.0	17.7	13824.5	147.2	22.7	20324.8	114.8	27.7	25525.7	94.2
12.8	5356.4	203.3	17.8	13971.7	146.3	22.8	20439.6	114.4	27.8	25619.9	93.8
12.9	5559.7	201.7	17.9	14118.0	145.6	22.9	20554.0	113.8	27.9	25713.7	93.4
13.0	5761.4	200.2	18.0	14263.6	144.7	23.0	20667.8	113.3	28.0	25807.1	93.2
13.1	5961.6	198.7	18.1	14408.3	144.0	23.1	20781.1	112.9	28.1	25900.3	92.8
13.2	6160.3	197.2	18.2	14552.3	143.1	23.2	20894.0	112.4	28.2	25993.1	92.5
13.3	6357.5	195.7	18.3	14695.4	142.4	23.3	21006.4	111.9	28.3	26085.6	92.1
13.4	6553.2	194.3	18.4	14837.8	141.6	23.4	21118.3	111.4	28.4	26177.7	91.9
13.5	6747.5	192.8	18.5	14979.4	140.9	23.5	21229.7	110.9	28.5	26269.6	91.5
13.6	6940.3	191.4	18.6	15120.3	140.0	23.6	21340.6	110.5	28.6	26361.1	91.2
13.7	7131.7	190.0	18.7	15260.3	139.4	23.7	21451.1	110.0	28.7	26452.3	90.9
13.8	7321.7	188.6	18.8	15399.7	138.6	23.8	21561.1	109.5	28.8	26543.2	90.5
13.9	7510.3	187.3	18.9	15538.3	137.9	23.9	21670.6	109.1	28.9	26633.7	90.3
14.0	7697.6	186.0	19.0	15676.2	137.1	24.0	21779.7	108.7	29.0	26724.0	89.9
14.1	7883.6	184.6	19.1	15813.3	136.5	24.1	21888.4	108.2	29.1	26813.9	89.6
14.2	8068.2	183.3	19.2	15949.8	135.7	24.2	21996.6	107.7	29.2	26903.5	89.3
14.3	8251.5	182.1	19.3	16085.5	135.0	24.3	22104.3	107.3	29.3	26992.8	89.1
14.4	8433.6	180.8	19.4	16220.5	134.3	24.4	22211.6	106.8	29.4	27081.9	88.7
14.5	8614.4	179.6	19.5	16354.8	133.7	24.5	22318.4	106.4	29.5	27170.6	88.4
14.6	8794.0	178.3	19.6	16488.5	132.9	24.6	22424.8	106.0	29.6	27259.0	88.1
14.7	8972.3	177.2	19.7	16621.4	132.3	24.7	22530.8	105.6	29.7	27347.1	87.8
14.8	9149.5	176.0	19.8	16753.7	131.6	24.8	22636.4	105.1	29.8	27434.9	87.6
14.9	9325.5	174.8	19.9	16885.3	131.0	24.9	22741.5	104.8	29.9	27522.5	87.2
15.0	9500.3	173.5	20.0	17016.3	130.3	25.0	22846.3	104.3	30.0	27609.7	86.9
15.1	9673.8	172.4	20.1	17146.6	129.7	25.1	22950.6	103.8	30.1	27696.6	86.7
15.2	9846.2	171.3	20.2	17276.3	129.0	25.2	23054.4	103.5	30.2	27783.3	86.4
15.3	10017.5	170.2	20.3	17405.3	128.4	25.3	23157.9	103.1	30.3	27869.7	86.0
15.4	10187.7	169.1	20.4	17533.7	127.7	25.4	23261.0	102.6	30.4	27955.7	85.8
15.5	10356.8	168.0	20.5	17661.4	127.2	25.5	23363.6	102.3	30.5	28041.5	85.6
15.6	10524.8	167.0	20.6	17788.6	126.5	25.6	23465.9	101.8	30.6	28127.1	85.2
15.7	10691.8	165.9	20.7	17915.1	125.9	25.7	23567.7	101.5	30.7	28212.3	85.0
15.8	10857.7	164.8	20.8	18041.0	125.3	25.8	23669.2	101.1	30.8	28297.3	84.7
15.9	11022.5	163.8	20.9	18166.3	124.7	25.9	23770.3	100.7	30.9	28382.0	84.4
16.0	11186.3		21.0	18291.0		26.0	23871.0		31.0	28466.4	

TABLE XIX.—Computation of Heights.—(Continued).

PART II.											
Correction due to T-T', or the Difference of the Temperatures, in degrees Fahrenheit, of the Barometers at the two Stations.											
<i>Negative when the Temperature at the Upper Station is the lower, and vice versa.</i>											
T-T'	Correction	T-T'	Correction	T-T'	Correction	T-T'	Correction	T-T'	Correction	T-T'	Correction
°	Feet	°	Feet	°	Feet	°	Feet	°	Feet	°	Feet
1	2.3	14	32.8	27	63.2	40	93.6	53	124.1	66	154.5
2	4.7	15	35.1	28	65.5	41	96.0	54	126.4	67	156.8
3	7.0	16	37.5	29	67.9	42	98.3	55	128.7	68	159.2
4	9.4	17	39.8	30	70.2	43	100.7	56	131.1	69	161.5
5	11.7	18	42.1	31	72.6	44	103.0	57	133.4	70	163.9
6	14.0	19	44.5	32	74.9	45	105.3	58	135.8	71	166.2
7	16.4	20	46.8	33	77.3	46	107.7	59	138.1	72	168.6
8	18.7	21	49.2	34	79.6	47	110.0	60	140.4	73	170.9
9	21.1	22	51.5	35	81.9	48	112.4	61	142.8	74	173.3
10	23.4	23	53.8	36	84.3	49	114.7	62	145.1	75	175.6
11	25.8	24	56.2	37	86.6	50	117.0	63	147.5	76	177.9
12	28.1	25	58.5	38	89.0	51	119.4	64	149.8	77	180.3
13	30.4	26	60.9	39	91.3	52	121.7	65	152.2	78	182.6

Approximate Height of Station	PART III.						PART IV.	PART V.							Approximate Height of Station	
	Correction due to the Change of Gravity from the Latitude of 45° to the Latitude of the Place of Observation.							Correction for Decrease of Gravity on a Vertical.	Correction due to the Height of the Lower Station.							
	Positive from Latitude 0° to 45°; Negative from Latitude 45° to 90°.								Always Positive.	Height of Barometer at Lower Station.						
	Latitude.							16 in.		18 in.	20 in.	22 in.	24 in.	26 in.	28 in.	
°	0° 90°	10° 80°	20° 70°	30° 60°	40° 50°	45°	Always Positive.	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	
1 000	2.6	2.5	2.0	1.3	0.5	0	2.5	1.6	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.2	1 000	
2 000	5.3	5.0	4.1	2.6	0.9	0	5.2	3.1	2.5	2.0	1.5	1.1	0.7	0.3	2 000	
3 000	7.9	7.5	6.1	4.0	1.4	0	7.9	4.7	3.8	3.0	2.3	1.7	1.1	0.5	3 000	
4 000	10.6	10.0	8.1	5.3	1.8	0	10.8	6.3	5.1	4.0	3.1	2.2	1.4	0.7	4 000	
5 000	13.2	12.4	10.1	6.6	2.3	0	13.7	7.8	6.4	5.0	3.8	2.8	1.8	0.8	5 000	
6 000	15.9	14.9	12.2	7.9	2.8	0	16.7	9.4	7.6	6.0	4.6	3.3	2.1	1.0	6 000	
7 000	18.5	17.4	14.2	9.3	3.2	0	19.9	11.0	8.9	7.1	5.4	3.9	2.5	1.2	7 000	
8 000	21.2	19.9	16.2	10.6	3.7	0	23.1	12.5	10.2	8.1	6.2	4.4	2.8	1.3	8 000	
9 000	23.8	22.4	18.3	11.9	4.1	0	26.4	14.1	11.4	9.1	6.9	5.0	3.2	1.5	9 000	
10 000	26.5	24.9	20.3	13.2	4.6	0	29.8	15.7	12.7	10.1	7.7	5.5	3.5	1.7	10 000	
11 000	29.1	27.4	22.3	14.6	5.1	0	33.3	17.2	14.0	11.1	8.5	6.1	3.9	1.8	11 000	
12 000	31.8	29.9	24.4	15.9	5.5	0	36.9	18.8	15.3	12.1	9.2	6.6	4.2	2.0	12 000	
13 000	34.4	32.4	26.4	17.2	6.0	0	40.6	20.4	16.5	13.1	10.0	7.2	4.6	2.2	13 000	
14 000	37.1	34.9	28.4	18.5	6.4	0	44.4	21.9	17.8	14.1	10.8	7.7	4.9	2.3	14 000	
15 000	39.7	37.3	30.4	19.9	6.9	0	48.3	23.5	19.1	15.1	11.5	8.3	5.3	2.5	15 000	
16 000	42.4	39.8	32.5	21.2	7.4	0	52.3	25.1	20.3	16.1	12.3	8.8	5.6	2.7	16 000	
17 000	45.0	42.3	34.5	22.5	7.8	0	56.4	26.6	21.6	17.1	13.1	9.4	6.0	2.8	17 000	
18 000	47.7	44.8	36.5	23.8	8.3	0	60.5	28.2	22.9	18.1	13.8	9.9	6.3	3.0	18 000	
19 000	50.3	47.3	38.6	25.2	8.7	0	64.8	29.8	24.1	19.2	14.6	10.5	6.7	3.2	19 000	
20 000	53.0	49.8	40.6	26.5	9.2	0	69.2	31.3	25.4	20.2	15.4	11.0	7.0	3.3	20 000	
21 000	55.6	52.3	42.6	27.8	9.7	0	73.6	32.9	26.7	21.2	16.1	11.6	7.4	3.5	21 000	
22 000	58.3	54.8	44.7	29.1	10.1	0	78.2	34.5	28.0	22.2	16.9	12.1	7.7	3.7	22 000	
23 000	60.9	57.3	46.7	30.5	10.6	0	82.9	36.0	29.2	23.2	17.7	12.7	8.1	3.8	23 000	
24 000	63.6	59.8	48.7	31.8	11.0	0	87.6	37.6	30.5	24.2	18.5	13.2	8.4	4.0	24 000	
25 000	66.2	62.2	50.7	33.1	11.5	0	92.5	39.1	31.8	25.2	19.2	13.8	8.8	4.1	25 000	

TABLE XX.—Computation of Heights.—For determining Heights with the Boiling Point Thermometer.

PART I.—Approximate Height in Feet corresponding to the Observed Boiling Point in degrees Fahrenheit.											
Boiling Point	Baro-meter	Approx. Height	Boiling Point	Baro-meter	Approx. Height	Boiling Point	Baro-meter	Approx. Height	Boiling Point	Baro-meter	Approx. Height
°	Inches	Feet	°	Inches	Feet	°	Inches	Feet	°	Inches	Feet
170·0	12·188	23466	174·0	13·350	21086	178·0	14·606	18738	182·0	15·963	16416
1	216	23406	1	380	21028	1	639	18679	1	998	16358
2	244	23346	2	410	20969	2	672	18619	2	16·033	16302
3	272	23286	3	440	20911	3	705	18561	3	068	16245
4	300	23226	4	470	20852	4	738	18503	4	103	16188
5	328	23166	5	500	20794	5	771	18444	5	138	16131
6	356	23108	6	531	20734	6	804	18385	6	174	16073
7	384	23048	7	562	20675	7	837	18327	7	210	16015
8	412	22990	8	593	20615	8	870	18269	8	246	15957
9	440	22931	9	624	20556	9	903	18211	9	282	15899
171·0	12·468	22872	175·0	13·655	20496	179·0	14·936	18153	183·0	16·318	15841
1	497	22811	1	686	20437	1	969	18096	1	354	15784
2	526	22751	2	717	20378	2	15·002	18038	2	390	15726
3	555	22690	3	748	20319	3	035	17981	3	426	15669
4	584	22630	4	779	20260	4	068	17924	4	462	15612
5	613	22570	5	810	20201	5	102	17865	5	498	15555
6	642	22510	6	841	20142	6	136	17806	6	534	15498
7	671	22450	7	872	20084	7	170	17747	7	570	15441
8	700	22390	8	903	20026	8	204	17689	8	606	15384
9	729	22330	9	934	19968	9	238	17631	9	642	15328
172·0	12·758	22271	176·0	13·965	19909	180·0	15·272	17572	184·0	16·678	15271
1	787	22212	1	996	19851	1	306	17514	1	715	15213
2	816	22152	2	14·028	19792	2	340	17456	2	752	15155
3	845	22093	3	060	19732	3	374	17398	3	789	15098
4	874	22035	4	092	19673	4	408	17341	4	826	15040
5	903	21976	5	124	19614	5	442	17283	5	863	14983
6	932	21917	6	156	19554	6	476	17225	6	900	14926
7	961	21859	7	188	19495	7	510	17168	7	937	14868
8	990	21800	8	220	19437	8	544	17111	8	974	14811
9	13·020	21740	9	252	19378	9	578	17054	9	17·011	14755
173·0	13·050	21680	177·0	14·284	19319	181·0	15·613	16995	185·0	17·048	14698
1	080	21620	1	316	19261	1	648	16937	1	085	14641
2	110	21560	2	348	19202	2	683	16878	2	122	14585
3	140	21500	3	380	19144	3	718	16820	3	160	14527
4	170	21441	4	412	19086	4	753	16762	4	197	14470
5	200	21381	5	444	19028	5	788	16704	5	235	14413
6	230	21322	6	476	18970	6	823	16646	6	272	14357
7	260	21263	7	508	18913	7	858	16588	7	310	14299
8	290	21204	8	540	18855	8	893	16531	8	348	14242
9	320	21145	9	573	18796	9	928	16473	9	385	14186
174·0	13·350	21086	178·0	14·606	18738	182·0	15·963	16416	186·0	17·423	14129

TABLE XX.—Computation of Heights.—For determining Heights with the Boiling Point Thermometer.—(Continued).

PART I.—(Continued).											
Boiling Point	Baro- meter	Approx. Height	Boiling Point	Baro- meter	Approx. Height	Boiling Point	Baro- meter	Approx. Height	Boiling Point	Baro- meter	Approx. Height
°	Inches	Feet	°	Inches	Feet	°	Inches	Feet	°	Inches	Feet
186·0	17·423	14129	190·0	18·996	11871	194·0	20·685	9646	198·0	22·498	7450
1	461	14072	1	19·036	11816	1	729	9590	1	545	7396
2	499	14015	2	077	11760	2	773	9535	2	592	7342
3	537	13959	3	118	11704	3	817	9479	3	639	7287
4	575	13902	4	159	11648	4	861	9424	4	686	7233
5	614	13845	5	200	11592	5	905	9369	5	734	7178
6	652	13788	6	241	11536	6	949	9314	6	781	7124
7	690	13732	7	283	11479	7	993	9259	7	829	7069
8	729	13675	8	324	11424	8	21·038	9204	8	876	7015
9	767	13619	9	365	11368	9	082	9149	9	924	6960
187·0	17·806	13561	191·0	19·407	11312	195·0	21·126	9095	199·0	22·971	6907
1	844	13506	1	448	11257	1	171	9039	1	23·019	6852
2	883	13448	2	490	11200	2	216	8983	2	067	6798
3	922	13392	3	532	11144	3	260	8929	3	115	6744
4	961	13335	4	573	11089	4	305	8874	4	163	6689
5	18·000	13278	5	615	11033	5	350	8819	5	211	6635
6	039	13222	6	657	10977	6	395	8764	6	259	6581
7	078	13165	7	699	10922	7	440	8709	7	308	6526
8	117	13109	8	741	10866	8	485	8654	8	356	6473
9	156	13053	9	783	10810	9	530	8599	9	405	6418
188·0	18·195	12997	192·0	19·825	10755	196·0	21·576	8544	200·0	23·453	6364
1	235	12939	1	868	10699	1	621	8489	1	502	6310
2	274	12883	2	910	10643	2	666	8435	2	550	6257
3	314	12826	3	952	10588	3	712	8380	3	599	6202
4	353	12771	4	995	10532	4	758	8324	4	648	6148
5	393	12714	5	20·037	10477	5	803	8270	5	697	6094
6	432	12658	6	080	10421	6	849	8215	6	746	6040
7	472	12602	7	123	10365	7	895	8160	7	795	5986
8	512	12545	8	166	10310	8	941	8105	8	845	5931
9	552	12489	9	208	10255	9	987	8051	9	894	5878
189·0	18·592	12433	193·0	20·251	10200	197·0	22·033	7996	201·0	23·943	5824
1	632	12377	1	294	10144	1	079	7941	1	993	5770
2	672	12321	2	338	10088	2	125	7887	2	24·042	5716
3	712	12265	3	381	10032	3	172	7831	3	092	5662
4	753	12208	4	424	9977	4	218	7777	4	142	5608
5	793	12152	5	467	9922	5	264	7723	5	191	5555
6	833	12096	6	511	9866	6	311	7668	6	241	5501
7	874	12040	7	554	9812	7	358	7613	7	291	5447
8	914	11984	8	598	9756	8	404	7560	8	341	5393
9	955	11927	9	641	9701	9	451	7505	9	391	5340
190·0	18·996	11871	194·0	20·685	9646	198·0	22·498	7450	202·0	24·442	5285

TABLE XX.—Computation of Heights.—For determining Heights with the Boiling Point Thermometer.—(Continued).

PART I.—(Continued).											
Boiling Point	Baro-meter	Approx. Height	Boiling Point	Baro-meter	Approx. Height	Boiling Point	Baro-meter	Approx. Height	Boiling Point	Baro-meter	Approx. Height
°	Inches	Feet	°	Inches	Feet	°	Inches	Feet	°	Inches	Feet
202·0	24·442	5285	204·5	25·726	3948	207·0	27·066	2621	209·5	28·464	1305
1	492	5232	6	779	3894	1	121	2568	6	521	1253
2	542	5178	7	831	3841	2	176	2515	7	579	1200
3	593	5124	8	884	3788	3	231	2462	8	636	1148
4	644	5070	9	937	3734	4	286	2409	9	693	1096
5	694	5017	205·0	25·990	3681	5	341	2357	210·0	28·751	1043
6	745	4963	1	26·043	3628	6	397	2303	1	800	990
7	796	4909	2	096	3575	7	452	2251	2	866	939
8	847	4856	3	149	3522	8	507	2199	3	924	886
9	898	4802	4	202	3469	9	563	2146	4	982	834
203·0	24·949	4749	5	255	3416	208·0	27·618	2094	5	29·040	782
1	25·000	4695	6	309	3362	1	674	2041	6	098	730
2	051	4642	7	362	3310	2	730	1988	7	156	578
3	103	4588	8	416	3256	3	786	1935	8	215	625
4	154	4535	9	470	3203	4	842	1882	9	273	573
5	206	4481	206·0	26·523	3151	5	898	1830	211·0	29·331	521
6	257	4428	1	577	3097	6	954	1778	1	390	469
7	309	4375	2	631	3044	7	28·011	1724	2	449	416
8	361	4321	3	685	2991	8	067	1672	3	508	364
9	413	4267	4	740	2938	9	123	1620	4	566	313
204·0	25·465	4214	5	794	2885	209·0	28·180	1567	5	625	261
1	517	4161	6	848	2832	1	237	1514	6	684	209
2	569	4108	7	903	2779	2	293	1463	7	744	156
3	621	4054	8	957	2726	3	350	1410	8	803	104
4	674	4000	9	27·012	2673	4	407	1357	9	862	52
204·5	25·726	3948	207·0	27·066	2621	209·5	28·464	1305	212·0	29·922	0

PART II.—Multipliers for Mean Temperature (Fahrenheit) of the Stratum of Air passed through.

Mean Temp.	Multi-plier	Mean Temp.	Multi-plier	Mean Temp.	Multi-plier	Mean Temp.	Multi-plier	Mean Temp.	Multi-plier	Mean Temp.	Multi-plier
0°	0·933	7·5	0·949	15°	0·965	22·5	0·980	30°	0·996	37·5	1·011
0·5	934	8	950	15·5	966	23	981	30·5	997	38	013
1	935	8·5	951	16	967	23·5	982	31	998	38·5	014
1·5	936	9	952	16·5	968	24	983	31·5	999	39	015
2	938	9·5	953	17	969	24·5	984	32	1·000	39·5	016
2·5	939	10	954	17·5	970	25	985	32·5	001	40	017
3	940	10·5	955	18	971	25·5	986	33	002	40·5	018
3·5	941	11	956	18·5	972	26	988	33·5	003	41	019
4	942	11·5	957	19	973	26·5	989	34	004	41·5	020
4·5	943	12	958	19·5	974	27	990	34·5	005	42	021
5	0·944	12·5	0·959	20	0·975	27·5	0·991	35	1·006	42·5	1·022
5·5	945	13	960	20·5	976	28	992	35·5	007	43	023
6	946	13·5	961	21	977	28·5	993	36	008	43·5	024
6·5	947	14	963	21·5	978	29	994	36·5	009	44	025
7	948	14·5	964	22	979	29·5	995	37	010	44·5	026
7·5	0·949	15	0·965	22·5	0·980	30	0·996	37·5	1·011	45	1·027

TABLE XX.—Computation of Heights.—For determining Heights with the Boiling Point Thermometer.—(Continued).

PART II.—(Continued).

Mean Temp.	Multiplier	Mean Temp.	Multiplier	Mean Temp.	Multiplier	Mean Temp.	Multiplier	Mean Temp.	Multiplier	Mean Temp.	Multiplier
45°	1·027	55°	1·048	65°	1·069	75°	1·090	85°	1·110	95°	1·131
45·5	028	55·5	049	65·5	070	75·5	091	85·5	111	95·5	132
46	029	56	050	66	071	76	092	86	113	96	133
46·5	030	56·5	051	66·5	072	76·5	093	86·5	114	96·5	134
47	031	57	052	67	073	77	094	87	115	97	135
47·5	032	57·5	053	67·5	074	77·5	095	87·5	116	97·5	136
48	033	58	054	68	075	78	096	88	117	98	137
48·5	034	58·5	055	68·5	076	78·5	097	88·5	118	98·5	139
49	035	59	056	69	077	79	098	89	119	99	140
49·5	036	59·5	057	69·5	078	79·5	099	89·5	120	99·5	141
50	1·038	60	1·058	70	1·079	80	1·100	90	1·121	100	142
50·5	039	60·5	059	70·5	080	80·5	101	90·5	122		
51	040	61	060	71	081	81	102	91	123		
51·5	041	61·5	061	71·5	082	81·5	103	91·5	124		
52	042	62	062	72	083	82	104	92	125		
52·5	043	62·5	063	72·5	084	82·5	105	92·5	126		
53	044	63	065	73	085	83	106	93	127		
53·5	045	63·5	066	73·5	086	83·5	107	93·5	128		
54	046	64	067	74	087	84	108	94	129		
54·5	047	64·5	068	74·5	089	84·5	109	94·5	130		
55	1·048	65	1·069	75	1·090	85	1·110	95	1·131		

TABLE XXI.—Parallax of the Sun.

Altitude	January	February and December	March and November	April and October	May and September	June and August	July	Altitude
0	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	0
5	9·0	9·0	8·9	8·8	8·8	8·7	8·7	5
10	9·0	8·9	8·9	8·8	8·7	8·7	8·7	10
15	8·9	8·8	8·8	8·7	8·6	8·6	8·6	15
20	8·7	8·7	8·6	8·5	8·5	8·4	8·4	20
25	8·5	8·4	8·4	8·3	8·3	8·2	8·2	25
30	8·2	8·1	8·1	8·0	8·0	7·9	7·9	30
35	7·8	7·8	7·7	7·7	7·6	7·6	7·5	35
40	7·4	7·3	7·3	7·2	7·2	7·1	7·1	40
45	6·9	6·9	6·8	6·8	6·7	6·7	6·7	45
50	6·4	6·3	6·3	6·2	6·2	6·2	6·2	50
55	5·8	5·8	5·7	5·7	5·6	5·6	5·6	55
60	5·2	5·1	5·1	5·1	5·0	5·0	5·0	60
65	4·5	4·5	4·5	4·4	4·4	4·4	4·4	65
70	3·8	3·8	3·8	3·7	3·7	3·7	3·7	70
75	3·1	3·1	3·0	3·0	3·0	3·0	3·0	75
80	2·3	2·3	2·3	2·3	2·3	2·3	2·3	80
85	1·6	1·6	1·6	1·5	1·5	1·5	1·5	85
90	0·8	0·8	0·8	0·8	0·8	0·8	0·8	90
95	0·0	0·0	0·0	0·0	0·0	0·0	0·0	95

NOTE.—Parallax is *additive* to Altitude and *subtractive* from Zenith Distance.

TABLE XXII.—Astronomical Refractions.

Appa- rent Zenith Distance	Mean Refrac- tion for Baro- 30 in. and Temp. 50° Fahrenheit	Diff. for 1' Z. D.	Diff. for 1 inch Barometer	Diff. for 1° Temp.	Appa- rent Zenith Distance	Mean Refrac- tion for Baro- 30 in. and Temp. 50° Fahrenheit	Diff. for 1' Z. D.	Diff. for 1 inch Barometer	Diff. for 1° Temp.
°	' "	"	"	"	°	' "	"	"	"
0	0 0'0	+ 0'017	0'00	0'000	46	1 0'3	+ 0'035	2'04	0'121
1	1 0	'017	'03	'002	47	1 2'4	'037	'12	'125
2	2 0	'017	'07	'004	48	1 4'7	'038	'19	'129
3	3 1	'017	'11	'006	49	1 7'0	'039	'27	'134
4	4 1	'017	'14	'008	50	1 9'4	'041	'35	'139
5	5 1	'017	'17	'010					
6	6 1	'017	'21	'012	51	1 11'9	'042	'44	'144
7	7 2	'017	'24	'014	52	1 14'5	'044	'53	'149
8	8 2	'017	'28	'016	53	1 17'2	'047	'62	'154
9	9 2	'017	'31	'018	54	1 20'1	'049	'72	'160
10	10 3	'017	'35	'021	55	1 23'1	'051	'82	'166
11	0 11'3	0'017	0'38	0'023	56	1 26'2	0'054	2'92	0'172
12	12 4	'018	'42	'025	57	1 29'5	'057	3'03	'179
13	13 5	'018	'46	'027	58	1 33'0	'060	'15	'186
14	14 5	'018	'49	'029	59	1 36'7	'064	'28	'193
15	15 6	'018	'53	'031	60	1 40'6	'068	'41	'201
16	16 7	'018	'57	'033	61	1 44'8	'072	'55	'210
17	17 8	'018	'60	'036	62	1 49'2	'076	'70	'218
18	18 9	'019	'64	'038	63	1 53'9	'081	'86	'228
19	20 1	'019	'68	'040	64	1 58'9	'088	4'03	'238
20	21 2	'019	'72	'042	65	2 4'4	'095	'22	'249
21	0 22'4	0'019	0'76	0'045	66	2 10'2	0'101	4'41	0'260
22	23 6	'019	'80	'047	67	2 16'5	'109	'63	'273
23	24 7	'020	'84	'049	68	2 23'3	'118	'86	'287
24	26 0	'020	'88	'052	69	2 30'7	'129	5'11	'301
25	27 2	'020	'92	'054	70	2 38'8	'142	'38	'318
26	28 4	'021	'96	'057	71	2 47'7	'155	'68	'335
27	29 7	'022	1'01	'059					
28	31 0	'022	'05	'062	72	0 2 57'4	'171	6'01	'355
29	32 3	'023	'09	'065	30	3 2'8	'182	'20	'366
30	33 7	'023	'14	'067	73	0 3 8'3	'190	'38	'377
					30	3 14'2	'204	'58	'388
					74	0 3 20'5	'215	'80	'401
31	0 35 0	0'023	1'19	0'070	30	3 27'1	'227	7'02	'414
32	36 4	'023	'23	'073					
33	37 8	'024	'28	'076					
34	39 3	'025	'33	'079	75	0 3 34'1	0'237	7'26	0'428
35	40 8	'025	'38	'082	10	3 36'5	'245	'34	'433
36	42 3	'026	'43	'085	20	3 39 0	'253	'42	'438
37	43 9	'027	'49	'088	30	3 41 6	'257	'51	'443
38	45 5	'028	'54	'091	40	3 44 2	'263	'60	'448
39	47 2	'028	'60	'094	50	3 46 8	'268	'69	'454
40	48 9	'028	'66	'098					
41	0 50 6	0'029	1'72	0'101	76	0 3 49 6	'275	'78	'459
42	52 4	'031	'78	'105	10	3 52 3	'280	'87	'465
43	54 3	'032	'84	'109	20	3 55 2	'287	'97	'470
44	56 2	'033	'91	'112	30	3 58 1	'295	8'07	'476
45	58 2	'034	'97	'116	40	4 1 0	'300	'17	'482
					50	4 4 1	'310	'27	'488

NOTES.—1. Refraction is *additive* to Apparent Zenith Distance and *subtractive* from Apparent Altitude.

2. Correction for barometer is $\frac{\text{subtractive from}}{\text{additive to}}$ Mean Refraction if barometer reads $\frac{\text{less}}{\text{more}}$ than 30 Inches.

3. Correction for temperature is $\frac{\text{subtractive from}}{\text{additive to}}$ " temperature is $\frac{\text{higher}}{\text{lower}}$ than 50° Fahr.

TABLE XXII.—Astronomical Refractions.—(Continued).

Appa- rent Zenith Distance	Mean Refrac- tion for Baro- 30 in. and Temp. 50° Fahrenheit	Diff. for 1' Z. D.	Diff. for 1 inch Barometer	Diff. for 1° Temp.	Appa- rent Zenith Distance	Mean Refrac- tion for Baro- 30 in. and Temp. 50° Fahrenheit	Diff. for 1' Z. D.	Diff. for 1 inch Barometer	Diff. for 1° Temp.
° ' "	" "	" "	" "	" "	° ' "	" "	" "	" "	" "
77 0	4 7' 2	+ 0' 315	8' 40	0' 494	84 30	9 7' 0	+ 1' 395	18' 71	1' 203
10	4 10' 4	' 320	' 51	' 526	40	9 21' 3	' 460	19' 25	' 235
20	4 13' 6	' 330	' 62	' 532	50	9 36' 2	' 535	' 76	' 268
30	4 17' 0	' 340	' 74	' 540	85 0	9 52' 0	1' 620	20' 31	1' 302
40	4 20' 4	' 345	' 85	' 547	10	10 9	' 70	' 9	' 34
50	4 23' 9	' 355	' 97	' 554	20	10 26	' 79	21' 5	' 44
78 0	4 27' 5	' 365	9' 09	' 562	30	10 44	' 89	22' 1	' 48
10	4 31' 2	' 375	' 22	' 570	40	11 4	' 99	' 9	' 53
20	4 35' 0	' 385	' 35	' 578	50	11 24	2' 11	23' 6	' 57
30	4 38' 9	' 395	' 48	' 586	86 0	11 46	' 21	24' 4	' 62
40	4 42' 9	' 405	' 62	' 594	5	11 57	' 29	' 7	' 65
50	4 47' 0	' 415	' 76	' 603	10	12 9	' 36	25' 1	' 68
79 0	4 51' 2	0' 430	9' 09	0' 612	15	12 21	' 43	' 6	' 70
10	4 55' 6	' 440	10' 05	' 621	20	12 33	' 50	26' 0	' 73
20	5 0' 0	' 450	' 20	' 630	25	12 46	' 58	' 4	' 76
30	5 4' 6	' 465	' 36	' 640	86 30	12 59	2' 66	26' 9	1' 87
40	5 9' 3	' 480	' 52	' 650	35	13 12	' 75	27' 5	' 90
50	5 14' 2	' 495	' 68	' 660	40	13 26	' 84	28' 0	' 94
80 0	5 19' 2	' 505	10' 85	' 670	45	13 41	' 92	' 5	' 97
10	5 24' 3	' 520	11' 03	' 681	50	13 56	3' 02	29' 0	2' 01
20	5 29' 6	' 540	' 21	' 692	55	14 11	' 13	' 5	' 04
30	5 35' 1	' 560	' 39	' 704	87 0	14 27	' 23	30' 1	' 08
40	5 40' 8	' 575	' 62	' 716	5	14 43	' 33	' 7	' 12
50	5 46' 6	' 590	' 82	' 728	10	15 0	' 45	31' 2	' 25
81 0	5 52' 6	0' 610	12' 02	0' 740	15	15 18	' 58	' 8	' 29
10	5 58' 8	' 635	' 24	' 753	20	15 36	' 71	32' 5	' 34
20	6 5' 3	' 655	' 46	' 767	25	15 55	' 83	33' 1	' 39
30	6 11' 9	' 675	' 68	' 781	87 30	16 14	3' 96	33' 8	2' 44
40	6 18' 8	' 700	' 92	' 795	35	16 34	4' 12	34' 9	' 49
50	6 25' 9	' 725	13' 16	' 810	40	16 55	' 29	35' 6	' 54
82 0	6 33' 3	' 755	13' 41	' 826	45	17 17	' 44	36' 4	' 59
10	6 41' 0	' 780	' 67	' 842	50	17 40	' 60	37' 2	' 76
20	6 48' 9	' 810	' 94	' 858	55	18 3	' 79	38' 0	' 82
30	6 57' 2	' 840	14' 23	' 876	88 0	18 28	4' 99	' 9	' 88
40	7 5' 7	' 870	' 56	' 894	5	18 53	5' 19	39' 8	' 95
50	7 14' 6	' 910	' 86	' 913	10	19 20	' 40	40' 7	3' 02
83 0	7 23' 9	0' 945	15' 18	0' 932	15	19 47	' 63	41' 7	' 09
10	7 33' 5	' 980	' 51	' 998	20	20 16	' 86	42' 7	' 28
20	7 43' 5	1' 025	' 85	1' 020	25	20 46	6' 11	43' 7	' 36
30	7 54' 0	' 070	16' 21	' 043	88 30	21 17	6' 38	44' 8	3' 45
40	8 4' 9	' 110	' 58	' 067	35	21 50	' 67	46' 4	' 54
50	8 16' 2	' 160	' 97	' 092	40	22 24	' 98	47' 8	' 76
84 0	8 28' 1	1' 215	17' 38	1' 118					
10	8 40' 5	' 265	' 80	' 145					
20	8 53' 4	' 325	18' 24	' 173					

NOTES.—1. Refraction is *additive* to Apparent Zenith Distance and *subtractive* from Apparent Altitude.

2. Correction for barometer is $\frac{\text{subtractive from}}{\text{additive to}}$ Mean Refraction if barometer reads $\frac{\text{less}}{\text{more}}$ than 30 Inches.

3. Correction for temperature is $\frac{\text{subtractive from}}{\text{additive to}}$ " temperature is $\frac{\text{higher}}{\text{lower}}$ than 50° Fahr.

TABLE XXIII.—Values of $\frac{2 \operatorname{Sin}^2 \frac{1}{2} t}{\operatorname{Sin} 1''}$ for Computation of Circumpolar Azimuths.

Seconds	Hour Angles in Time.									
	0 ^m	1 ^m	2 ^m	3 ^m	4 ^m	5 ^m	6 ^m	7 ^m	8 ^m	9 ^m
0	0'00	1'96	7'85	17'67	31'42	49'09	70'68	96'20	125'65	159'02
1	0'00	2'03	7'98	17'87	31'68	49'41	71'07	96'66	126'17	159'61
2	0'00	2'10	8'12	18'07	31'94	49'74	71'47	97'12	126'70	160'20
3	0'00	2'16	8'25	18'27	32'20	50'07	71'86	97'58	127'22	160'80
4	0'01	2'23	8'39	18'47	32'47	50'40	72'26	98'04	127'75	161'39
5	0'01	2'31	8'52	18'67	32'74	50'73	72'66	98'50	128'28	161'98
6	0'02	2'38	8'66	18'87	33'01	51'07	73'06	98'97	128'81	162'58
7	0'02	2'45	8'80	19'07	33'27	51'40	73'46	99'43	129'34	163'17
8	0'03	2'52	8'94	19'28	33'54	51'74	73'86	99'90	129'87	163'77
9	0'04	2'60	9'08	19'48	33'81	52'07	74'26	100'37	130'40	164'37
10	0'05	2'67	9'22	19'69	34'09	52'41	74'66	100'84	130'94	164'97
11	0'06	2'75	9'36	19'90	34'36	52'75	75'06	101'31	131'47	165'57
12	0'08	2'83	9'50	20'11	34'64	53'09	75'47	101'78	132'01	166'17
13	0'09	2'91	9'64	20'32	34'91	53'43	75'88	102'25	132'55	166'77
14	0'11	2'99	9'79	20'53	35'19	53'77	76'29	102'72	133'09	167'37
15	0'12	3'07	9'94	20'74	35'46	54'11	76'69	103'20	133'63	167'97
16	0'14	3'15	10'09	20'95	35'74	54'46	77'10	103'67	134'17	168'58
17	0'16	3'23	10'24	21'16	36'02	54'80	77'51	104'15	134'71	169'19
18	0'18	3'32	10'39	21'38	36'30	55'15	77'93	104'63	135'25	169'80
19	0'20	3'40	10'54	21'60	36'58	55'50	78'34	105'10	135'80	170'41
20	0'22	3'49	10'69	21'82	36'87	55'84	78'75	105'58	136'34	171'02
21	0'24	3'58	10'84	22'03	37'15	56'19	79'16	106'06	136'88	171'63
22	0'26	3'67	11'00	22'25	37'44	56'55	79'58	106'55	137'43	172'24
23	0'28	3'76	11'15	22'47	37'72	56'90	80'00	107'03	137'98	172'85
24	0'31	3'85	11'31	22'70	38'01	57'25	80'42	107'51	138'53	173'47
25	0'34	3'94	11'47	22'92	38'30	57'60	80'84	107'99	139'08	174'08
26	0'37	4'03	11'63	23'14	38'59	57'96	81'26	108'48	139'63	174'70
27	0'40	4'12	11'79	23'37	38'88	58'32	81'68	108'97	140'18	175'32
28	0'43	4'22	11'95	23'60	39'17	58'68	82'10	109'46	140'74	175'94
29	0'46	4'32	12'11	23'82	39'46	59'03	82'52	109'95	141'29	176'56
30	0'49	4'42	12'27	24'05	39'76	59'40	82'95	110'44	141'85	177'18
31	0'52	4'52	12'43	24'28	40'05	59'75	83'38	110'93	142'40	177'80
32	0'56	4'62	12'60	24'51	40'35	60'11	83'81	111'43	142'96	178'43
33	0'59	4'72	12'76	24'74	40'65	60'47	84'23	111'92	143'52	179'05
34	0'63	4'82	12'93	24'98	40'95	60'84	84'66	112'41	144'08	179'68
35	0'67	4'92	13'10	25'21	41'25	61'20	85'09	112'90	144'64	180'30
36	0'71	5'03	13'27	25'45	41'55	61'57	85'52	113'40	145'20	180'93
37	0'75	5'13	13'44	25'68	41'85	61'94	85'95	113'90	145'76	181'56
38	0'79	5'24	13'62	25'92	42'15	62'31	86'39	114'40	146'33	182'19
39	0'83	5'34	13'79	26'16	42'45	62'68	86'82	114'90	146'89	182'82
40	0'87	5'45	13'96	26'40	42'76	63'05	87'26	115'40	147'46	183'46
41	0'91	5'56	14'13	26'64	43'06	63'42	87'70	115'90	148'03	184'09
42	0'96	5'67	14'31	26'88	43'37	63'79	88'14	116'40	148'60	184'72
43	1'01	5'78	14'49	27'12	43'68	64'16	88'57	116'90	149'17	185'35
44	1'06	5'90	14'67	27'37	43'99	64'54	89'01	117'41	149'74	185'99
45	1'10	6'01	14'85	27'61	44'30	64'91	89'45	117'92	150'31	186'63
46	1'15	6'13	15'03	27'86	44'61	65'29	89'89	118'43	150'88	187'27
47	1'20	6'24	15'21	28'10	44'92	65'67	90'33	118'94	151'45	187'91
48	1'26	6'36	15'39	28'35	45'24	66'05	90'78	119'45	152'03	188'55
49	1'31	6'48	15'57	28'60	45'55	66'43	91'23	119'96	152'61	189'19
50	1'36	6'60	15'76	28'85	45'87	66'81	91'68	120'47	153'19	189'83
51	1'42	6'72	15'95	29'10	46'18	67'19	92'12	120'98	153'77	190'47
52	1'48	6'84	16'14	29'36	46'50	67'58	92'57	121'49	154'35	191'12
53	1'53	6'96	16'32	29'61	46'82	67'96	93'02	122'01	154'93	191'76
54	1'59	7'09	16'51	29'86	47'14	68'35	93'47	122'53	155'51	192'41
55	1'65	7'21	16'70	30'12	47'46	68'73	93'92	123'05	156'09	193'06
56	1'71	7'34	16'89	30'38	47'79	69'12	94'38	123'57	156'67	193'71
57	1'77	7'46	17'08	30'64	48'11	69'51	94'83	124'09	157'25	194'36
58	1'83	7'60	17'28	30'90	48'43	69'90	95'29	124'61	157'84	195'01
59	1'89	7'72	17'47	31'16	48'76	70'29	95'74	125'13	158'43	195'66

TABLE XXIII.—Values of $\frac{2 \text{Sin}^2 \frac{1}{2} t}{\text{Sin } 1''}$ for Computation of Circumpolar Azimuths.

Seconds	Hour Angles in Time.									
	10 ^m	11 ^m	12 ^m	13 ^m	14 ^m	15 ^m	16 ^m	17 ^m	18 ^m	19 ^m
0	196.32	237.54	282.68	331.74	384.74	441.63	502.46	567.19	635.84	708.42
1	196.97	238.26	283.47	332.59	385.65	442.62	503.50	568.30	637.03	709.66
2	197.63	238.98	284.26	333.44	386.56	443.60	504.55	569.42	638.20	710.90
3	198.28	239.70	285.04	334.29	387.48	444.58	505.60	570.53	639.38	712.15
4	198.94	240.42	285.83	335.15	388.40	445.56	506.65	571.65	640.56	713.39
5	199.60	241.14	286.62	336.00	389.32	446.55	507.70	572.76	641.74	714.64
6	200.26	241.87	287.41	336.86	390.24	447.54	508.76	573.88	642.92	715.90
7	200.92	242.60	288.20	337.72	391.16	448.53	509.81	575.00	644.11	717.13
8	201.59	243.33	289.00	338.58	392.09	449.51	510.86	576.12	645.30	718.39
9	202.25	244.06	289.79	339.44	393.01	450.50	511.92	577.24	646.49	719.63
10	202.92	244.79	290.58	340.30	393.94	451.50	512.98	578.36	647.66	720.89
11	203.58	245.52	291.38	341.16	394.86	452.49	514.03	579.48	648.86	722.14
12	204.25	246.25	292.18	342.02	395.79	453.48	515.09	580.60	650.04	723.40
13	204.92	246.98	292.98	342.88	396.72	454.48	516.15	581.73	651.24	724.65
14	205.59	247.72	293.78	343.75	397.65	455.47	517.21	582.85	652.42	725.91
15	206.26	248.45	294.58	344.62	398.58	456.47	518.27	583.98	653.63	727.18
16	206.93	249.19	295.38	345.49	399.52	457.47	519.34	585.11	654.82	728.43
17	207.60	249.93	296.18	346.36	400.45	458.47	520.40	586.25	656.01	729.69
18	208.27	250.67	296.99	347.23	401.38	459.47	521.47	587.38	657.20	730.95
19	208.94	251.41	297.79	348.10	402.32	460.47	522.53	588.50	658.40	732.22
20	209.62	252.15	298.60	348.97	403.26	461.47	523.60	589.64	659.60	733.48
21	210.30	252.89	299.40	349.84	404.20	462.48	524.67	590.77	660.80	734.73
22	210.98	253.63	300.21	350.71	405.14	463.48	525.74	591.90	662.00	736.00
23	211.66	254.37	301.02	351.58	406.08	464.48	526.81	593.05	663.21	737.28
24	212.34	255.12	301.83	352.46	407.02	465.49	527.89	594.18	664.40	738.53
25	213.02	255.87	302.64	353.34	407.96	466.50	528.96	595.32	665.61	739.81
26	213.70	256.62	303.46	354.22	408.90	467.51	530.03	596.46	666.81	741.07
27	214.38	257.37	304.27	355.10	409.84	468.52	531.11	597.60	668.02	742.35
28	215.07	258.12	305.09	355.98	410.79	469.53	532.18	598.74	669.22	743.62
29	215.75	258.87	305.90	356.86	411.73	470.54	533.26	599.89	670.44	744.89
30	216.44	259.62	306.72	357.74	412.68	471.55	534.33	601.02	671.65	746.17
31	217.12	260.37	307.54	358.62	413.63	472.57	535.41	602.17	672.85	747.45
32	217.81	261.12	308.36	359.51	414.59	473.58	536.50	603.32	674.06	748.72
33	218.50	261.88	309.18	360.39	415.54	474.60	537.58	604.46	675.27	750.00
34	219.19	262.64	310.00	361.28	416.49	475.62	538.67	605.62	676.49	751.28
35	219.88	263.39	310.82	362.17	417.44	476.64	539.75	606.76	677.70	752.56
36	220.58	264.15	311.65	363.07	418.40	477.65	540.83	607.91	678.92	753.84
37	221.27	264.91	312.47	363.96	419.35	478.67	541.91	609.06	680.13	755.13
38	221.97	265.68	313.30	364.85	420.31	479.70	543.00	610.21	681.35	756.40
39	222.66	266.44	314.12	365.75	421.27	480.72	544.09	611.36	682.57	757.69
40	223.36	267.20	314.95	366.64	422.23	481.74	545.18	612.52	683.79	758.96
41	224.06	267.96	315.78	367.53	423.19	482.77	546.27	613.68	685.01	760.26
42	224.76	268.73	316.61	368.42	424.15	483.79	547.36	614.84	686.23	761.54
43	225.46	269.49	317.44	369.31	425.11	484.82	548.45	616.00	687.46	762.83
44	226.16	270.26	318.27	370.21	426.07	485.85	549.55	617.15	688.68	764.12
45	226.86	271.02	319.10	371.11	427.04	486.88	550.64	618.32	689.91	765.42
46	227.57	271.79	319.94	372.01	428.01	487.91	551.73	619.47	691.13	766.71
47	228.27	272.56	320.78	372.91	428.97	488.94	552.83	620.64	692.36	768.00
48	228.98	273.34	321.62	373.82	429.93	489.97	553.93	621.80	693.59	769.29
49	229.68	274.11	322.45	374.72	430.90	491.01	555.03	622.96	694.82	770.58
50	230.39	274.88	323.29	375.62	431.87	492.05	556.13	624.14	696.05	771.88
51	231.10	275.65	324.13	376.52	432.84	493.08	557.24	625.30	697.28	773.18
52	231.81	276.43	324.97	377.43	433.82	494.12	558.34	626.47	698.51	774.48
53	232.52	277.20	325.81	378.34	434.79	495.15	559.44	627.64	699.75	775.78
54	233.24	277.98	326.66	379.26	435.76	496.19	560.55	628.81	700.99	777.07
55	233.95	278.76	327.50	380.17	436.73	497.23	561.65	629.97	702.21	778.38
56	234.67	279.55	328.35	381.08	437.71	498.28	562.76	631.15	703.46	779.69
57	235.38	280.33	329.19	381.99	438.69	499.32	563.87	632.32	704.69	780.98
58	236.10	281.12	330.04	382.90	439.67	500.37	564.98	633.49	705.93	782.29
59	236.82	281.90	330.89	383.82	440.65	501.41	566.08	634.67	707.18	783.59

TABLE XXIV.—Computation of Circumpolar Azimuths.—To Facilitate the Calculation of the Corrections—for Instrumental Errors of *Collimation*, *Inclination* and *Deviation*—to the Observed Times of Transit.

Zenith Distance	Cos.	Sin.	Zenith Distance	Zenith Distance	Cos.	Sin.	Zenith Distance	Declination N. or S.	1 15 sin. N.P.D.
0			0	0			0		
0	1.000		90	45	0.707		45	0	0.067
1	1.000		89	46	695		44	1	067
2	0.999		88	47	682		43	2	067
3	999		87	48	669		42	3	067
4	998		86	49	656		41	4	067
5	996		85	50	643		40	5	067
6	0.995		84	51	0.629		39	6	0.067
7	993		83	52	616		38	7	067
8	990		82	53	602		37	8	067
9	988		81	54	588		36	9	067
10	985		80	55	574		35	10	068
11	0.982		79	56	0.559		34	11	0.068
12	978		78	57	545		33	12	068
13	974		77	58	530		32	13	068
14	970		76	59	515		31	14	069
15	966		75	60	500		30	15	069
16	0.961		74	61	0.485		29	16	0.069
17	956		73	62	469		28	17	070
18	951		72	63	454		27	18	070
19	946		71	64	438		26	19	071
20	940		70	65	423		25	20	071
21	0.934		69	66	0.407		24	21	0.071
22	927		68	67	391		23	22	072
23	921		67	68	375		22	23	072
24	914		66	69	358		21	24	073
25	906		65	70	342		20	25	074
26	0.899		64	71	0.326		19	26	0.074
27	891		63	72	309		18	27	075
28	883		62	73	292		17	28	076
29	875		61	74	276		16	29	076
30	866		60	75	259		15	30	077
31	0.857		59	76	0.242		14	31	0.078
32	848		58	77	225		13	32	079
33	839		57	78	208		12	33	079
34	829		56	79	191		11	34	080
35	819		55	80	174		10	35	081
36	0.809		54	81	0.156		9	36	0.082
37	799		53	82	139		8	37	083
38	788		52	83	122		7	38	085
39	777		51	84	105		6	39	086
40	766		50	85	087		5	40	087
41	0.755		49	86	0.070		4	41	0.088
42	743		48	87	052		3	42	090
43	731		47	88	035		2	43	091
44	719		46	89	017		1	44	093
45	707		45	90	000		0	45	094

TABLE XXV.—Computation of Circumpolar Azimuths.—To Facilitate the
Computation of δA or the Reduction to Elongation.

PART I.												
$2 \sin^2 N. P. D. \sin^2 \frac{1}{2} \delta P.$ —Natural Numbers.												
δP	N. P. D.											
	0°	1°	2°	3°	4°	5°	6°	7°	8°	9°	10°	
m												
0	·00000	·00000	·00000	·00000	·00000	·00000	·00000	·00000	·00000	·00000	·00000	·00000
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3
11	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	3
12	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	3	3	4	4
13	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	5
14	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	6
15	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	6
16	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7
17	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	8
18	0	0	0	1	2	2	3	5	6	8	9	9
19	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	10
20	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	6	7	9	11	11
21	0	0	1	1	2	3	5	6	8	10	13	13
22	0	0	1	1	2	3	5	7	9	11	14	14
23	0	0	1	1	2	4	5	7	10	12	15	15
24	0	0	1	2	3	4	6	8	11	13	17	17
25	0	0	1	2	3	5	6	9	12	15	18	18
26	0	0	1	2	3	5	7	10	12	16	19	19
27	0	0	1	2	3	5	8	10	13	17	21	21
28	0	0	1	2	4	6	8	11	14	18	22	22
29	0	0	1	2	4	6	9	12	15	20	24	24
30'	·00000	·00000	·00001	·00002	·00004	·00006	·00009	·00013	·00017	·00021	·00026	·00026

TABLE XXV.—Computation of Circumpolar Azimuths.—(Continued).

PART III. Log 2 sin $\frac{1}{2} \delta P$ cosec 1" for each Second of Time of δP .											
δP											
s	0 ^m	1 ^m	2 ^m	3 ^m	4 ^m	5 ^m	6 ^m	7 ^m	8 ^m	9 ^m	s
0	— Infinito	0.29303	0.89509	1.24727	1.49714	1.69095	1.84931	1.98319	2.09917	2.20146	0
1	4.73673	30739	90230	25208	50075	69384	85172	98526	10097	20307	1
2	3.33879	32151	90944	25686	50435	69672	85412	98732	10278	20467	2
3	69097	33541	91653	26162	50793	69960	85652	98937	10458	20627	3
4	94085	34909	92357	26636	51150	70246	85890	99142	10637	20787	4
5	2.13467	36255	93054	27106	51505	70531	86129	99347	10817	20946	5
6	29303	37581	93747	27575	51859	70815	86366	99551	10995	21106	6
7	42692	38888	94433	28040	52211	71099	86603	99755	11174	21264	7
8	54291	40174	95114	28504	52562	71381	86840	99958	11352	21423	8
9	64521	41442	95790	28964	52911	71663	87075	2.00161	11530	21581	9
10	2.73673	0.42692	0.96461	1.29423	1.53260	1.71943	1.87310	2.00363	2.11707	2.21739	10
11	81951	43924	97127	29879	53606	72223	87545	00565	11884	21897	11
12	89509	45139	97787	30332	53952	72502	87779	00766	12061	22055	12
13	96461	46337	98443	30783	54296	72780	88012	00967	12237	22212	13
14	1.02898	47519	99093	31232	54638	73057	88244	01167	12413	22369	14
15	08891	48685	99739	31679	54980	73333	88476	01367	12589	22525	15
16	14497	49835	1.00380	32123	55319	73608	88708	01566	12764	22682	16
17	19763	50971	01016	32565	55658	73883	88938	01765	12939	22838	17
18	24727	52092	01648	33005	55995	74156	89168	01964	13114	22994	18
19	29423	53198	02275	33443	56331	74429	89398	02162	13288	23149	19
20	1.33879	0.54291	1.02898	1.33878	1.56666	1.74701	1.86627	2.02360	2.13462	2.23304	20
21	38117	55370	03516	34311	57000	74972	89855	02557	13635	23459	21
22	42157	56435	04130	34742	57332	75242	90083	02753	13809	23614	22
23	46018	57488	04740	35171	57663	75511	90310	02950	13981	23768	23
24	49715	58528	05345	35598	57992	75780	90536	03146	14154	23922	24
25	53261	59556	05946	36023	58321	76047	90762	03341	14326	24076	25
26	56667	60572	06543	36445	58648	76314	90987	03536	14498	24230	26
27	59945	61576	07136	36866	58974	76580	91212	03730	14669	24383	27
28	63104	62569	07725	37285	59298	76845	91436	03924	14841	24536	28
29	66152	63551	08310	37701	59622	77110	91660	04118	15011	24689	29
30	1.69097	0.64521	1.08891	1.38116	1.59944	1.77373	1.91883	2.04311	2.15182	2.24841	30
31	71945	65481	09468	38528	60265	77636	92105	04504	15352	24994	31
32	74703	66430	10041	38939	60585	77898	92327	04697	15522	25146	32
33	77376	67369	10611	39348	60904	78159	92548	04888	15691	25297	33
34	79968	68298	11176	39755	61221	78420	92769	05080	15860	25449	34
35	82486	69217	11739	40160	61538	78680	92989	05271	16029	25600	35
36	84933	70127	12297	40563	61853	78938	93209	05462	16198	25751	36
37	87313	71027	12852	40964	62167	79197	93428	05652	16366	25902	37
38	89629	71918	13404	41363	62480	79454	93646	05842	16534	26052	38
39	91886	72800	13952	41761	62792	79710	93864	06031	16701	26202	39
40	1.94085	0.73673	1.14496	1.42156	1.63103	1.79966	1.94082	2.06220	2.16868	2.26352	40
41	96229	74537	15037	42550	63412	80221	94299	06409	17035	26502	41
42	98323	75393	15575	42942	63721	80476	94515	06597	17202	26651	42
43	0.00366	76240	16110	43333	64028	80729	94731	06785	17368	26800	43
44	02363	77079	16641	43721	64335	80982	94946	06972	17534	26949	44
45	04315	77910	17169	44108	64640	81234	95161	07159	17699	27097	45
46	06224	78734	17694	44493	64944	81486	95375	07346	17865	27246	46
47	08092	79549	18215	44877	65248	81736	95588	07532	18030	27394	47
48	09921	80357	18734	45259	65550	81986	95802	07718	18194	27542	48
49	11712	81158	19250	45639	65851	82235	96014	07903	18359	27689	49
50	0.13467	0.81951	1.19762	1.46017	1.66151	1.82484	1.96226	2.08088	2.18523	2.27836	50
51	15187	82737	20271	46394	66450	82732	96438	08273	18686	27984	51
52	16873	83516	20778	46769	66748	82979	96649	08457	18850	28130	52
53	18528	84288	21281	47143	67045	83225	96859	08641	19013	28277	53
54	20151	85053	21782	47515	67341	83471	97070	08824	19176	28423	54
55	21745	85812	22280	47885	67635	83716	97279	09007	19338	28569	55
56	23310	86564	22775	48254	67929	83960	97488	09190	19500	28715	56
57	24848	87310	23267	48621	68222	84204	97697	09372	19662	28861	57
58	26358	88049	23756	48987	68514	84447	97905	09554	19824	29006	58
59	27843	88782	24243	49351	68805	84689	98112	09735	19985	29151	59
60	0.29303	0.89509	1.24727	1.49714	1.69095	1.84931	1.98319	2.09917	2.20146	2.29296	60

TABLE XXV.—Computation of Circumpolar Azimuths.—(Continued).

PART III. Log 2 sin $\frac{1}{2} \delta P$ cosec 1" for each Second of Time of δP .											
δP											ϵ
s	10 ^m	11 ^m	12 ^m	13 ^m	14 ^m	15 ^m	16 ^m	17 ^m	18 ^m	19 ^m	s
0	2' 29296	2' 37573	2' 45129	2' 52080	2' 58515	2' 64506	2' 70109	2' 75373	2' 80335	2' 85029	0
1	29441	37705	45250	52191	58618	64602	70200	75458	80410	85105	1
2	29585	37836	45370	52302	58722	64698	70290	75543	80496	85181	2
3	29729	37967	45490	52413	58825	64795	70380	75628	80576	85257	3
4	29873	38098	45610	52524	58928	64891	70470	75713	80656	85333	4
5	30017	38229	45730	52635	59030	64987	70560	75797	80736	85409	5
6	30160	38359	45850	52745	59133	65083	70650	75882	80816	85485	6
7	30303	38489	45970	52856	59236	65178	70740	75967	80896	85560	7
8	30446	38619	46089	52966	59338	65274	70830	76051	80976	85636	8
9	30589	38749	46208	53076	59440	65370	70920	76136	81056	85711	9
10	2' 30732	2' 38879	2' 46327	2' 53186	2' 59543	2' 65465	2' 71009	2' 76220	2' 81135	2' 85787	10
11	30874	39009	46446	53296	59645	65561	71099	76304	81215	85862	11
12	31016	39138	46565	53406	59747	65656	71188	76388	81294	85938	12
13	31158	39267	46683	53515	59849	65751	71277	76472	81374	86013	13
14	31299	39396	46802	53625	59950	65846	71366	76556	81453	86088	14
15	31441	39525	46920	53734	60052	65941	71455	76640	81533	86164	15
16	31582	39653	47038	53843	60153	66036	71544	76724	81612	86239	16
17	31722	39782	47156	53952	60255	66131	71633	76808	81691	86314	17
18	31863	39910	47274	54061	60356	66225	71722	76892	81770	86389	18
19	32004	40038	47391	54170	60457	66320	71811	76975	81849	86464	19
20	2' 32144	2' 40166	2' 47500	2' 54278	2' 60558	2' 66414	2' 71900	2' 77059	2' 81928	2' 86539	20
21	32284	40293	47626	54387	60659	66508	71988	77142	82007	86613	21
22	32423	40421	47743	54495	60760	66603	72077	77225	82086	86688	22
23	32563	40548	47860	54604	60861	66697	72165	77309	82165	86763	23
24	32702	40675	47977	54712	60961	66791	72253	77392	82243	86837	24
25	32841	40802	48093	54820	61062	66885	72341	77475	82322	86912	25
26	32980	40929	48210	54927	61162	66979	72430	77558	82400	86986	26
27	33119	41055	48326	55035	61262	67072	72518	77641	82479	87061	27
28	33257	41181	48442	55143	61362	67166	72605	77724	82557	87135	28
29	33395	41307	48558	55250	61462	67259	72693	77807	82636	87209	29
30	2' 33533	2' 41433	2' 48674	2' 55357	2' 61562	2' 67353	2' 72781	2' 77889	2' 82714	2' 87284	30
31	33671	41559	48790	55464	61662	67446	72869	77972	82792	87358	31
32	33809	41685	48905	55571	61761	67539	72956	78055	82870	87432	32
33	33946	41810	49021	55678	61861	67632	73044	78137	82948	87506	33
34	34083	41935	49136	55785	61960	67725	73131	78220	83026	87580	34
35	34220	42060	49251	55892	62060	67818	73218	78302	83104	87654	35
36	34356	42185	49366	55998	62159	67911	73306	78384	83182	87728	36
37	34493	42310	49481	56104	62258	68004	73393	78466	83259	87802	37
38	34629	42434	49596	56211	62357	68096	73480	78548	83337	87875	38
39	34765	42559	49710	56317	62456	68189	73567	78630	83415	87949	39
40	2' 34901	2' 42683	2' 49824	2' 56423	2' 62554	2' 68281	2' 73654	2' 78712	2' 83492	2' 88022	40
41	35036	42807	49939	56528	62653	68374	73740	78794	83570	88096	41
42	35172	42931	50053	56634	62752	68466	73827	78876	83647	88169	42
43	35307	43054	50167	56740	62850	68558	73914	78958	83725	88243	43
44	35442	43178	50280	56845	62948	68650	74000	79039	83802	88316	44
45	35577	43301	50394	56951	63046	68742	74087	79121	83879	88390	45
46	35711	43424	50507	57056	63144	68834	74173	79202	83956	88464	46
47	35846	43547	50621	57161	63242	68926	74259	79284	84033	88536	47
48	35980	43670	50734	57266	63340	69017	74345	79365	84110	88609	48
49	36114	43792	50847	57370	63438	69104	74431	79446	84187	88682	49
50	2' 36247	2' 43915	2' 50960	2' 57475	2' 63536	2' 69200	2' 74517	2' 79528	2' 84264	2' 88755	50
51	36381	44037	51072	57580	63633	69292	74603	79609	84341	88828	51
52	36514	44159	51185	57684	63730	69383	74689	79690	84417	88901	52
53	36647	44281	51297	57788	63828	69474	74775	79771	84494	88974	53
54	36780	44403	51409	57893	63925	69565	74861	79852	84571	89046	54
55	36913	44524	51522	57997	64022	69656	74946	79932	84647	89119	55
56	37045	44646	51634	58101	64119	69747	75032	80013	84724	89192	56
57	37178	44767	51745	58204	64216	69838	75117	80094	84800	89264	57
58	37310	44888	51857	58308	64313	69928	75202	80174	84876	89337	58
59	37442	45009	51969	58412	64409	70019	75288	80255	84953	89409	59
60	2' 37573	2' 45129	2' 52080	2' 58515	2' 64506	2' 70109	2' 75373	2' 80335	2' 85029	2' 89481	60

TABLE XXV.—Computation of Circumpolar Azimuths.—(Continued).

PART III. Log 2 sin ² $\frac{1}{2}$ δ P cosec 1" for each Second of Time of δ P.											
δ P											
δ	20 ^m	21 ^m	22 ^m	23 ^m	24 ^m	25 ^m	26 ^m	27 ^m	28 ^m	29 ^m	δ
0	2.89481	2.93716	2.97754	3.01612	3.05306	3.08848	3.12251	3.15526	3.18681	3.21725	0
1	89554	93785	97820	01675	05366	08906	12307	15579	18732	21774	1
2	89626	93854	97886	01738	05426	08964	12362	15633	18784	21824	2
3	89698	93923	97951	01801	05486	09021	12418	15686	18835	21874	3
4	89770	93992	98017	01863	05546	09079	12473	15739	18887	21924	4
5	89842	94060	98082	01926	05606	09137	12529	15793	18938	21974	5
6	89914	94129	98148	01989	05666	09194	12584	15846	18990	22023	6
7	89986	94197	98213	02051	05726	09252	12640	15900	19041	22073	7
8	90058	94266	98279	02114	05786	09309	12695	15953	19093	22123	8
9	90130	94334	98344	02176	05846	09367	12750	16006	19144	22172	9
10	2.90202	2.94403	2.98409	3.02239	3.05906	3.09424	3.12805	3.16059	3.19195	3.22222	10
11	90273	94471	98474	02301	05966	09482	12801	16113	19247	22271	11
12	90345	94539	98540	02363	06026	09539	12861	16166	19298	22321	12
13	90417	94607	98605	02426	06085	09597	12921	16219	19349	22370	13
14	90488	94676	98670	02488	06145	09654	13026	16272	19400	22420	14
15	90560	94744	98735	02550	06205	09711	13081	16325	19452	22469	15
16	90631	94812	98800	02613	06264	09769	13136	16378	19503	22519	16
17	90703	94880	98865	02675	06324	09826	13191	16431	19554	22568	17
18	90774	94948	98930	02737	06383	09883	13246	16484	19605	22617	18
19	90845	95016	98995	02799	06443	09940	13301	16537	19656	22667	19
20	2.90916	2.95083	2.99059	3.02861	3.06503	3.09997	3.13356	3.16590	3.19707	3.22716	20
21	90987	95151	99124	02923	06562	10054	13411	16643	19758	22765	21
22	91058	95219	99189	02985	06621	10111	13466	16696	19809	22814	22
23	91129	95287	99253	03047	06681	10168	13521	16749	19860	22864	23
24	91200	95354	99318	03108	06740	10225	13576	16801	19911	22913	24
25	91271	95422	99383	03170	06799	10282	13631	16854	19962	22962	25
26	91342	95489	99447	03232	06858	10339	13685	16907	20013	23011	26
27	91413	95557	99512	03294	06917	10396	13740	16960	20064	23060	27
28	91484	95624	99576	03355	06977	10453	13795	17012	20114	23109	28
29	91554	95692	99640	03417	07036	10509	13849	17065	20165	23158	29
30	2.91625	2.95759	2.99705	3.03479	3.07095	3.10566	3.13904	3.17117	3.20216	3.23207	30
31	91695	95826	99769	03540	07154	10623	13958	17170	20267	23256	31
32	91766	95893	99833	03602	07213	10680	14013	17223	20317	23305	32
33	91836	95960	99897	03663	07272	10736	14067	17275	20368	23354	33
34	91907	96028	99961	03724	07331	10793	14122	17327	20419	23403	34
35	91977	96095	3.00025	03786	07389	10849	14176	17380	20469	23452	35
36	92047	96162	00089	03847	07448	10906	14231	17432	20520	23501	36
37	92117	96229	00153	03908	07507	10962	14285	17485	20570	23550	37
38	92188	96295	00217	03969	07566	11019	14339	17537	20621	23599	38
39	92258	96362	00281	04031	07625	11075	14393	17589	20671	23647	39
40	2.92328	2.96429	3.00345	3.04092	3.07683	3.11131	3.14448	3.17642	3.20722	3.23696	40
41	92398	96496	00409	04153	07742	11188	14502	17694	20772	23745	41
42	92468	96562	00473	04214	07800	11244	14556	17746	20823	23793	42
43	92537	96629	00536	04275	07859	11300	14610	17798	20873	23844	43
44	92607	96696	00600	04336	07917	11357	14664	17850	20923	23891	44
45	92677	96762	00664	04397	07976	11413	14718	17903	20974	23939	45
46	92747	96829	00727	04458	08034	11469	14772	17955	21024	23988	46
47	92816	96895	00791	04519	08093	11525	14826	18007	21074	24037	47
48	92886	96962	00854	04579	08151	11581	14880	18059	21124	24085	48
49	92955	97028	00918	04640	08209	11637	14934	18111	21175	24134	49
50	2.93025	2.97094	3.00981	3.04701	3.08267	3.11603	3.14988	3.18163	3.21225	3.24182	50
51	93094	97160	01044	04761	08326	11749	15042	18215	21275	24230	51
52	93164	97227	01108	04822	08384	11805	15096	18266	21325	24279	52
53	93233	97293	01171	04883	08442	11861	15150	18318	21375	24327	53
54	93302	97359	01234	04943	08500	11917	15204	18370	21425	24376	54
55	93371	97425	01297	05004	08558	11973	15257	18422	21475	24424	55
56	93440	97491	01360	05064	08616	12028	15311	18474	21525	24472	56
57	93510	97557	01423	05125	08674	12084	15365	18526	21575	24521	57
58	93579	97623	01486	05185	08732	12140	15418	18577	21625	24569	58
59	93648	97688	01549	05245	08790	12195	15472	18629	21675	24617	59
60	2.93716	2.97754	3.01612	3.05306	3.08848	3.12251	3.15526	3.18681	3.21725	3.24665	60

TABLE XXVI.—Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along the Meridian.

Latitude	Length in feet	Logarithm	Diff.	Latitude	Length in feet	Logarithm	Diff.
0 0	100·7639	2·0033050	+	4 0	100·7688	2·0033260	+
5	7639	3050	0	5	7690	3269	9
10	7639	3051	1	10	7692	3278	9
15	7639	3051	0	15	7694	3288	10
20	7639	3051	0	20	7696	3297	9
25	7640	3052	1	25	7699	3306	9
30	7640	3054	2	30	7701	3316	10
35	7640	3054	0	35	7703	3326	10
40	7640	3056	2	40	7706	3336	10
45	7641	3057	1	45	7708	3347	11
50	7641	3059	2	50	7710	3357	10
55	7642	3061	2	55	7713	3368	11
1 0	100·7642	2·0033063	2	5 0	100·7715	2·0033379	11
5	7643	3065	2	5	7718	3390	11
10	7643	3068	3	10	7720	3401	11
15	7644	3070	2	15	7723	3412	11
20	7645	3073	3	20	7726	3424	12
25	7645	3076	3	25	7729	3435	11
30	7646	3080	4	30	7731	3448	13
35	7647	3083	3	35	7734	3459	11
40	7648	3087	4	40	7737	3472	13
45	7648	3090	3	45	7740	3484	12
50	7649	3094	4	50	7743	3497	13
55	7650	3098	4	55	7746	3510	13
2 0	100·7651	2·0033103	5	6 0	100·7749	2·0033522	12
5	7652	3107	4	5	7752	3536	14
10	7653	3112	5	10	7755	3549	13
15	7655	3116	4	15	7758	3563	14
20	7656	3122	6	20	7761	3576	13
25	7657	3127	5	25	7764	3590	14
30	7658	3132	5	30	7768	3604	14
35	7660	3138	6	35	7771	3618	14
40	7661	3143	5	40	7774	3633	15
45	7662	3149	6	45	7778	3647	14
50	7664	3156	7	50	7781	3663	16
55	7665	3162	6	55	7785	3677	14
3 0	100·7667	2·0033169	7	7 0	100·7788	2·0033692	15
5	7668	3175	6	5	7792	3708	16
10	7670	3182	7	10	7795	3723	15
15	7671	3189	7	15	7799	3739	16
20	7673	3196	7	20	7803	3755	16
25	7675	3204	8	25	7806	3770	15
30	7676	3211	7	30	7810	3787	17
35	7678	3219	8	35	7814	3803	16
40	7680	3227	8	40	7818	3820	17
45	7682	3235	8	45	7822	3836	16
50	7684	3244	9	50	7826	3853	17
55	7686	3251	7	55	7830	3871	18
60	7688	3260	9	60	7833	3887	16

TABLE XXVI.—Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along the Meridian.

Latitude	Length in feet	Logarithm	Diff.	Latitude	Length in feet	Logarithm	Diff.
8 0	100.7833	2.0033887	+	12 0	100.8073	2.0034919	+
5	7838	3905	18	5	8079	4945	26
10	7842	3923	18	10	8085	4971	26
15	7846	3940	17	15	8091	4997	26
20	7850	3959	19	20	8097	5023	26
25	7854	3977	18	25	8103	5049	26
30	7858	3995	18	30	8109	5076	27
35	7863	4013	18	35	8115	5102	26
40	7867	4032	19	40	8122	5130	28
45	7871	4051	19	45	8128	5156	26
50	7876	4070	19	50	8134	5184	28
55	7880	4089	19	55	8141	5211	27
9 0	100.7885	2.0034108	19	13 0	100.8147	2.0035239	28
5	7889	4128	20	5	8153	5266	27
10	7894	4147	19	10	8160	5294	28
15	7898	4168	21	15	8166	5322	28
20	7903	4188	20	20	8173	5350	28
25	7908	4208	20	25	8179	5378	28
30	7913	4228	20	30	8186	5407	29
35	7917	4249	21	35	8193	5436	29
40	7922	4269	20	40	8199	5464	28
45	7927	4290	21	45	8206	5493	29
50	7932	4311	21	50	8213	5522	29
55	7937	4333	22	55	8220	5552	30
10 0	100.7942	2.0034354	21	14 0	100.8227	2.0035582	30
5	7947	4376	22	5	8233	5611	29
10	7952	4398	22	10	8240	5641	30
15	7957	4419	21	15	8247	5671	30
20	7962	4442	23	20	8254	5701	30
25	7967	4464	22	25	8261	5731	30
30	7972	4486	22	30	8268	5762	31
35	7978	4509	23	35	8275	5792	30
40	7983	4532	23	40	8283	5823	31
45	7988	4554	22	45	8290	5854	31
50	7994	4578	24	50	8297	5885	31
55	7999	4601	23	55	8304	5916	31
11 0	100.8005	2.0034625	24	15 0	100.8312	2.0035948	32
5	8010	4648	23	5	8319	5979	31
10	8016	4672	24	10	8326	6011	32
15	8021	4696	24	15	8334	6042	31
20	8027	4720	24	20	8341	6074	32
25	8032	4745	25	25	8349	6107	33
30	8038	4769	24	30	8356	6139	32
35	8044	4794	25	35	8364	6172	33
40	8050	4819	25	40	8371	6204	32
45	8055	4844	25	45	8379	6237	33
50	8061	4869	25	50	8386	6270	33
55	8067	4894	25	55	8394	6303	33
60	8073	4919	25	60	8402	6336	33

TABLE XXVI.—Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along the Meridian.

Latitude	Length in feet	Logarithm	Diff.	Latitude	Length in feet	Logarithm	Diff.
16 0	100·8402	2·0036336	+	20 0	100·8814	2·0038110	+
5	8410	6370	34	5	8823	8151	41
10	8417	6403	33	10	8833	8192	41
15	8425	6437	34	15	8842	8232	40
20	8433	6471	34	20	8852	8273	41
25	8441	6504	33	25	8861	8314	41
30	8449	6539	35	30	8871	8356	42
35	8457	6573	34	35	8880	8397	41
40	8465	6608	35	40	8890	8438	41
45	8473	6642	34	45	8900	8480	42
50	8481	6678	36	50	8909	8522	42
55	8489	6713	35	55	8919	8564	42
17 0	100·8497	2·0036747	34	21 0	100·8929	2·0038606	42
5	8506	6783	36	5	8939	8648	42
10	8514	6818	35	10	8949	8690	42
15	8522	6854	36	15	8958	8733	43
20	8530	6889	35	20	8968	8776	43
25	8539	6925	36	25	8978	8818	42
30	8547	6961	36	30	8988	8861	43
35	8555	6997	36	35	8998	8904	43
40	8564	7034	37	40	9008	8947	43
45	8572	7070	36	45	9018	8990	43
50	8581	7107	37	50	9028	9034	44
55	8589	7144	37	55	9038	9077	43
18 0	100·8598	2·0037181	37	22 0	100·9049	2·0039121	44
5	8607	7218	37	5	9059	9165	44
10	8615	7255	37	10	9069	9209	44
15	8624	7292	37	15	9079	9253	44
20	8633	7330	38	20	9090	9297	44
25	8641	7367	37	25	9100	9341	44
30	8650	7405	38	30	9110	9386	45
35	8659	7443	38	35	9121	9430	44
40	8668	7481	38	40	9131	9475	45
45	8677	7519	38	45	9141	9520	45
50	8686	7558	39	50	9152	9565	45
55	8694	7596	38	55	9162	9610	45
19 0	100·8703	2·0037635	39	23 0	100·9173	2·0039655	45
5	8713	7674	39	5	9183	9701	46
10	8722	7713	39	10	9194	9746	45
15	8731	7752	39	15	9204	9791	45
20	8740	7791	39	20	9215	9837	46
25	8749	7830	39	25	9226	9883	46
30	8758	7870	40	30	9236	9929	46
35	8767	7910	40	35	9247	9975	46
40	8777	7950	40	40	9258	2·0040021	46
45	8786	7990	40	45	9269	0068	47
50	8795	8030	40	50	9279	0114	46
55	8805	8070	40	55	9290	0161	47
60	8814	8110	40	60	9301	0207	46

TABLE XXVI.—Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along the Meridian.

Latitude	Length in feet	Logarithm	Diff.	Latitude	Length in feet	Logarithm	Diff.
24 0	100' 9301	2' 0040207	+	28 0	100' 9854	2' 0042588	+
5	9312	0254	47	5	9867	2640	52
10	9323	0302	48	10	9879	2692	52
15	9334	0349	47	15	9891	2745	53
20	9345	0396	47	20	9903	2797	52
25	9356	0443	47	25	9915	2850	53
30	9367	0490	47	30	9928	2903	53
35	9378	0538	48	35	9940	2956	53
40	9389	0586	48	40	9952	3009	53
45	9400	0634	48	45	9965	3062	53
50	9411	0682	48	50	9977	3115	53
55	9422	0729	47	55	9989	3168	53
25 0	100' 9434	2' 0040778	49	29 0	101' 0002	2' 0043221	53
5	9445	0826	48	5	0014	3275	54
10	9456	0875	49	10	0027	3329	54
15	9467	0923	48	15	0039	3382	53
20	9479	0972	49	20	0052	3436	54
25	9490	1021	49	25	0064	3490	54
30	9501	1069	48	30	0077	3544	54
35	9513	1119	50	35	0089	3598	54
40	9524	1167	48	40	0102	3652	54
45	9536	1216	49	45	0115	3706	54
50	9547	1266	50	50	0127	3760	54
55	9559	1315	49	55	0140	3815	55
26 0	100' 9570	2' 0041365	50	30 0	101' 0153	2' 0043869	54
5	9582	1415	50	5	0165	3924	55
10	9593	1464	49	10	0178	3979	55
15	9605	1514	50	15	0191	4034	55
20	9617	1564	50	20	0203	4088	54
25	9628	1615	51	25	0216	4144	56
30	9640	1665	50	30	0229	4198	54
35	9652	1715	50	35	0242	4254	56
40	9663	1766	51	40	0255	4309	55
45	9675	1816	50	45	0268	4364	55
50	9687	1867	51	50	0280	4419	55
55	9699	1918	51	55	0293	4475	56
27 0	100' 9710	2' 0041968	50	31 0	101' 0306	2' 0044531	56
5	9722	2019	51	5	0319	4586	55
10	9734	2071	52	10	0332	4642	56
15	9746	2122	51	15	0345	4698	56
20	9758	2173	51	20	0358	4754	56
25	9770	2225	52	25	0371	4810	56
30	9782	2276	51	30	0384	4866	56
35	9794	2327	51	35	0397	4922	56
40	9806	2380	53	40	0410	4978	56
45	9818	2431	51	45	0424	5035	57
50	9830	2484	53	50	0437	5091	56
55	9842	2535	51	55	0450	5148	57
60	9854	2588	53	60	0463	5204	56

TABLE XXVI.—Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along the Meridian.

Latitude	Length in feet	Logarithm	Diff.	Latitude	Length in feet	Logarithm	Diff.
32 0	101'0463	2'0045264	+	36 0	101'1115	2'0048007	+
5	0476	5261	57	5	1129	8067	60
10	0489	5318	57	10	1143	8127	60
15	0503	5375	57	15	1157	8187	60
20	0516	5431	56	20	1171	8247	60
25	0529	5488	57	25	1185	8307	60
30	0542	5545	57	30	1199	8368	61
35	0556	5603	58	35	1213	8428	60
40	0569	5660	57	40	1227	8489	61
45	0582	5717	57	45	1242	8549	60
50	0596	5774	57	50	1256	8609	60
55	0609	5832	58	55	1270	8670	61
33 0	101'0623	2'0045890	58	37 0	101'1284	2'0048730	60
5	0636	5947	57	5	1298	8791	61
10	0649	6005	58	10	1312	8851	60
15	0663	6062	57	15	1326	8912	61
20	0676	6120	58	20	1340	8972	60
25	0690	6178	58	25	1354	9033	61
30	0703	6236	58	30	1369	9094	61
35	0717	6294	58	35	1383	9155	61
40	0730	6352	58	40	1397	9216	61
45	0744	6411	59	45	1411	9277	61
50	0757	6469	58	50	1425	9338	61
55	0771	6527	58	55	1440	9399	61
34 0	101'0784	2'0046585	58	38 0	101'1454	2'0049461	62
5	0798	6644	59	5	1468	9522	61
10	0812	6703	59	10	1482	9583	61
15	0825	6761	58	15	1497	9644	61
20	0839	6820	59	20	1511	9706	62
25	0853	6878	58	25	1525	9768	62
30	0866	6938	60	30	1540	9828	60
35	0880	6996	58	35	1554	9890	62
40	0894	7055	59	40	1568	9952	62
45	0908	7115	60	45	1583	2'0050013	61
50	0921	7173	58	50	1597	0074	61
55	0935	7232	59	55	1611	0136	62
35 0	101'0949	2'0047292	60	39 0	101'1626	2'0050198	62
5	0963	7351	59	5	1640	0260	62
10	0977	7411	60	10	1654	0321	61
15	0990	7469	58	15	1669	0383	62
20	1004	7529	60	20	1683	0444	61
25	1018	7588	59	25	1698	0507	63
30	1032	7648	60	30	1712	0568	61
35	1046	7708	60	35	1726	0631	63
40	1060	7767	59	40	1741	0692	61
45	1074	7827	60	45	1755	0755	63
50	1087	7887	60	50	1770	0817	62
55	1101	7947	60	55	1784	0879	62
60	1115	8007	60	60	1799	0941	62

TABLE XXVII.—Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm,
measured along Parallels of Latitude.

Latitude	Length in feet	Diff.	Logarithm	Diff.	Latitude	Length in feet	Diff.	Logarithm	Diff.
0	0	—	2.0061974	—	4	0	—	2.0051452	—
	5	1	61970	4		5	104	51009	443
	10	3	61956	14		10	105	50556	453
	15	5	61933	23		15	108	50095	461
	20	8	61901	32		20	109	49624	471
	25	9	61860	41		25	112	49144	480
	30	12	61810	50		30	114	48654	490
	35	14	61751	59		35	116	48156	498
	40	16	61682	69		40	118	47648	508
	45	18	61605	77		45	120	47132	516
	50	20	61518	87		50	123	46605	527
	55	23	61422	96		55	124	46070	535
1	0	24	2.0061317	105	5	0	127	2.0045526	544
	5	27	61203	114		5	129	44972	554
	10	29	61080	123		10	131	44409	563
	15	30	60947	133		15	133	43837	572
	20	33	60806	141		20	135	43256	581
	25	36	60655	151		25	137	42666	590
	30	37	60496	159		30	140	42066	600
	35	39	60327	169		35	141	41457	609
	40	42	60149	178		40	144	40839	618
	45	44	59962	187		45	146	40212	627
	50	45	59765	197		50	148	39576	636
	55	48	59560	205		55	150	38930	646
2	0	50	2.0059345	215	6	0	152	2.0038275	655
	5	53	59122	223		5	154	37611	664
	10	54	58889	233		10	157	36938	673
	15	56	58647	242		15	158	36255	683
	20	57	58396	251		20	161	35563	692
	25	63	58136	260		25	162	34862	701
	30	63	57866	270		30	165	34152	710
	35	65	57588	278		35	167	33432	720
	40	67	57300	288		40	169	32703	729
	45	69	57003	297		45	172	31965	738
	50	71	56697	306		50	173	31218	747
	55	74	56382	315		55	175	30461	757
3	0	76	2.0056058	324	7	0	178	2.0029695	766
	5	77	55724	334		5	180	28920	775
	10	80	55382	342		10	181	28136	784
	15	82	55030	352		15	184	27342	794
	20	84	54669	361		20	186	26539	803
	25	87	54299	370		25	189	25727	812
	30	88	53920	379		30	190	24905	822
	35	91	53531	389		35	192	24075	830
	40	92	53134	397		40	195	23234	841
	45	95	52727	407		45	196	22385	849
	50	97	52311	416		50	199	21526	859
	55	99	51886	425		55	201	20658	868
	60	101	51452	434		60	203	19781	877

TABLE XXVII.—Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along Parallels of Latitude.

Latitude	Length in feet	Diff.	Logarithm	Diff.	Latitude	Length in feet	Diff.	Logarithm	Diff.	
8	0	—	2°00'19781	—	12	0	—	1°99'66641	—	
	5	205	18894	887		5	306	65302	1339	
	10	207	17998	896		10	308	63954	1348	
	15	209	17093	905		15	310	62596	1358	
	20	212	16179	914		20	312	61228	1368	
	25	213	15255	924		25	314	59851	1377	
	30	216	14322	933		30	316	58465	1386	
	35	218	13379	943		35	319	57068	1397	
	40	219	12427	952		40	320	55662	1406	
	45	222	11466	961		45	98° 98'43	54247	1415	
	50	224	10495	971		50	9520	52822	1425	
	55	227	9515	980		55	8869	51387	1435	
9	0	228	2°00'08526	989	13	0	98° 8540	329	1°99'49943	1444
	5	230	07527	999		5	8209	331	48489	1454
	10	233	06519	1008		10	7876	333	47025	1464
	15	234	05502	1017		15	7541	335	45552	1473
	20	237	04475	1027		20	7204	337	44069	1483
	25	239	03439	1036		25	6865	339	42577	1492
	30	241	02394	1045		30	6524	341	41075	1502
	35	243	01339	1055		35	6180	344	39563	1512
	40	245	00274	1065		40	5835	345	38042	1521
	45	247	1°99'99201	1073		45	5497	348	36511	1531
	50	249	98118	1083		50	5158	349	34970	1541
	55	252	97025	1093		55	4786	352	33419	1551
10	0	253	1°99'95923	1102	14	0	98° 4432	354	1°99'31859	1560
	5	256	94812	1111		5	4077	355	32289	1570
	10	258	93691	1121		10	3719	358	28709	1580
	15	259	92561	1130		15	3359	360	27120	1589
	20	262	91422	1139		20	2997	362	25521	1599
	25	264	90273	1149		25	2633	364	23912	1609
	30	266	89114	1159		30	2267	366	22294	1618
	35	269	87946	1168		35	1898	369	20666	1628
	40	270	86769	1177		40	1528	370	19027	1639
	45	272	85582	1187		45	1156	372	17380	1647
	50	275	84386	1196		50	0781	375	15722	1658
	55	276	83180	1206		55	0405	376	14055	1667
11	0	279	1°99'81965	1215	15	0	98° 0226	379	1°99'12378	1677
	5	281	80740	1225		5	97° 9646	380	10691	1687
	10	283	79506	1234		10	9263	383	08994	1697
	15	285	78262	1244		15	8878	385	07287	1707
	20	287	77009	1253		20	8492	386	05571	1716
	25	289	75746	1263		25	8103	389	03845	1726
	30	291	74474	1272		30	7712	391	02109	1736
	35	294	73192	1282		35	7319	393	00363	1746
	40	295	71901	1291		40	6924	395	1°98'98607	1756
	45	298	70601	1300		45	6527	397	96842	1765
	50	299	69290	1311		50	6128	399	95066	1776
	55	302	67971	1319		55	5726	402	93281	1785
	60	304	66641	1330		60	5323	403	91486	1795

TABLE XXVII.—Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along Parallels of Latitude.

Latitude	Length in feet	Diff.	Logarithm	Diff.	Latitude	Length in feet	Diff.	Logarithm	Diff.
16 0	97'5323	—	1'9891486	—	20 0	95'3569	—	1'9793519	—
5	4918	405	89681	1805	5	3066	503	91228	2291
10	4511	407	87866	1815	10	2561	505	88927	2301
15	4101	410	86041	1825	15	2054	507	86616	2311
20	3690	411	84206	1835	20	1545	509	84294	2322
25	3276	414	82361	1845	25	1034	511	81962	2332
30	2861	415	80507	1854	30	0521	513	79619	2343
35	2443	418	78642	1865	35	0006	515	77266	2353
40	2023	420	76768	1874	40	94'9490	516	74902	2364
45	1602	421	74883	1885	45	8971	519	72528	2374
50	1178	424	72989	1894	50	8450	521	70144	2384
55	0752	426	71084	1905	55	7927	523	67749	2395
17 0	97'0324	428	1'9869170	1914	21 0	94'7402	525	1'9765343	2406
5	96'9895	429	67245	1925	5	6875	527	62927	2416
10	9463	432	65311	1934	10	6346	529	60501	2426
15	9029	434	63366	1945	15	5815	531	58064	2437
20	8593	436	61412	1954	20	5283	532	55617	2447
25	8155	438	59447	1965	25	4748	535	53159	2458
30	7715	440	57473	1974	30	4211	537	50690	2469
35	7272	443	55488	1985	35	3672	539	48211	2479
40	6828	444	53494	1994	40	3131	541	45721	2490
45	6382	446	51489	2005	45	2588	543	43221	2500
50	5934	448	49474	2015	50	2044	544	40710	2511
55	5484	450	47449	2025	55	1497	547	38188	2522
18 0	96'5031	453	1'9845414	2035	22 0	94'0948	549	1'9735656	2532
5	4577	454	43369	2045	5	0397	551	33114	2542
10	4121	456	41314	2055	10	93'9845	552	30560	2554
15	3662	459	39249	2065	15	9290	555	27996	2564
20	3202	460	37173	2076	20	8733	557	25421	2575
25	2739	463	35087	2086	25	8174	559	22836	2585
30	2275	464	32992	2095	30	7614	560	20239	2597
35	1808	467	30886	2106	35	7051	563	17632	2607
40	1340	468	28770	2116	40	6486	565	15015	2617
45	0869	471	26643	2127	45	5920	566	12386	2629
50	0397	472	24507	2136	50	5351	569	09747	2639
55	95'9922	475	22360	2147	55	4781	570	07097	2650
19 0	95'9445	477	1'9820203	2157	23 0	93'4208	573	1'9704437	2660
5	8967	478	18036	2167	5	3634	574	01765	2672
10	8486	481	15858	2178	10	3057	577	1'9699083	2682
15	8003	483	13671	2187	15	2479	578	96390	2693
20	7519	484	11473	2198	20	1898	581	93686	2704
25	7032	487	09265	2208	25	1316	582	90971	2715
30	6543	489	07046	2219	30	0732	584	88245	2726
35	6053	490	04818	2228	35	0145	587	85508	2737
40	5560	493	02578	2240	40	92'9557	588	82761	2747
45	5065	495	00329	2249	45	8667	590	80002	2759
50	4568	497	1'9798069	2260	50	8375	592	77233	2769
55	4069	499	95799	2270	55	7781	594	74453	2780
60	3569	500	93519	2280	60	7184	597	71662	2791

TABLE XXVII.—Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along Parallels of Latitude.

Latitude	Length in feet	Diff.	Logarithm	Diff.	Latitude	Length in feet	Diff.	Logarithm	Diff.
24 0	92.7184	—	1.9671662	—	28 0	89.6294	—	1.9524503	—
5	6586	598	68859	2803	5	5603	691	21155	3348
10	5986	600	66046	2813	10	4911	692	17797	3358
15	5384	602	63222	2824	15	4216	695	14426	3371
20	4781	603	60387	2835	20	3520	696	11044	3382
25	4175	606	57541	2846	25	2822	698	07649	3395
30	3567	608	54683	2858	30	2122	700	04243	3406
35	2957	610	51815	2868	35	1420	702	00825	3418
40	2345	612	48936	2879	40	0717	703	1.9497396	3429
45	1732	613	46045	2891	45	0011	706	93954	3442
50	1116	616	43144	2901	50	88.9304	707	90500	3454
55	0499	617	40231	2913	55	8594	710	87035	3465
25 0	91.9879	620	1.9637307	2924	29 0	88.7883	711	1.9483557	3478
5	928	621	34372	2935	5	7170	713	80068	3489
10	8634	624	31426	2946	10	6455	715	76566	3502
15	8009	625	28469	2957	15	5738	717	73053	3513
20	7382	627	25500	2969	20	5019	719	69527	3526
25	6752	630	22521	2979	25	4299	720	65989	3538
30	6121	631	19530	2991	30	3576	723	62440	3540
35	5488	633	16528	3002	35	2852	724	58878	3562
40	4853	635	13514	3014	40	2126	726	55304	3574
45	4216	637	10489	3025	45	1397	729	51718	3586
50	3577	639	07453	3036	50	0668	729	48120	3598
55	2937	640	04406	3047	55	87.9936	732	44509	3611
26 0	91.2294	643	1.9601348	3058	30 0	87.9202	734	1.9440887	3622
5	1649	645	1.9598278	3070	5	8467	735	37252	3635
10	1003	646	95196	3082	10	7729	738	33605	3647
15	0354	649	92104	3092	15	6990	739	29946	3659
20	90.9704	650	89000	3104	20	6249	741	26274	3672
25	9051	653	85884	3116	25	5506	743	22590	3684
30	8397	654	82757	3127	30	4761	745	18894	3696
35	7741	656	79619	3138	35	4014	747	15186	3708
40	7083	658	76470	3149	40	3266	748	11465	3721
45	6423	660	73308	3162	45	2515	751	07731	3734
50	5761	662	70136	3172	50	1763	752	03986	3745
55	5097	664	66951	3185	55	1009	754	00227	3759
27 0	90.4431	666	1.9563756	3195	31 0	87.0253	756	1.9396457	3770
5	3764	667	60549	3207	5	86.9496	757	92674	3783
10	3094	670	57330	3219	10	8736	760	88878	3796
15	2423	671	54099	3231	15	7975	761	85070	3808
20	1749	674	50857	3242	20	7211	764	81250	3820
25	1074	675	47604	3253	25	6446	765	77416	3834
30	0397	677	44339	3265	30	5679	767	73571	3845
35	89.9718	679	41062	3277	35	4911	768	69712	3859
40	9037	681	37773	3289	40	4140	771	65841	3871
45	8354	683	34473	3300	45	3368	772	61957	3884
50	7669	685	31161	3312	50	2593	775	58061	3896
55	6982	687	27838	3323	55	1817	776	54152	3909
60	6294	688	24503	3335	60	1039	778	50230	3922

TABLE XXVII.—Linear Value in Feet of one Second of Arc and its Logarithm, measured along Parallels of Latitude.

Latitude	Length in feet	Diff.	Logarithm	Diff.	Latitude	Length in feet	Diff.	Logarithm	Diff.
32	0 86' 1039	—	1'9350230	—	36	0 82' 1587	—	1'9146536	—
	5 0260	779	46296	3934		5 0722	865	41960	4576
	10 85' 9478	782	42348	3948		10 81' 9855	867	37370	4590
	15 8695	783	38388	3960		15 8986	869	32765	4605
	20 7910	785	34416	3972		20 8116	870	28147	4618
	25 7123	787	30430	3986		25 7243	873	23514	4633
	30 6334	789	26431	3999		30 6369	874	18867	4647
	35 5543	791	22420	4011		35 5494	875	14206	4661
	40 4751	792	18395	4025		40 4616	878	99531	4675
	45 3957	794	14358	4037		45 3737	879	04841	4690
	50 3161	796	10308	4050		50 2856	881	00138	4703
	55 2363	798	06244	4064		55 1974	882	1'9095419	4719
33	0 85' 1563	800	1'9302168	4076	37	0 81' 1080	885	1'9090687	4732
	5 0762	801	1'9298079	4089		5 0203	886	85940	4747
	10 84' 9958	804	93976	4103		10 80' 9316	887	81179	4761
	15 9153	805	89861	4115		15 8426	890	76403	4776
	20 8346	807	85732	4129		20 7535	891	71613	4790
	25 7538	808	81590	4142		25 6642	893	66808	4805
	30 6727	811	77435	4155		30 5747	895	61989	4819
	35 5915	812	73267	4168		35 4851	896	57155	4834
	40 5101	814	69086	4181		40 3953	898	52307	4848
	45 4285	816	64891	4195		45 3053	900	47443	4864
	50 3468	817	60684	4207		50 2152	901	42566	4877
	55 2648	820	56462	4222		55 1249	903	37673	4893
34	0 84' 1827	821	1'9252228	4234	38	0 80' 0344	905	1'9032766	4907
	5 1004	823	47980	4248		5 79' 9437	907	27844	4922
	10 0179	825	43719	4261		10 8529	908	22907	4937
	15 83' 9353	826	39445	4274		15 7619	910	17955	4952
	20 8524	829	35157	4288		20 6707	912	12989	4966
	25 7694	830	30855	4302		25 5794	913	08007	4982
	30 6862	832	26540	4315		30 4879	915	03011	4996
	35 6029	833	22212	4328		35 3962	917	1'8997999	5012
	40 5193	836	17870	4342		40 3044	918	92973	5026
	45 4356	837	13515	4355		45 2124	920	87931	5042
	50 3517	839	09145	4370		50 1202	922	82875	5056
	55 2676	841	04763	4382		55 0279	923	77803	5072
35	0 83' 1834	842	1'9200366	4397	39	0 78' 9354	925	1'8972716	5087
	5 0990	844	1'9195956	4410		5 8427	927	67614	5102
	10 0144	846	91533	4423		10 7408	929	62497	5117
	15 82' 9296	848	87095	4438		15 6568	930	57364	5133
	20 8446	850	82644	4451		20 5636	932	52216	5148
	25 7595	851	78179	4465		25 4703	933	47053	5163
	30 6742	853	73700	4479		30 3768	935	41874	5179
	35 5887	855	69208	4492		35 2831	937	36680	5194
	40 5031	856	64701	4507		40 1892	939	31471	5209
	45 4172	859	60181	4520		45 0952	940	26246	5225
	50 3312	860	55647	4534		50 0011	941	21005	5241
	55 2451	861	51098	4549		55 77' 9067	944	15749	5256
	60 1587	864	46536	4562		60 8122	945	10478	5271

TABLE XXVIII.—Arc-versines of Spheroidal Arcs of Parallel 1° in length.

Parallel of Latitude	Arc-versine in seconds	Arc-versine in feet	Arc-ver. in sec. (3600) ² Logarithm	Parallel of Latitude	Arc-versine in seconds	Arc-versine in feet	Arc-ver. in sec. (3600) ² Logarithm
0	0	0	—Infinite	4	0	221.8	7.2299
5	05	4.6	9.5501	5	25	226.3	2388
10	09	9.3	8512	10	29	230.9	2476
15	14	13.9	8.0273	15	34	235.5	2561
20	18	18.5	1522	20	38	240.1	2645
25	23	23.2	2491	25	43	244.7	2727
30	28	27.8	3283	30	47	249.3	2807
35	32	32.4	3952	35	52	253.8	2886
40	37	37.1	4532	40	56	258.4	2964
45	41	41.7	5043	45	61	263.0	3040
50	46	46.3	5501	50	66	267.6	3115
55	51	51.0	5915	55	70	272.1	3188
1	0	55.6	8.6292	5	0	276.7	7.3261
5	60	60.2	6640	5	5	281.3	3332
10	64	64.9	6961	10	84	285.8	3401
15	69	69.5	7261	15	88	290.4	3470
20	74	74.1	7541	20	93	294.9	3538
25	78	78.8	7804	25	97	299.5	3604
30	83	83.4	8052	30	3.02	304.0	3670
35	87	88.0	8287	35	06	308.6	3734
40	92	92.6	8509	40	11	313.1	3798
45	97	97.3	8721	45	15	317.7	3860
50	1.01	101.9	8923	50	20	322.2	3922
55	06	106.5	9115	55	24	326.8	3983
2	0	111.1	8.9300	6	0	331.3	7.4043
5	15	115.8	9477	5	33	335.8	4102
10	19	120.4	9647	10	38	340.4	4160
15	24	125.0	9810	15	42	344.9	4217
20	29	129.6	9968	20	47	349.4	4274
25	33	134.3	7.0120	25	51	353.9	4329
30	38	138.9	0267	30	56	358.4	4385
35	42	143.5	0409	35	60	363.0	4439
40	47	148.1	0546	40	65	367.5	4493
45	52	152.7	0680	45	69	372.0	4545
50	56	157.3	0809	50	74	376.5	4598
55	61	161.9	0934	55	78	381.0	4649
3	0	166.6	7.1056	7	0	385.5	7.4700
5	70	171.2	1175	5	87	390.0	4752
10	74	175.8	1290	10	91	394.5	4800
15	79	180.4	1403	15	96	399.0	4850
20	84	185.0	1512	20	4.00	403.5	4898
25	88	189.6	1619	25	05	407.9	4946
30	93	194.2	1723	30	09	412.4	4994
35	97	198.8	1825	35	14	416.9	5040
40	2.02	203.4	1924	40	18	421.4	5087
45	06	208.0	2021	45	23	425.8	5132
50	11	212.6	2116	50	27	430.3	5178
55	16	217.2	2209	55	31	434.8	5223
60	20	221.8	2299	60	36	439.2	5267

TABLE XXVIII.—Arc-versines of Spheroidal Arcs of Parallel 1° in length.

Parallel of Latitude	Arc-versine in seconds	Arc-versine in feet	Arc-ver. in sec. (3600) ² Logarithm	Parallel of Latitude	Arc-versine in seconds	Arc-versine in feet	Arc-ver. in sec. (3600) ² Logarithm
8 0	4 36	439 2	7 5267	12 0	6 43	648 2	7 6956
5	40	443 7	5311	5	47	652 4	6984
10	45	448 1	5354	10	51	656 6	7012
15	49	452 6	5397	15	56	660 9	7040
20	53	457 0	5439	20	60	665 1	7068
25	58	461 4	5481	25	64	669 3	7095
30	62	465 9	5523	30	68	673 5	7122
35	67	470 3	5564	35	72	677 7	7149
40	71	474 7	5605	40	76	681 9	7176
45	75	479 2	5645	45	81	686 1	7202
50	80	483 6	5685	50	85	690 2	7229
55	84	488 0	5724	55	89	694 4	7255
9 0	4 89	492 4	7 5763	13 0	6 93	698 6	7 7281
5	93	496 8	5802	5	97	702 8	7307
10	97	501 2	5840	10	7 01	706 9	7332
15	5 02	505 6	5878	15	05	711 1	7358
20	06	510 0	5916	20	09	715 2	7383
25	10	514 4	5953	25	14	719 4	7408
30	15	518 8	5990	30	18	723 5	7433
35	19	523 2	6026	35	22	727 6	7458
40	23	527 6	6062	40	26	731 7	7482
45	28	531 9	6098	45	30	735 9	7506
50	32	536 3	6134	50	34	740 0	7531
55	36	540 7	6169	55	38	744 1	7555
10 0	5 41	545 0	7 6204	14 0	7 42	748 2	7 7578
5	45	549 4	6238	5	46	752 3	7602
10	49	553 7	6272	10	50	756 4	7626
15	54	558 1	6306	15	54	760 4	7649
20	58	562 4	6340	20	58	764 5	7672
25	62	566 7	6373	25	62	768 6	7695
30	67	571 1	6406	30	66	772 6	7718
35	71	575 4	6439	35	70	776 7	7741
40	75	579 7	6472	40	74	780 7	7763
45	79	584 0	6504	45	78	784 8	7786
50	84	588 3	6536	50	82	788 8	7808
55	88	592 7	6567	55	86	792 8	7830
11 0	5 92	597 0	7 6599	15 0	7 90	796 8	7 7852
5	96	601 2	6630	5	94	800 9	7874
10	6 01	605 5	6661	10	98	804 9	7895
15	05	609 8	6691	15	8 02	808 9	7917
20	09	614 1	6722	20	06	812 9	7938
25	13	618 4	6752	25	10	816 8	7959
30	18	622 7	6782	30	14	820 8	7980
35	22	626 9	6811	35	18	824 8	8001
40	26	631 2	6841	40	22	828 8	8022
45	30	635 4	6870	45	26	832 7	8043
50	35	639 7	6899	50	30	836 7	8063
55	39	643 9	6927	55	34	840 6	8084
60	43	648 2	6956	60	38	844 6	8104

TABLE XXVIII.—Arc-versines of Spheroidal Arcs of Parallel 1° in length.

Parallel of Latitude	Arc-versine in seconds	Arc-versine in feet	Arc-ver. in sec. (3600) ² Logarithm	Parallel of Latitude	Arc-versine in seconds	Arc-versine in feet	Arc-ver. in sec. (3600) ² Logarithm
16 0	8.38	844.6	7.8104	20 0	10.16	1024.6	7.8941
5	41	848.5	8124	5	19	1028.1	8956
10	45	852.4	8144	10	23	1031.7	8971
15	49	856.3	8164	15	26	1035.2	8986
20	53	860.2	8184	20	30	1038.7	9001
25	57	864.1	8203	25	33	1042.2	9015
30	61	868.0	8223	30	37	1045.7	9030
35	65	871.9	8242	35	40	1049.2	9044
40	68	875.8	8261	40	43	1052.7	9059
45	72	879.7	8280	45	47	1056.2	9073
50	76	883.5	8299	50	50	1059.7	9087
55	80	887.4	8318	55	54	1063.1	9101
17 0	8.84	891.2	7.8337	21 0	10.57	1066.6	7.9115
5	88	895.1	8356	5	61	1070.0	9129
10	91	898.9	8374	10	64	1073.5	9143
15	95	902.7	8393	15	67	1076.9	9157
20	99	906.6	8411	20	71	1080.3	9171
25	9.03	910.4	8429	25	74	1083.7	9184
30	06	914.2	8447	30	77	1087.1	9198
35	10	918.0	8465	35	81	1090.5	9211
40	14	921.8	8483	40	84	1093.9	9225
45	18	925.5	8501	45	87	1097.3	9238
50	21	929.3	8518	50	91	1100.6	9251
55	25	933.1	8536	55	94	1104.0	9265
18 0	9.29	936.8	7.8553	22 0	10.97	1107.3	7.9278
5	33	940.6	8571	5	11.01	1110.7	9291
10	36	944.3	8588	10	04	1114.0	9304
15	40	948.1	8605	15	07	1117.3	9316
20	44	951.8	8622	20	11	1120.6	9329
25	47	955.5	8639	25	14	1123.9	9342
30	51	959.2	8656	30	17	1127.2	9355
35	55	962.9	8672	35	20	1130.5	9367
40	58	966.6	8689	40	23	1133.7	9380
45	62	970.3	8705	45	27	1137.0	9392
50	66	974.0	8722	50	30	1140.3	9404
55	69	977.6	8738	55	33	1143.5	9417
19 0	9.73	981.3	7.8754	23 0	11.36	1146.7	7.9429
5	76	984.9	8770	5	39	1149.9	9441
10	80	988.6	8786	10	43	1153.1	9453
15	84	992.2	8802	15	46	1156.3	9465
20	87	995.9	8818	20	49	1159.5	9477
25	91	999.5	8834	25	52	1162.7	9489
30	94	1003.1	8849	30	55	1165.9	9501
35	98	1006.7	8865	35	58	1169.1	9512
40	10.01	1010.3	8880	40	61	1172.2	9524
45	05	1013.9	8896	45	65	1175.4	9536
50	09	1017.4	8911	50	68	1178.5	9547
55	12	1021.0	8926	55	71	1181.6	9559
60	16	1024.6	8941	60	74	1184.7	9570

TABLE XXVIII.—Arc-versines of Spheroidal Arcs of Parallel 1° in length.

Parallel of Latitude	Arc-versine in seconds	Arc-versine in feet	Arc-ver. in sec. (3600) ² Logarithm	Parallel of Latitude	Arc-versine in seconds	Arc-versine in feet	Arc-ver. in sec. (3600) ² Logarithm
24 0	11'74	1184'7	7'9570	28 0	13'09	1321'9	6'0043
5	77	1187'8	9581	5	12	1324'5	0052
10	80	1190'9	9592	10	14	1327'1	0060
15	83	1194'0	9604	15	17	1329'6	0069
20	86	1197'1	9615	20	19	1332'2	0077
25	89	1200'1	9626	25	22	1334'7	0085
30	92	1203'2	9637	30	24	1337'3	0093
35	95	1206'2	9648	35	27	1339'8	0101
40	98	1209'3	9659	40	29	1342'3	0109
45	12'01	1212'3	9669	45	32	1344'8	0118
50	04	1215'3	9680	50	34	1347'3	0126
55	07	1218'3	9691	55	36	1349'8	0133
25 0	12'10	1221'3	7'9701	29 0	13'39	1352'3	6'0141
5	13	1224'3	9712	5	41	1354'7	0149
10	16	1227'2	9722	10	44	1357'2	0157
15	19	1230'2	9733	15	46	1359'6	0165
20	22	1233'1	9743	20	48	1362'0	0172
25	24	1236'1	9753	25	51	1364'4	0180
30	27	1239'0	9764	30	53	1366'8	0188
35	30	1241'9	9774	35	56	1369'2	0195
40	33	1244'8	9784	40	58	1371'6	0203
45	36	1247'7	9794	45	60	1374'0	0210
50	39	1250'6	9804	50	63	1376'3	0217
55	42	1253'5	9814	55	65	1378'7	0225
26 0	12'44	1256'4	7'9824	30 0	13'67	1381'0	6'0232
5	47	1259'2	9834	5	69	1383'3	0239
10	50	1262'1	9843	10	72	1385'6	0246
15	53	1264'9	9853	15	74	1387'9	0254
20	56	1267'7	9863	20	76	1390'2	0261
25	58	1270'5	9872	25	78	1392'5	0268
30	61	1273'3	9882	30	81	1394'7	0275
35	64	1276'1	9891	35	83	1397'0	0282
40	67	1278'9	9901	40	85	1399'2	0289
45	69	1281'7	9910	45	87	1401'4	0295
50	72	1284'4	9919	50	89	1403'7	0302
55	75	1287'2	9928	55	92	1405'9	0309
27 0	12'78	1289'9	7'9937	31 0	13'94	1408'1	6'0316
5	80	1292'6	9947	5	96	1410'2	0322
10	83	1295'3	9956	10	98	1412'4	0329
15	86	1298'1	9965	15	14'00	1414'5	0335
20	88	1300'7	9974	20	02	1416'7	0342
25	91	1303'4	9983	25	04	1418'8	0348
30	93	1306'1	9991	30	06	1420'9	0355
35	96	1308'8	6'0000	35	08	1423'0	0361
40	99	1311'4	0009	40	10	1425'1	0368
45	13'01	1314'0	0018	45	13	1427'2	0374
50	04	1316'7	0026	50	15	1429'3	0380
55	06	1319'3	0035	55	17	1431'4	0386
60	09	1321'9	0043	60	19	1433'4	0392

TABLE XXVIII.—Arc-versines of Spheroidal Arcs of Parallel 1° in length.

Parallel of Latitude	Arc-versine in seconds	Arc-versine in feet	Arc-ver. in sec. (3600) ² Logarithm	Parallel of Latitude	Arc-versine in seconds	Arc-versine in feet	Arc-ver. in sec. (3600) ² Logarithm		
32	0	14' 19	1433' 4	$\bar{6}\cdot 0392$	36	0	15' 00	1517' 1	$\bar{6}\cdot 0636$
	5	21	1435' 4	0399		5	02	1518' 7	0641
	10	23	1437' 5	0405		10	03	1520' 1	0645
	15	25	1439' 5	0411		15	05	1521' 5	0649
	20	26	1441' 5	0417		20	06	1522' 9	0652
	25	28	1443' 4	0422		25	07	1524' 3	0656
	30	30	1445' 4	0428		30	09	1525' 7	0660
	35	32	1447' 4	0434		35	10	1527' 0	0664
	40	34	1449' 3	0440		40	11	1528' 4	0668
	45	36	1451' 3	0446		45	13	1529' 7	0672
	50	38	1453' 2	0451		50	14	1531' 0	0675
	55	40	1455' 1	0457		55	15	1532' 3	0679
33	0	14' 42	1457' 0	$\bar{6}\cdot 0463$	37	0	15' 17	1533' 6	$\bar{6}\cdot 0682$
	5	44	1458' 9	0468		5	18	1534' 9	0686
	10	45	1460' 8	0474		10	19	1536' 2	0690
	15	47	1462' 6	0479		15	20	1537' 4	0693
	20	49	1464' 5	0485		20	21	1538' 7	0696
	25	51	1466' 3	0490		25	23	1539' 9	0700
	30	53	1468' 1	0495		30	24	1541' 1	0703
	35	54	1470' 0	0501		35	25	1542' 3	0707
	40	56	1471' 7	0506		40	26	1543' 5	0710
	45	58	1473' 5	0511		45	27	1544' 7	0713
	50	60	1475' 3	0516		50	28	1545' 8	0716
	55	61	1477' 1	0521		55	29	1547' 0	0719
34	0	14' 63	1478' 8	$\bar{6}\cdot 0527$	38	0	15' 31	1548' 1	$\bar{6}\cdot 0723$
	5	65	1480' 6	0532		5	32	1549' 2	0726
	10	66	1482' 3	0537		10	33	1550' 4	0729
	15	68	1484' 0	0542		15	34	1551' 5	0732
	20	70	1485' 7	0546		20	35	1552' 5	0735
	25	71	1487' 4	0551		25	36	1553' 6	0738
	30	73	1489' 1	0556		30	37	1554' 7	0740
	35	75	1490' 7	0561		35	38	1555' 7	0743
	40	76	1492' 4	0566		40	39	1556' 7	0746
	45	78	1494' 0	0570		45	40	1557' 8	0749
	50	79	1495' 6	0575		50	41	1558' 8	0752
	55	81	1497' 3	0580		55	42	1559' 8	0754
35	0	14' 83	1498' 9	$\bar{6}\cdot 0584$	39	0	15' 43	1560' 7	$\bar{6}\cdot 0757$
	5	84	1500' 5	0589		5	44	1561' 7	0760
	10	86	1502' 0	0593		10	45	1562' 7	0762
	15	87	1503' 6	0598		15	46	1563' 6	0765
	20	89	1505' 1	0602		20	46	1564' 5	0767
	25	90	1506' 7	0607		25	47	1565' 4	0770
	30	92	1508' 2	0611		30	48	1566' 3	0772
	35	93	1509' 7	0615		35	49	1567' 2	0775
	40	95	1511' 2	0619		40	50	1568' 1	0777
	45	96	1512' 7	0624		45	51	1568' 9	0779
	50	98	1514' 2	0628		50	52	1569' 8	0782
	55	99	1515' 6	0632		55	52	1570' 6	0784
	60	15' 00	1517' 1	0636		60	53	1571' 4	0786

TABLE XXIX.—Linear Value in Miles of a Degree of Arc measured along the Meridian.

Mean Latitude	Meridional Degrees. in Miles	Difference	Mean Latitude	Meridional Degrees in Miles	Difference
°		+	°		+
0	68·7027	2	23	68·8072	88
1	68·7029	6	24	68·8160	90
2	68·7035	10	25	68·8250	93
3	68·7045	15	26	68·8343	96
4	68·7060	18	27	68·8439	98
5	68·7078	23	28	68·8537	101
6	68·7101	27	29	68·8638	102
7	68·7128	31	30	68·8740	105
8	68·7159	35	31	68·8845	107
9	68·7194	39	32	68·8952	109
10	68·7233	43	33	68·9061	110
11	68·7276	46	34	68·9171	112
12	68·7322	51	35	68·9283	114
13	68·7373	54	36	68·9397	114
14	68·7427	58	37	68·9511	117
15	68·7485	62	38	68·9628	117
16	68·7547	65	39	68·9745	117
17	68·7612	68	40	68·9862	120
18	68·7680	72	41	68·9982	119
19	68·7752	76	42	69·0101	119
20	68·7828	78	43	69·0220	121
21	68·7906	82	44	69·0341	120
22	68·7988	84	45	69·0461	120
23	68·8072		46	69·0581	

TABLE XXX.—Linear Value in Miles of a Degree of Arc measured along Parallels of Latitude.

Latitude	Longitudinal Degrees in Miles	Difference	Latitude	Longitudinal Degrees in Miles	Difference
°		—	°		—
0	69·1618	105	23	63·6960	4789
1	69·1513	314	24	63·2171	4981
2	69·1199	523	25	62·7190	5171
3	69·0676	732	26	62·2019	5361
4	68·9944	941	27	61·6658	5549
5	68·9003	1149	28	61·1109	5734
6	68·7854	1358	29	60·5375	5919
7	68·6496	1565	30	59·9456	6101
8	68·4931	1773	31	59·3355	6283
9	68·3158	1979	32	58·7072	6461
10	68·1179	2186	33	58·0611	6638
11	67·8993	2392	34	57·3973	6813
12	67·6601	2596	35	56·7160	6987
13	67·4005	2801	36	56·0173	7158
14	67·1204	3004	37	55·3015	7326
15	66·8200	3207	38	54·5689	7493
16	66·4993	3408	39	53·8196	7658
17	66·1585	3609	40	53·0538	7820
18	65·7976	3808	41	52·2718	7981
19	65·4168	4008	42	51·4737	8137
20	65·0160	4204	43	50·6600	8293
21	64·5956	4400	44	49·8307	8446
22	64·1556	4596	45	48·9861	8596
23	63·6960		46	48·1265	

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{16}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude								Length in Inches			
								<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal
From	8	0	0	to	8	3	45	17' 179	17' 123	17' 121	24' 255
		3	45	"		7	30	' 179	' 121	' 118	' 253
		7	30	"		11	15	' 179	' 118	' 116	' 251
		11	15	"		15	0	' 179	' 116	' 113	' 249
		15	0	"		18	45	' 179	' 113	' 110	' 247
		18	45	"		22	30	' 179	' 110	' 107	' 245
		22	30	"		26	15	' 179	' 107	' 105	' 243
		26	15	"		30	0	' 179	' 105	' 102	' 241
		30	0	"		33	45	' 179	' 102	' 099	' 240
		33	45	"		37	30	' 179	' 099	' 096	' 238
		37	30	"		41	15	' 180	' 096	' 094	' 236
		41	15	"		45	0	' 180	' 094	' 091	' 234
		45	0	"		48	45	' 180	' 091	' 088	' 232
		48	45	"		52	30	' 180	' 088	' 085	' 230
		52	30	"		56	15	' 180	' 085	' 082	' 228
	8	56	15	"	9	0	0	' 180	' 082	' 079	' 226
	9	0	0	"	9	3	45	17' 180	17' 079	17' 076	24' 224
		3	45	"		7	30	' 180	' 076	' 073	' 222
		7	30	"		11	15	' 180	' 073	' 070	' 220
		11	15	"		15	0	' 180	' 070	' 067	' 217
		15	0	"		18	45	' 180	' 067	' 064	' 215
		18	45	"		22	30	' 180	' 064	' 061	' 213
		22	30	"		26	15	' 180	' 061	' 058	' 211
		26	15	"		30	0	' 180	' 058	' 055	' 209
		30	0	"		33	45	' 180	' 055	' 052	' 207
		33	45	"		37	30	' 180	' 052	' 049	' 205
		37	30	"		41	15	' 181	' 049	' 046	' 203
		41	15	"		45	0	' 181	' 046	' 042	' 201
		45	0	"		48	45	' 181	' 042	' 039	' 199
		48	45	"		52	30	' 181	' 039	' 036	' 197
		52	30	"		56	15	' 181	' 036	' 033	' 195
	9	56	15	"	10	0	0	' 181	' 033	' 029	' 192
	10	0	0	"	10	3	45	17' 181	17' 029	17' 026	24' 190
		3	45	"		7	30	' 181	' 026	' 023	' 188
		7	30	"		11	15	' 181	' 023	' 020	' 186
		11	15	"		15	0	' 181	' 020	' 016	' 183
		15	0	"		18	45	' 181	' 016	' 013	' 181
		18	45	"		22	30	' 181	' 013	' 010	' 179
		22	30	"		26	15	' 181	' 010	' 007	' 176
		26	15	"		30	0	' 181	' 007	' 003	' 173
		30	0	"		33	45	' 181	' 003	' 000	' 171
		33	45	"		37	30	' 181	' 000	16' 996	' 169
		37	30	"		41	15	' 182	16' 996	' 993	' 167
		41	15	"		45	0	' 182	' 993	' 989	' 164
		45	0	"		48	45	' 182	' 989	' 986	' 162
		48	45	"		52	30	' 182	' 986	' 982	' 160
		52	30	"		56	15	' 182	' 982	' 979	' 157
	10	56	15	"	11	0	0	' 182	' 979	' 975	' 154

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{16}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches									
						m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal						
From	11	0	0	to	11	3	45	17	182	16	975	16	972	24	152
		3	45	"		7	30		182		972		968		150
		7	30	"		11	15		182		968		964		147
		11	15	"		15	0		182		964		960		144
		15	0	"		18	45		182		960		957		142
		18	45	"		22	30		182		957		953		140
		22	30	"		26	15		182		953		950		137
		26	15	"		30	0		182		950		946		134
		30	0	"		33	45		183		946		942		132
		33	45	"		37	30		183		942		938		130
		37	30	"		41	15		183		938		934		127
		41	15	"		45	0		183		934		930		124
		45	0	"		48	45		183		930		927		122
		48	45	"		52	30		183		927		923		119
		52	30	"		56	15		183		923		919		116
	11	56	15	"	12	0	0		183		919		915		113
	12	0	0	"	12	3	45	17	183	16	915	16	911	24	110
		3	45	"		7	30		183		911		907		108
		7	30	"		11	15		183		907		903		105
		11	15	"		15	0		183		903		899		102
		15	0	"		18	45		183		899		895		999
		18	45	"		22	30		183		895		891		997
		22	30	"		26	15		184		891		887		995
		26	15	"		30	0		184		887		883		992
		30	0	"		33	45		184		883		879		989
		33	45	"		37	30		184		879		875		986
		37	30	"		41	15		184		875		871		983
		41	15	"		45	0		184		871		867		980
		45	0	"		48	45		184		867		863		977
		48	45	"		52	30		184		863		859		974
		52	30	"		56	15		184		859		855		971
	12	56	15	"	13	0	0		184		855		850		968
	13	0	0	"	13	3	45	17	184	16	850	16	846	24	965
		3	45	"		7	30		184		846		842		963
		7	30	"		11	15		185		842		838		960
		11	15	"		15	0		185		838		833		957
		15	0	"		18	45		185		833		829		954
		18	45	"		22	30		185		829		824		951
		22	30	"		26	15		185		824		820		948
		26	15	"		30	0		185		820		816		945
		30	0	"		33	45		185		816		812		942
		33	45	"		37	30		185		812		807		939
		37	30	"		41	15		185		807		803		936
		41	15	"		45	0		185		803		798		933
		45	0	"		48	45		185		798		794		930
		48	45	"		52	30		185		794		789		927
		52	30	"		56	15		186		789		785		924
	13	56	15	"	14	0	0		186		785		780		921

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{16}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches										
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal							
From	14	0	0	to	14	3	45	17	186	16	780	16	776	24	018	
		3	45	"		7	30		186		776		771		015	
		7	30	"		11	15		186		771		767		012	
		11	15	"		15	0		186		767		762		009	
		15	0	"		18	45		186		762		758		005	
		18	45	"		22	30		186		758		753		002	
		22	30	"		26	15		186		753		748	23	999	
		26	15	"		30	0		186		748		743		996	
		30	0	"		33	45		186		743		739		992	
		33	45	"		37	30		186		739		734		989	
		37	30	"		41	15		187		734		729		986	
		41	15	"		45	0		187		729		724		983	
		45	0	"		48	45		187		724		720		980	
		48	45	"		52	30		187		720		715		977	
		52	30	"		56	15		187		715		710		974	
	14	56	15	"		15	0	0	187		710		705		970	
	15	0	0	"		15	3	45	17	187	16	705	16	700	23	966
		3	45	"		7	30		187		700		695		963	
		7	30	"		11	15		187		695		690		960	
		11	15	"		15	0		187		690		685		957	
		15	0	"		18	45		188		685		681		953	
		18	45	"		22	30		188		681		676		950	
		22	30	"		26	15		188		676		671		947	
		26	15	"		30	0		188		671		666		943	
		30	0	"		33	45		188		666		661		939	
		33	45	"		37	30		188		661		655		936	
		37	30	"		41	15		188		655		650		933	
		41	15	"		45	0		188		650		645		929	
		45	0	"		48	45		188		645		640		925	
		48	45	"		52	30		189		640		635		922	
		52	30	"		56	15		189		635		630		919	
	15	56	15	"		16	0	0	189		630		625		915	
	16	0	0	"		16	3	45	17	189	16	625	16	620	23	912
		3	45	"		7	30		189		620		614		909	
		7	30	"		11	15		189		614		609		905	
		11	15	"		15	0		189		609		604		901	
		15	0	"		18	45		189		604		599		897	
		18	45	"		22	30		189		599		593		894	
		22	30	"		26	15		189		593		588		891	
		26	15	"		30	0		189		588		583		887	
		30	0	"		33	45		190		583		578		883	
		33	45	"		37	30		190		578		572		880	
		37	30	"		41	15		190		572		567		876	
		41	15	"		45	0		190		567		561		872	
		45	0	"		48	45		190		561		556		868	
		48	45	"		52	30		190		556		551		865	
		52	30	"		56	15		190		551		546		861	
	16	56	15	"		17	0	0	190		546		540		857	

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{16}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude							Length in Inches									
							<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal						
From	17	0	0	to	17	3	45	17	190	16	540	16	535	23	853	
		3	45	"		7	30		190		535		529		850	
		7	30	"		11	15		191		529		524		846	
		11	15	"		15	0		191		524		518		842	
		15	0	"		18	45		191		518		512		838	
		18	45	"		22	30		191		512		506		835	
		22	30	"		26	15		191		506		501		831	
		26	15	"		30	0		191		501		495		827	
		30	0	"		33	45		191		495		490		823	
		33	45	"		37	30		191		490		484		820	
		37	30	"		41	15		191		484		478		816	
		41	15	"		45	0		191		478		472		812	
		45	0	"		48	45		192		472		467		808	
		48	45	"		52	30		192		467		461		804	
		52	30	"		56	15		192		461		455		800	
	17	56	15	"	18	0	0		192		455		449		796	
	18	0	0	"	18	3	45		17	192	16	449	16	444	23	792
		3	45	"		7	30		192		444		438		788	
		7	30	"		11	15		192		438		432		784	
		11	15	"		15	0		192		432		426		780	
		15	0	"		18	45		193		426		420		776	
		18	45	"		22	30		193		420		414		772	
		22	30	"		26	15		193		414		408		768	
		26	15	"		30	0		193		408		402		764	
		30	0	"		33	45		193		402		396		760	
		33	45	"		37	30		193		396		390		756	
		37	30	"		41	15		193		390		384		752	
		41	15	"		45	0		193		384		378		748	
		45	0	"		48	45		193		378		372		743	
		48	45	"		52	30		193		372		366		739	
		52	30	"		56	15		194		366		360		735	
	18	56	15	"	19	0	0		194		360		354		731	
	19	0	0	"	19	3	45		17	194	16	354	16	348	23	727
		3	45	"		7	30		194		348		342		723	
		7	30	"		11	15		194		342		336		719	
		11	15	"		15	0		194		336		330		715	
		15	0	"		18	45		194		330		324		711	
		18	45	"		22	30		194		324		317		707	
		22	30	"		26	15		195		317		311		703	
		26	15	"		30	0		195		311		305		699	
		30	0	"		33	45		195		305		299		694	
		33	45	"		37	30		195		299		292		690	
		37	30	"		41	15		195		292		286		686	
		41	15	"		45	0		195		286		280		682	
		45	0	"		48	45		195		280		274		677	
		48	45	"		52	30		195		274		267		673	
		52	30	"		56	15		196		267		261		669	
	19	56	15	"	20	0	0		196		261		254		665	

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{18}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches					
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	°	'	"	to	°	'	"				
20	0	0		20	3	45		17'196	16'254	16'248	23'660
	3	45	"		7	30		196	248	241	656
	7	30	"		11	15		196	241	235	652
	11	15	"		15	0		196	235	228	647
	15	0	"		18	45		196	228	222	642
	18	45	"		22	30		196	222	215	638
	22	30	"		26	15		197	215	209	634
	26	15	"		30	0		197	209	202	630
	30	0	"		33	45		197	202	196	625
	33	45	"		37	30		197	196	189	621
	37	30	"		41	15		197	189	183	617
	41	15	"		45	0		197	183	176	612
	45	0	"		48	45		197	176	169	607
	48	45	"		52	30		197	169	162	603
	52	30	"		56	15		198	162	156	599
20	56	15	"	21	0	0		198	156	149	594
21	0	0	"	21	3	45		17'198	16'149	16'142	23'589
	3	45	"		7	30		198	142	135	585
	7	30	"		11	15		198	135	129	581
	11	15	"		15	0		198	129	122	576
	15	0	"		18	45		198	122	115	571
	18	45	"		22	30		198	115	108	567
	22	30	"		26	15		199	108	102	563
	26	15	"		30	0		199	102	095	558
	30	0	"		33	45		199	095	088	553
	33	45	"		37	30		199	088	081	549
	37	30	"		41	15		199	081	074	544
	41	15	"		45	0		199	074	067	539
	45	0	"		48	45		199	067	060	534
	48	45	"		52	30		199	060	053	530
	52	30	"		56	15		200	053	046	525
21	56	15	"	22	0	0		200	046	039	520
22	0	0	"	22	3	45		17'200	16'039	16'032	23'515
	3	45	"		7	30		200	032	025	511
	7	30	"		11	15		200	025	018	506
	11	15	"		15	0		200	018	011	501
	15	0	"		18	45		200	011	004	496
	18	45	"		22	30		200	004	15'996	492
	22	30	"		26	15		201	996	989	487
	26	15	"		30	0		201	989	982	482
	30	0	"		33	45		201	982	975	477
	33	45	"		37	30		201	975	968	473
	37	30	"		41	15		201	968	961	468
	41	15	"		45	0		201	961	953	463
	45	0	"		48	45		201	953	946	458
	48	45	"		52	30		201	946	939	454
	52	30	"		56	15		202	939	932	449
22	56	15	"	23	0	0		202	932	924	444

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{16}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches									
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal						
From	23	0	0	to	23	3	45	17	202	15	924	15	917	23	439
		3	45	"		7	30		202		917		909		434
		7	30	"		11	15		202		909		902		429
		11	15	"		15	0		202		902		895		424
		15	0	"		18	45		202		895		888		419
		18	45	"		22	30		202		888		880		414
		22	30	"		26	15		203		880		873		409
		26	15	"		30	0		203		873		865		404
		30	0	"		33	45		203		865		858		399
		33	45	"		37	30		203		858		850		395
		37	30	"		41	15		203		850		843		390
		41	15	"		45	0		203		843		835		385
		45	0	"		48	45		204		835		828		380
		48	45	"		52	30		204		828		820		375
		52	30	"		56	15		204		820		812		370
	23	56	15	"	24	0	0		204		812		804		364
	24	0	0	"	24	3	45	17	204	15	804	15	797	23	359
		3	45	"		7	30		204		797		789		354
		7	30	"		11	15		204		789		782		349
		11	15	"		15	0		204		782		774		344
		15	0	"		18	45		205		774		766		339
		18	45	"		22	30		205		766		758		334
		22	30	"		26	15		205		758		751		329
		26	15	"		30	0		205		751		743		323
		30	0	"		33	45		205		743		735		318
		33	45	"		37	30		205		735		727		313
		37	30	"		41	15		206		727		719		308
		41	15	"		45	0		206		719		711		303
		45	0	"		48	45		206		711		704		298
		48	45	"		52	30		206		704		696		293
		52	30	"		56	15		206		696		688		288
	24	56	15	"	25	0	0		206		688		680		282
	25	0	0	"	25	3	45	17	206	15	680	15	672	23	277
		3	45	"		7	30		206		672		664		272
		7	30	"		11	15		207		664		656		267
		11	15	"		15	0		207		656		648		261
		15	0	"		18	45		207		648		640		256
		18	45	"		22	30		207		640		632		251
		22	30	"		26	15		207		632		624		245
		26	15	"		30	0		207		624		616		239
		30	0	"		33	45		208		616		608		234
		33	45	"		37	30		208		608		600		229
		37	30	"		41	15		208		600		592		224
		41	15	"		45	0		208		592		583		218
		45	0	"		48	45		208		583		575		213
		48	45	"		52	30		208		575		567		208
		52	30	"		56	15		208		567		559		203
	25	56	15	"	26	0	0		208		559		550		197

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{16}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude				Length in Inches							
				<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal				
From	°	'	"	to	°	'	"				
26	0	0		26	3	45		17' 209	15' 550	15' 542	23' 192
	3	45	"		7	30		209	542	534	187
	7	30	"		11	15		209	534	526	181
	11	15	"		15	0		209	526	517	175
	15	0	"		18	45		209	517	509	170
	18	45	"		22	30		209	509	501	165
	22	30	"		26	15		210	501	493	159
	26	15	"		30	0		210	493	484	153
	30	0	"		33	45		210	484	476	148
	33	45	"		37	30		210	476	467	143
	37	30	"		41	15		210	467	459	137
	41	15	"		45	0		210	459	450	131
	45	0	"		48	45		211	450	442	126
	48	45	"		52	30		211	442	433	121
	52	30	"		56	15		211	433	425	115
26	56	15	"	27	0	0		211	425	416	109
27	0	0	"	27	3	45		17' 211	15' 416	15' 408	23' 104
	3	45	"		7	30		211	408	399	098
	7	30	"		11	15		211	399	391	092
	11	15	"		15	0		211	391	382	086
	15	0	"		18	45		212	382	374	081
	18	45	"		22	30		212	374	365	076
	22	30	"		26	15		212	365	357	070
	26	15	"		30	0		212	357	348	064
	30	0	"		33	45		212	348	339	059
	33	45	"		37	30		212	339	330	054
	37	30	"		41	15		213	330	322	048
	41	15	"		45	0		213	322	313	042
	45	0	"		48	45		213	313	304	036
	48	45	"		52	30		213	304	295	030
	52	30	"		56	15		213	295	287	024
27	56	15	"	28	0	0		213	287	278	018
28	0	0	"	28	3	45		17' 214	15' 278	15' 269	23' 013
	3	45	"		7	30		214	269	260	008
	7	30	"		11	15		214	260	251	002
	11	15	"		15	0		214	251	242	22' 996
	15	0	"		18	45		214	242	234	991
	18	45	"		22	30		214	234	225	985
	22	30	"		26	15		215	225	216	979
	26	15	"		30	0		215	216	207	973
	30	0	"		33	45		215	207	198	967
	33	45	"		37	30		215	198	189	961
	37	30	"		41	15		215	189	180	955
	41	15	"		45	0		215	180	171	949
	45	0	"		48	45		215	171	162	943
	48	45	"		52	30		215	162	153	937
	52	30	"		56	15		216	153	144	931
28	56	15	"	29	0	0		216	144	134	925

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{18}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches									
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal						
From	29	0	0	to	29	3	45	17	216	15	134	15	125	22	920
		3	45	"		7	30		216		125		116		914
		7	30	"		11	15		216		116		107		908
		11	15	"		15	0		216		107		098		902
		15	0	"		18	45		217		098		089		896
		18	45	"		22	30		217		089		079		890
		22	30	"		26	15		217		079		070		883
		26	15	"		30	0		217		070		061		876
		30	0	"		33	45		217		061		052		871
		33	45	"		37	30		217		052		042		866
		37	30	"		41	15		218		042		033		860
		41	15	"		45	0		218		033		024		854
		45	0	"		48	45		218		024		015		848
		48	45	"		52	30		218		015		005		842
		52	30	"		56	15		218		005	14	996		836
	29	56	15	"	30	0	0		218	14	996		986		830
	30	0	0	"	30	3	45	17	219	14	986	14	977	22	824
		3	45	"		7	30		219		977		968		818
		7	30	"		11	15		219		968		959		812
		11	15	"		15	0		219		959		949		806
		15	0	"		18	45		219		949		940		800
		18	45	"		22	30		219		940		930		794
		22	30	"		26	15		220		930		921		788
		26	15	"		30	0		220		921		911		782
		30	0	"		33	45		220		911		902		776
		33	45	"		37	30		220		902		892		770
		37	30	"		41	15		220		892		882		763
		41	15	"		45	0		220		882		872		756
		45	0	"		48	45		221		872		863		750
		48	45	"		52	30		221		863		853		744
		52	30	"		56	15		221		853		844		738
	30	56	15	"	31	0	0		221		844		834		732
	31	0	0	"	31	3	45	17	221	14	834	14	824	22	726
		3	45	"		7	30		221		824		814		720
		7	30	"		11	15		222		814		805		714
		11	15	"		15	0		222		805		795		708
		15	0	"		18	45		222		795		785		702
		18	45	"		22	30		222		785		775		696
		22	30	"		26	15		222		775		766		689
		26	15	"		30	0		222		766		756		682
		30	0	"		33	45		223		756		746		676
		33	45	"		37	30		223		746		736		670
		37	30	"		41	15		223		736		726		664
		41	15	"		45	0		223		726		716		657
		45	0	"		48	45		223		716		707		651
		48	45	"		52	30		223		707		697		645
		52	30	"		56	15		224		697		687		639
	31	56	15	"	32	0	0		224		687		677		632

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{16}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches										
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal							
From	°	'	"	to	°	'	"									
32	0	0		32	3	45		17	224	14	677	14	667	22	626	
		3	45	"		7	30		224		667		657		620	
		7	30	"		11	15		224		657		647		614	
		11	15	"		15	0		224		647		637		607	
		15	0	"		18	45		225		637		627		601	
		18	45	"		22	30		225		627		617		595	
		22	30	"		26	15		225		617		607		588	
		26	15	"		30	0		225		607		597		581	
		30	0	"		33	45		225		597		587		575	
		33	45	"		37	30		225		587		576		569	
		37	30	"		41	15		226		576		566		563	
		41	15	"		45	0		226		566		556		556	
		45	0	"		48	45		226		556		546		550	
		48	45	"		52	30		226		546		536		544	
		52	30	"		56	15		226		536		526		537	
32	56	15		"	33	0	0		226		526		515		530	
33	0	0		"	33	3	45		17	227	14	515	14	505	22	524
		3	45	"		7	30		227		505		495		518	
		7	30	"		11	15		227		495		485		511	
		11	15	"		15	0		227		485		474		504	
		15	0	"		18	45		227		474		464		498	
		18	45	"		22	30		227		464		454		492	
		22	30	"		26	15		228		454		444		485	
		26	15	"		30	0		228		444		433		478	
		30	0	"		33	45		228		433		423		472	
		33	45	"		37	30		228		423		412		465	
		37	30	"		41	15		228		412		402		458	
		41	15	"		45	0		228		402		391		451	
		45	0	"		48	45		229		391		381		445	
		48	45	"		52	30		229		381		370		439	
		52	30	"		56	15		229		370		360		432	
33	56	15		"	34	0	0		229		360		349		425	
34	0	0		"	34	3	45		17	229	14	349	14	339	22	419
		3	45	"		7	30		229		339		328		413	
		7	30	"		11	15		230		328		318		406	
		11	15	"		15	0		230		318		307		399	
		15	0	"		18	45		230		307		297		393	
		18	45	"		22	30		230		297		286		387	
		22	30	"		26	15		231		286		276		380	
		26	15	"		30	0		231		276		265		373	
		30	0	"		33	45		231		265		254		367	
		33	45	"		37	30		231		254		243		360	
		37	30	"		41	15		231		243		233		353	
		41	15	"		45	0		231		233		222		346	
		45	0	"		48	45		232		222		212		340	
		48	45	"		52	30		232		212		201		333	
		52	30	"		56	15		232		201		190		326	
34	56	15		"	35	0	0		232		190		179		319	

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{16}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude								Length in Inches							
								<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal				
From	35	0	0	to	35	3	45	17	232	14	179	14	168	22	313
		3	45	"		7	30		232		168		157		307
		7	30	"		11	15		233		157		147		300
		11	15	"		15	0		233		147		136		293
		15	0	"		18	45		233		136		125		286
		18	45	"		22	30		233		125		114		279
		22	30	"		26	15		233		114		103		272
		26	15	"		30	0		233		103		092		265
		30	0	"		33	45		234		092		081		259
		33	45	"		37	30		234		081		070		252
		37	30	"		41	15		234		070		059		245
		41	15	"		45	0		234		059		048		238
		45	0	"		48	45		234		048		037		232
		48	45	"		52	30		234		037		026		225
		52	30	"		56	15		235		026		015		218
	35	56	15	"	36	0	0		235		015		004		211
	36	0	0	"	36	3	45	17	235	14	004	13	993	22	204
		3	45	"		7	30		235		993		982		198
		7	30	"		11	15		235		982		971		191
		11	15	"		15	0		235		971		960		184
		15	0	"		18	45		236		960		949		177
		18	45	"		22	30		236		949		938		170
		22	30	"		26	15		236		938		927		163
		26	15	"		30	0		236		927		915		156
		30	0	"		33	45		237		915		904		149
		33	45	"		37	30		237		904		893		143
		37	30	"		41	15		237		893		882		136
		41	15	"		45	0		237		882		871		129
		45	0	"		48	45		237		871		860		122
		48	45	"		52	30		237		860		848		115
		52	30	"		56	15		238		848		837		108
	36	56	15	"	37	0	0		238		837		825		101
	37	0	0	"	37	3	45	17	238	13	825	13	814	22	094
		3	45	"		7	30		238		814		803		088
		7	30	"		11	15		238		803		792		081
		11	15	"		15	0		238		792		780		074
		15	0	"		18	45		239		780		769		067
		18	45	"		22	30		239		769		757		060
		22	30	"		26	15		239		757		746		053
		26	15	"		30	0		239		746		734		046
		30	0	"		33	45		239		734		723		038
		33	45	"		37	30		239		723		711		031
		37	30	"		41	15		240		711		700		024
		41	15	"		45	0		240		700		688		017
		45	0	"		48	45		240		688		677		010
		48	45	"		52	30		240		677		665		003
		52	30	"		56	15		241		665		654	21	996
	37	56	15	"	38	0	0		241		654		642		989

TABLE XXXI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{16}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 4 Inches = 1 Mile, or 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches									
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal						
From	°	'	"	to	°	'	"								
	38	0	0		38	3	45	17	241	13	642	13	631	21	982
		3	45	"		7	30		241		631		619		975
		7	30	"		11	15		241		619		608		968
		11	15	"		15	0		241		608		596		961
		15	0	"		18	45		242		596		584		954
		18	45	"		22	30		242		584		572		947
		22	30	"		26	15		242		572		561		940
		26	15	"		30	0		242		561		549		933
		30	0	"		33	45		242		549		538		925
		33	45	"		37	30		242		538		526		918
		37	30	"		41	15		243		526		514		911
		41	15	"		45	0		243		514		502		904
		45	0	"		48	45		243		502		491		897
		48	45	"		52	30		243		491		479		890
		52	30	"		56	15		243		479		467		883
	38	56	15	"	39	0	0		243		467		455		876
	39	0	0	"	39	3	45	17	244	13	455	13	443	21	869
		3	45	"		7	30		244		443		431		862
		7	30	"		11	15		244		431		419		855
		11	15	"		15	0		244		419		407		848
		15	0	"		18	45		245		407		396		840
		18	45	"		22	30		245		396		384		833
		22	30	"		26	15		245		384		372		826
		26	15	"		30	0		245		372		360		819
		30	0	"		33	45		245		360		348		811
		33	45	"		37	30		245		348		336		804
		37	30	"		41	15		246		336		324		797
		41	15	"		45	0		246		324		312		790
		45	0	"		48	45		246		312		300		782
		48	45	"		52	30		246		300		288		775
		52	30	"		56	15		246		288		276		768
	39	56	15	"	40	0	0		246		276		263		760

TABLE XXXII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{3}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches					
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	0	0	0	to	0	7	30	17' 176	17' 290	17' 290	24' 371
		7	30	"		15	0	176	290	290	371
	15	0	"		22	30	176	290	290	371	
	22	30	"		30	0	176	290	290	371	
	30	0	"		37	30	176	290	289	371	
	37	30	"		45	0	176	289	289	370	
	45	0	"		52	30	176	289	288	370	
	0	52	30	"	1	0	0	176	288	288	370
	1	0	0	"	1	7	30	17' 176	17' 288	17' 287	24' 369
		7	30	"		15	0	176	287	286	369
	15	0	"		22	30	176	286	285	368	
	22	30	"		30	0	176	285	285	368	
	30	0	"		37	30	176	285	284	367	
	37	30	"		45	0	176	284	282	366	
	45	0	"		52	30	176	282	281	365	
	1	52	30	"	2	0	0	176	281	280	365
	2	0	0	"	2	7	30	17' 176	17' 280	17' 279	24' 364
		7	30	"		15	0	176	279	277	363
	15	0	"		22	30	176	277	276	362	
	22	30	"		30	0	176	276	274	361	
	30	0	"		37	30	176	274	272	359	
	37	30	"		45	0	176	272	271	358	
	45	0	"		52	30	176	271	269	357	
	2	52	30	"	3	0	0	176	269	267	356
	3	0	0	"	3	7	30	17' 176	17' 267	17' 265	24' 354
		7	30	"		15	0	176	265	263	353
	15	0	"		22	30	176	263	261	351	
	22	30	"		30	0	176	261	258	350	
	30	0	"		37	30	176	258	256	348	
	37	30	"		45	0	176	256	254	347	
	45	0	"		52	30	176	254	251	345	
	3	52	30	"	4	0	0	176	251	249	343
	4	0	0	"	4	7	30	17' 177	17' 249	17' 246	24' 341
		7	30	"		15	0	177	246	243	339
	15	0	"		22	30	177	243	240	338	
	22	30	"		30	0	177	240	237	336	
	30	0	"		37	30	177	237	235	334	
	37	30	"		45	0	177	235	231	331	
	45	0	"		52	30	177	231	228	329	
	4	52	30	"	5	0	0	177	228	225	327
	5	0	0	"	5	7	30	17' 177	17' 225	17' 222	24' 325
		7	30	"		15	0	177	222	218	322
	15	0	"		22	30	177	218	215	320	
	22	30	"		30	0	177	215	211	318	
	30	0	"		37	30	177	211	208	315	
	37	30	"		45	0	177	208	204	313	
	45	0	"		52	30	177	204	200	310	
	5	52	30	"	6	0	0	177	200	196	307

TABLE XXXII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{3}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ a Mile.

Latitude								Length in Inches			
								m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal
From	6	0	0	to	6	7	30	17·178	17·196	17·192	24·305
		7	30	"		15	0	178	192	188	302
		15	0	"		22	30	178	188	184	299
		22	30	"		30	0	178	184	180	296
		30	0	"		37	30	178	180	176	293
		37	30	"		45	0	178	176	171	290
		45	0	"		52	30	178	171	167	287
	6	52	30	"	7	0	0	178	167	162	284
	7	0	0	"	7	7	30	17·178	17·162	17·158	24·281
		7	30	"		15	0	178	158	153	278
		15	0	"		22	30	178	153	148	274
		22	30	"		30	0	179	148	143	271
		30	0	"		37	30	179	143	139	268
		37	30	"		45	0	179	139	134	264
		45	0	"		52	30	179	134	128	261
	7	52	30	"	8	0	0	179	128	123	257
	8	0	0	"	8	7	30	17·179	17·123	17·118	24·254
		7	30	"		15	0	179	118	113	250
		15	0	"		22	30	179	113	107	246
		22	30	"		30	0	179	107	102	242
		30	0	"		37	30	179	102	096	239
		37	30	"		45	0	180	096	091	235
		45	0	"		52	30	180	091	085	231
	8	52	30	"	9	0	0	180	085	079	227
	9	0	0	"	9	7	30	17·180	17·079	17·073	24·223
		7	30	"		15	0	180	073	067	219
		15	0	"		22	30	180	067	061	214
		22	30	"		30	0	180	061	055	210
		30	0	"		37	30	180	055	049	206
		37	30	"		45	0	181	049	042	202
		45	0	"		52	30	181	042	036	197
	9	52	30	"	10	0	0	181	036	029	193
	10	0	0	"	10	7	30	17·181	17·029	17·023	24·188
		7	30	"		15	0	181	023	016	184
		15	0	"		22	30	181	016	010	179
		22	30	"		30	0	181	010	003	175
		30	0	"		37	30	181	003	16·996	170
		37	30	"		45	0	182	16·996	989	165
		45	0	"		52	30	182	989	982	160
	10	52	30	"	11	0	0	182	982	975	155
	11	0	0	"	11	7	30	17·182	16·975	16·968	24·150
		7	30	"		15	0	182	968	960	145
		15	0	"		22	30	182	960	955	140
		22	30	"		30	0	182	953	946	135
		30	0	"		37	30	183	946	938	130
		37	30	"		45	0	183	938	930	125
		45	0	"		52	30	183	930	923	120
	11	52	30	"	12	0	0	183	923	915	114

TABLE XXXII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{4}$ th. of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ a Mile.

Latitude				Length in Inches							
				<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal				
From	°	'	"	to	°	'	"				
12	0	0		12	7	30		17·183	16·915	16·907	24·109
	7	30	"		15	0		183	907	809	104
	15	0	"		22	30		183	899	891	098
	22	30	"		30	0		184	891	883	093
	30	0	"		37	30		184	883	875	087
	37	30	"		45	0		184	875	867	081
	45	0	"		52	30		184	867	859	076
12	52	30	"	13	0	0		184	859	850	070
13	0	0	"	13	7	30		17·184	16·850	16·842	24·064
	7	30	"		15	0		185	842	833	058
	15	0	"		22	30		185	833	824	052
	22	30	"		30	0		185	824	816	047
	30	0	"		37	30		185	816	807	041
	37	30	"		45	0		185	807	798	035
	45	0	"		52	30		185	798	789	028
13	52	30	"	14	0	0		186	789	780	022
14	0	0	"	14	7	30		17·186	16·780	16·771	24·016
	7	30	"		15	0		186	771	762	010
	15	0	"		22	30		186	762	753	003
	22	30	"		30	0		186	753	743	23·997
	30	0	"		37	30		186	743	734	991
	37	30	"		45	0		187	734	724	984
	45	0	"		52	30		187	724	715	978
14	52	30	"	15	0	0		187	715	705	971
15	0	0	"	15	7	30		17·187	16·705	16·695	23·964
	7	30	"		15	0		187	695	685	958
	15	0	"		22	30		188	685	676	951
	22	30	"		30	0		188	676	666	944
	30	0	"		37	30		188	666	655	937
	37	30	"		45	0		188	655	645	931
	45	0	"		52	30		188	645	635	924
15	52	30	"	16	0	0		189	635	625	917
16	0	0	"	16	7	30		17·189	16·625	16·614	23·910
	7	30	"		15	0		189	614	604	902
	15	0	"		22	30		189	604	593	895
	22	30	"		30	0		189	593	583	888
	30	0	"		37	30		190	583	572	881
	37	30	"		45	0		190	572	561	874
	45	0	"		52	30		190	561	551	866
16	52	30	"	17	0	0		190	551	540	859
17	0	0	"	17	7	30		17·190	16·540	16·529	23·851
	7	30	"		15	0		191	529	518	844
	15	0	"		22	30		191	518	506	836
	22	30	"		30	0		191	506	495	829
	30	0	"		37	30		191	495	484	821
	37	30	"		45	0		191	484	472	813
	45	0	"		52	30		192	472	461	806
17	52	30	"	18	0	0		192	461	449	798

TABLE XXXII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches					
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	18	0	0	to	18	7	30	17' 192	16' 449	16' 438	23' 790
		7	30	"		15	0	192	438	426	782
		15	0	"		22	30	193	426	414	774
		22	30	"		30	0	193	414	402	766
		30	0	"		37	30	193	402	390	758
		37	30	"		45	0	193	390	378	750
		45	0	"		52	30	193	378	366	742
	18	52	30	"	19	0	0	194	366	354	734
	19	0	0	"	19	7	30	17' 194	16' 354	16' 342	23' 725
		7	30	"		15	0	194	342	330	717
		15	0	"		22	30	194	330	317	709
		22	30	"		30	0	195	317	305	700
		30	0	"		37	30	195	305	292	692
		37	30	"		45	0	195	292	280	683
		45	0	"		52	30	195	280	267	675
	19	52	30	"	20	0	0	196	267	254	666
	20	0	0	"	20	7	30	17' 196	16' 254	16' 241	23' 658
		7	30	"		15	0	196	241	228	649
		15	0	"		22	30	196	228	215	640
		22	30	"		30	0	197	215	202	631
		30	0	"		37	30	197	202	189	623
		37	30	"		45	0	197	189	176	614
		45	0	"		52	30	197	176	162	605
	20	52	30	"	21	0	0	198	162	149	596
	21	0	0	"	21	7	30	17' 198	16' 149	16' 135	23' 587
		7	30	"		15	0	198	135	122	578
		15	0	"		22	30	198	122	108	569
		22	30	"		30	0	199	108	095	559
		30	0	"		37	30	199	095	081	550
		37	30	"		45	0	199	081	067	541
		45	0	"		52	30	199	067	053	532
	21	52	30	"	22	0	0	200	053	039	522
	22	0	0	"	22	7	30	17' 200	16' 039	16' 025	23' 513
		7	30	"		15	0	200	025	011	503
		15	0	"		22	30	200	011	15' 996	494
		22	30	"		30	0	201	15' 996	982	484
		30	0	"		37	30	201	982	968	475
		37	30	"		45	0	201	968	953	465
		45	0	"		52	30	201	953	939	455
	22	52	30	"	23	0	0	202	939	924	446
	23	0	0	"	23	7	30	17' 202	15' 924	15' 909	23' 436
		7	30	"		15	0	202	909	895	426
		15	0	"		22	30	202	895	880	416
		22	30	"		30	0	203	880	865	406
		30	0	"		37	30	203	865	850	397
		37	30	"		45	0	203	850	835	387
		45	0	"		52	30	204	835	820	376
	23	52	30	"	24	0	0	204	820	804	366

TABLE XXXII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{3}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ a Mile.

Latitude								Length in Inches					
								<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	°	'	"	to	°	'	"						
24	0	0		24	7	30		17·204	15·804	15·789		23·356	
	7	30	"		15	0		204	789	774		346	
	15	0	"		22	30		205	774	758		336	
	22	30	"		30	0		205	758	743		326	
	30	0	"		37	30		205	743	727		315	
	37	30	"		45	0		206	727	711		305	
	45	0	"		52	30		206	711	696		295	
24	52	30	"	25	0	0		206	696	680		284	
25	0	0	"	25	7	30		17·206	15·680	15·664		23·274	
	7	30	"		15	0		207	664	648		263	
	15	0	"		22	30		207	648	632		253	
	22	30	"		30	0		207	632	616		242	
	30	0	"		37	30		208	616	600		231	
	37	30	"		45	0		208	600	583		221	
	45	0	"		52	30		208	583	567		210	
25	52	30	"	26	0	0		208	567	550		199	
26	0	0	"	26	7	30		17·209	15·550	15·534		23·188	
	7	30	"		15	0		209	534	517		178	
	15	0	"		22	30		209	517	501		167	
	22	30	"		30	0		210	501	484		156	
	30	0	"		37	30		210	484	467		145	
	37	30	"		45	0		210	467	450		134	
	45	0	"		52	30		211	450	433		123	
26	52	30	"	27	0	0		211	433	416		112	
27	0	0	"	27	7	30		17·211	15·416	15·399		23·100	
	7	30	"		15	0		211	399	382		089	
	15	0	"		22	30		212	382	365		078	
	22	30	"		30	0		212	365	348		067	
	30	0	"		37	30		212	348	330		055	
	37	30	"		45	0		213	330	313		044	
	45	0	"		52	30		213	313	295		033	
27	52	30	"	28	0	0		213	295	278		021	
28	0	0	"	28	7	30		17·214	15·278	15·260		23·010	
	7	30	"		15	0		214	260	242		22·998	
	15	0	"		22	30		214	242	225		987	
	22	30	"		30	0		215	225	207		975	
	30	0	"		37	30		215	207	189		963	
	37	30	"		45	0		215	189	171		952	
	45	0	"		52	30		215	171	153		940	
28	52	30	"	29	0	0		216	153	134		928	
29	0	0	"	29	7	30		17·216	15·134	15·116		22·917	
	7	30	"		15	0		216	116	098		905	
	15	0	"		22	30		217	098	079		893	
	22	30	"		30	0		217	079	061		881	
	30	0	"		37	30		217	061	042		869	
	37	30	"		45	0		218	042	024		857	
	45	0	"		52	30		218	024	005		845	
29	52	30	"	30	0	0		218	005	14·986		833	

TABLE XXXII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ a Mile.

Latitude							Length in Inches				
							<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal	
From	30	0	0	to	30	7	30	17' 219	14' 986	14' 968	22' 821
		7	30	"		15	0	219	968	949	809
		15	0	"		22	30	219	949	930	797
		22	30	"		30	0	220	930	911	784
		30	0	"		37	30	220	911	892	772
		37	30	"		45	0	220	892	872	760
		45	0	"		52	30	221	872	853	748
	30	52	30	"	31	0	0	221	853	834	735
	31	0	0	"	31	7	30	17' 221	14' 834	14' 814	22' 723
		7	30	"		15	0	222	814	795	710
		15	0	"		22	30	222	795	775	698
		22	30	"		30	0	222	775	756	686
		30	0	"		37	30	223	756	736	673
		37	30	"		45	0	223	736	716	660
		45	0	"		52	30	223	716	697	648
	31	52	30	"	32	0	0	224	697	677	635
	32	0	0	"	32	7	30	17' 224	14' 677	14' 657	22' 623
		7	30	"		15	0	224	657	637	610
		15	0	"		22	30	225	637	617	597
		22	30	"		30	0	225	617	597	584
		30	0	"		37	30	225	597	576	572
		37	30	"		45	0	226	576	556	559
		45	0	"		52	30	226	556	536	546
	32	52	30	"	33	0	0	226	536	515	533
	33	0	0	"	33	7	30	17' 227	14' 515	14' 495	22' 520
		7	30	"		15	0	227	495	474	507
		15	0	"		22	30	227	474	454	494
		22	30	"		30	0	228	454	433	481
		30	0	"		37	30	228	433	412	468
		37	30	"		45	0	228	412	391	455
		45	0	"		52	30	229	391	370	442
	33	52	30	"	34	0	0	229	370	349	429
	34	0	0	"	34	7	30	17' 229	14' 349	14' 328	22' 416
		7	30	"		15	0	230	328	307	402
		15	0	"		22	30	230	307	286	389
		22	30	"		30	0	231	286	265	376
		30	0	"		37	30	231	265	243	362
		37	30	"		45	0	231	243	222	349
		45	0	"		52	30	232	222	201	336
	34	52	30	"	35	0	0	232	201	179	322
	35	0	0	"	35	7	30	17' 232	14' 179	14' 157	22' 309
		7	30	"		15	0	233	157	136	295
		15	0	"		22	30	233	136	114	282
		22	30	"		30	0	233	114	92	268
		30	0	"		37	30	234	92	70	255
		37	30	"		45	0	234	70	48	241
		45	0	"		52	30	234	48	26	228
	35	52	30	"	36	0	0	235	26	04	214

TABLE XXXII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{3}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches					
						m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal		
From	°	'	"	to	°	'	"				
36	0	0		36	7	30		17'235	14'004	13'982	22'200
	7	30	"		15	0		235	13'982	960	187
	15	0	"		22	30		236	960	938	173
	22	30	"		30	0		236	938	915	159
	30	0	"		37	30		237	915	893	146
	37	30	"		45	0		237	893	871	132
	45	0	"		52	30		237	871	848	118
36	52	30	"	37	0	0		238	848	825	104
37	0	0	"	37	7	30		17'238	13'825	13'803	22'090
	7	30	"		15	0		238	803	780	076
	15	0	"		22	30		239	780	757	062
	22	30	"		30	0		239	757	734	048
	30	0	"		37	30		239	734	711	034
	37	30	"		45	0		240	711	688	020
	45	0	"		52	30		240	688	665	006
37	52	30	"	38	0	0		241	665	642	21'992
38	0	0	"	38	7	30		17'241	13'642	13'619	21'978
	7	30	"		15	0		241	619	596	964
	15	0	"		22	30		242	596	572	950
	22	30	"		30	0		242	572	549	936
	30	0	"		37	30		242	549	526	922
	37	30	"		45	0		243	526	502	907
	45	0	"		52	30		243	502	479	893
38	52	30	"	39	0	0		243	479	455	879
39	0	0	"	39	7	30		17'244	13'455	13'431	21'865
	7	30	"		15	0		244	431	407	850
	15	0	"		22	30		245	407	384	836
	22	30	"		30	0		245	384	360	822
	30	0	"		37	30		245	360	336	807
	37	30	"		45	0		246	336	312	793
	45	0	"		52	30		246	312	288	779
39	52	30	"	40	0	0		246	288	263	764

TABLE XXXIII A.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{2}{3}$ of a Mile.

Latitude								Length in Inches			
								m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal
From	0	0	0	to	0	7	30	12·882	12·967	12·967	18·278
		7	30	"		15	0	882	967	967	278
		15	0	"		22	30	882	967	967	278
		22	30	"		30	0	882	967	967	278
		30	0	"		37	30	882	967	967	278
		37	30	"		45	0	882	967	967	277
		45	0	"		52	30	882	967	966	277
	0	52	30	"	1	0	0	882	966	966	277
	1	0	0	"	1	7	30	12·882	12·966	12·965	18·277
		7	30	"		15	0	882	965	964	277
		15	0	"		22	30	882	964	964	276
		22	30	"		30	0	882	964	964	276
		30	0	"		37	30	882	964	963	275
		37	30	"		45	0	882	963	961	274
		45	0	"		52	30	882	961	961	274
	1	52	30	"	2	0	0	882	961	960	274
	2	0	0	"	2	7	30	12·882	12·960	12·959	18·273
		7	30	"		15	0	882	959	958	272
		15	0	"		22	30	882	958	957	271
		22	30	"		30	0	882	957	955	271
		30	0	"		37	30	882	955	954	269
		37	30	"		45	0	882	954	953	268
		45	0	"		52	30	882	953	952	268
	2	52	30	"	3	0	0	882	952	950	267
	3	0	0	"	3	7	30	12·882	12·950	12·949	18·265
		7	30	"		15	0	882	949	947	265
		15	0	"		22	30	882	947	946	263
		22	30	"		30	0	882	946	943	262
		30	0	"		37	30	882	943	942	261
		37	30	"		45	0	882	942	940	260
		45	0	"		52	30	882	940	938	259
	3	52	30	"	4	0	0	882	938	937	257
	4	0	0	"	4	7	30	12·883	12·937	12·934	18·256
		7	30	"		15	0	883	934	932	254
		15	0	"		22	30	883	932	930	253
		22	30	"		30	0	883	930	928	252
		30	0	"		37	30	883	928	926	250
		37	30	"		45	0	883	926	923	248
		45	0	"		52	30	883	923	921	247
	4	52	30	"	5	0	0	883	921	919	245
	5	0	0	"	5	7	30	12·883	12·919	12·916	18·244
		7	30	"		15	0	883	916	913	241
		15	0	"		22	30	883	913	911	240
		22	30	"		30	0	883	911	908	238
		30	0	"		37	30	883	908	906	236
		37	30	"		45	0	883	906	903	235
		45	0	"		52	30	883	903	900	232
	5	52	30	"	6	0	0	883	900	897	230
	6	0	0	"	6	7	30	12·883	12·897	12·894	18·229
		7	30	"		15	0	883	894	891	227
		15	0	"		22	30	883	891	888	224
		22	30	"		30	0	883	888	885	222
		30	0	"		37	30	883	885	882	220
		37	30	"		45	0	883	882	878	217
		45	0	"		52	30	883	878	875	215
	6	52	30	"	7	0	0	883	875	871	213

TABLE XXXIII A.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{2}{3}$ of a Mile.

Latitude								Length in Inches			
								m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal
From	7	0	0	to	7	7	30	12·883	12·871	12·868	18·211
		7	30	"		15	0	883	868	865	208
		15	0	"		22	30	883	865	861	205
		22	30	"		30	0	884	861	857	203
		30	0	"		37	30	884	857	854	201
		37	30	"		45	0	884	854	851	198
		45	0	"		52	30	884	851	846	196
	7	52	30	"	8	0	0	884	846	842	193
	8	0	0	"	8	7	30	12·884	12·842	12·838	18·190
		7	30	"		15	0	884	838	835	187
		15	0	"		22	30	884	835	830	184
		22	30	"		30	0	884	830	826	181
		30	0	"		37	30	884	826	822	179
		37	30	"		45	0	885	822	818	176
		45	0	"		52	30	885	818	814	173
	8	52	30	"	9	0	0	885	814	809	170
	9	0	0	"	9	7	30	12·885	12·809	12·805	18·167
		7	30	"		15	0	885	805	800	164
		15	0	"		22	30	885	800	796	161
		22	30	"		30	0	885	796	791	157
		30	0	"		37	30	885	791	787	154
		37	30	"		45	0	886	787	781	151
		45	0	"		52	30	886	781	777	148
	9	52	30	"	10	0	0	886	777	772	145
	10	0	0	"	10	7	30	12·886	12·772	12·767	18·141
		7	30	"		15	0	886	767	762	138
		15	0	"		22	30	886	762	757	134
		22	30	"		30	0	886	757	752	131
		30	0	"		37	30	886	752	747	127
		37	30	"		45	0	886	747	742	124
		45	0	"		52	30	886	742	736	120
	10	52	30	"	11	0	0	886	736	731	116
	11	0	0	"	11	7	30	12·886	12·731	12·726	18·112
		7	30	"		15	0	886	726	720	109
		15	0	"		22	30	886	720	715	105
		22	30	"		30	0	886	715	709	101
		30	0	"		37	30	887	709	703	998
		37	30	"		45	0	887	703	697	994
		45	0	"		52	30	887	697	692	990
	11	52	30	"	12	0	0	887	692	686	985
	12	0	0	"	12	7	30	12·887	12·686	12·680	18·082
		7	30	"		15	0	887	680	674	978
		15	0	"		22	30	887	674	668	973
		22	30	"		30	0	888	668	662	970
		30	0	"		37	30	888	662	656	965
		37	30	"		45	0	888	656	650	961
		45	0	"		52	30	888	650	644	957
	12	52	30	"	13	0	0	888	644	637	952
	13	0	0	"	13	7	30	12·888	12·637	12·631	18·048
		7	30	"		15	0	889	631	625	943
		15	0	"		22	30	889	625	618	939
		22	30	"		30	0	889	618	612	935
		30	0	"		37	30	889	612	605	931
		37	30	"		45	0	889	605	598	926
		45	0	"		52	30	889	598	592	921
	13	52	30	"	14	0	0	889	592	585	916

TABLE XXXIII A.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{2}{3}$ of a Mile.

Latitude				Length in Inches							
				m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal				
From	o	'	"	to	o	'	"				
14	0	0		14	7	30		12'889	12'585	12'578	18'012
	7	30	"		15	0		889	578	571	007
	15	0	"		22	30		889	571	565	002
	22	30	"		30	0		889	565	557	17'998
	30	0	"		37	30		889	557	550	993
	37	30	"		45	0		890	550	543	988
	45	0	"		52	30		890	543	536	983
14	52	30	"	15	0	0		890	536	529	978
15	0	0	"	15	7	30		12'890	12'529	12'521	17'973
	7	30	"		15	0		890	521	514	968
	15	0	"		22	30		891	514	507	963
	22	30	"		30	0		891	507	499	958
	30	0	"		37	30		891	499	491	953
	37	30	"		45	0		891	491	484	948
	45	0	"		52	30		891	484	476	943
15	52	30	"	16	0	0		892	476	469	938
16	0	0	"	16	7	30		12'892	12'469	12'460	17'932
	7	30	"		15	0		892	460	453	926
	15	0	"		22	30		892	453	445	921
	22	30	"		30	0		892	445	437	916
	30	0	"		37	30		892	437	429	911
	37	30	"		45	0		892	429	421	905
	45	0	"		52	30		892	421	413	899
16	52	30	"	17	0	0		892	413	405	894
17	0	0	"	17	7	30		12'892	12'405	12'397	17'888
	7	30	"		15	0		893	397	388	883
	15	0	"		22	30		893	388	379	877
	22	30	"		30	0		893	379	371	872
	30	0	"		37	30		893	371	363	866
	37	30	"		45	0		893	363	354	860
	45	0	"		52	30		894	354	346	854
17	52	30	"	18	0	0		894	346	337	848
18	0	0	"	18	7	30		12'894	12'337	12'329	17'843
	7	30	"		15	0		894	329	320	837
	15	0	"		22	30		895	320	311	831
	22	30	"		30	0		895	311	302	825
	30	0	"		37	30		895	302	293	819
	37	30	"		45	0		895	293	284	813
	45	0	"		52	30		895	284	275	807
18	52	30	"	19	0	0		895	275	266	801
19	0	0	"	19	7	30		12'895	12'266	12'257	17'794
	7	30	"		15	0		895	257	248	788
	15	0	"		22	30		895	248	238	782
	22	30	"		30	0		896	238	229	775
	30	0	"		37	30		896	229	219	769
	37	30	"		45	0		896	219	210	762
	45	0	"		52	30		896	210	200	756
19	52	30	"	20	0	0		897	200	191"	750
20	0	0	"	20	7	30		12'897	12'191	12'181	17'744
	7	30	"		15	0		897	181	171	737
	15	0	"		22	30		897	171	161	730
	22	30	"		30	0		898	161	151	723
	30	0	"		37	30		898	151	142	717
	37	30	"		45	0		898	142	132	711
	45	0	"		52	30		898	132	122	704
20	52	30	"	21	0	0		898	122	112	697

TABLE XXXIII A.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{2}{3}$ of a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches					
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	21	0	0	to	21	7	30	12' 898	12' 112	12' 101	17' 690
		7	30	"		15	0	898	101	092	684
		15	0	"		22	30	898	092	081	677
		22	30	"		30	0	899	081	071	669
		30	0	"		37	30	899	071	061	663
		37	30	"		45	0	899	061	050	656
		45	0	"		52	30	899	050	040	649
	21	52	30	"	22	0	0	900	040	029	642
	22	0	0	"	22	7	30	12' 900	12' 029	12' 019	17' 635
		7	30	"		15	0	900	019	008	627
		15	0	"		22	30	900	008	11' 997	621
		22	30	"		30	0	901	11' 997	987	613
		30	0	"		37	30	901	987	976	606
		37	30	"		45	0	901	976	965	599
		45	0	"		52	30	901	965	954	591
	22	52	30	"	23	0	0	901	954	943	585
	23	0	0	"	23	7	30	12' 901	11' 943	11' 932	17' 577
		7	30	"		15	0	901	932	921	570
		15	0	"		22	30	901	921	910	562
		22	30	"		30	0	902	910	899	555
		30	0	"		37	30	902	899	888	548
		37	30	"		45	0	902	888	876	540
		45	0	"		52	30	903	876	865	532
	23	52	30	"	24	0	0	903	865	853	525
	24	0	0	"	24	7	30	12' 903	11' 853	11' 842	17' 517
		7	30	"		15	0	903	842	831	510
		15	0	"		22	30	904	831	819	502
		22	30	"		30	0	904	819	807	495
		30	0	"		37	30	904	807	795	486
		37	30	"		45	0	905	795	783	479
		45	0	"		52	30	905	783	772	471
	24	52	30	"	25	0	0	905	772	760	463
	25	0	0	"	25	7	30	12' 905	11' 760	11' 748	17' 456
		7	30	"		15	0	905	748	736	447
		15	0	"		22	30	905	736	724	440
		22	30	"		30	0	905	724	712	432
		30	0	"		37	30	906	712	700	423
		37	30	"		45	0	906	700	687	416
		45	0	"		52	30	906	687	675	408
	25	52	30	"	26	0	0	906	675	663	399
	26	0	0	"	26	7	30	12' 907	11' 663	11' 651	17' 391
		7	30	"		15	0	907	651	638	384
		15	0	"		22	30	907	638	626	375
		22	30	"		30	0	908	626	613	367
		30	0	"		37	30	908	613	600	359
		37	30	"		45	0	908	600	588	351
		45	0	"		52	30	908	588	575	342
	26	52	30	"	27	0	0	908	575	562	334
	27	0	0	"	27	7	30	12' 908	11' 562	11' 549	17' 325
		7	30	"		15	0	908	549	537	317
		15	0	"		22	30	909	537	524	309
		22	30	"		30	0	909	524	511	300
		30	0	"		37	30	909	511	498	291
		37	30	"		45	0	910	498	485	283
		45	0	"		52	30	910	485	471	275
	27	52	30	"	28	0	0	910	471	459	266

TABLE XXXIII A.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{2}{3}$ of a Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches					
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	°	'	"	to	°	'	"				
28	0	0		28	7	30		12' 910	11' 459	11' 445	17' 258
		7	30	"		15	0	910	445	432	249
		15	0	"		22	30	910	432	419	240
		22	30	"		30	0	911	419	405	231
		30	0	"		37	30	911	405	392	222
		37	30	"		45	0	911	392	378	214
		45	0	"		52	30	911	378	365	205
28	52	30		29	0	0		912	365	351	196
29	0	0		29	7	30		12' 912	11' 351	11' 337	17' 188
		7	30	"		15	0	912	337	324	179
		15	0	"		22	30	913	324	309	170
		22	30	"		30	0	913	309	296	161
		30	0	"		37	30	913	296	282	152
		37	30	"		45	0	914	282	268	143
		45	0	"		52	30	914	268	254	134
29	52	30		30	0	0		914	254	240	125
30	0	0		30	7	30		12' 914	11' 240	11' 226	17' 116
		7	30	"		15	0	914	226	212	107
		15	0	"		22	30	914	212	198	98
		22	30	"		30	0	915	198	183	88
		30	0	"		37	30	915	183	169	79
		37	30	"		45	0	915	169	154	70
		45	0	"		52	30	916	154	140	61
30	52	30		31	0	0		916	140	126	51
31	0	0		31	7	30		12' 916	11' 126	11' 111	17' 042
		7	30	"		15	0	917	111	96	33
		15	0	"		22	30	917	96	81	24
		22	30	"		30	0	917	81	67	15
		30	0	"		37	30	917	67	52	5
		37	30	"		45	0	917	52	37	16' 995
		45	0	"		52	30	917	37	23	986
31	52	30		32	0	0		918	23	8	976
32	0	0		32	7	30		12' 918	11' 008	10' 993	16' 967
		7	30	"		15	0	918	993	978	958
		15	0	"		22	30	919	978	963	948
		22	30	"		30	0	919	963	948	938
		30	0	"		37	30	919	948	932	929
		37	30	"		45	0	920	932	917	919
		45	0	"		52	30	920	917	902	910
32	52	30		33	0	0		920	902	886	900
33	0	0		33	7	30		12' 920	10' 886	10' 871	16' 890
		7	30	"		15	0	920	871	856	880
		15	0	"		22	30	920	856	841	871
		22	30	"		30	0	921	841	825	861
		30	0	"		37	30	921	825	809	851
		37	30	"		45	0	921	809	793	841
		45	0	"		52	30	922	793	778	832
33	52	30		34	0	0		922	778	762	822
34	0	0		34	7	30		12' 922	10' 762	10' 746	16' 812
		7	30	"		15	0	923	746	730	802
		15	0	"		22	30	923	730	715	792
		22	30	"		30	0	923	715	699	782
		30	0	"		37	30	923	699	682	772
		37	30	"		45	0	923	682	667	762
		45	0	"		52	30	924	667	651	752
34	52	30		35	0	0		924	651	634	742

TABLE XXXIII A.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{3}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to $\frac{2}{3}$ of a Mile.

Latitude							Length in Inches				
							<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal	
From	35	0	0	to	35	7	30	12·924	10·634	10·618	16·732
		7	30	"		15	0	925	618	602	721
		15	0	"		22	30	925	602	586	712
		22	30	"		30	0	925	586	569	701
		30	0	"		37	30	926	569	553	691
		37	30	"		45	0	926	553	536	681
		45	0	"		52	30	926	536	520	671
	35	52	30	"	36	0	0	926	520	503	661
	36	0	0	"	36	7	30	12·926	10·503	10·487	16·650
		7	30	"		15	0	926	487	470	640
		15	0	"		22	30	927	470	454	630
		22	30	"		30	0	927	454	436	619
		30	0	"		37	30	928	436	420	610
		37	30	"		45	0	928	420	403	599
		45	0	"		52	30	928	403	386	589
	36	52	30	"	37	0	0	929	386	369	578
	37	0	0	"	37	7	30	12·929	10·369	10·352	16·568
		7	30	"		15	0	929	352	335	557
		15	0	"		22	30	929	335	318	547
		22	30	"		30	0	929	318	301	536
		30	0	"		37	30	929	301	283	526
		37	30	"		45	0	930	283	266	515
		45	0	"		52	30	930	266	249	505
	37	52	30	"	38	0	0	931	249	232	494
	38	0	0	"	38	7	30	12·931	10·232	10·214	16·484
		7	30	"		15	0	931	214	197	473
		15	0	"		22	30	932	197	179	463
		22	30	"		30	0	932	179	162	452
		30	0	"		37	30	932	162	145	442
		37	30	"		45	0	932	145	127	430
		45	0	"		52	30	932	127	109	420
	38	52	30	"	39	0	0	932	109	091	409
	39	0	0	"	39	7	30	12·933	10·091	10·073	16·399
		7	30	"		15	0	933	073	055	388
		15	0	"		22	30	934	055	038	377
		22	30	"		30	0	934	038	020	367
		30	0	"		37	30	934	020	002	355
		37	30	"		45	0	935	002	9·984	345
		45	0	"		52	30	935	9·984	966	334
	39	52	30	"	40	0	0	935	966	947	323

TABLE XXXIII B.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 1 Mile.

Latitude				Length in Inches							
				<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal				
From	0	0	0	to	0	7	30	8·588	8·645	8·645	12·186
		7	30	"		15	0	588	645	645	186
	15	0	"		22	30	588	645	645	186	
	22	30	"		30	0	588	645	645	186	
	30	0	"		37	30	588	645	645	186	
	37	30	"		45	0	588	645	645	185	
	45	0	"		52	30	588	645	644	185	
	0	52	30	"	1	0	0	588	644	644	185
	1	0	0	"	1	7	30	8·588	8·644	8·644	12·185
		7	30	"		15	0	588	644	643	185
	15	0	"		22	30	588	643	643	184	
	22	30	"		30	0	588	643	643	184	
	30	0	"		37	30	588	643	642	184	
	37	30	"		45	0	588	642	641	183	
	45	0	"		52	30	588	641	641	183	
	1	52	30	"	2	0	0	588	641	640	183
	2	0	0	"	2	7	30	8·588	8·640	8·640	12·182
		7	30	"		15	0	588	640	639	182
	15	0	"		22	30	588	639	638	181	
	22	30	"		30	0	588	638	637	181	
	30	0	"		37	30	588	637	636	180	
	37	30	"		45	0	588	636	636	179	
	45	0	"		52	30	588	636	635	179	
	2	52	30	"	3	0	0	588	635	634	178
	3	0	0	"	3	7	30	8·588	8·634	8·633	12·177
		7	30	"		15	0	588	633	632	177
	15	0	"		22	30	588	632	631	176	
	22	30	"		30	0	588	631	629	175	
	30	0	"		37	30	588	629	628	174	
	37	30	"		45	0	588	628	627	174	
	45	0	"		52	30	588	627	626	173	
	3	52	30	"	4	0	0	588	626	625	172
	4	0	0	"	4	7	30	8·589	8·625	8·623	12·171
		7	30	"		15	0	589	623	622	170
	15	0	"		22	30	589	622	620	169	
	22	30	"		30	0	589	620	619	168	
	30	0	"		37	30	589	619	618	167	
	37	30	"		45	0	589	618	616	166	
	45	0	"		52	30	589	616	614	165	
	4	52	30	"	5	0	0	589	614	613	164
	5	0	0	"	5	7	30	8·589	8·613	8·611	12·163
		7	30	"		15	0	589	611	609	161
	15	0	"		22	30	589	609	608	160	
	22	30	"		30	0	589	608	606	159	
	30	0	"		37	30	589	606	604	158	
	37	30	"		45	0	589	604	602	157	
	45	0	"		52	30	589	602	600	155	
	5	52	30	"	6	0	0	589	600	598	154
	6	0	0	"	6	7	30	8·589	8·598	8·596	12·153
		7	30	"		15	0	589	596	594	151
	15	0	"		22	30	589	594	592	150	
	22	30	"		30	0	589	592	590	148	
	30	0	"		37	30	589	590	588	147	
	37	30	"		45	0	589	588	586	145	
	45	0	"		52	30	589	586	584	144	
	6	52	30	"	7	0	0	589	584	581	142

TABLE XXXIII B.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{4}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 1 Mile.

						Length in Inches					
						m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal		
From	7	0	0	to	7	7	30	8.589	8.581	8.579	12.141
		7	30	"		15	0	589	579	577	139
		15	0	"		22	30	589	577	574	137
		22	30	"		30	0	590	574	572	136
		30	0	"		37	30	590	572	570	134
		37	30	"		45	0	590	570	567	132
		45	0	"		52	30	590	567	564	131
	7	52	30	"	8	0	0	590	564	562	129
	8	0	0	"	8	7	30	8.590	8.562	8.559	12.127
		7	30	"		15	0	590	559	557	125
		15	0	"		22	30	590	557	554	123
		22	30	"		30	0	590	554	551	121
		30	0	"		37	30	590	551	548	120
		37	30	"		45	0	590	548	546	118
		45	0	"		52	30	590	546	543	116
	8	52	30	"	9	0	0	590	543	540	114
	9	0	0	"	9	7	30	8.590	8.540	8.537	12.112
		7	30	"		15	0	590	537	534	110
		15	0	"		22	30	590	534	531	107
		22	30	"		30	0	590	531	528	105
		30	0	"		37	30	590	528	525	103
		37	30	"		45	0	591	525	521	101
		45	0	"		52	30	591	521	518	99
	9	52	30	"	10	0	0	591	518	515	97
	10	0	0	"	10	7	30	8.591	8.515	8.512	12.094
		7	30	"		15	0	591	512	508	92
		15	0	"		22	30	591	508	505	90
		22	30	"		30	0	591	505	502	88
		30	0	"		37	30	591	502	498	85
		37	30	"		45	0	591	498	495	83
		45	0	"		52	30	591	495	491	80
	10	52	30	"	11	0	0	591	491	488	78
	11	0	0	"	11	7	30	8.591	8.488	8.484	12.075
		7	30	"		15	0	591	484	480	73
		15	0	"		22	30	591	480	477	70
		22	30	"		30	0	591	477	473	68
		30	0	"		37	30	592	473	469	65
		37	30	"		45	0	592	469	465	63
		45	0	"		52	30	592	465	462	60
	11	52	30	"	12	0	0	592	462	458	57
	12	0	0	"	12	7	30	8.592	8.458	8.454	12.055
		7	30	"		15	0	592	454	450	52
		15	0	"		22	30	592	450	446	49
		22	30	"		30	0	592	446	442	47
		30	0	"		37	30	592	442	438	44
		37	30	"		45	0	592	438	434	41
		45	0	"		52	30	592	434	430	38
	12	52	30	"	13	0	0	592	430	425	35
	13	0	0	"	13	7	30	8.592	8.425	8.421	12.032
		7	30	"		15	0	593	421	417	29
		15	0	"		22	30	593	417	412	26
		22	30	"		30	0	593	412	408	24
		30	0	"		37	30	593	408	404	21
		37	30	"		45	0	593	404	399	18
		45	0	"		52	30	593	399	395	14
	13	52	30	"	14	0	0	593	395	390	11

TABLE XXXIII B.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 1 Mile.

Latitude		Length in Inches					
		<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	14 0 0	to	14 7 30	8·593	8·390	8·386	12·008
	7 30	"	15 0	593	386	381	005
	15 0	"	22 30	593	381	377	002
	22 30	"	30 0	593	377	372	11·999
	30 0	"	37 30	593	372	367	996
	37 30	"	45 0	594	367	362	992
	45 0	"	52 30	594	362	358	989
	14 52 30	"	15 0 0	594	358	353	986
	15 0 0	"	15 7 30	8·594	8·353	8·348	11·982
	7 30	"	15 0	594	348	343	979
	15 0	"	22 30	594	343	338	976
	22 30	"	30 0	594	338	333	972
	30 0	"	37 30	594	333	328	969
	37 30	"	45 0	594	328	323	966
	45 0	"	52 30	594	323	318	962
	15 52 30	"	16 0 0	595	318	313	959
	16 0 0	"	16 7 30	8·595	8·313	8·307	11·955
	7 30	"	15 0	595	307	302	951
	15 0	"	22 30	595	302	297	948
	22 30	"	30 0	595	297	292	944
	30 0	"	37 30	595	292	286	941
	37 30	"	45 0	595	286	281	937
	45 0	"	52 30	595	281	276	933
	16 52 30	"	17 0 0	595	276	270	930
	17 0 0	"	17 7 30	8·595	8·270	8·265	11·926
	7 30	"	15 0	596	265	259	922
	15 0	"	22 30	596	259	253	918
	22 30	"	30 0	596	253	248	915
	30 0	"	37 30	596	248	242	911
	37 30	"	45 0	596	242	236	907
	45 0	"	52 30	596	236	231	903
	17 52 30	"	18 0 0	596	231	225	899
	18 0 0	"	18 7 30	8·596	8·225	8·219	11·895
	7 30	"	15 0	596	219	213	891
	15 0	"	22 30	597	213	207	887
	22 30	"	30 0	597	207	201	883
	30 0	"	37 30	597	201	195	879
	37 30	"	45 0	597	195	189	875
	45 0	"	52 30	597	189	183	871
	18 52 30	"	19 0 0	597	183	177	867
	19 0 0	"	19 7 30	8·597	8·177	8·171	11·863
	7 30	"	15 0	597	171	165	859
	15 0	"	22 30	597	165	159	855
	22 30	"	30 0	598	159	153	850
	30 0	"	37 30	598	153	146	846
	37 30	"	45 0	598	146	140	842
	45 0	"	52 30	598	140	134	838
	19 52 30	"	20 0 0	598	134	127	833
	20 0 0	"	20 7 30	8·598	8·127	8·121	11·829
	7 30	"	15 0	598	121	114	825
	15 0	"	22 30	598	114	108	820
	22 30	"	30 0	599	108	101	816
	30 0	"	37 30	599	101	095	812
	37 30	"	45 0	599	095	088	807
	45 0	"	52 30	599	088	081	803
	20 52 30	"	21 0 0	599	081	075	798

TABLE XXXIII B.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 1 Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches					
						m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal		
From	21	0	0	to	21	7	30	8·599	8·075	8·068	11·794
		7	30	"		15	0	599	068	061	789
		15	0	"		22	30	599	061	054	785
		22	30	"		30	0	600	054	048	780
		30	0	"		37	30	600	048	041	775
		37	30	"		45	0	600	041	034	771
		45	0	"		52	30	600	034	027	766
	21	52	30	"	22	0	0	600	027	020	761
	22	0	0	"	22	7	30	8·600	8·020	8·013	11·757
		7	30	"		15	0	600	013	006	752
		15	0	"		22	30	600	006	7·998	747
		22	30	"		30	0	601	7·998	991	742
		30	0	"		37	30	601	991	984	738
		37	30	"		45	0	601	984	977	733
		45	0	"		52	30	601	977	970	728
	22	52	30	"	23	0	0	601	970	962	723
	23	0	0	"	23	7	30	8·601	7·962	7·955	11·718
		7	30	"		15	0	601	955	948	713
		15	0	"		22	30	601	948	940	708
		22	30	"		30	0	602	940	933	703
		30	0	"		37	30	602	933	925	699
		37	30	"		45	0	602	925	918	694
		45	0	"		52	30	602	918	910	688
	23	52	30	"	24	0	0	602	910	902	683
	24	0	0	"	24	7	30	8·602	7·902	7·895	11·678
		7	30	"		15	0	602	895	887	673
		15	0	"		22	30	603	887	879	668
		22	30	"		30	0	603	879	872	663
		30	0	"		37	30	603	872	864	658
		37	30	"		45	0	603	864	856	653
		45	0	"		52	30	603	856	848	648
	24	52	30	"	25	0	0	603	848	840	642
	25	0	0	"	25	7	30	8·603	7·840	7·832	11·637
		7	30	"		15	0	604	832	824	632
		15	0	"		22	30	604	824	816	627
		22	30	"		30	0	604	816	808	621
		30	0	"		37	30	604	808	800	616
		37	30	"		45	0	604	800	792	611
		45	0	"		52	30	604	792	784	605
	25	52	30	"	26	0	0	604	784	775	600
	26	0	0	"	26	7	30	8·605	7·775	7·767	11·594
		7	30	"		15	0	605	767	759	589
		15	0	"		22	30	605	759	751	584
		22	30	"		30	0	605	751	742	578
		30	0	"		37	30	605	742	734	573
		37	30	"		45	0	605	734	725	567
		45	0	"		52	30	606	725	717	562
	26	52	30	"	27	0	0	606	717	708	556
	27	0	0	"	27	7	30	8·606	7·708	7·700	11·550
		7	30	"		15	0	606	700	691	545
		15	0	"		22	30	606	691	683	539
		22	30	"		30	0	606	683	674	534
		30	0	"		37	30	606	674	665	528
		37	30	"		45	0	607	665	657	522
		45	0	"		52	30	607	657	648	517
	27	52	30	"	28	0	0	607	648	639	511

TABLE XXXIII B.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{3}$ th of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 1 Mile.

Latitude						Length in Inches					
						<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	°	'	"	to	°	'	"				
28	0	0		28	7	30		8·607	7·639	7·630	11·505
	7	30	"		15	0		607	630	621	499
	15	0	"		22	30		607	621	613	494
	22	30	"		30	0		608	613	604	488
	30	0	"		37	30		608	604	595	482
	37	30	"		45	0		608	595	586	476
	45	0	"		52	30		608	586	577	470
28	52	30	"	29	0	0		608	577	567	464
29	0	0	"	29	7	30		8·608	7·567	7·558	11·459
	7	30	"		15	0		608	558	549	453
	15	0	"		22	30		609	549	540	447
	22	30	"		30	0		609	540	531	441
	30	0	"		37	30		609	531	521	435
	37	30	"		45	0		609	521	512	429
	45	0	"		52	30		609	512	503	423
29	52	30	"	30	0	0		609	503	493	417
30	0	0	"	30	7	30		8·610	7·493	7·484	11·411
	7	30	"		15	0		610	484	475	405
	15	0	"		22	30		610	475	465	399
	22	30	"		30	0		610	465	456	392
	30	0	"		37	30		610	456	446	386
	37	30	"		45	0		610	446	436	380
	45	0	"		52	30		611	436	427	374
30	52	30	"	31	0	0		611	427	417	368
31	0	0	"	31	7	30		8·611	7·417	7·407	11·362
	7	30	"		15	0		611	407	398	355
	15	0	"		22	30		611	398	388	349
	22	30	"		30	0		611	388	378	343
	30	0	"		37	30		612	378	368	337
	37	30	"		45	0		612	368	358	330
	45	0	"		52	30		612	358	349	324
31	52	30	"	32	0	0		612	349	339	318
32	0	0	"	32	7	30		8·612	7·339	7·329	11·312
	7	30	"		15	0		612	329	319	305
	15	0	"		22	30		613	319	309	299
	22	30	"		30	0		613	309	299	292
	30	0	"		37	30		613	299	288	286
	37	30	"		45	0		613	288	278	280
	45	0	"		52	30		613	278	268	273
32	52	30	"	33	0	0		613	268	258	267
33	0	0	"	33	7	30		8·614	7·258	7·248	11·260
	7	30	"		15	0		614	248	237	254
	15	0	"		22	30		614	237	227	247
	22	30	"		30	0		614	227	217	241
	30	0	"		37	30		614	217	206	234
	37	30	"		45	0		614	206	196	228
	45	0	"		52	30		615	196	185	221
33	52	30	"	34	0	0		615	185	175	215
34	0	0	"	34	7	30		8·615	7·175	7·164	11·208
	7	30	"		15	0		615	164	154	201
	15	0	"		22	30		615	154	143	195
	22	30	"		30	0		616	143	133	188
	30	0	"		37	30		616	133	122	181
	37	30	"		45	0		616	122	111	175
	45	0	"		52	30		616	111	101	168
34	52	30	"	35	0	0		616	101	90	161

TABLE XXXIII B.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{3}$ th
of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 1 Mile.

Latitude		Length in Inches					
		m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal		
From	35 0 0	to	35 7 30	8·616	7·090	7·079	11·155
	7 30	"	15 0	617	079	068	148
	15 0	"	22 30	617	068	057	141
	22 30	"	30 0	617	057	046	134
	30 0	"	37 30	617	046	035	128
	37 30	"	45 0	617	035	024	121
	45 0	"	52 30	617	024	013	114
35 52 30	"	36 0 0	618	013	002	107	
36	0 0	"	36 7 30	8·618	7·002	6·991	11·100
	7 30	"	15 0	618	6·991	980	094
	15 0	"	22 30	618	980	969	087
	22 30	"	30 0	618	969	958	080
	30 0	"	37 30	619	958	947	073
	37 30	"	45 0	619	947	936	066
	45 0	"	52 30	619	936	924	059
36 52 30	"	37 0 0	619	924	913	052	
37	0 0	"	37 7 30	8·619	6·913	6·902	11·045
	7 30	"	15 0	619	6·902	890	038
	15 0	"	22 30	620	890	879	031
	22 30	"	30 0	620	879	867	024
	30 0	"	37 30	620	867	856	017
	37 30	"	45 0	620	856	844	010
	45 0	"	52 30	620	844	833	003
37 52 30	"	38 0 0	621	833	821	10·996	
38	0 0	"	38 7 30	8·621	6·821	6·810	10·989
	7 30	"	15 0	621	810	798	982
	15 0	"	22 30	621	798	786	975
	22 30	"	30 0	621	786	775	968
	30 0	"	37 30	621	775	763	961
	37 30	"	45 0	622	763	751	954
	45 0	"	52 30	622	751	740	947
38 52 30	"	39 0 0	622	740	728	940	
39	0 0	"	39 7 30	8·622	6·728	6·716	10·933
	7 30	"	15 0	622	716	704	925
	15 0	"	22 30	623	704	692	918
	22 30	"	30 0	623	692	680	911
	30 0	"	37 30	623	680	668	904
	37 30	"	45 0	623	668	656	897
	45 0	"	52 30	623	656	644	890
39 52 30	"	40 0 0	623	644	632	882	

TABLE XXXIV.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 2 Miles.

Latitude				Length in Inches					
				m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal		
From	0	0	to	0	30	17' 176	17' 290	17' 290	24' 372
		30	"	1	0	176	290	288	370
	1	0	"	30	176	288	284	368	
		30	"	2	0	176	284	280	366
	2	0	"	30	176	280	274	362	
		30	"	3	0	176	274	266	358
	3	0	"	30	176	266	258	352	
		30	"	4	0	176	258	248	346
	4	0	"	30	176	248	238	338	
		30	"	5	0	176	238	226	330
	5	0	"	5	30	17' 178	17' 226	17' 212	24' 322
		30	"	6	0	178	212	196	312
	6	0	"	30	178	196	180	300	
		30	"	7	0	178	180	162	288
	7	0	"	30	178	162	144	276	
		30	"	8	0	178	144	124	262
	8	0	"	30	180	124	102	248	
		30	"	9	0	180	102	078	232
	9	0	"	30	180	078	054	216	
		30	"	10	0	180	054	030	200
	10	0	"	10	30	17' 182	17' 030	17' 002	24' 182
		30	"	11	0	182	002	16' 974	162
	11	0	"	30	182	182	16' 974	946	142
		30	"	12	0	182	946	916	122
	12	0	"	30	184	184	916	884	100
		30	"	13	0	184	884	850	078
	13	0	"	30	184	850	816	816	056
		30	"	14	0	186	816	780	032
	14	0	"	30	186	780	744	744	006
		30	"	15	0	186	744	706	23' 980
	15	0	"	15	30	17' 188	16' 706	16' 666	23' 954
		30	"	16	0	188	666	624	926
	16	0	"	30	190	190	624	582	898
		30	"	17	0	190	582	540	870
	17	0	"	30	190	540	496	496	840
		30	"	18	0	192	496	450	810
	18	0	"	30	192	450	402	402	778
		30	"	19	0	194	402	354	746
	19	0	"	30	194	354	304	304	712
		30	"	20	0	196	304	254	680

TABLE XXXIV.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 2 Miles.

Latitude				Length in Inches			
				<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal
From	0	to	0	17' 196	16' 254	16' 202	23' 644
	30	"	0	198	202	148	610
	21	"	30	198	148	094	572
	30	"	0	200	094	038	536
	22	"	30	200	038	15' 982	498
	30	"	0	202	15' 982	924	460
	23	"	30	202	924	864	422
	30	"	0	204	864	804	382
	24	"	30	204	804	742	340
	30	"	0	206	742	680	300
	25	"	30	17' 206	15' 680	15' 616	23' 238
	30	"	0	208	616	550	216
	26	"	30	210	550	484	172
	30	"	0	210	484	416	128
	27	"	30	212	416	348	084
	30	"	0	212	348	278	038
	28	"	30	214	278	206	22' 902
	30	"	0	216	206	134	946
	29	"	30	216	134	060	808
	30	"	0	218	060	14' 986	850
	30	"	30	17' 220	14' 986	14' 910	22' 802
	30	"	0	220	910	834	754
	31	"	30	222	834	756	704
	30	"	0	224	756	676	654
	32	"	30	224	676	596	604
	30	"	0	226	596	516	552
	33	"	30	228	516	432	500
	30	"	0	228	432	350	448
	34	"	30	230	350	264	396
	30	"	0	232	264	180	342
	35	"	30	17' 232	14' 180	14' 092	22' 288
	30	"	0	234	092	004	234
	36	"	30	236	004	13' 914	180
	30	"	0	238	13' 914	826	126
	37	"	30	238	826	734	068
	30	"	0	240	734	642	014
	38	"	30	242	642	548	21' 956
	30	"	0	242	548	454	808
	39	"	30	244	454	360	842
	30	"	0	246	360	264	786

TABLE XXXV A.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 3 Miles.

Latitude				Length in Inches					
				m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal		
From	0	0	to	0	30	11' 451	11' 527	11' 527	16' 248
		30	"	1	0	451	527	525	247
	1	0	"	1	30	451	525	523	245
		30	"	2	0	451	523	520	244
	2	0	"	2	30	451	520	516	241
		30	"	3	0	451	516	511	239
	3	0	"	3	30	451	511	505	235
		30	"	4	0	451	505	499	231
	4	0	"	4	30	451	499	492	225
		30	"	5	0	451	492	484	220
	5	0	"	5	30	11' 452	11' 484	11' 475	16' 215
		30	"	6	0	452	475	464	208
	6	0	"	6	30	452	464	453	200
		30	"	7	0	452	453	441	192
	7	0	"	7	30	452	441	429	184
		30	"	8	0	452	429	416	175
	8	0	"	8	30	453	416	401	165
		30	"	9	0	453	401	385	155
	9	0	"	9	30	453	385	369	144
		30	"	10	0	453	369	353	133
	10	0	"	10	30	11' 455	11' 353	11' 335	16' 121
		30	"	11	0	455	335	316	108
	11	0	"	11	30	455	316	297	095
		30	"	12	0	455	297	277	081
	12	0	"	12	30	456	277	256	067
		30	"	13	0	456	256	233	052
	13	0	"	13	30	456	233	211	037
		30	"	14	0	457	211	187	021
	14	0	"	14	30	457	187	163	004
		30	"	15	0	457	163	137	15' 987
	15	0	"	15	30	11' 459	11' 137	11' 111	15' 969
		30	"	16	0	459	111	083	951
	16	0	"	16	30	460	083	055	932
		30	"	17	0	460	055	027	913
	17	0	"	17	30	460	027	10' 997	893
		30	"	18	0	461	10' 997	967	873
	18	0	"	18	30	461	967	935	852
		30	"	19	0	463	935	903	831
	19	0	"	19	30	463	903	869	808
		30	"	20	0	464	869	836	787

TABLE XXXV A.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 3 Miles.

Latitude				Length in Inches					
				<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	20	0	to	20	0	11' 464	10' 836	10' 801	15' 763
		30	"	21	0	465	801	765	740
	21	0	"	30	465	765	729	715	
		30	"	22	0	467	729	692	691
	22	0	"	30	467	692	655	665	
		30	"	23	0	468	655	616	640
	23	0	"	30	468	616	576	615	
		30	"	24	0	469	576	536	588
	24	0	"	30	469	536	495	560	
		30	"	25	0	471	495	453	533
	25	0	"	25	30	11' 471	10' 453	10' 411	15' 505
		30	"	26	0	472	411	367	477
	26	0	"	30	473	367	323	448	
		30	"	27	0	473	323	277	419
	27	0	"	30	475	277	232	389	
		30	"	28	0	475	232	185	359
	28	0	"	30	476	185	137	328	
		30	"	29	0	477	137	089	297
	29	0	"	30	477	089	040	265	
		30	"	30	0	479	040	9' 991	233
	30	0	"	30	30	11' 480	9' 991	9' 940	15' 201
		30	"	31	0	480	940	889	169
	31	0	"	30	481	889	837	136	
		30	"	32	0	483	837	784	103
	32	0	"	30	483	784	731	069	
		30	"	33	0	484	731	677	035
	33	0	"	30	485	677	621	000	
		30	"	34	0	485	621	567	14' 965
	34	0	"	30	487	567	509	931	
		30	"	35	0	488	509	453	895
	35	0	"	35	30	11' 488	9' 453	9' 395	14' 859
		30	"	36	0	489	395	336	823
	36	0	"	30	491	336	276	787	
		30	"	37	0	492	276	217	751
	37	0	"	30	492	217	156	712	
		30	"	38	0	493	156	095	676
	38	0	"	30	495	095	032	637	
		30	"	39	0	495	032	8' 969	599
	39	0	"	30	496	8' 969	907	561	
		30	"	40	0	497	907	843	524

TABLE XXXV B.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{3}$ of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 4 Miles.

Latitude				Length in Inches					
				<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	0	0	to	0	30	8·588	8·645	8·645	12·186
		30	"	1	0	588	645	644	185
1	0	"	"	30	588	644	642	184	
		30	"	2	0	588	642	640	183
2	0	"	"	30	588	640	637	181	
		30	"	3	0	588	637	633	179
3	0	"	"	30	588	633	629	176	
		30	"	4	0	588	629	624	173
4	0	"	"	30	588	624	619	169	
		30	"	5	0	588	619	613	165
5	0	"	"	5	30	8·589	8·613	8·606	12·161
		30	"	6	0	589	606	598	156
6	0	"	"	30	589	598	590	150	
		30	"	7	0	589	590	581	144
7	0	"	"	30	589	581	572	138	
		30	"	8	0	589	572	562	131
8	0	"	"	30	590	562	551	124	
		30	"	9	0	590	551	539	116
9	0	"	"	30	590	539	527	108	
		30	"	10	0	590	527	515	100
10	0	"	"	10	30	8·591	8·515	8·501	12·091
		30	"	11	0	591	501	487	081
11	0	"	"	30	591	487	473	071	
		30	"	12	0	591	473	458	061
12	0	"	"	30	592	458	442	050	
		30	"	13	0	592	442	425	039
13	0	"	"	30	592	425	408	028	
		30	"	14	0	593	408	390	016
14	0	"	"	30	593	390	372	003	
		30	"	15	0	593	372	353	11·990
15	0	"	"	15	30	8·594	8·353	8·333	11·977
		30	"	16	0	594	333	312	963
16	0	"	"	30	595	312	291	949	
		30	"	17	0	595	291	270	935
17	0	"	"	30	595	270	248	920	
		30	"	18	0	596	248	225	905
18	0	"	"	30	596	225	201	889	
		30	"	19	0	597	201	177	873
19	0	"	"	30	597	177	152	856	
		30	"	20	0	598	152	127	840

TABLE XXXV B.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 4 Miles.

Latitude				Length in Inches					
				<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal		
From	20	0	to	20	30	8·598	8·127	8·101	11·822
		30	"	21	0	599	101	074	805
	21	0	"	30	599	074	047	786	
		30	"	22	0	600	047	019	768
	22	0	"	30	600	019	7·991	749	
		30	"	29	0	601	7·991	962	730
	23	0	"	30	601	962	932	711	
		30	"	24	0	602	932	902	691
	24	0	"	30	602	902	871	670	
		30	"	25	0	603	871	840	650
	25	0	"	25	30	8·603	7·840	7·808	11·629
		30	"	26	0	604	808	775	608
	26	0	"	30	605	775	742	586	
		30	"	27	0	605	742	708	564
	27	0	"	30	606	708	674	542	
		30	"	28	0	606	674	639	519
	28	0	"	30	607	639	603	496	
		30	"	29	0	608	603	567	473
	29	0	"	30	608	567	530	449	
		30	"	30	0	609	530	493	425
	30	0	"	30	30	8·610	7·493	7·455	11·401
		30	"	31	0	610	455	417	377
	31	0	"	30	611	417	378	352	
		30	"	32	0	612	378	338	327
	32	0	"	30	612	338	298	302	
		30	"	33	0	613	298	258	276
	33	0	"	30	614	258	216	250	
		30	"	34	0	614	216	175	224
	34	0	"	30	615	175	132	198	
		30	"	35	0	616	132	090	171
	35	0	"	35	30	8·616	7·090	7·046	11·144
		30	"	36	0	617	046	002	117
	36	0	"	30	618	002	6·957	090	
		30	"	37	0	619	6·957	913	063
	37	0	"	30	619	913	867	034	
		30	"	38	0	620	867	821	007
	38	0	"	30	621	821	774	10·978	
		30	"	39	0	621	774	727	949
	39	0	"	30	622	727	680	921	
		30	"	40	0	623	680	632	893

TABLE XXXVI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 1 Degree of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 8 Miles.

Latitude				Length in Inches			
				m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal
From	°	to	°				
	0		1	8.588	8.645	8.644	12.185
	1	"	2	588	644	640	183
	2	"	3	588	640	633	180
	3	"	4	588	633	624	174
	4	"	5	588	624	613	167
	5	"	6	589	613	598	158
	6	"	7	589	598	581	147
	7	"	8	589	581	562	134
	8	"	9	590	562	539	120
	9	"	10	590	539	515	104
	10	"	11	8.591	8.515	8.487	12.086
	11	"	12	591	487	458	066
	12	"	13	592	458	425	045
	13	"	14	593	425	390	022
	14	"	15	593	390	353	11.997
	15	"	16	594	353	312	970
	16	"	17	595	312	270	942
	17	"	18	596	270	225	912
	18	"	19	596	225	177	881
	19	"	20	597	177	127	848
	20	"	21	8.598	8.127	8.074	11.813
	21	"	22	599	074	019	777
	22	"	23	600	019	7.962	740
	23	"	24	601	7.962	902	701
	24	"	25	603	902	840	660
	25	"	26	604	840	775	618
	26	"	27	605	775	708	575
	27	"	28	606	708	639	530
	28	"	29	607	639	567	484
	29	"	30	609	567	493	437
	30	"	31	8.610	7.493	7.417	11.389
	31	"	32	611	417	338	339
	32	"	33	613	338	258	289
	33	"	34	614	258	175	237
	34	"	35	615	175	090	184
	35	"	36	617	090	002	131
	36	"	37	618	002	6.913	076
	37	"	38	620	6.913	821	021
	38	"	39	621	821	727	10.964
	39	"	40	623	727	632	907

TABLE XXXVII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 2 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 12 Miles.

Latitude				Length in Inches			
				m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal
From	0	to	0				
	2	"	2	11' 451	11' 527	11' 520	16' 245
	4	"	4	451	520	499	235
	6	"	6	451	499	464	216
	8	"	8	452	464	416	187
	10	"	10	453	416	353	149
	12	"	12	455	353	277	101
	14	"	14	456	277	187	044
	16	"	16	458	187	083	15' 977
	18	"	18	11' 460	11' 083	10' 966	15' 902
	20	"	20	463	10' 966	836	818
	22	"	22	465	836	693	726
	24	"	24	468	693	536	626
	26	"	26	471	536	367	518
	28	"	28	474	367	185	403
	30	"	30	477	185	9' 991	280
	32	"	32	481	9' 991	785	151
	34	"	34	11' 484	9' 785	9' 566	15' 016
	36	"	36	488	566	336	14' 876
	38	"	38	492	336	095	730
	40	"	40	496	095	8' 842	580
	42	"	42	500	8' 842	579	426
	44	"	44	504	579	305	268
	46	"	46	508	305	021	108

TABLE XXXVIII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 2 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 : 1000,000.

Latitude				Length in Inches			
				m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal
From	0	to	0				
	2	"	2	8' 706	8' 764	8' 759	12' 352
	4	"	4	706	759	743	345
	6	"	6	706	743	716	329
	8	"	8	707	716	680	307
	10	"	10	708	680	632	278
	12	"	12	709	632	574	242
	14	"	14	710	574	505	199
	16	"	16	712	505	426	148
	18	"	18	8' 713	8' 426	8' 338	12' 091
	20	"	20	715	338	239	027
	22	"	22	717	239	129	11' 957
	24	"	24	719	129	011	881
	26	"	26	721	011	7' 882	799
	28	"	28	724	7' 882	744	711
	30	"	30	726	744	596	618
	32	"	32	729	596	439	520
	34	"	34	8' 732	7' 439	7' 274	11' 417
	36	"	36	735	274	098	311
	38	"	38	738	098	6' 915	200
	40	"	40	741	6' 915	723	085
	42	"	42	744	723	523	10' 968
	44	"	44	747	523	315	848
	46	"	46	750	315	099	727

TABLE XXXIX.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 2 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 28 Miles.

Latitude				Length in Inches			
				m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal
From	°	to	°				
	0		2	4·907	5·255	5·186	7·165
	2		4	907	186	117	115
	4		6	907	117	048	065
	6		8	909	048	4·979	016
	8		10	909	4·979	911	6·968
	10		12	909	911	841	919
	12		14	910	841	773	871
	14		16	911	773	704	824
	16		18	4·912	4·704	4·635	6·777
	18		20	912	635	566	730
	20		22	913	566	497	683
	22		24	914	497	429	638
	24		26	917	429	360	594
	26		28	918	360	290	550
	28		30	919	290	222	504
	30		32	920	222	153	461
	32		34	4·922	4·153	4·083	6·418
	34		36	923	083	015	375
	36		38	925	015	3·945	331
	38		40	927	3·945	877	290
	40		42	928	877	808	249
	42		44	930	808	738	209

TABLE XL.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 2 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 32 Miles.

Latitude				Length in Inches				Check Diagonal
				m on Meridian	n on Lower Parallel	p on Upper Parallel	q on Diagonal	
From	°	to	°					
	0		2	4·294	4·598	4·538	6·269	
	2		4	294	538	477	226	
	4		6	294	477	417	182	
	6		8	295	417	357	139	
	8		10	295	357	297	097	
	10		12	295	297	236	054	24·127
	12		14	296	236	176	012	
	14		16	297	176	116	5·971	
	16		18	4·298	4·116	4·056	5·930	
	18		20	298	056	3·995	889	
	20		22	299	3·995	935	848	23·309
	22		24	300	935	875	808	
	24		26	302	875	815	770	
	26		28	303	815	754	731	
	28		30	304	754	694	691	
	30		32	305	694	634	653	
	32		34	4·307	5·634	3·573	5·616	
	34		36	308	573	513	578	22·379
	36		38	309	513	452	540	
	38		40	311	452	392	504	
	40		42	312	392	332	468	
	42		44	314	332	271	433	

TABLE XLI.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 4 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 64 Miles.

Latitude			Length in Inches				Check Diagonal
			<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal	
From	0	to 4	4' 294	4' 597	4' 477	6' 247	24' 108
	4	" 8	4' 294	4' 477	4' 357	6' 160	
	8	" 12	4' 295	4' 357	4' 236	6' 075	
	12	" 16	4' 296	4' 236	4' 116	5' 991	
	16	" 20	4' 298	4' 116	3' 995	5' 909	22' 817
	20	" 24	4' 300	3' 995	3' 875	5' 828	
	24	" 28	4' 302	3' 875	3' 754	5' 750	
	28	" 32	4' 305	3' 754	3' 633	5' 672	
	32	" 36	4' 307	3' 633	3' 513	5' 596	22' 817
	36	" 40	4' 310	3' 513	3' 392	5' 522	

TABLE XLII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 4 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 80 Miles.

Latitude			Length in Inches				Check Diagonal
			<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal	
From	0	to 4	3' 435	3' 678	3' 582	4' 998	19' 286
	4	" 8	3' 435	3' 582	3' 486	4' 928	
	8	" 12	3' 436	3' 486	3' 389	4' 860	
	12	" 16	3' 437	3' 389	3' 293	4' 793	
	16	" 20	3' 438	3' 293	3' 196	4' 727	18' 254
	20	" 24	3' 440	3' 196	3' 100	4' 662	
	24	" 28	3' 442	3' 100	3' 003	4' 600	
	28	" 32	3' 444	3' 003	2' 906	4' 538	
	32	" 36	3' 446	2' 906	2' 810	4' 477	18' 254
	36	" 40	3' 448	2' 810	2' 714	4' 418	

TABLE XLIII.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 4 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 96 Miles.

Latitude			Length in Inches				Check Diagonal
			<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal	
From	°	to °					
	0	4	2·863	3·065	2·985	4·165	16·072
	4	8	2·863	2·985	2·905	4·107	
	8	12	2·863	2·905	2·824	4·050	
	12	16	2·864	2·824	2·744	3·994	
	16	20	2·865	2·744	2·663	3·939	15·211
	20	24	2·867	2·663	2·583	3·885	
	24	28	2·868	2·583	2·503	3·833	
	28	32	2·870	2·503	2·422	3·781	
	32	36	2·871	2·422	2·342	3·731	
	36	40	2·873	2·342	2·261	3·681	

TABLE XLIV.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 4 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 192 Miles.

Latitude			Length in Inches				Check Diagonal
			<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal	
From	°	to °					
	0	4	1·431	1·532	1·492	2·082	8·036
	4	8	1·431	1·492	1·452	2·053	
	8	12	1·432	1·452	1·412	2·025	
	12	16	1·432	1·412	1·372	1·997	
	16	20	1·433	1·372	1·332	1·970	7·606
	20	24	1·433	1·332	1·292	1·943	
	24	28	1·434	1·292	1·251	1·917	
	28	32	1·435	1·251	1·211	1·891	
	32	36	1·436	1·211	1·171	1·865	
	36	40	1·437	1·171	1·131	1·841	

TABLE XLV.—Graticules of maps.—Sides and Diagonals of Squares of 4 Degrees of Latitude and Longitude, on the Scale of 1 Inch to 256 Miles.

Latitude		Length in Inches				Check Diagonal
		<i>m</i> on Meridian	<i>n</i> on Lower Parallel	<i>p</i> on Upper Parallel	<i>q</i> on Diagonal	
From	0 to 4	1'074	1'149	1'119	1'562	6'027
	4 " 8	1'074	1'119	1'089	1'540	
	8 " 12	1'074	1'089	1'059	1'519	
	12 " 16	1'074	1'059	1'029	1'498	
	16 " 20	1'075	1'029	0'999	1'477	5'704
	20 " 24	1'075	0'999	0'969	1'457	
	24 " 28	1'076	0'969	0'939	1'438	
	28 " 32	1'076	0'939	0'908	1'418	
	32 " 36	1'077	0'908	0'878	1'399	
	36 " 40	1'078	0'878	0'848	1'381	

TABLE XLVI.—Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{8}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.

Latitude	N. and S. of Origin	Distances in Arc E. or W. of Origin								
		30' 0"		22' 30"		15' 0"		7' 30"		0' 0"
		Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Meri- dian
40 0 0	North	2122' 15	2765' 29	1591' 61	2762' 68	1061' 08	2760' 82	530' 54	2759' 71	2759' 33
39 52 30		2126' 02	2075' 43	1594' 51	2072' 83	1063' 01	2070' 97	531' 50	2069' 85	2069' 48
45 0		2129' 87	1385' 58	1597' 40	1382' 98	1064' 94	1381' 12	532' 47	1380' 01	1379' 64
37 30		2133' 72	695' 75	1600' 29	693' 15	1066' 86	691' 30	533' 43	690' 18	689' 81
30 0		2137' 55	5' 93	1603' 16	3' 34	1068' 77	6' 48	534' 39	0' 37	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2141' 37	683' 87	1606' 03	686' 46	1070' 69	688' 31	535' 34	689' 43	689' 80
15 0		2145' 19	1373' 66	1608' 89	1376' 25	1072' 59	1378' 10	536' 30	1379' 21	1379' 58
7 30		2148' 99	2063' 43	1611' 74	2066' 01	1074' 49	2067' 87	537' 25	2068' 97	2069' 34
39 0 0		2152' 78	2753' 19	1614' 59	2755' 77	1076' 39	2757' 62	538' 20	2758' 73	2759' 10
39 0 0	North	2152' 78	2764' 77	1614' 59	2762' 19	1076' 39	2760' 34	538' 20	2759' 23	2758' 86
38 52 30		2156' 56	2075' 03	1617' 42	2072' 45	1078' 28	2070' 60	539' 14	2069' 49	2069' 12
45 0		2160' 34	1385' 30	1620' 26	1382' 72	1080' 17	1380' 88	540' 09	1379' 77	1379' 40
37 30		2164' 10	695' 59	1623' 08	693' 01	1082' 05	691' 17	541' 03	690' 06	689' 69
30 0		2167' 85	5' 89	1625' 89	3' 31	1083' 93	1' 47	541' 96	0' 37	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2171' 59	683' 80	1628' 69	686' 37	1085' 80	688' 21	542' 90	689' 31	689' 68
15 0		2175' 32	1373' 47	1631' 49	1376' 04	1087' 66	1377' 87	543' 83	1378' 98	1379' 34
7 30		2179' 04	2063' 12	1634' 28	2065' 69	1089' 52	2067' 53	544' 76	2068' 63	2068' 99
38 0 0		2182' 76	2752' 76	1637' 07	2755' 32	1091' 38	2757' 16	545' 69	2758' 26	2758' 63
38 0 0	North	2182' 76	2764' 26	1637' 07	2761' 70	1091' 38	2759' 86	545' 69	2758' 76	2758' 39
37 52 30		2186' 46	2074' 63	1639' 84	2072' 07	1093' 23	2070' 24	546' 61	2069' 14	2068' 77
45 0		2190' 14	1385' 02	1642' 61	1382' 46	1095' 07	1380' 63	547' 54	1379' 53	1379' 17
37 30		2193' 82	695' 42	1645' 37	692' 86	1096' 91	691' 04	548' 46	689' 94	689' 58
30 0		2197' 49	5' 84	1648' 12	3' 29	1098' 75	1' 46	549' 37	0' 37	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2201' 15	683' 73	1650' 86	686' 29	1100' 58	688' 10	550' 29	689' 20	689' 56
15 0		2204' 80	1373' 29	1653' 60	1375' 83	1102' 40	1377' 65	551' 20	1378' 75	1379' 11
7 30		2208' 44	2062' 83	1656' 33	2065' 37	1104' 22	2067' 19	552' 11	2068' 28	2068' 64
37 0 0		2212' 06	2752' 35	1659' 05	2754' 90	1106' 03	2756' 71	553' 02	2757' 80	2758' 16
37 0 0	North	2212' 06	2763' 74	1659' 05	2761' 20	1106' 03	2759' 38	553' 02	2758' 30	2757' 93
36 52 30		2215' 68	2074' 23	1661' 76	2071' 79	1107' 84	2069' 88	553' 92	2068' 79	2068' 43
45 0		2219' 28	1384' 73	1664' 46	1382' 29	1109' 64	1380' 39	554' 82	1379' 30	1378' 94
37 30		2222' 88	695' 25	1667' 16	692' 72	1111' 44	690' 91	555' 72	689' 82	689' 46
30 0		2226' 46	5' 78	1669' 85	3' 25	1113' 23	1' 45	556' 62	0' 36	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2230' 04	683' 68	1672' 53	686' 20	1115' 02	688' 00	557' 51	689' 09	689' 45
15 0		2233' 60	1373' 12	1675' 29	1375' 64	1116' 80	1377' 44	558' 40	1378' 52	1378' 88
7 30		2237' 15	2062' 54	1677' 86	2065' 06	1118' 57	2066' 46	559' 29	2067' 94	2068' 30
36 0 0		2240' 69	2751' 90	1680' 52	2754' 47	1120' 35	2756' 27	560' 17	2757' 34	2757' 70

TABLE XLVI.—Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{8}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.

Latitude	N. and S. of Origin	Distances in Arc° E. or W. of Origin										
		30' 0"		22' 30"		15' 0"		7' 30"		0' 0"		
		Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Meri- dian		
36 0 0	North	2240·69	2763·22	1680·52	2760·70	1120·35	2758·91	560·17	2757·83	2757·47		
35 52 30		2244·22	2073·82	1683·17	2071·32	1122·11	2069·52	561·06	2068·44	2068·08		
45 0		2247·74	1384·44	1685·81	1381·93	1123·87	1380·14	561·94	1379·07	1378·71		
37 30		2251·25	695·07	1688·44	692·57	1125·63	690·78	562·81	689·71	689·35		
30 0		2254·75	5·71	1691·06	3·21	1127·38	1·43	563·69	0·36	ORIGIN		
22 30		South	2258·24	683·63	1693·68	686·12	1129·12	687·91	564·56	688·98	689·33	
15 0			2261·72	1372·96	1696·29	1375·45	1130·86	1377·23	565·43	1378·30	1378·65	
7 30			2265·18	2062·27	1698·89	2064·76	1132·59	2066·53	566·30	2067·60	2067·96	
35 0 0			2268·64	2751·57	1701·48	2754·05	1134·32	2755·83	567·16	2756·89	2757·25	
35 0 0			North	2268·64	2762·70	1701·48	2760·22	1134·32	2758·44	567·16	2757·38	2757·02
34 52 30				2272·08	2073·41	1704·06	2070·93	1136·04	2069·16	568·02	2068·10	2067·75
45 0		2275·52		1384·44	1706·64	1381·67	1137·76	1379·90	568·88	1378·84	1378·48	
37 30	2278·94	694·88		1709·21	692·41	1139·47	690·65	569·74	689·59	689·23		
30 0	2282·35	5·64		1711·76	3·18	1141·18	1·41	570·59	0·35	ORIGIN		
22 30	South	2285·75		683·59	1714·31	686·05	1142·88	687·81	571·44	688·87	689·22	
15 0		2289·14	1372·80	1716·86	1375·27	1144·57	1377·02	572·29	1378·08	1378·43		
7 30		2292·52	2062·01	1719·39	2064·46	1146·26	2066·22	573·13	2067·27	2067·62		
34 0 0		2295·89	2751·19	1721·92	2753·65	1147·95	2755·40	573·97	2756·45	2756·80		
34 0 0		North	2295·89	2762·18	1721·92	2759·72	1147·95	2757·98	573·97	2756·92	2756·57	
33 52 30			2299·25	2073·00	1724·44	2070·56	1149·62	2068·81	574·81	2067·76	2067·41	
45 0	2302·60		1383·84	1726·95	1381·40	1151·30	1379·66	575·65	1378·61	1378·26		
37 30	2305·93		694·70	1729·45	692·26	1152·97	690·52	576·48	689·47	689·12		
30 0	2309·26		5·56	1731·94	3·13	1154·63	1·39	577·31	0·35	ORIGIN		
22 30	South		2312·57	683·56	1734·43	685·99	1156·28	687·72	578·14	688·76	689·11	
15 0		2315·87	1372·66	1736·90	1375·09	1157·94	1376·82	578·97	1377·86	1378·20		
7 30		2319·36	2061·76	1739·37	2064·17	1159·58	2065·90	579·79	2066·94	2067·29		
33 0 0		2322·44	2750·83	1741·83	2753·25	1161·22	2754·97	580·61	2756·01	2756·35		
33 0 0		North	2322·44	2761·65	1741·83	2759·24	1161·22	2757·51	580·61	2756·48	2756·13	
32 52 30			2325·71	2072·59	1744·28	2070·18	1162·86	2068·46	581·43	2067·42	2067·08	
45 0	2328·97		1383·54	1746·73	1381·14	1164·49	1379·42	582·24	1378·38	1378·04		
37 30	2332·22		694·50	1749·17	692·10	1166·11	690·39	583·06	689·36	689·01		
30 0	2335·46		5·48	1751·59	3·08	1167·73	1·37	583·86	0·34	ORIGIN		
22 30	South		2338·68	683·54	1754·01	685·92	1169·34	687·63	584·67	688·66	689·00	
15 0		2341·90	1372·53	1756·42	1374·92	1170·95	1376·62	585·47	1377·64	1377·99		
7 30		2345·10	2061·52	1758·82	2063·90	1172·55	2065·50	586·27	2066·62	2066·96		
32 0 0		2348·29	2750·49	1761·22	2752·87	1174·14	2754·56	587·07	2755·58	2755·92		

TABLE XLVI.—Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{8}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.

Latitude	N. and S. of Origin	Distances in Arc E. or W. of Origin								
		30' 0"		22' 30"		15' 0"		7' 30"		0' 0"
		Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Meri- dian
32 0 0	North	2348' 29	2761' 13	1761' 22	2758' 75	1174' 14	2757' 06	587' 07	2756' 04	2755' 70
31 52 30		2351' 47	2072' 17	1763' 60	2069' 81	1175' 73	2068' 11	587' 87	2067' 09	2066' 76
45 0		2354' 64	1383' 23	1765' 98	1380' 87	1177' 32	1379' 18	588' 66	1378' 16	1377' 82
37 30		2357' 80	694' 30	1768' 35	691' 94	1178' 90	690' 25	589' 45	689' 24	688' 91
30 0		2360' 94	5' 38	1770' 71	3' 02	1180' 47	1' 35	590' 24	0' 34	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2364' 08	683' 52	1773' 06	685' 87	1182' 04	687' 55	591' 02	688' 55	688' 89
15 0		2367' 20	1372' 41	1775' 40	1374' 76	1183' 60	1376' 43	591' 80	1377' 44	1377' 77
7 30		2370' 32	2061' 29	1777' 74	2063' 63	1185' 16	2065' 30	592' 58	2066' 30	2066' 64
31 0 0		2373' 42	2750' 15	1780' 07	2752' 49	1186' 71	2754' 15	593' 36	2755' 15	2755' 49
31 0 0		North	2373' 42	2760' 61	1780' 07	2758' 27	1186' 71	2756' 61	593' 36	2755' 61	2755' 28
30 52 30	2376' 51		2071' 76	1782' 38	2069' 43	1188' 25	2067' 77	594' 13	2066' 77	2066' 44
45 0	2379' 59		1382' 92	1784' 69	1380' 60	1189' 79	1378' 94	594' 90	1377' 94	1377' 61
37 30	2382' 66		694' 10	1786' 99	691' 78	1191' 33	690' 12	595' 66	689' 13	688' 80
30 0	2385' 71		5' 28	1789' 28	2' 97	1192' 86	1' 32	596' 43	0' 33	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2388' 76	683' 52	1791' 57	685' 83	1194' 38	687' 47	597' 19	688' 46	688' 79
15 0		2391' 79	1372' 30	1793' 84	1374' 60	1195' 90	1376' 24	597' 95	1377' 23	1377' 56
7 30		2394' 81	2061' 07	1796' 11	2063' 37	1197' 41	2065' 01	598' 70	2065' 99	2066' 32
30 0 0		2397' 82	2749' 84	1798' 37	2752' 12	1198' 91	2753' 76	599' 46	2754' 74	2755' 07
30 0 0		North	2397' 82	2760' 09	1798' 37	2757' 80	1198' 91	2756' 17	599' 46	2755' 19	2754' 86
29 52 30	2400' 82		2071' 34	1800' 62	2069' 06	1200' 41	2067' 43	600' 21	2066' 45	2066' 13
45 0	2403' 81		1382' 61	1802' 86	1380' 33	1201' 91	1378' 70	600' 95	1377' 73	1377' 40
37 30	2406' 79		693' 89	1805' 09	691' 61	1203' 39	689' 99	601' 70	689' 02	688' 70
30 0	2409' 75		5' 18	1807' 31	2' 92	1204' 88	1' 30	602' 44	0' 32	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2412' 71	683' 52	1809' 53	685' 78	1206' 35	687' 39	603' 18	688' 36	688' 68
15 0		2415' 65	1372' 20	1811' 74	1374' 45	1207' 82	1376' 06	603' 91	1377' 03	1377' 35
7 30		2418' 58	2060' 87	1813' 94	2063' 12	1209' 29	2064' 73	604' 65	2065' 69	2066' 01
29 0 0		2421' 50	2749' 53	1816' 13	2751' 77	1210' 75	2753' 37	605' 38	2754' 33	2754' 65
29 0 0		North	2421' 50	2759' 57	1816' 13	2757' 33	1210' 75	2755' 73	605' 38	2754' 77	2754' 45
28 52 30	2424' 41		2070' 93	1818' 31	2068' 69	1212' 20	2067' 10	606' 10	2066' 14	2065' 82
45 0	2427' 30		1382' 29	1820' 48	1380' 06	1213' 65	1378' 47	606' 83	1377' 50	1377' 20
37 30	2430' 19		693' 67	1822' 64	691' 46	1215' 09	689' 86	607' 55	688' 91	688' 59
30 0	2433' 06		5' 07	1824' 80	2' 85	1216' 53	1' 27	608' 27	0' 32	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2435' 92	683' 53	1826' 94	685' 74	1217' 96	687' 32	608' 98	688' 27	688' 58
15 0		2438' 77	1372' 11	1829' 08	1374' 31	1219' 39	1375' 89	609' 69	1376' 83	1377' 15
7 30		2441' 61	2060' 68	1831' 21	2062' 88	1220' 80	2064' 45	610' 40	2065' 39	2065' 71
28 0 0		2444' 44	2749' 24	1833' 33	2751' 43	1222' 22	2753' 00	611' 11	2753' 94	2754' 25

TABLE XLVI.—Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{3}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.

Latitude	N. and S. of Origin	Distances in Arc E. or W. of Origin								
		30' 0"		22' 30"		15' 0"		7' 30"		0' 0"
		Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Meri- dian
28 0 0	North	2444' 44	2759' 06	1833' 33	2756' 87	1222' 22	2755' 30	611' 11	2754' 36	2754' 05
27 52 30		2447' 25	2070' 51	1835' 44	2068' 33	1223' 63	2066' 77	611' 81	2065' 83	2065' 52
45 0		2450' 06	1381' 98	1837' 54	1379' 80	1225' 03	1378' 25	612' 51	1377' 31	1377' 00
37 30		2452' 85	693' 46	1839' 64	691' 28	1226' 42	689' 74	613' 21	688' 80	688' 49
30 0		2455' 63	4' 93	1841' 72	2' 78	1227' 81	1' 24	613' 91	0' 31	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2458' 40	683' 55	1843' 80	685' 71	1229' 20	687' 25	614' 60	688' 17	688' 48
15 0		2461' 15	1372' 03	1845' 86	1374' 19	1230' 58	1375' 72	615' 29	1376' 64	1376' 95
7 30		2463' 90	2060' 51	1847' 92	2062' 65	1231' 95	2064' 18	615' 97	2065' 10	2065' 41
27 0 0		2466' 63	2748' 97	1849' 97	2751' 11	1233' 32	2752' 63	616' 66	2753' 55	2753' 85
27 0 0		2466' 63	2758' 55	1849' 97	2756' 40	1233' 32	2754' 88	616' 66	2753' 96	2753' 66
26 52 30	North	2469' 35	2070' 10	1852' 01	2067' 96	1234' 68	2066' 45	617' 34	2065' 53	2065' 23
45 0		2472' 06	1381' 66	1854' 05	1379' 53	1236' 03	1378' 02	618' 02	1377' 11	1376' 81
37 30		2474' 76	693' 24	1856' 07	691' 12	1237' 38	689' 61	618' 69	688' 70	688' 40
30 0		2477' 45	4' 82	1858' 09	2' 71	1238' 72	1' 21	619' 36	0' 30	ORIGIN
22 30		South	2480' 12	683' 58	1860' 09	685' 68	1240' 06	687' 18	620' 03	688' 08	688' 39
15 0	2482' 78		1371' 97	1862' 09	1374' 07	1241' 39	1375' 56	620' 70	1376' 46	1376' 76
7 30	2485' 44		2060' 34	1864' 08	2062' 44	1242' 72	2063' 93	621' 36	2064' 82	2065' 12
26 0 0	2488' 08		2748' 71	1866' 06	2750' 80	1244' 04	2752' 28	622' 02	2753' 17	2753' 47
26 0 0	2488' 08		2758' 04	1866' 06	2755' 95	1244' 04	2754' 47	622' 02	2753' 58	2753' 28
25 52 30	North	2490' 70	2069' 69	1868' 03	2067' 61	1245' 35	2066' 13	622' 68	2065' 24	2064' 94
45 0		2493' 32	1381' 34	1869' 99	1379' 27	1246' 66	1377' 80	623' 33	1376' 91	1376' 62
37 30		2495' 92	693' 01	1871' 94	690' 95	1247' 96	689' 48	623' 98	688' 60	688' 30
30 0		2498' 51	4' 69	1873' 88	2' 64	1249' 26	1' 17	624' 63	0' 29	ORIGIN
22 30		South	2501' 09	683' 61	1875' 82	685' 66	1250' 55	687' 12	625' 27	688' 00	688' 29
15 0	2503' 66		1371' 91	1877' 75	1373' 95	1251' 83	1375' 41	625' 92	1376' 28	1376' 57
7 30	2506' 22		2060' 20	1879' 66	2062' 23	1253' 11	2063' 68	626' 55	2064' 55	2064' 84
25 0 0	2508' 76		2748' 47	1881' 57	2750' 49	1254' 38	2751' 94	627' 19	2752' 80	2753' 09
25 0 0	2508' 76		2757' 54	1881' 57	2755' 51	1254' 38	2754' 07	627' 19	2753' 20	2752' 91
24 52 30	North	2511' 29	2069' 27	1883' 47	2067' 26	1255' 65	2065' 82	627' 82	2064' 95	2064' 67
45 0		2513' 81	1381' 02	1885' 36	1379' 02	1256' 91	1377' 58	628' 45	1376' 72	1376' 43
37 30		2516' 32	692' 79	1887' 24	690' 78	1258' 16	689' 35	629' 08	688' 50	688' 21
30 0		2518' 82	4' 56	1889' 12	2' 57	1259' 41	1' 14	629' 71	0' 29	ORIGIN
22 30		South	2521' 30	683' 66	1890' 98	685' 64	1260' 65	687' 06	630' 33	687' 92	688' 20
15 0	2523' 78		1371' 86	1892' 83	1373' 84	1261' 89	1375' 26	630' 94	1376' 10	1376' 39
7 30	2526' 24		2060' 06	1894' 68	2062' 03	1263' 12	2063' 44	631' 56	2064' 28	2064' 56
24 9 0	2528' 68		2748' 24	1896' 51	2750' 20	1264' 34	2751' 61	632' 17	2752' 45	2752' 73
24 9 0	2528' 68		2748' 24	1896' 51	2750' 20	1264' 34	2751' 61	632' 17	2752' 45	2752' 73

TABLE XLVI.—Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{3}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.

Latitude	N. and S. of Origin	Distances in Arc E. or W. of Origin								
		30' 0"		22' 30"		15' 0"		7' 30"		0' 0"
		Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Meri- dian
24 0 0	North	2528' 68	2757' 04	1896' 51	2755' 08	1264' 34	2753' 67	632' 17	2752' 83	2752' 55
23 52 30		2531' 12	2068' 87	1898' 34	2066' 91	1265' 56	2065' 52	632' 78	2064' 68	2064' 40
45 0		2533' 55	1380' 71	1900' 16	1378' 76	1266' 77	1377' 37	633' 39	1376' 53	1376' 25
37 30		2535' 96	692' 56	1901' 97	690' 61	1267' 98	689' 23	633' 99	688' 40	688' 12
30 0		2538' 36	4' 42	1903' 77	2' 48	1269' 18	1' 10	634' 59	0' 28	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2540' 75	683' 71	1905' 56	685' 64	1270' 37	687' 01	635' 19	687' 84	688' 11
15 0		2543' 12	1371' 83	1907' 34	1373' 74	1271' 56	1375' 12	635' 78	1375' 94	1376' 21
7 30		2545' 49	2059' 94	1909' 12	2061' 84	1272' 74	2063' 21	636' 37	2064' 03	2064' 30
23 0 0		2547' 84	2748' 03	1910' 88	2749' 93	1273' 92	2751' 29	636' 96	2752' 10	2752' 38
23 0 0		North	2547' 84	2756' 55	1910' 88	2754' 65	1273' 92	2753' 29	636' 96	2752' 48	2752' 20
22 52 30	2550' 18		2068' 46	1912' 64	2066' 57	1275' 09	2065' 22	637' 55	2064' 41	2064' 14
45 0	2552' 51		1380' 39	1914' 38	1378' 50	1276' 25	1377' 16	638' 13	1376' 35	1376' 08
37 30	2554' 82		692' 32	1916' 12	690' 45	1277' 41	689' 11	638' 71	688' 30	688' 04
30 0	2557' 13		4' 27	1917' 85	2' 40	1278' 56	1' 07	639' 28	0' 27	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2559' 42	683' 77	1919' 57	685' 63	1279' 71	686' 96	639' 86	687' 76	688' 02
15 0		2561' 70	1371' 81	1921' 28	1373' 65	1280' 85	1374' 98	640' 43	1375' 77	1376' 04
7 30		2563' 96	2059' 83	1922' 97	2061' 68	1281' 98	2062' 99	640' 99	2063' 78	2064' 04
22 0 0		2566' 22	2747' 84	1924' 67	2749' 68	1283' 11	2750' 99	641' 56	2751' 77	2752' 04
22 0 0		North	2566' 22	2756' 06	1924' 67	2754' 23	1283' 11	2752' 92	641' 56	2752' 13	2751' 87
21 52 30	2568' 46		2068' 06	1926' 35	2066' 24	1284' 23	2064' 93	642' 12	2064' 15	2063' 89
45 0	2570' 70		1380' 07	1928' 02	1378' 25	1285' 35	1376' 95	642' 67	1376' 17	1375' 91
37 30	2572' 91		692' 09	1929' 68	690' 28	1286' 46	688' 99	643' 23	688' 21	687' 95
30 0	2575' 12		4' 12	1931' 34	2' 31	1287' 56	1' 03	643' 78	0' 26	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2577' 32	683' 84	1932' 99	685' 64	1288' 66	686' 92	644' 33	687' 69	687' 94
15 0		2579' 50	1371' 79	1934' 62	1373' 58	1289' 75	1374' 85	644' 87	1375' 62	1375' 87
7 30		2581' 66	2059' 73	1936' 25	2061' 51	1290' 83	2062' 78	645' 42	2063' 54	2063' 79
21 0 0		2583' 82	2747' 67	1937' 87	2749' 43	1291' 91	2750' 70	645' 96	2751' 45	2751' 71
21 0 0		North	2583' 82	2755' 59	1937' 87	2753' 82	1291' 91	2752' 56	645' 96	2751' 80	2751' 55
20 52 30	2585' 97		2067' 67	1939' 48	2065' 90	1292' 98	2064' 65	646' 49	2063' 90	2063' 64
45 0	2588' 10		1379' 75	1941' 08	1378' 00	1294' 05	1376' 75	647' 03	1376' 00	1375' 75
37 30	2590' 22		691' 85	1942' 67	690' 11	1295' 11	688' 87	647' 56	688' 12	687' 87
30 0	2592' 33		3' 96	1944' 25	2' 23	1296' 17	0' 99	648' 08	0' 25	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2594' 43	683' 92	1945' 82	685' 65	1297' 21	686' 88	648' 61	687' 62	687' 86
15 0		2596' 51	1371' 79	1947' 38	1373' 51	1298' 26	1374' 73	649' 13	1375' 47	1375' 71
7 30		2598' 58	2059' 66	1948' 94	2061' 36	1299' 29	2062' 58	649' 65	2063' 31	2063' 56
20 0 0		2600' 64	2747' 51	1950' 48	2749' 20	1300' 32	2750' 42	650' 16	2751' 15	2751' 39

TABLE XLVI.—Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{4}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.

Latitude	N. and S. of Origin	Distances in Arc E. or W. of Origin								
		30' 0"		22' 30"		15' 0"		7' 30"		0' 0"
		Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Meri- dian
20 0 0	North	2600'64	2755'12	1950'48	2753'42	1300'32	2752'20	650'16	2751'48	2751'23
19 52 30		2602'69	2067'27	1952'02	2065'58	1301'34	2064'38	650'67	2063'65	2063'41
45 0		2604'72	1379'44	1953'54	1377'76	1302'36	1376'56	651'18	1375'84	1375'60
37 30		2606'74	691'61	1955'06	689'95	1303'37	688'75	651'69	688'03	687'79
30 0		2608'76	3'86	1956'57	2'14	1304'38	0'95	652'19	0'24	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2610'75	684'01	1958'06	685'66	1305'38	686'84	652'69	687'55	687'79
15 0		2612'74	1371'80	1959'55	1373'45	1306'37	1374'62	653'18	1375'33	1375'56
7 30		2614'71	2059'59	1961'03	2061'22	1307'35	2062'39	653'68	2063'09	2063'33
19 0 0		2616'67	2747'37	1962'50	2749'00	1308'33	2750'16	654'17	2750'85	2751'08
19 0 0		North	2616'67	2754'65	1962'50	2753'02	1308'33	2751'87	654'17	2751'17	2750'94
18 52 30	2618'62		2066'89	1963'96	2065'27	1309'31	2064'11	654'65	2063'42	2063'19
45 0	2620'55		1379'13	1965'41	1377'52	1310'28	1376'37	655'14	1375'68	1375'45
37 30	2622'48		691'38	1966'86	689'77	1311'24	688'03	655'62	687'95	687'72
30 0	2624'39		3'63	1968'29	2'04	1312'19	0'91	656'10	0'23	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2626'28	684'10	1969'71	685'68	1313'14	686'81	656'57	687'49	687'71
15 0		2628'17	1371'82	1971'13	1373'40	1314'09	1374'52	657'04	1375'19	1375'41
7 30		2630'04	2059'54	1972'53	2061'10	1315'02	2062'22	657'51	2062'89	2063'11
18 0 0		2631'90	2747'24	1973'93	2748'79	1315'95	2749'91	657'98	2750'57	2750'79
18 0 0		North	2631'90	2754'20	1973'93	2752'65	1315'95	2751'54	657'98	2750'87	2750'65
17 52 30	2633'75		2066'50	1975'31	2064'96	1316'88	2063'86	658'44	2063'20	2062'98
45 0	2635'59		1378'82	1976'69	1377'28	1317'79	1376'19	658'90	1375'53	1375'31
37 30	2637'41		691'13	1978'06	689'61	1318'71	688'52	659'35	687'87	687'65
30 0	2639'22		3'46	1979'42	1'94	1319'61	0'87	659'81	0'22	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2641'02	684'20	1980'77	685'71	1320'51	686'78	660'26	687'43	687'64
15 0		2642'80	1371'85	1982'10	1373'35	1321'40	1374'42	660'70	1375'06	1375'27
7 30		2644'58	2059'50	1983'44	2060'99	1322'29	2062'05	661'15	2062'69	2062'90
17 0 0		2646'34	2747'14	1984'76	2748'02	1323'17	2749'67	661'59	2750'30	2750'52
17 0 0		North	2646'34	2753'76	1984'76	2752'28	1323'17	2751'22	661'59	2750'59	2750'38
16 52 30	2648'09		2066'13	1986'07	2064'66	1324'04	2063'61	662'02	2062'98	2062'77
45 0	2649'82		1378'51	1987'37	1377'05	1324'91	1376'01	662'46	1375'38	1375'17
37 30	2651'54		690'89	1988'66	689'45	1325'77	688'41	662'89	687'79	687'58
30 0	2653'26		3'29	1989'94	1'83	1326'63	0'82	663'31	0'21	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2654'95	684'31	1991'21	685'74	1327'48	686'76	663'74	687'37	687'58
15 0		2656'64	1371'90	1992'48	1373'31	1328'32	1374'33	664'16	1374'94	1375'14
7 30		2658'31	2059'48	1993'73	2060'89	1329'16	2061'89	664'58	2062'50	2062'70
16 0 0		2659'97	2747'05	1994'98	2748'45	1329'99	2749'45	664'99	2750'05	2750'25

TABLE XLVI.—Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{8}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.

Latitude	N. and S. of Origin	Distances in Arc E. or W. of Origin								
		30' 0"		22' 30"		15' 0"		7' 30"		0' 0"
		Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Meri- dian
16 0 0	North	2659'97	2753'32	1994'98	2751'92	1329'99	2750'92	664'99	2750'32	2750'12
15 52 30		2661'62	2065'76	1996'22	2064'37	1330'81	2063'38	665'41	2062'78	2062'58
45 0		2663'26	1378'20	1997'44	1376'82	1331'63	1375'84	665'81	1375'24	1375'05
37 30		2664'88	690'65	1998'66	689'28	1332'44	688'30	666'22	687'72	687'52
30 0		2666'49	3'11	1999'87	1'75	1333'24	0'78	666'62	0'19	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2668'08	684'43	2001'06	685'78	1334'04	686'74	667'02	687'32	687'51
15 0		2669'67	1371'95	2002'25	1373'29	1334'83	1374'25	667'42	1374'82	1375'92
7 30		2671'24	2059'47	2003'43	2060'80	1335'62	2061'75	667'81	2062'32	2062'51
15 0 0		2672'80	2746'98	2004'60	2748'30	1336'40	2749'25	668'20	2749'81	2750'00
15 0 0		North	2672'80	2752'90	2004'60	2751'58	1336'40	2750'64	668'20	2750'07	2749'88
14 52 30	2674'34		2065'40	2005'76	2064'08	1337'17	2063'15	668'59	2062'59	2062'40
45 0	2675'88		1377'90	2006'91	1376'60	1337'94	1375'67	668'97	1375'11	1374'93
37 30	2677'40		690'41	2008'05	689'12	1338'70	688'20	669'35	687'64	687'46
30 0	2678'91		2'93	2009'18	1'65	1339'45	0'73	669'73	0'18	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2680'40	684'55	2010'30	685'81	1340'20	686'73	670'10	687'27	687'45
15 0		2681'89	1372'02	2011'42	1373'28	1340'94	1374'18	670'47	1374'72	1374'90
7 30		2683'36	2059'48	2012'52	2060'73	1341'68	2061'62	670'84	2062'16	2062'34
14 0 0		2684'82	2746'93	2013'61	2748'17	1342'41	2749'06	671'20	2749'59	2749'77
14 0 0		North	2684'82	2752'49	2013'61	2751'25	1342'41	2750'36	671'20	2749'83	2749'65
13 52 30	2686'26		2065'04	2014'70	2063'81	1343'13	2062'93	671'57	2062'41	2062'23
45 0	2687'69		1377'60	2015'77	1376'38	1343'85	1375'51	671'92	1374'99	1374'81
37 30	2689'11		690'17	2016'83	688'96	1344'56	688'09	672'28	687'58	687'40
30 0	2690'52		2'74	2017'89	1'54	1345'26	0'69	672'63	0'17	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2691'91	684'68	2018'93	685'87	1345'96	686'72	672'98	687'23	687'40
15 0		2693'30	1372'09	2019'97	1373'27	1346'65	1374'11	673'32	1374'62	1374'79
7 30		2694'66	2059'50	2021'00	2060'67	1347'33	2061'50	673'67	2062'00	2062'17
13 0 0		2696'02	2746'90	2022'02	2748'06	1348'01	2748'88	674'01	2749'38	2749'55
13 0 0		North	2696'02	2752'09	2022'02	2750'93	1348'01	2750'10	674'01	2749'61	2749'44
12 52 30	2697'36		2064'69	2023'02	2063'55	1348'68	2062'73	674'34	2062'24	2062'07
45 0	2698'69		1377'31	2024'02	1376'17	1349'35	1375'36	674'67	1374'87	1374'71
37 30	2700'01		689'93	2025'01	688'80	1350'00	687'99	675'00	687'51	687'35
30 0	2701'32		2'55	2025'99	1'43	1350'66	0'64	675'33	0'16	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2702'60	684'82	2026'95	685'92	1351'30	686'71	675'65	687'19	687'34
16 0		2703'88	1372'18	2027'91	1373'28	1351'94	1374'06	675'97	1374'53	1374'68
7 30		2705'15	2059'54	2028'86	2060'62	1352'58	2061'39	676'29	2061'86	2062'01
12 0 0		2706'40	2746'88	2029'80	2747'96	1353'20	2748'73	676'60	2749'19	2749'34

TABLE XLVI.—Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{4}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.

Latitude	N. and S. of Origin	Distances in Arc E. or W. of Origin								
		30' 0"		22' 30"		15' 0"		7' 30"		0' 0"
		Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Meri- dian
12 0 0	North	2706'40	2751'70	2029'80	2750'62	1353'20	2749'86	676'60	2749'40	2749'24
11 52 30		2707'64	2064'35	2030'73	2063'29	1353'82	2062'53	676'91	2062'08	2061'92
45 0		2708'87	1377'02	2031'65	1375'96	1354'44	1375'21	677'22	1374'76	1374'61
37 30		2710'09	689'69	2032'57	688'64	1355'04	687'90	677'52	687'45	687'30
30 0		2711'29	2'36	2033'47	1'32	1355'65	0'59	677'82	0'15	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2712'48	684'96	2034'36	685'98	1356'24	686'71	678'12	687'15	687'30
15 0		2713'66	1372'28	2035'24	1373'29	1356'83	1374'01	678'41	1374'44	1374'59
7 30		2714'82	2059'58	2036'12	2060'58	1357'41	2061'30	678'71	2061'73	2061'87
11 0 0		2715'97	2746'89	2036'98	2747'88	1357'99	2748'58	678'99	2749'01	2749'15
11 0 0		North	2715'97	2751'32	2036'98	2750'33	1357'99	2749'62	678'99	2749'20	2749'06
10 52 30	2717'11		2064'02	2037'83	2063'05	1358'55	2062'35	679'28	2061'93	2061'79
45' 0	2718'23		1376'73	2038'67	1375'76	1359'12	1375'07	679'56	1374'66	1374'52
37 30	2719'34		689'45	2039'51	688'49	1359'67	687'80	679'84	687'39	687'26
30 0	2720'44		2'16	2040'33	1'22	1360'22	0'54	680'11	0'14	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2721'53	685'11	2041'15	686'05	1360'77	686'72	680'38	687'12	687'25
15 0		2722'60	1372'38	2041'95	1373'31	1361'30	1373'97	680'65	1374'37	1374'50
7 30		2723'66	2059'65	2042'75	2060'56	1361'83	2061'22	680'92	2061'61	2061'74
10 0 0		2724'71	2746'91	2043'53	2747'81	1362'36	2748'46	681'18	2748'84	2748'97
10 0 0		North	2724'71	2750'96	2043'53	2750'05	1362'36	2749'41	681'18	2749'02	2748'89
9 52 30	2725'75		2063'70	2044'31	2062'81	1362'87	2062'17	681'44	2061'79	2061'66
45 0	2726'77		1376'45	2045'08	1375'57	1363'39	1374'94	681'69	1374'56	1374'44
37 30	2727'78		689'21	2045'84	688'33	1363'89	687'71	681'95	687'34	687'22
30 0	2728'78		1'97	2046'58	1'11	1364'39	0'49	682'19	0'12	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2729'76	685'27	2047'32	686'12	1364'88	686'73	682'44	687'09	687'21
15 0		2730'73	1372'50	2048'05	1373'34	1365'37	1373'94	682'68	1374'30	1374'42
7 30		2731'69	2059'73	2048'77	2060'56	1365'84	2061'15	682'92	2061'50	2061'62
9 0 0		2732'63	2746'95	2049'47	2747'76	1366'32	2748'35	683'16	2748'70	2748'82
9 0 0		North	2732'63	2750'61	2049'47	2749'79	1366'32	2749'21	683'16	2748'86	2748'74
8 52 30	2733'56		2063'39	2050'17	2062'58	1366'78	2062'01	683'39	2061'66	2061'55
45 0	2734'48		1376'18	2050'86	1375'38	1367'24	1374'82	683'62	1374'47	1374'36
37 30	2735'39		688'97	2051'54	688'19	1367'69	687'63	683'85	687'29	687'18
30 0	2736'28		1'77	2052'21	0'99	1368'14	0'44	684'07	0'11	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2737'16	685'43	2052'87	686'19	1368'58	686'74	684'29	687'07	687'17
15 0		2738'03	1372'63	2053'52	1373'38	1369'01	1373'92	684'51	1374'24	1374'34
7 30		2738'88	2059'82	2054'16	2060'56	1369'44	2061'09	684'72	2061'40	2061'51
8 0 0		2739'72	2747'01	2054'79	2747'73	1369'86	2748'25	684'93	2748'57	2748'67

TABLE XLVI.—Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{4}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.

Latitude	N. and S. of Origin	Distances in Arc E. or W. of Origin								
		30' 0"		22' 30"		15' 0"		7' 30"		0' 0"
		Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Meri- dian
8 0 0	North	2739'72	2750'27	2054'79	2749'54	1369'86	2749'02	684'93	2748'71	2748'60
7 52 30		2740'55	2063'09	2055'41	2062'37	1370'28	2061'86	685'14	2061'55	2061'45
45 0		2741'37	1375'91	2056'03	1375'20	1370'68	1374'70	685'34	1374'40	1374'30
37 30		2742'17	688'73	2056'63	688'04	1371'08	687'54	685'54	687'24	687'15
30 0		2742'96	1'56	2057'22	0'88	1371'48	0'39	685'74	0'10	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2743'73	685'60	2057'80	686'28	1371'87	686'76	685'93	687'05	687'14
15 0		2744'50	1372'77	2058'37	1373'43	1372'25	1373'90	686'12	1374'19	1374'28
7 30		2745'25	2059'93	2058'94	2060'58	1372'62	2061'04	686'31	2061'32	2061'41
7 0 0		2745'98	2747'08	2059'49	2747'72	1372'99	2748'18	686'50	2748'45	2748'54
7 0 0		North	2745'98	2749'95	2059'49	2749'30	1372'99	2748'85	686'50	2748'58	2748'49
6 52 30	2746'71		2062'79	2060'03	2062'17	1373'35	2061'72	686'68	2061'45	2061'36
45 0	2747'42		1375'65	2060'57	1375'03	1373'71	1374'59	686'86	1374'32	1374'24
37 30	2748'12		688'50	2061'09	687'89	1374'06	687'46	687'03	687'20	687'12
30 0	2748'80		1'36	2061'60	0'77	1374'40	0'34	687'20	0'09	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2749'48	685'78	2062'11	686'37	1374'74	686'78	687'37	687'03	687'11
15 0		2750'14	1372'92	2062'60	1373'48	1375'07	1373'90	687'53	1374'14	1374'22
7 30		2750'78	2060'05	2063'09	2060'61	1375'39	2061'01	687'70	2061'25	2061'33
6 0 0		2751'42	2747'18	2063'56	2747'73	1375'71	2748'12	687'85	2748'35	2748'43
6 0 0		North	2751'42	2749'64	2063'56	2749'08	1375'71	2748'70	687'85	2748'46	2748'38
5 52 30	2752'04		2062'51	2064'03	2061'98	1376'02	2061'59	688'01	2061'36	2061'28
45 0	2752'64		1375'39	2064'48	1374'86	1376'32	1374'49	688'16	1374'26	1374'19
37 30	2753'24		688'27	2064'93	687'76	1376'62	687'39	688'31	687'17	687'09
30 0	2753'82		1'15	2065'36	0'65	1376'91	0'29	688'45	0'07	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2754'38	685'96	2065'79	686'46	1377'19	686'81	688'60	687'02	687'09
15 0		2754'94	1373'07	2066'21	1373'55	1377'47	1373'90	688'74	1374'11	1374'17
7 30		2755'48	2060'18	2066'61	2060'65	1377'74	2060'99	688'87	2061'19	2061'26
5 0 0		2756'01	2747'29	2067'01	2747'74	1378'01	2748'07	689'00	2748'27	2748'34
5 0 0		North	2756'01	2749'34	2067'01	2748'89	1378'01	2748'56	689'00	2748'36	2748'30
4 52 30	2756'53		2062'24	2067'40	2061'79	1378'26	2061'47	689'13	2061'28	2061'22
45 0	2757'03		1375'14	2067'77	1374'70	1378'52	1374'39	689'26	1374'20	1374'14
37 30	2757'52		688'04	2068'14	687'62	1378'76	687'31	689'38	687'13	687'07
30 0	2758'00		0'94	2068'50	0'53	1379'00	0'24	689'50	0'06	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2758'46	686'15	2068'85	686'56	1379'23	686'84	689'62	687'01	687'07
15 0		2758'91	1373'24	2069'18	1373'63	1379'46	1373'91	689'73	1374'08	1374'13
7 30		2759'35	2060'33	2069'51	2060'71	1379'68	2060'98	689'84	2061'14	2061'20
4 0 0		2759'78	2747'42	2069'83	2747'78	1379'89	2748'05	689'94	2748'21	2748'26

TABLE XLVI.—Rectangular Co-ordinates in Chains of the Corners of $\frac{1}{8}$ th Degree Squares, referred to the centre of the Degree as Origin.

Latitude	N. and S. of Origin	Distances in Arc E. or W. of Origin								
		30' 0"		22' 30"		15' 0"		7' 30"		0' 0"
		Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Perpen- dicular	Meri- dian	Meri- dian
4 0 0	North	2759·78	2749·06	2069·83	2748·70	1379·89	2748·43	689·94	2748·28	2748·22
3 52 30		2760·19	2061·98	2070·14	2061·62	1380·09	2061·37	690·05	2061·22	2061·17
45 0		2760·59	1374·90	2070·44	1374·55	1380·29	1374·31	690·15	1374·16	1374·11
37 30		2760·97	687·82	2070·73	687·49	1380·49	687·24	690·24	687·10	687·05
30 0		2761·34	0·74	2071·01	0·41	1380·67	0·18	690·34	0·05	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2761·70	686·34	2071·28	686·66	1380·85	686·87	690·43	687·01	687·05
15 0		2762·05	1373·42	2071·54	1373·71	1381·03	1373·93	690·51	1374·06	1374·10
7 30		2762·38	2060·49	2071·79	2060·78	1381·19	2060·99	690·60	2061·11	2061·15
3 0 0		2762·70	2747·56	2072·03	2747·84	1381·35	2748·04	690·68	2748·16	2748·20
3 0 0		North	2762·70	2748·80	2072·03	2748·52	1381·35	2748·33	690·68	2748·21
2 52 30	2763·01		2061·73	2072·26	2061·47	1381·51	2061·28	690·75	2061·16	2061·13
45 0	2763·30		1374·66	2072·48	1374·41	1381·65	1374·23	690·83	1374·12	1374·08
37 30	2763·59		687·59	2072·69	687·36	1381·79	687·18	690·90	687·08	687·04
30 0	2763·86		0·53	2072·89	0·30	1381·93	0·13	690·96	0·03	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2764·11	686·54	2073·08	686·76	1382·05	686·91	691·03	687·01	687·04
15 0		2764·35	1373·60	2073·26	1373·81	1382·18	1373·96	691·09	1374·05	1374·08
7 30		2764·58	2060·67	2073·44	2060·86	1382·29	2061·00	691·15	2061·09	2061·11
2 0 0		2764·80	2747·73	2073·60	2747·92	1382·40	2748·04	691·20	2748·12	2748·15
2 0 0		North	2764·80	2748·55	2073·60	2748·37	1382·40	2748·24	691·20	2748·16	2748·13
1 52 30	2765·00		2061·49	2073·75	2061·32	1382·50	2061·20	691·25	2061·12	2061·10
45 0	2765·19		1374·43	2073·89	1374·27	1382·59	1374·16	691·30	1374·09	1374·07
37 30	2765·36		687·37	2074·02	687·22	1382·68	687·12	691·34	687·05	687·03
30 0	2765·53		0·32	2074·15	0·18	1382·76	0·08	691·38	0·02	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2765·68	686·74	2074·26	686·87	1382·84	686·96	691·42	687·01	687·03
15 0		2765·82	1373·80	2074·36	1373·92	1382·91	1374·00	691·45	1374·05	1374·06
7 30		2765·94	2060·86	2074·46	2060·96	1382·97	2061·03	691·49	2061·08	2061·09
1 0 0		2766·05	2747·91	2074·54	2748·00	1383·03	2748·07	691·51	2748·11	2748·12
1 0 0		North	2766·05	2748·32	2074·54	2748·23	1383·03	2748·16	691·51	2748·12	2748·11
0 52 30	2766·15		2061·27	2074·61	2061·19	1383·07	2061·13	691·54	2061·10	2061·08
45 0	2766·24		1374·21	2074·68	1374·15	1383·12	1374·09	691·56	1374·07	1374·06
37 30	2766·31		687·16	2074·73	687·10	1383·15	687·06	691·58	687·04	687·03
30 0	2766·36		0·11	2074·77	0·06	1383·18	0·03	691·59	0·01	ORIGIN
22 30	South	2766·41	686·95	2074·81	686·98	1383·21	687·01	691·60	687·02	687·03
15 0		2766·44	1374·00	2074·83	1374·03	1383·22	1374·04	691·61	1374·05	1374·05
7 30		2766·46	2061·06	2074·85	2061·06	1383·23	2061·07	691·62	2061·08	2061·08
0 0 0		2766·47	2748·11	2074·85	2748·11	1383·24	2748·11	691·62	2748·11	2748·11

TABLE XLVII.—Convergency between Meridians 1 Mile apart measured on
Parallels of Latitude.

Latitude													
	0'	5'	10'	15'	20'	25'	30'	35'	40'	45'	50'	55'	60'
0	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
1	0'0	0'1	0'2	0'2	0'3	0'4	0'5	0'5	0'6	0'7	0'8	0'8	0'9
2	0'9	1'0	1'1	1'1	1'2	1'3	1'4	1'4	1'5	1'6	1'7	1'7	1'8
3	1'8	1'9	2'0	2'0	2'1	2'2	2'3	2'3	2'4	2'5	2'6	2'7	2'7
4	2'7	2'8	2'9	3'0	3'0	3'1	3'2	3'3	3'3	3'4	3'5	3'6	3'6
5	3'6	3'7	3'8	3'9	3'9	4'0	4'1	4'2	4'2	4'3	4'4	4'5	4'6
6	4'6	4'6	4'7	4'8	4'9	4'9	5'0	5'1	5'2	5'2	5'3	5'4	5'5
7	5'5	5'5	5'6	5'7	5'8	5'9	5'9	6'0	6'1	6'2	6'2	6'3	6'4
8	6'4	6'5	6'5	6'6	6'7	6'8	6'9	6'9	7'0	7'1	7'2	7'3	7'3
9	7'3	7'4	7'5	7'5	7'6	7'7	7'8	7'9	7'9	8'0	8'1	8'2	8'2
10	8'2	8'3	8'4	8'5	8'6	8'6	8'7	8'8	8'9	8'9	9'0	9'1	9'2
11	9'2	9'3	9'3	9'4	9'5	9'6	9'6	9'7	9'8	9'9	10'0	10'0	10'1
12	10'1	10'2	10'3	10'4	10'4	10'5	10'6	10'7	10'7	10'8	10'9	11'0	11'1
13	11'1	11'1	11'2	11'3	11'4	11'5	11'5	11'6	11'7	11'8	11'9	11'9	12'0
14	12'0	12'1	12'2	12'3	12'3	12'4	12'5	12'6	12'7	12'7	12'8	12'9	13'0
15	13'0	13'1	13'1	13'2	13'3	13'4	13'5	13'5	13'6	13'7	13'8	13'9	13'9
16	13'9	14'0	14'1	14'2	14'3	14'3	14'4	14'5	14'6	14'7	14'8	14'8	14'9
17	14'9	15'0	15'1	15'2	15'3	15'3	15'4	15'5	15'6	15'7	15'7	15'8	15'9
18	15'9	16'0	16'1	16'2	16'2	16'3	16'4	16'5	16'6	16'7	16'7	16'8	16'9
19	16'9	17'0	17'1	17'2	17'2	17'3	17'4	17'5	17'6	17'7	17'7	17'8	17'9
20	17'9	18'0	18'1	18'2	18'3	18'3	18'4	18'5	18'6	18'7	18'8	18'8	18'9
21	18'9	19'0	19'1	19'2	19'3	19'4	19'5	19'5	19'6	19'7	19'8	19'9	20'0
22	20'0	20'1	20'1	20'2	20'3	20'4	20'5	20'6	20'7	20'8	20'8	20'9	21'0
23	21'0	21'1	21'2	21'3	21'4	21'5	21'5	21'6	21'7	21'8	21'9	22'0	22'1
24	22'1	22'2	22'3	22'4	22'4	22'5	22'6	22'7	22'8	22'9	23'0	23'1	23'2
25	23'2	23'2	23'3	23'4	23'5	23'6	23'7	23'8	23'9	24'0	24'1	24'2	24'3
26	24'3	24'3	24'4	24'5	24'6	24'7	24'8	24'9	25'0	25'1	25'2	25'3	25'4
27	25'4	25'5	25'6	25'7	25'7	25'8	25'9	26'0	26'1	26'2	26'3	26'4	26'5
28	26'5	26'6	26'7	26'8	26'9	27'0	27'1	27'2	27'3	27'4	27'5	27'6	27'7
29	27'7	27'8	27'8	27'9	28'0	28'1	28'2	28'3	28'4	28'5	28'6	28'7	28'8
30	28'8	28'9	29'0	29'1	29'2	29'3	29'4	29'5	29'6	29'7	29'8	29'9	30'0
31	30'0	30'1	30'2	30'3	30'4	30'5	30'6	30'7	30'8	30'9	31'0	31'1	31'2
32	31'2	31'4	31'5	31'6	31'7	31'8	31'9	32'0	32'1	32'2	32'3	32'4	32'5
33	32'5	32'6	32'7	32'8	32'9	33'0	33'1	33'2	33'3	33'5	33'6	33'7	33'8
34	33'8	33'9	34'0	34'1	34'2	34'3	34'4	34'5	34'6	34'7	34'9	35'0	35'1
35	35'1	35'2	35'3	35'4	35'5	35'6	35'7	35'8	36'0	36'1	36'2	36'3	36'4
36	36'4	36'5	36'6	36'7	36'9	37'0	37'1	37'2	37'3	37'4	37'5	37'7	37'8
37	37'8	37'9	38'0	38'1	38'2	38'3	38'5	38'6	38'7	38'8	38'9	39'1	39'2
38	39'2	39'3	39'4	39'5	39'6	39'8	39'9	40'0	40'1	40'3	40'4	40'5	40'6
39	40'6	40'7	40'9	41'0	41'1	41'2	41'3	41'5	41'6	41'7	41'8	42'0	42'1
40	42'1	42'2	42'3	42'5	42'6	42'7	42'8	43'0	43'1	43'2	43'4	43'5	43'6

TABLE XLVIII.—Lengths of Circular Arcs.

Degrees	Arc	Degrees	Arc	Degrees	Arc	Minutes	Arc	Seconds	Arc	Seconds	Arc	Seconds	Arc
1	0'174533	61	1'0646508	121	2'1118484	1	0'0002909	1	0'0000048	01	0'0000000	61	0'0000030
2	0349066	62	0821041	122	1293017	2	05818	2	097	02	1	62	30
3	0523599	63	0995574	123	1467550	3	08727	3	145	03	1	63	31
4	0698132	64	1170107	124	1642083	4	11636	4	194	04	2	64	31
5	0872665	65	1344640	125	1816616	5	14544	5	242	05	2	65	32
6	01047198	66	1'1519173	126	2'1991149	6	0'0017453	6	0'0000291	06	0'0000003	66	0'0000032
7	1221730	67	1693706	127	2165682	7	20362	7	339	07	3	67	32
8	1396263	68	1868239	128	2340214	8	23271	8	388	08	4	68	33
9	1570796	69	2042772	129	2514747	9	26180	9	436	09	4	69	33
10	1745329	70	2217305	130	2689280	10	29089	10	485	10	5	70	34
11	0'1919862	71	2'2391838	131	2'2863813	11	0'0031998	11	0'0000533	11	0'0000005	71	0'0000034
12	2044395	72	2566371	132	3038346	12	34907	12	582	12	6	72	35
13	2268928	73	2740904	133	3212879	13	37815	13	630	13	6	73	35
14	2443461	74	2915436	134	3387412	14	40724	14	679	14	7	74	36
15	2617994	75	3089969	135	3561945	15	43633	15	727	15	7	75	36
16	0'2792572	76	1'3264502	136	2'3736478	16	0'0046542	16	0'0000776	16	0'0000008	76	0'0000037
17	2967060	77	3439035	137	3911011	17	49451	17	824	17	8	77	37
18	3141593	78	3613568	138	4085544	18	52360	18	873	18	9	78	38
19	3316126	79	3788101	139	4260077	19	55269	19	921	19	9	79	38
20	3490659	80	3962634	140	4434610	20	58178	20	970	20	10	80	39
21	0'3665191	81	1'4137267	141	2'4609142	21	0'0061087	21	0'0001018	21	0'0000010	81	0'0000039
22	3839724	82	4311700	142	4783675	22	63995	22	1067	22	11	82	40
23	4014257	83	4486233	143	4958208	23	66904	23	1115	23	11	83	40
24	4188790	84	4660766	144	5132741	24	69813	24	1164	24	12	84	41
25	4363323	85	4835299	145	5307274	25	72722	25	1212	25	12	85	41
26	0'4537856	86	1'5009832	146	2'5481807	26	0'0075631	26	0'0001261	26	0'0000013	86	0'0000042
27	4712389	87	5184364	147	5656340	27	78540	27	1309	27	13	87	42
28	4886922	88	5358897	148	5830873	28	81449	28	1357	28	14	88	43
29	5061455	89	5533430	149	6005406	29	84358	29	1406	29	14	89	43
30	5235988	90	5707963	150	6179939	30	87266	30	1454	30	15	90	44
31	0'5410521	91	1'5882496	151	2'6354472	31	0'0090175	31	0'0001503	31	0'0000015	91	0'0000044
32	5585054	92	6057029	152	6529005	32	93084	32	1551	32	16	92	45
33	5759587	93	6231562	153	6703538	33	95993	33	1600	33	16	93	45
34	5934119	94	6406095	154	6878070	34	98902	34	1648	34	16	94	46
35	6108652	95	6580628	155	7052603	35	0'0101811	35	1697	35	17	95	46
36	0'6283185	96	1'6755161	156	2'7227136	36	0'0104720	36	0'0001745	36	0'0000017	96	0'0000047
37	6457718	97	6929694	157	7401669	37	107629	37	1794	37	18	97	47
38	6632251	98	7104227	158	7576202	38	110538	38	1842	38	18	98	48
39	6806784	99	7278760	159	7750735	39	113446	39	1891	39	19	99	48
40	6981317	100	7453293	160	7925268	40	116355	40	1939	40	19		
41	0'7155850	101	1'7627825	161	2'8099801	41	0'0119264	41	0'0001988	41	0'0000020		
42	7330383	102	7802358	162	8274334	42	122173	42	2036	42	20		
43	7504916	103	7976891	163	8448867	43	125082	43	2085	43	21		
44	7679449	104	8151424	164	8623400	44	127991	44	2133	44	21		
45	7853982	105	8325957	165	8797933	45	130900	45	2182	45	22		
46	0'8028515	106	1'8500490	166	2'8972466	46	0'0133809	46	0'0002230	46	0'0000022		
47	8203047	107	8675023	167	9146999	47	136717	47	2279	47	23		
48	8377580	108	8849556	168	9321531	48	139626	48	2327	48	23		
49	8552113	109	9024089	169	9496064	49	142535	49	2376	49	24		
50	8726646	110	9198622	170	9670597	50	145444	50	2424	50	24		
51	0'8901179	111	1'9373155	171	2'9845130	51	0'0148353	51	0'0002473	51	0'0000025		
52	9075712	112	9547688	172	3'0019663	52	151262	52	2521	52	25		
53	9250245	113	9722221	173	0194196	53	154171	53	2570	53	26		
54	9424778	114	9896753	174	0368729	54	157080	54	2618	54	26		
55	9599311	115	2'0071286	175	0543262	55	159989	55	2666	55	27		
56	0'9773844	116	2'0245819	176	3'0717795	56	0'0162897	56	0'0002715	56	0'0000027		
57	9948377	117	0420352	177	0892328	57	165806	57	2763	57	28		
58	1'0122910	118	0594885	178	1066861	58	168715	58	2812	58	28		
59	0297443	119	0769418	179	1241394	59	171624	59	2860	59	29		
60	0471976	120	0943951	180	1415927	60	174533	60	2909	60	29		

TABLE XLIX.—Gauss's Sum and Difference Logarithms.

A	B										C									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0.00	30103	0053	0003	9953	9903	9854	9804	9754	9705	9655	30103	0153	0203	0253	0303	0354	0404	0454	0505	0555
0.01	29606	9556	9507	9458	9409	9359	9310	9261	9212	9163	0606	0656	0707	0758	0809	0859	0910	0961	1012	1063
0.02	9115	9066	9017	8968	8920	8871	8822	8774	8726	8677	1115	1166	1217	1268	1320	1371	1422	1474	1526	1577
0.03	8629	8581	8532	8484	8436	8388	8340	8292	8245	8197	1629	1681	1732	1784	1836	1888	1940	1992	2045	2097
0.04	8149	8101	8054	8006	7959	7911	7864	7817	7769	7722	2149	2201	2254	2306	2359	2411	2464	2517	2569	2622
0.05	7675	7628	7581	7534	7487	7440	7393	7346	7300	7253	2675	2728	2781	2834	2887	2940	2993	3046	3100	3153
0.06	7207	7160	7114	7067	7021	6974	6928	6882	6836	6790	3207	3260	3314	3367	3421	3474	3528	3582	3636	3690
0.07	6744	6698	6652	6606	6560	6515	6469	6423	6378	6332	3744	3798	3852	3906	3960	4015	4069	4123	4178	4232
0.08	6287	6242	6196	6151	6106	6061	6016	5970	5926	5881	4287	4342	4396	4451	4506	4561	4616	4670	4726	4781
0.09	5836	5791	5746	5701	5657	5612	5568	5523	5479	5434	4836	4891	4946	5001	5057	5112	5168	5223	5279	5334
0.10	25390	5346	5302	5258	5214	5170	5126	5082	5038	4994	35390	5446	5502	5558	5614	5670	5726	5782	5838	5894
0.11	4950	4907	4863	4819	4776	4733	4689	4646	4603	4559	5950	6007	6063	6119	6176	6233	6289	6346	6403	6459
0.12	4516	4473	4430	4387	4344	4301	4258	4216	4173	4130	6516	6573	6630	6687	6744	6801	6858	6916	6973	7030
0.13	4088	4045	4003	3960	3918	3875	3833	3791	3749	3707	7088	7145	7203	7260	7318	7375	7433	7491	7549	7607
0.14	3665	3623	3581	3539	3497	3455	3414	3372	3330	3289	7665	7723	7781	7839	7897	7955	8014	8072	8130	8189
0.15	3247	3206	3165	3123	3082	3041	3000	2959	2918	2877	8247	8306	8365	8423	8482	8541	8600	8659	8718	8777
0.16	2836	2795	2754	2713	2673	2632	2591	2551	2510	2470	8836	8895	8954	9013	9073	9132	9191	9251	9310	9370
0.17	2430	2389	2349	2309	2269	2229	2189	2149	2109	2069	9430	9489	9549	9609	9669	9729	9789	9849	9909	9969
0.18	2029	1989	1949	1910	1870	1831	1791	1752	1712	1673	040029	0089	0149	0210	0270	0331	0391	0452	0512	0573
0.19	1634	1595	1556	1516	1477	1438	1399	1361	1322	1283	0634	0695	0756	0816	0877	0938	0999	1061	1122	1183
0.20	21244	1206	1167	1128	1090	1052	1013	0975	0937	0898	041244	1306	1367	1428	1490	1552	1613	1675	1737	1798
0.21	0860	0822	0784	0746	0708	0670	0632	0594	0557	0519	1860	1922	1984	2046	2108	2170	2232	2294	2357	2419
0.22	0481	0444	0406	0369	0331	0294	0257	0220	0182	0145	2481	2544	2606	2669	2731	2794	2857	2920	2982	3045
0.23	0108	0071	0034	9997	9960	9923	9887	9850	9813	9777	3108	3171	3234	3297	3360	3423	3487	3550	3613	3677
0.24	19740	9704	9667	9631	9595	9558	9522	9486	9450	9414	3740	3804	3867	3931	3995	4058	4122	4186	4250	4314
0.25	9378	9342	9306	9270	9234	9198	9163	9127	9091	9056	4378	4442	4506	4570	4634	4698	4763	4827	4891	4956
0.26	9020	8985	8949	8914	8879	8844	8808	8773	8738	8703	5020	5085	5149	5214	5279	5344	5408	5473	5538	5603
0.27	8668	8633	8599	8564	8529	8494	8460	8425	8390	8356	5668	5733	5799	5864	5929	5994	6060	6125	6190	6256
0.28	8322	8287	8253	8218	8184	8150	8116	8082	8048	8014	6322	6387	6453	6518	6584	6650	6716	6782	6848	6914
0.29	7980	7946	7912	7878	7845	7811	7777	7744	7710	7677	6980	7046	7112	7178	7245	7311	7377	7444	7510	7577
0.30	17643	7610	7577	7544	7510	7477	7444	7411	7378	7345	047643	7710	7777	7844	7910	7977	8044	8111	8178	8245
0.31	7312	7279	7247	7214	7181	7148	7116	7083	7051	7018	8312	8379	8447	8514	8581	8648	8716	8783	8851	8918
0.32	6886	6954	6921	6889	6857	6825	6793	6761	6729	6697	8986	9054	9121	9189	9257	9325	9393	9461	9529	9597
0.33	6665	6633	6601	6569	6538	6506	6474	6443	6411	6380	9665	9733	9801	9869	9938	0006	0074	0143	0211	0280
0.34	6349	6317	6286	6255	6224	6192	6161	6130	6099	6068	050349	0417	0486	0555	0624	0692	0761	0830	0899	0968
0.35	6037	6007	5976	5945	5914	5884	5853	5822	5792	5761	1037	1107	1176	1245	1314	1384	1453	1522	1592	1661
0.36	5731	5701	5670	5640	5610	5580	5550	5520	5490	5460	1731	1801	1870	1940	2010	2080	2150	2220	2289	2360
0.37	5430	5400	5370	5340	5310	5281	5251	5221	5192	5162	2430	2500	2570	2640	2710	2781	2851	2921	2992	3062
0.38	5133	5104	5074	5045	5016	4986	4957	4928	4899	4870	3133	3204	3274	3345	3416	3486	3557	3628	3699	3770
0.39	4841	4812	4783	4755	4726	4697	4668	4640	4611	4583	3841	3912	3983	4055	4126	4197	4268	4340	4411	4483
0.40	14554	4526	4497	4469	4441	4412	4384	4356	4328	4300	054554	4626	4697	4769	4841	4912	4984	5056	5128	5200
0.41	4272	4244	4216	4188	4160	4132	4104	4077	4049	4021	5272	5344	5416	5488	5560	5632	5704	5777	5849	5921
0.42	3994	3966	3939	3911	3884	3857	3829	3802	3775	3748	5994	6066	6139	6211	6284	6357	6429	6502	6575	6648
0.43	3721	3694	3667	3640	3613	3586	3559	3532	3505	3479	6721	6794	6867	6940	7013	7086	7159	7232	7305	7379
0.44	3452	3425	3399	3372	3346	3319	3293	3267	3240	3214	7452	7525	7599	7672	7746	7819	7893	7967	8040	8114
0.45	3188	3162	3136	3110	3084	3058	3032	3006	2980	2954	8188	8262	8336	8410	8484	8558	8632	8706	8780	8854
0.46	2928	2903	2877	2851	2826	2800	2775	2749	2724	2698	8928	9003	9077	9151	9226	9300	9375	9449	9524	9598
0.47	2673	2648	2622	2597	2572	2547	2522	2497	2472	2447	9673	9748	9822	9897	9972	0047	0122	0197	0272	0347
0.48	2422	2397	2372	2348	2323	2298	2274	2249	2224	2200	060422	0497	0572	0648	0723	0798	0874	0949	1024	1100
0.49	2175	2151	2127	2102	2078	2054	2030	2005	1981	1957	1175	1251	1327	1402	1478	1554	1630	1705	1781	1857

TABLE XLIX.—Gauss's Sum and Difference Logarithms.

A	B										C									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0.50	11933	1909	1885	1861	1837	1814	1790	1766	1742	1719	61933	2009	2085	2161	2237	2314	2390	2466	2542	2619
0.51	1695	1671	1648	1624	1601	1577	1554	1531	1507	1484	2695	2771	2848	2924	3001	3077	3154	3231	3307	3384
0.52	1461	1438	1415	1392	1368	1345	1323	1300	1277	1254	3461	3538	3615	3692	3768	3845	3923	4000	4077	4154
0.53	1231	1208	1186	1163	1140	1118	1095	1073	1050	1028	4231	4308	4386	4463	4540	4618	4695	4773	4850	4928
0.54	1005	0983	0960	0938	0916	0894	0872	0849	0827	0805	5005	5083	5160	5238	5316	5394	5472	5549	5627	5705
0.55	0783	0761	0739	0718	0696	0674	0652	0630	0609	0587	5783	5861	5939	6018	6096	6174	6252	6330	6409	6487
0.56	0565	0544	0522	0501	0479	0458	0437	0415	0394	0373	6565	6644	6722	6801	6879	6958	7037	7115	7194	7273
0.57	0351	0330	0309	0288	0267	0246	0225	0204	0183	0162	7351	7430	7509	7588	7667	7746	7825	7904	7983	8062
0.58	0141	0120	0100	0079	0058	0038	0017	0000	0000	0000	8141	8220	8300	8379	8458	8538	8617	8696	8776	8855
0.59	09935	9914	9894	9874	9853	9833	9813	9793	9773	9752	8935	9014	9094	9174	9253	9333	9413	9493	9573	9652
0.60	09732	9712	9692	9672	9652	9632	9612	9593	9573	9553	069732	9812	9892	9972	0052	0132	0212	0293	0373	0453
0.61	9533	9514	9494	9474	9455	9435	9416	9396	9377	9357	070533	0614	0694	0774	0855	0935	1016	1096	1177	1257
0.62	9338	9319	9299	9280	9261	9242	9223	9204	9184	9165	1338	1419	1499	1580	1661	1742	1823	1904	1984	2065
0.63	9146	9127	9108	9090	9071	9052	9033	9014	8996	8977	2146	2227	2308	2390	2471	2552	2633	2714	2796	2877
0.64	8958	8940	8921	8902	8884	8865	8847	8829	8810	8792	2958	3040	3121	3202	3284	3365	3447	3529	3610	3692
0.65	8774	8755	8737	8719	8701	8683	8664	8646	8628	8610	3774	3855	3937	4019	4101	4183	4264	4346	4428	4510
0.66	8592	8574	8557	8539	8521	8503	8485	8468	8450	8432	4592	4674	4757	4839	4921	5003	5085	5168	5250	5332
0.67	8415	8397	8379	8362	8344	8327	8309	8292	8275	8257	5415	5497	5579	5662	5744	5827	5909	5992	6075	6157
0.68	8240	8223	8206	8188	8171	8154	8137	8120	8103	8086	6240	6323	6406	6488	6571	6654	6737	6820	6903	6986
0.69	8069	8052	8035	8018	8001	7985	7968	7951	7934	7918	7069	7152	7235	7318	7401	7485	7568	7651	7734	7818
0.70	07901	7884	7868	7851	7835	7818	7802	7785	7769	7753	077901	7984	8068	8151	8235	8318	8402	8485	8569	8653
0.71	7736	7720	7704	7687	7671	7655	7639	7623	7607	7591	8736	8820	8904	8987	9071	9155	9239	9323	9407	9491
0.72	7575	7559	7543	7527	7511	7495	7479	7463	7448	7432	9575	9659	9743	9827	9911	9995	0079	0163	0248	0332
0.73	7416	7400	7385	7369	7354	7338	7322	7307	7291	7276	080416	0500	0585	0669	0754	0838	0922	1007	1091	1176
0.74	7261	7245	7230	7215	7199	7184	7169	7154	7138	7123	1261	1345	1430	1515	1599	1684	1769	1854	1938	2023
0.75	7108	7093	7078	7063	7048	7033	7018	7003	6988	6973	2108	2193	2278	2363	2448	2533	2618	2703	2788	2873
0.76	6959	6944	6929	6914	6900	6885	6870	6856	6841	6827	2959	3044	3129	3214	3300	3385	3470	3556	3641	3727
0.77	6812	6798	6783	6769	6754	6740	6725	6711	6697	6683	3812	3898	3983	4069	4154	4240	4325	4411	4497	4583
0.78	6668	6654	6640	6626	6612	6597	6583	6569	6555	6541	4668	4754	4840	4926	5012	5097	5183	5269	5355	5441
0.79	6527	6513	6500	6486	6472	6458	6444	6430	6417	6403	5527	5613	5700	5786	5872	5958	6044	6130	6217	6303
0.80	06389	6376	6362	6348	6335	6321	6308	6294	6281	6267	086389	6476	6562	6648	6735	6821	6908	6994	7081	7167
0.81	6254	6240	6227	6214	6200	6187	6174	6161	6147	6134	7254	7340	7427	7514	7600	7687	7774	7861	7947	8034
0.82	6121	6108	6095	6082	6069	6056	6043	6030	6017	6004	8121	8208	8295	8382	8469	8556	8643	8730	8817	8904
0.83	5991	5978	5965	5952	5939	5927	5914	5901	5889	5876	8991	9078	9165	9252	9339	9427	9514	9601	9689	9776
0.84	5863	5851	5838	5825	5813	5800	5788	5775	5763	5751	9863	9951	0038	0125	0213	0300	0388	0475	0563	0651
0.85	5738	5726	5714	5701	5689	5677	5664	5652	5640	5628	090738	0826	0914	1001	1089	1177	1264	1352	1440	1528
0.86	5616	5604	5591	5579	5567	5555	5543	5531	5519	5508	1616	1704	1791	1879	1967	2055	2143	2231	2319	2408
0.87	5496	5484	5472	5460	5448	5436	5425	5413	5401	5390	2496	2584	2672	2760	2848	2936	3025	3113	3201	3290
0.88	5378	5366	5355	5343	5332	5320	5308	5297	5286	5274	3378	3466	3555	3643	3732	3820	3908	3997	4086	4174
0.89	5263	5251	5240	5229	5217	5206	5195	5183	5172	5161	4263	4351	4440	4529	4617	4706	4795	4883	4972	5061
0.90	05150	5139	5127	5116	5105	5094	5083	5072	5061	5050	095150	5239	5327	5416	5505	5594	5683	5772	5861	5950
0.91	5039	5028	5017	5006	4995	4985	4974	4963	4952	4941	6039	6128	6217	6306	6395	6485	6574	6663	6752	6841
0.92	4931	4920	4909	4898	4888	4877	4867	4856	4845	4835	6931	7020	7109	7198	7288	7377	7467	7556	7645	7735
0.93	4824	4814	4803	4793	4782	4772	4762	4751	4741	4731	7824	7914	8003	8093	8182	8272	8362	8451	8541	8631
0.94	4720	4710	4700	4689	4679	4669	4659	4649	4639	4628	8720	8810	8900	8989	9079	9169	9259	9349	9439	9528
0.95	4618	4608	4598	4588	4578	4568	4558	4548	4538	4528	9618	9708	9798	9888	9978	0068	0158	0248	0338	0428
0.96	4519	4509	4499	4489	4479	4469	4460	4450	4440	4430	100519	0609	0699	0789	0879	0969	1060	1150	1240	1330
0.97	4421	4411	4401	4392	4382	4373	4363	4353	4344	4334	1421	1511	1601	1692	1782	1873	1963	2053	2144	2234
0.98	4325	4315	4306	4297	4287	4278	4268	4259	4250	4240	2325	2415	2506	2597	2687	2778	2868	2959	3050	3140
0.99	4231	4222	4213	4203	4194	4185	4176	4167	4157	4148	3231	3322	3413	3503	3594	3685	3776	3867	3957	4048

TABLE XLIX.—Gauss's Sum and Difference Logarithms.

A	B										C									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1.00	04139	4130	4121	4112	4103	4094	4085	4076	4067	4058	1.04139	4230	4321	4412	4503	4594	4685	4776	4867	4958
1.01	4049	4040	4032	4023	4014	4005	3996	3987	3979	3970	5049	5140	5232	5323	5414	5505	5596	5687	5779	5870
1.02	3961	3953	3944	3935	3926	3918	3909	3901	3892	3883	5961	6053	6144	6235	6326	6418	6509	6601	6692	6783
1.03	3875	3866	3858	3849	3841	3832	3824	3816	3807	3799	6875	6966	7058	7149	7241	7332	7424	7516	7607	7699
1.04	3790	3782	3774	3765	3757	3749	3741	3732	3724	3716	7790	7882	7974	8065	8157	8249	8341	8432	8524	8616
1.05	3708	3700	3691	3683	3675	3667	3659	3651	3643	3635	8708	8800	8891	8983	9075	9167	9259	9351	9443	9535
1.06	3627	3619	3611	3603	3595	3587	3579	3571	3563	3555	9627	9719	9811	9903	9995	0087	0179	0271	0363	0455
1.07	3548	3540	3532	3524	3516	3509	3501	3493	3485	3478	1.10548	0640	0732	0824	0916	1009	1101	1193	1285	1378
1.08	3470	3462	3455	3447	3439	3432	3424	3417	3409	3401	1470	1562	1655	1747	1839	1932	2024	2117	2209	2301
1.09	3394	3386	3379	3371	3364	3357	3349	3342	3334	3327	2394	2486	2579	2671	2764	2857	2949	3042	3134	3227
1.10	03320	3312	3305	3298	3290	3283	3276	3268	3261	3254	1.13320	3412	3505	3598	3690	3783	3876	3968	4061	4154
1.11	3247	3240	3232	3225	3218	3211	3204	3197	3190	3183	4247	4340	4432	4525	4618	4711	4804	4897	4990	5083
1.12	3175	3168	3161	3154	3147	3140	3133	3126	3120	3113	5175	5268	5361	5454	5547	5640	5733	5826	5920	6013
1.13	3106	3099	3092	3085	3078	3071	3065	3058	3051	3044	6106	6199	6292	6385	6478	6571	6665	6758	6851	6944
1.14	3037	3031	3024	3017	3011	3004	2997	2991	2984	2977	7037	7131	7224	7317	7411	7504	7597	7691	7784	7877
1.15	2971	2964	2957	2951	2944	2938	2931	2925	2918	2912	7971	8064	8157	8251	8344	8438	8531	8625	8718	8812
1.16	2905	2899	2892	2886	2879	2873	2867	2860	2854	2848	8905	8999	9092	9186	9279	9373	9467	9560	9654	9748
1.17	2841	2835	2829	2822	2816	2810	2803	2797	2791	2785	9841	9935	0029	0122	0216	0310	0403	0497	0591	0685
1.18	2779	2772	2766	2760	2754	2748	2742	2735	2729	2723	1.20779	0872	0966	1060	1154	1248	1342	1435	1529	1623
1.19	2717	2711	2705	2699	2693	2687	2681	2675	2669	2663	1717	1811	1905	1999	2093	2187	2281	2375	2469	2563
1.20	02657	2651	2645	2639	2634	2628	2622	2616	2610	2604	1.22657	2751	2845	2939	3034	3128	3222	3316	3410	3504
1.21	2599	2593	2587	2581	2575	2570	2564	2558	2552	2547	3599	3693	3787	3881	3975	4070	4164	4258	4352	4447
1.22	2541	2535	2530	2524	2518	2513	2507	2502	2496	2490	4541	4635	4730	4824	4918	5013	5107	5202	5296	5390
1.23	2485	2479	2474	2468	2463	2457	2452	2446	2441	2435	5485	5579	5674	5768	5863	5957	6052	6146	6241	6335
1.24	2430	2424	2419	2414	2408	2403	2397	2392	2387	2381	6430	6524	6619	6714	6808	6903	6997	7092	7187	7281
1.25	2376	2371	2365	2360	2355	2350	2344	2339	2334	2329	7376	7471	7565	7660	7755	7850	7944	8039	8134	8229
1.26	2323	2318	2313	2308	2303	2297	2292	2287	2282	2277	8323	8418	8513	8608	8703	8797	8892	8987	9082	9177
1.27	2272	2267	2262	2257	2252	2246	2241	2236	2231	2226	9272	9367	9462	9557	9652	9746	9841	9936	0031	0126
1.28	2221	2216	2211	2207	2202	2197	2192	2187	2182	2177	1.30221	0316	0411	0507	0602	0697	0792	0887	0982	1077
1.29	2172	2167	2162	2158	2153	2148	2143	2138	2133	2129	1172	1267	1362	1458	1553	1648	1743	1838	1933	2029
1.30	02124	2119	2114	2110	2105	2100	2095	2091	2086	2081	1.32124	2219	2314	2410	2505	2600	2695	2791	2886	2981
1.31	2077	2072	2067	2063	2058	2053	2049	2044	2040	2035	3077	3172	3267	3363	3458	3553	3649	3744	3840	3935
1.32	2030	2026	2021	2017	2012	2008	2003	1999	1994	1990	4030	4126	4221	4317	4412	4508	4603	4699	4794	4890
1.33	1985	1981	1976	1972	1967	1963	1959	1954	1950	1945	4985	5081	5176	5272	5367	5463	5559	5654	5750	5845
1.34	1941	1937	1932	1928	1924	1919	1915	1911	1906	1902	5941	6037	6132	6228	6324	6419	6515	6611	6707	6802
1.35	1898	1894	1889	1885	1881	1877	1872	1868	1864	1860	6898	6994	7090	7185	7281	7377	7472	7568	7664	7760
1.36	1856	1851	1847	1843	1839	1835	1831	1827	1822	1818	7856	7951	8047	8143	8239	8335	8431	8527	8622	8718
1.37	1814	1810	1806	1802	1798	1794	1790	1786	1782	1778	8814	8910	9006	9102	9198	9294	9390	9486	9582	9678
1.38	1774	1770	1766	1762	1758	1754	1750	1746	1742	1738	9774	9870	9966	0062	0158	0254	0350	0446	0542	0638
1.39	1734	1730	1726	1722	1719	1715	1711	1707	1703	1699	1.40734	0830	0926	1022	1119	1215	1311	1407	1503	1599
1.40	01695	1692	1688	1684	1680	1676	1673	1669	1665	1661	1.41695	1792	1888	1984	2080	2176	2273	2369	2465	2561
1.41	1658	1654	1650	1646	1643	1639	1635	1632	1628	1624	2658	2754	2850	2946	3043	3139	3235	3332	3428	3524
1.42	1621	1617	1613	1610	1606	1602	1599	1595	1591	1588	3621	3717	3813	3909	4006	4102	4199	4295	4391	4488
1.43	1584	1581	1577	1574	1570	1566	1563	1559	1556	1552	4584	4681	4777	4874	4970	5066	5163	5259	5356	5452
1.44	1549	1545	1542	1538	1535	1531	1528	1525	1521	1518	5549	5645	5742	5838	5935	6031	6128	6225	6321	6418
1.45	1514	1511	1507	1504	1501	1497	1494	1490	1487	1484	6514	6611	6707	6804	6901	6997	7094	7190	7287	7384
1.46	1480	1477	1474	1470	1467	1464	1460	1457	1454	1450	7480	7577	7674	7770	7867	7964	8060	8157	8254	8350
1.47	1447	1444	1441	1437	1434	1431	1428	1424	1421	1418	8447	8544	8641	8737	8834	8931	9028	9124	9221	9318
1.48	1415	1412	1408	1405	1402	1399	1396	1393	1389	1386	9415	9512	9608	9705	9802	9899	9996	0093	0189	0286
1.49	1383	1380	1377	1374	1371	1368	1364	1361	1358	1355	1.50383	0480	0577	0674	0771	0868	0964	1061	1158	1255

TABLE XLIX.—Gauss's Sum and Difference Logarithms.

A	B										C									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1.50	01352	1349	1346	1343	1340	1337	1334	1331	1328	1325	1.51352	1449	1546	1643	1740	1837	1934	2031	2128	2225
1.51	1322	1319	1316	1313	1310	1307	1304	1301	1298	1295	2322	2419	2516	2613	2710	2807	2904	3001	3098	3195
1.52	1292	1289	1286	1283	1280	1278	1275	1272	1269	1266	3292	3389	3486	3583	3680	3778	3875	3972	4069	4166
1.53	1263	1260	1257	1255	1252	1249	1246	1243	1240	1238	4263	4360	4457	4555	4652	4749	4846	4943	5040	5138
1.54	1235	1232	1229	1226	1224	1221	1218	1215	1213	1210	5235	5332	5429	5526	5624	5721	5818	5915	6013	6110
1.55	1207	1204	1202	1199	1196	1193	1191	1188	1185	1183	6207	6304	6402	6499	6596	6693	6791	6888	6985	7083
1.56	1180	1177	1175	1172	1169	1167	1164	1161	1159	1156	7180	7277	7375	7472	7569	7667	7764	7861	7959	8056
1.57	1153	1151	1148	1146	1143	1140	1138	1135	1133	1130	8153	8251	8348	8446	8543	8640	8738	8835	8933	9030
1.58	1128	1125	1122	1120	1117	1115	1112	1110	1107	1105	9128	9225	9322	9420	9517	9615	9712	9810	9907	0005
1.59	1102	1100	1097	1095	1092	1090	1087	1085	1082	1080	1.60102	0200	0297	0395	0492	0590	0687	0785	0882	0980
1.60	01077	1075	1073	1070	1068	1065	1063	1060	1058	1056	1.61077	1175	1273	1370	1468	1565	1663	1760	1858	1956
1.61	1053	1051	1048	1046	1044	1041	1039	1037	1034	1032	2053	2151	2248	2346	2444	2541	2639	2737	2834	2932
1.62	1030	1027	1025	1022	1020	1018	1016	1013	1011	1009	3030	3127	3225	3322	3420	3518	3616	3713	3811	3909
1.63	1006	1004	1002	0999	0997	0995	0993	0990	0988	0986	4006	4104	4202	4299	4397	4495	4593	4690	4788	4886
1.64	0984	0981	0979	0977	0975	0973	0970	0968	0966	0964	4984	5081	5179	5277	5375	5473	5570	5668	5766	5864
1.65	0962	0959	0957	0955	0953	0951	0948	0946	0944	0942	5962	6059	6157	6255	6353	6451	6548	6646	6744	6842
1.66	0940	0938	0936	0933	0931	0929	0927	0925	0923	0921	6940	7038	7136	7233	7331	7429	7527	7625	7723	7821
1.67	0919	0917	0915	0912	0910	0908	0906	0904	0902	0900	7919	8017	8115	8212	8310	8408	8506	8604	8702	8800
1.68	0898	0896	0894	0892	0890	0888	0886	0884	0882	0880	8898	8996	9094	9192	9290	9388	9486	9584	9682	9780
1.69	0878	0876	0874	0872	0870	0868	0866	0864	0862	0860	9878	9976	0074	0172	0270	0368	0466	0564	0662	0760
1.70	00858	0856	0854	0852	0850	0848	0846	0844	0842	0841	1.70858	0956	1054	1152	1250	1348	1446	1544	1642	1741
1.71	0839	0837	0835	0833	0831	0829	0827	0825	0823	0822	1839	1937	2035	2133	2231	2329	2427	2525	2623	2722
1.72	0820	0818	0816	0814	0812	0810	0809	0807	0805	0803	2820	2918	3016	3114	3212	3310	3409	3507	3605	3703
1.73	0801	0799	0798	0796	0794	0792	0790	0789	0787	0785	3801	3899	3998	4096	4194	4292	4390	4489	4587	4685
1.74	0783	0781	0780	0778	0776	0774	0773	0771	0769	0767	4783	4881	4980	5078	5176	5274	5373	5471	5569	5667
1.75	00766	0764	0762	0760	0759	0757	0755	0753	0752	0750	5766	5864	5962	6060	6159	6257	6355	6453	6552	6650
1.76	0748	0747	0745	0743	0741	0740	0738	0736	0735	0733	6748	6847	6945	7043	7141	7240	7338	7436	7535	7633
1.77	0731	0730	0728	0726	0725	0723	0721	0720	0718	0716	7731	7830	7928	8026	8125	8223	8321	8420	8518	8616
1.78	0715	0713	0712	0710	0708	0707	0705	0703	0702	0700	8715	8813	8912	9010	9108	9207	9305	9403	9502	9600
1.79	0699	0697	0696	0694	0692	0691	0689	0688	0686	0684	9699	9797	9896	9994	0092	0191	0289	0388	0486	0584
1.80	00683	0681	0680	0678	0677	0675	0674	0672	0671	0669	1.80683	0781	0880	0978	1077	1175	1274	1372	1471	1569
1.81	0667	0666	0664	0663	0661	0660	0658	0657	0655	0654	1667	1766	1864	1963	2061	2160	2258	2357	2455	2554
1.82	0652	0651	0649	0648	0646	0645	0644	0642	0641	0639	2652	2751	2849	2948	3046	3145	3244	3342	3441	3539
1.83	0638	0636	0635	0633	0632	0630	0629	0628	0626	0625	3638	3736	3835	3933	4032	4130	4229	4328	4426	4525
1.84	0623	0622	0620	0619	0618	0616	0615	0613	0612	0611	4623	4722	4820	4919	5018	5116	5215	5313	5412	5511
1.85	0609	0608	0606	0605	0604	0602	0601	0599	0598	0597	5609	5708	5806	5905	6004	6102	6201	6299	6398	6497
1.86	0595	0594	0593	0591	0590	0589	0587	0586	0585	0583	6595	6694	6793	6891	6990	7089	7187	7286	7385	7483
1.87	0582	0581	0579	0578	0577	0575	0574	0573	0571	0570	7582	7681	7779	7878	7977	8075	8174	8273	8371	8470
1.88	0569	0567	0566	0565	0564	0562	0561	0560	0558	0557	8569	8667	8766	8865	8964	9062	9161	9260	9358	9457
1.89	0556	0555	0553	0552	0551	0550	0548	0547	0546	0545	9556	9655	9753	9852	9951	0050	0148	0247	0346	0445
1.90	00543	0542	0541	0540	0538	0537	0536	0535	0533	0532	1.90543	0642	0741	0840	0938	1037	1136	1235	1333	1432
1.91	0531	0530	0529	0527	0526	0525	0524	0523	0521	0520	1531	1630	1729	1827	1926	2025	2124	2223	2321	2420
1.92	0519	0518	0517	0515	0514	0513	0512	0511	0510	0508	2519	2618	2717	2815	2914	3013	3112	3211	3310	3408
1.93	0507	0506	0505	0504	0503	0502	0500	0499	0498	0497	3507	3606	3705	3804	3903	4002	4100	4199	4298	4397
1.94	0496	0495	0494	0492	0491	0490	0489	0488	0487	0486	4496	4595	4694	4792	4891	4990	5089	5188	5287	5386
1.95	0485	0483	0482	0481	0480	0479	0478	0477	0476	0475	5485	5583	5682	5781	5880	5979	6078	6177	6276	6375
1.96	0474	0473	0471	0470	0469	0468	0467	0466	0465	0464	6474	6573	6671	6770	6869	6968	7067	7166	7265	7364
1.97	0463	0462	0461	0460	0459	0458	0457	0456	0454	0453	7463	7562	7661	7760	7859	7958	8057	8156	8254	8353
1.98	0452	0451	0450	0449	0448	0447	0446	0445	0444	0443	8452	8551	8650	8749	8848	8947	9046	9145	9244	9343
1.99	0442	0441	0440	0439	0438	0437	0436	0435	0434	0433	9442	9541	9640	9739	9838	9937	0036	0135	0234	0333

TABLE XLIX.—Gauss's Sum and Difference Logarithms.

A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
2.00	0.00432	2.00432	2.40	0.00173	2.40173	2.80	0.00069	2.80069	3.20	0.00027	3.20027
2.01	0422	1422	2.41	0169	1169	2.81	0067	1067	3.21	0027	1027
2.02	0413	2413	2.42	0165	2165	2.82	0066	2066	3.22	0026	2026
2.03	0403	3403	2.43	0161	3161	2.83	0064	3064	3.23	0026	3026
2.04	0394	4394	2.44	0157	4157	2.84	0063	4063	3.24	0025	4025
2.05	0385	5385	2.45	0154	5154	2.85	0061	5061	3.25	0024	5024
2.06	0377	6377	2.46	0150	6150	2.86	0060	6060	3.26	0024	6024
2.07	0368	7368	2.47	0147	7147	2.87	0059	7059	3.27	0023	7023
2.08	0360	8360	2.48	0144	8144	2.88	0057	8057	3.28	0023	8023
2.09	0352	9352	2.49	0140	9140	2.89	0056	9056	3.29	0022	9022
2.10	0.00344	2.10344	2.50	0.00137	2.50137	2.90	0.00055	2.90055	3.30	0.00022	3.30022
2.11	0336	1336	2.51	0134	1134	2.91	0053	1053	3.31	0021	1021
2.12	0328	2328	2.52	0131	2131	2.92	0052	2052	3.32	0021	2021
2.13	0321	3321	2.53	0128	3128	2.93	0051	3051	3.33	0020	3020
2.14	0313	4313	2.54	0125	4125	2.94	0050	4050	3.34	0020	4020
2.15	0306	5306	2.55	0122	5122	2.95	0049	5049	3.35	0019	5019
2.16	0299	6299	2.56	0119	6119	2.96	0048	6048	3.36	0019	6019
2.17	0293	7293	2.57	0117	7117	2.97	0047	7047	3.37	0019	7019
2.18	0286	8286	2.58	0114	8114	2.98	0045	8045	3.38	0018	8018
2.19	0280	9280	2.59	0111	9111	2.99	0044	9044	3.39	0018	9018
2.20	0.00273	2.20273	2.60	0.00109	2.60109	3.00	0.00043	3.00043	3.4	0.00017	3.40017
2.21	0267	1267	2.61	0106	1106	3.01	0042	1042	3.5	0014	50014
2.22	0261	2261	2.62	0104	2104	3.02	0041	2041	3.6	0011	60011
2.23	0255	3255	2.63	0102	3102	3.03	0041	3041	3.7	0009	70009
2.24	0249	4249	2.64	0099	4099	3.04	0040	4040	3.8	0007	80007
2.25	0244	5244	2.65	0097	5097	3.05	0039	5039	3.9	0005	90005
2.26	0238	6238	2.66	0095	6095	3.06	0038	6038	4.0	0004	4.00004
2.27	0233	7233	2.67	0093	7093	3.07	0037	7037	4.1	0003	10003
2.28	0227	8227	2.68	0091	8091	3.08	0036	8036	4.2	0003	20003
2.29	0222	9222	2.69	0089	9089	3.09	0035	9035	4.3	0002	30002
2.30	0.00217	2.30217	2.70	0.00087	2.70087	3.10	0.00034	3.10034	4.4	0.00002	4.40002
2.31	0212	1212	2.71	0085	1085	3.11	0034	1034	4.5	0001	50001
2.32	0207	2207	2.72	0083	2083	3.12	0033	2033	4.6	0001	60001
2.33	0203	3203	2.73	0081	3081	3.13	0032	3032	4.7	0001	70001
2.34	0198	4198	2.74	0079	4079	3.14	0031	4031	4.8	0001	80001
2.35	0194	5194	2.75	0077	5077	3.15	0031	5031	4.9	0.00001	90001
2.36	0189	6189	2.76	0075	6075	3.16	0030	6030	5.0	0.00000	5.00000
2.37	0185	7185	2.77	0074	7074	3.17	0029	7029			
2.38	0181	8181	2.78	0072	8072	3.18	0029	8029			
2.39	0177	9177	2.79	0070	9070	3.19	0028	9028			

TABLE L.—Common Logarithms to 4 places of Decimals.

No.	Log.	No.	Log.	No.	Log.	No.	Log.	No.	Log.	No.	Log.	No.	Log.
100	.0000	145	.1614	190	.2788	235	.3711	280	.4472	325	.5119	370	.5682
101	.0043	146	.1644	191	.2810	236	.3729	281	.4487	326	.5132	371	.5694
102	.0086	147	.1673	192	.2833	237	.3747	282	.4502	327	.5145	372	.5705
103	.0128	148	.1703	193	.2856	238	.3766	283	.4518	328	.5159	373	.5717
104	.0170	149	.1732	194	.2878	239	.3784	284	.4533	329	.5172	374	.5729
105	.0212	150	.1761	195	.2900	240	.3802	285	.4548	330	.5185	375	.5740
106	.0253	151	.1790	196	.2923	241	.3820	286	.4564	331	.5198	376	.5752
107	.0294	152	.1818	197	.2945	242	.3838	287	.4579	332	.5211	377	.5763
108	.0334	153	.1847	198	.2967	243	.3856	288	.4594	333	.5224	378	.5775
109	.0374	154	.1875	199	.2989	244	.3874	289	.4609	334	.5237	379	.5786
110	.0414	155	.1903	200	.3010	245	.3892	290	.4624	335	.5250	380	.5798
111	.0453	156	.1931	201	.3032	246	.3909	291	.4639	336	.5263	381	.5809
112	.0492	157	.1959	202	.3054	247	.3927	292	.4654	337	.5276	382	.5821
113	.0531	158	.1987	203	.3075	248	.3945	293	.4669	338	.5289	383	.5832
114	.0569	159	.2014	204	.3096	249	.3962	294	.4683	339	.5302	384	.5843
115	.0607	160	.2041	205	.3118	250	.3979	295	.4698	340	.5315	385	.5855
116	.0645	161	.2068	206	.3139	251	.3997	296	.4713	341	.5328	386	.5866
117	.0682	162	.2095	207	.3160	252	.4014	297	.4728	342	.5340	387	.5877
118	.0719	163	.2122	208	.3181	253	.4031	298	.4742	343	.5353	388	.5888
119	.0755	164	.2148	209	.3201	254	.4048	299	.4757	344	.5366	389	.5899
120	.0792	165	.2175	210	.3222	255	.4065	300	.4771	345	.5378	390	.5911
121	.0828	166	.2201	211	.3243	256	.4082	301	.4786	346	.5391	391	.5922
122	.0864	167	.2227	212	.3263	257	.4099	302	.4800	347	.5403	392	.5933
123	.0899	168	.2253	213	.3284	258	.4116	303	.4814	348	.5416	393	.5944
124	.0934	169	.2279	214	.3304	259	.4133	304	.4829	349	.5428	394	.5955
125	.0969	170	.2304	215	.3324	260	.4150	305	.4843	350	.5441	395	.5966
126	.1004	171	.2330	216	.3345	261	.4166	306	.4857	351	.5453	396	.5977
127	.1038	172	.2355	217	.3365	262	.4183	307	.4871	352	.5465	397	.5988
128	.1072	173	.2380	218	.3385	263	.4200	308	.4886	353	.5478	398	.5999
129	.1106	174	.2405	219	.3404	264	.4216	309	.4900	354	.5490	399	.6010
130	.1139	175	.2430	220	.3424	265	.4232	310	.4914	355	.5502	400	.6021
131	.1173	176	.2455	221	.3444	266	.4249	311	.4928	356	.5515	401	.6031
132	.1206	177	.2480	222	.3464	267	.4265	312	.4942	357	.5527	402	.6042
133	.1239	178	.2504	223	.3483	268	.4281	313	.4955	358	.5539	403	.6053
134	.1271	179	.2529	224	.3502	269	.4298	314	.4969	359	.5551	404	.6064
135	.1303	180	.2553	225	.3522	270	.4314	315	.4983	360	.5563	405	.6075
136	.1335	181	.2577	226	.3541	271	.4330	316	.4997	361	.5575	406	.6085
137	.1367	182	.2601	227	.3560	272	.4346	317	.5011	362	.5587	407	.6096
138	.1399	183	.2625	228	.3579	273	.4362	318	.5024	363	.5599	408	.6107
139	.1430	184	.2648	229	.3598	274	.4378	319	.5038	364	.5611	409	.6117
140	.1461	185	.2672	230	.3617	275	.4393	320	.5052	365	.5623	410	.6128
141	.1492	186	.2695	231	.3636	276	.4409	321	.5065	366	.5635	411	.6138
142	.1523	187	.2718	232	.3655	277	.4425	322	.5079	367	.5647	412	.6149
143	.1553	188	.2742	233	.3674	278	.4440	323	.5092	368	.5658	413	.6160
144	.1584	189	.2765	234	.3692	279	.4456	324	.5105	369	.5670	414	.6170

TABLE L.—Common Logarithms to 4 places of Decimals.

No.	Log.	No.	Log.	No.	Log.	No.	Log.	No.	Log.	No.	Log.	No.	Log.
415	.6180	460	.6628	505	.7033	550	.7404	595	.7745	640	.8062	685	.8357
416	.6191	461	.6637	506	.7042	551	.7412	596	.7752	641	.8069	686	.8363
417	.6201	462	.6646	507	.7050	552	.7419	597	.7760	642	.8075	687	.8370
418	.6212	463	.6656	508	.7059	553	.7427	598	.7767	643	.8082	688	.8376
419	.6222	464	.6665	509	.7067	554	.7435	599	.7774	644	.8089	689	.8382
420	.6232	465	.6675	510	.7076	555	.7443	600	.7782	645	.8096	690	.8388
421	.6243	466	.6684	511	.7084	556	.7451	601	.7789	646	.8102	691	.8395
422	.6253	467	.6693	512	.7093	557	.7459	602	.7796	647	.8109	692	.8401
423	.6263	468	.6702	513	.7101	558	.7466	603	.7803	648	.8116	693	.8407
424	.6274	469	.6712	514	.7110	559	.7474	604	.7810	649	.8122	694	.8414
425	.6284	470	.6721	515	.7118	560	.7482	605	.7818	650	.8129	695	.8420
426	.6294	471	.6730	516	.7126	561	.7490	606	.7825	651	.8136	696	.8426
427	.6304	472	.6739	517	.7135	562	.7497	607	.7832	652	.8142	697	.8432
428	.6314	473	.6749	518	.7143	563	.7505	608	.7839	653	.8149	698	.8439
429	.6325	474	.6758	519	.7152	564	.7513	609	.7846	654	.8156	699	.8445
430	.6335	475	.6767	520	.7160	565	.7520	610	.7853	655	.8162	700	.8451
431	.6345	476	.6776	521	.7168	566	.7528	611	.7860	656	.8169	701	.8457
432	.6355	477	.6785	522	.7177	567	.7536	612	.7868	657	.8176	702	.8463
433	.6365	478	.6794	523	.7185	568	.7543	613	.7875	658	.8182	703	.8470
434	.6375	479	.6803	524	.7193	569	.7551	614	.7882	659	.8189	704	.8476
435	.6385	480	.6812	525	.7202	570	.7559	615	.7889	660	.8195	705	.8482
436	.6395	481	.6821	526	.7210	571	.7566	616	.7896	661	.8202	706	.8488
437	.6405	482	.6830	527	.7218	572	.7574	617	.7903	662	.8209	707	.8494
438	.6415	483	.6839	528	.7226	573	.7582	618	.7910	663	.8215	708	.8500
439	.6425	484	.6848	529	.7235	574	.7589	619	.7917	664	.8222	709	.8506
440	.6435	485	.6857	530	.7243	575	.7597	620	.7924	665	.8228	710	.8513
441	.6444	486	.6866	531	.7251	576	.7604	621	.7931	666	.8235	711	.8519
442	.6454	487	.6875	532	.7259	577	.7612	622	.7938	667	.8241	712	.8525
443	.6464	488	.6884	533	.7267	578	.7619	623	.7945	668	.8248	713	.8531
444	.6474	489	.6893	534	.7275	579	.7627	624	.7952	669	.8254	714	.8537
445	.6484	490	.6902	535	.7284	580	.7634	625	.7959	670	.8261	715	.8543
446	.6493	491	.6911	536	.7292	581	.7642	626	.7966	671	.8267	716	.8549
447	.6503	492	.6920	537	.7300	582	.7649	627	.7973	672	.8274	717	.8555
448	.6513	493	.6928	538	.7308	583	.7657	628	.7980	673	.8280	718	.8561
449	.6522	494	.6937	539	.7316	584	.7664	629	.7987	674	.8287	719	.8567
450	.6532	495	.6946	540	.7324	585	.7672	630	.7993	675	.8293	720	.8573
451	.6542	496	.6955	541	.7332	586	.7679	631	.8000	676	.8299	721	.8579
452	.6551	497	.6964	542	.7340	587	.7686	632	.8007	677	.8306	722	.8585
453	.6561	498	.6972	543	.7348	588	.7694	633	.8014	678	.8312	723	.8591
454	.6571	499	.6981	544	.7356	589	.7701	634	.8021	679	.8319	724	.8597
455	.6580	500	.6990	545	.7364	590	.7709	635	.8028	680	.8325	725	.8603
456	.6590	501	.6998	546	.7372	591	.7716	636	.8035	681	.8331	726	.8609
457	.6599	502	.7007	547	.7380	592	.7723	637	.8041	682	.8338	727	.8615
458	.6609	503	.7016	548	.7388	593	.7731	638	.8048	683	.8344	728	.8621
459	.6618	504	.7024	549	.7396	594	.7738	639	.8055	684	.8351	729	.8627

TABLE I.—Common Logarithms to 4 places of Decimals.

730	.8633	770	.8865	810	.9085	850	.9294	890	.9494	930	.9695	970	.9868
731	.8639	771	.8871	811	.9090	851	.9299	891	.9499	931	.9699	971	.9872
732	.8645	772	.8876	812	.9096	852	.9304	892	.9504	932	.9694	972	.9877
733	.8651	773	.8882	813	.9101	853	.9309	893	.9509	933	.9699	973	.9881
734	.8657	774	.8887	814	.9106	854	.9315	894	.9513	934	.9703	974	.9886
735	.8663	775	.8893	815	.9112	855	.9320	895	.9518	935	.9708	975	.9890
736	.8669	776	.8899	816	.9117	856	.9325	896	.9523	936	.9713	976	.9894
737	.8675	777	.8904	817	.9122	857	.9330	897	.9528	937	.9717	977	.9899
738	.8681	778	.8910	818	.9128	858	.9335	898	.9533	938	.9722	978	.9903
739	.8686	779	.8915	819	.9133	859	.9340	899	.9538	939	.9727	979	.9908
740	.8692	780	.8921	820	.9138	860	.9345	900	.9542	940	.9731	980	.9912
741	.8698	781	.8927	821	.9143	861	.9350	901	.9547	941	.9736	981	.9917
742	.8704	782	.8932	822	.9149	862	.9355	902	.9552	942	.9741	982	.9921
743	.8710	783	.8938	823	.9154	863	.9360	903	.9557	943	.9745	983	.9926
744	.8716	784	.8943	824	.9159	864	.9365	904	.9562	944	.9750	984	.9930
745	.8722	785	.8949	825	.9165	865	.9370	905	.9566	945	.9754	985	.9934
746	.8727	786	.8954	826	.9170	866	.9375	906	.9571	946	.9759	986	.9939
747	.8733	787	.8960	827	.9176	867	.9380	907	.9576	947	.9764	987	.9943
748	.8739	788	.8965	828	.9180	868	.9385	908	.9581	948	.9768	988	.9948
749	.8745	789	.8971	829	.9186	869	.9390	909	.9586	949	.9773	989	.9952
750	.8751	790	.8976	830	.9191	870	.9395	910	.9590	950	.9777	990	.9956
751	.8756	791	.8982	831	.9196	871	.9400	911	.9595	951	.9782	991	.9961
752	.8762	792	.8987	832	.9201	872	.9405	912	.9600	952	.9786	992	.9965
753	.8768	793	.8993	833	.9206	873	.9410	913	.9605	953	.9791	993	.9969
754	.8774	794	.8998	834	.9212	874	.9415	914	.9609	954	.9795	994	.9974
755	.8779	795	.9004	835	.9217	875	.9420	915	.9614	955	.9800	995	.9978
756	.8785	796	.9009	836	.9222	876	.9425	916	.9619	956	.9805	996	.9983
757	.8791	797	.9015	837	.9227	877	.9430	917	.9624	957	.9809	997	.9987
758	.8797	798	.9020	838	.9232	878	.9435	918	.9628	958	.9814	998	.9991
759	.8802	799	.9025	839	.9238	879	.9440	919	.9633	959	.9818	999	.9996
760	.8808	800	.9031	840	.9243	880	.9445	920	.9638	960	.9823		
761	.8814	801	.9036	841	.9248	881	.9450	921	.9643	961	.9827		
762	.8820	802	.9042	842	.9253	882	.9455	922	.9647	962	.9832		
763	.8825	803	.9047	843	.9258	883	.9460	923	.9652	963	.9836		
764	.8831	804	.9053	844	.9263	884	.9465	924	.9657	964	.9841		
765	.8837	805	.9058	845	.9269	885	.9469	925	.9661	965	.9845		
766	.8842	806	.9063	846	.9274	886	.9474	926	.9666	966	.9850		
767	.8848	807	.9069	847	.9279	887	.9479	927	.9671	967	.9854		
768	.8854	808	.9074	848	.9284	888	.9484	928	.9675	968	.9859		
769	.8859	809	.9079	849	.9289	889	.9489	929	.9680	969	.9863		

TABLE LI.—Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.

No.	Logarithm										No.	Logarithm										Pro. Parts
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
100	00000	043	087	130	173	217	260	303	346	389	145	161	137	197	227	256	286	316	346	376	406	D. 44 42
101	432	475	518	561	604	647	689	732	775	817	146	435	465	495	524	554	584	613	643	673	702	1 4-4 4 1/2
102	860	903	945	988	030	072	115	157	199	242	147	732	761	791	820	850	879	909	938	967	997	2 8-8 8 3/4
103	01284	326	368	410	452	494	536	578	620	662	148	17026	056	085	114	143	173	202	231	260	289	3 13-2 12-6
104	703	745	787	828	870	912	953	995	036	078	149	319	348	377	406	435	464	493	522	551	580	4 17-6 16-8
105	02119	160	202	243	284	325	366	407	449	490	150	609	638	667	696	725	754	782	811	840	869	5 22-0 21-0
106	531	572	612	653	694	735	776	816	857	898	151	898	926	955	984	013	041	070	099	127	156	6 26-4 25-2
107	938	979	019	060	100	141	181	222	262	302	152	18184	213	241	270	298	327	355	384	412	441	7 30-8 29-4
108	03342	383	423	463	503	543	583	623	663	703	153	469	498	526	554	583	611	639	667	696	724	8 35-2 33-9
109	743	782	822	862	902	941	981	021	060	100	154	752	780	808	837	865	893	921	949	977	005	9 39-6 37-8
110	04139	179	218	258	297	336	376	415	454	493	155	19033	061	089	117	145	173	201	229	257	285	D. 40 38
111	532	571	610	650	689	727	766	805	844	883	156	312	340	368	396	424	451	479	507	535	562	1 4-0 3-8
112	922	961	999	038	077	115	154	192	231	269	157	590	618	645	673	700	728	756	783	811	838	2 8-0 7-6
113	05308	346	385	423	461	500	538	576	614	652	158	866	893	921	948	976	003	030	058	085	112	3 12-0 11-4
114	690	729	767	805	843	881	918	956	994	032	159	20140	167	194	222	249	276	303	330	358	385	4 16-0 15-2
115	06070	108	145	183	221	258	296	333	371	408	160	412	439	466	493	520	548	575	602	629	656	D. 36 34
116	446	483	521	558	595	633	670	707	744	781	161	683	710	737	763	790	817	844	871	898	925	1 3-6 3-4
117	819	856	893	930	967	004	041	078	115	151	162	952	978	005	032	059	085	112	139	165	192	2 7-2 6-8
118	07188	225	262	298	335	372	408	445	482	518	163	21219	245	272	299	325	352	378	405	431	458	3 10-8 10-2
119	555	591	628	664	700	737	773	809	846	882	164	484	511	537	564	590	617	643	669	696	722	4 14-4 13-6
120	0918	954	990	027	063	099	135	171	207	243	165	748	775	801	827	854	880	906	932	958	985	5 18-0 17-0
121	08279	314	350	386	422	458	493	529	565	600	166	22011	037	063	089	115	141	167	194	220	246	6 21-6 20-4
122	636	672	707	743	778	814	849	884	920	955	167	272	298	324	350	376	401	427	453	479	505	7 25-2 23-8
123	991	026	061	096	132	167	202	237	272	307	168	531	557	583	608	634	660	686	712	737	763	8 28-8 27-2
124	09342	377	412	447	482	517	552	587	621	656	169	789	814	840	866	891	917	943	968	994	019	9 32-4 30-6
125	691	726	760	795	830	864	899	934	968	003	170	23045	070	096	121	147	172	198	223	249	274	D. 32 30
126	10037	072	106	140	175	209	243	278	312	346	171	300	325	350	376	401	426	452	477	502	528	1 3-2 3-0
127	380	415	449	483	517	551	585	619	653	687	172	553	578	603	629	654	679	704	729	754	779	2 6-4 6-0
128	721	755	789	823	857	890	924	958	992	025	173	805	830	855	880	905	930	955	980	005	030	3 9-6 9-0
129	11059	093	126	160	193	227	261	294	327	361	174	24055	080	105	130	155	180	204	229	254	279	4 12-8 12-0
130	394	428	461	494	528	561	594	628	661	694	175	304	329	353	378	403	428	452	477	502	527	5 16-0 15-0
131	727	760	793	826	860	893	926	959	992	024	176	551	576	601	625	650	674	699	724	748	773	6 19-2 18-0
132	12057	090	123	156	189	222	254	287	320	352	177	797	822	846	871	895	920	944	969	993	018	7 22-4 21-0
133	385	418	450	483	516	548	581	613	646	678	178	25042	066	091	115	139	164	188	212	237	261	8 25-6 24-0
134	710	743	775	808	840	872	905	937	969	001	179	285	310	334	358	382	406	431	455	479	503	9 28-8 27-0
135	13033	066	098	130	162	194	226	258	290	322	180	527	551	575	600	624	648	672	696	720	744	D. 28 26
136	354	386	418	450	481	513	545	577	609	640	181	768	792	816	840	864	888	912	935	959	983	1 2-8 2-6
137	672	704	735	767	799	830	862	893	925	956	182	26007	031	055	079	102	126	150	174	198	221	2 5-6 5-2
138	988	019	051	082	114	145	176	208	239	270	183	245	269	293	316	340	364	387	411	435	458	3 8-4 7-8
139	14301	333	364	395	426	457	489	520	551	582	184	482	505	529	553	576	600	623	647	670	694	4 11-2 10-4
140	613	644	675	706	737	768	799	829	860	891	185	717	741	764	788	811	834	858	881	905	928	5 14-0 13-0
141	922	953	983	014	045	076	106	137	168	198	186	951	975	998	021	045	068	091	114	138	161	6 16-8 15-6
142	15229	259	290	320	351	381	412	442	473	503	187	27184	207	231	254	277	300	323	346	370	393	7 19-6 18-2
143	534	564	594	625	655	685	715	746	776	806	188	416	439	462	485	508	531	554	577	600	623	8 22-4 20-9
144	836	866	897	927	957	987	017	047	077	107	189	646	669	692	715	738	761	784	807	830	852	9 25-2 23-4

TABLE LI.—Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.

No.	Logarithm										No.	Logarithm										Pro. Parts
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
190	27875	898	921	944	967	989	012	035	058	081	235	37107	125	144	162	181	199	218	236	254	273	D. 20 19
191	28103	126	149	171	194	217	240	262	285	307	236	291	310	328	346	365	383	401	420	438	457	1 20 19
192	330	353	375	398	421	443	466	488	511	533	237	475	493	511	530	548	566	585	603	621	639	2 40 38
193	556	578	601	623	646	668	691	713	735	758	238	658	676	694	712	731	749	767	785	803	822	3 60 57
194	780	803	825	847	870	892	914	937	959	981	239	840	858	876	894	912	931	949	967	985	003	4 80 76
195	29003	026	048	070	092	115	137	159	181	203	240	38021	039	057	075	093	112	130	148	166	184	5 100 96
196	226	248	270	292	314	336	358	380	403	425	241	202	220	238	256	274	292	310	328	346	364	6 120 114
197	447	469	491	513	535	557	579	601	623	645	242	382	399	417	435	453	471	489	507	525	543	7 140 133
198	667	688	710	732	754	776	798	820	842	863	243	561	578	596	614	632	650	668	686	703	721	8 160 152
199	885	907	929	951	973	994	016	038	060	081	244	739	757	775	792	810	828	846	863	881	899	9 180 171
200	30103	125	146	168	190	211	233	255	276	298	245	917	934	952	970	987	005	023	041	058	076	D. 18 17
201	320	341	363	384	406	428	449	471	492	514	246	39094	111	129	146	164	182	199	217	235	252	1 18 17
202	535	557	578	600	621	643	664	685	707	728	247	270	287	305	322	340	358	375	393	410	428	2 36 54
203	750	771	792	814	835	856	878	899	920	942	248	445	463	480	498	515	533	550	568	585	602	3 54 51
204	963	984	006	027	048	069	091	112	133	154	249	620	637	655	672	690	707	724	742	759	777	4 72 68
205	31175	197	218	239	260	281	302	323	345	366	250	794	811	829	846	863	881	898	915	933	950	5 90 86
206	387	408	429	450	471	492	513	534	555	576	251	967	985	002	019	037	054	071	088	106	123	6 108 102
207	597	618	639	660	681	702	723	744	765	785	252	40140	157	175	192	209	226	243	261	278	295	7 126 119
208	806	827	848	869	890	911	931	952	973	994	253	312	329	346	364	381	398	415	432	449	466	8 144 136
209	32015	035	056	077	098	118	139	160	181	201	254	483	500	518	535	552	569	586	603	620	637	D. 16 15
210	222	243	263	284	305	325	346	366	387	408	255	654	671	688	705	722	739	756	773	790	807	1 16 15
211	428	449	469	490	510	531	552	572	593	613	256	824	841	858	875	892	909	926	943	960	976	2 32 30
212	634	654	675	695	715	736	756	777	797	818	257	993	010	027	044	061	078	095	111	128	145	3 48 46
213	838	858	879	899	919	940	960	980	001	021	258	41162	179	196	212	229	246	263	280	296	313	4 64 60
214	33041	062	082	102	122	143	163	183	203	224	259	330	347	363	380	397	414	430	447	464	481	5 80 76
215	244	264	284	304	325	345	365	385	405	425	260	497	514	531	547	564	581	597	614	631	647	6 96 90
216	445	465	486	506	526	546	566	586	606	626	261	664	681	697	714	731	747	764	780	797	814	7 112 105
217	646	666	686	706	726	746	766	786	806	826	262	830	847	863	880	896	913	929	946	963	979	8 128 120
218	846	866	885	905	925	945	965	985	005	025	263	996	012	029	045	062	078	095	111	127	144	9 144 136
219	34044	064	084	104	124	143	163	183	203	223	264	42160	177	193	210	226	243	259	275	292	308	1 16 15
220	242	262	282	301	321	341	361	380	400	420	265	325	341	357	374	390	406	423	439	455	472	2 32 30
221	439	459	479	498	518	537	557	577	596	616	266	488	504	521	537	553	570	586	602	619	635	3 48 46
222	635	655	674	694	713	733	753	772	792	811	267	651	667	684	700	716	732	749	765	781	797	4 64 60
223	830	850	869	889	908	928	947	967	986	005	268	813	830	846	862	878	894	911	927	943	959	5 80 76
224	35025	044	064	083	102	122	141	160	180	199	269	975	991	008	024	040	056	072	088	104	120	6 96 90
225	218	238	257	276	295	315	334	353	372	392	270	43136	152	169	185	201	217	233	249	265	281	7 112 105
226	411	430	449	468	488	507	526	545	564	583	271	297	313	329	345	361	377	393	409	425	441	8 128 120
227	603	622	641	660	679	698	717	736	755	774	272	457	473	489	505	521	537	553	569	584	600	9 144 136
228	793	813	832	851	870	889	908	927	946	965	273	616	632	648	664	680	696	712	727	743	759	1 16 15
229	984	003	021	040	059	078	097	116	135	154	274	775	791	807	823	838	854	870	886	902	917	2 32 30
230	36173	192	211	229	248	267	286	305	324	342	275	933	949	965	981	996	012	028	044	059	075	3 48 46
231	361	380	399	418	436	455	474	493	511	530	276	44091	107	122	138	154	170	185	201	217	232	4 64 60
232	549	568	586	605	624	642	661	680	698	717	277	248	264	279	295	311	326	342	358	373	389	5 80 76
233	739	754	773	791	810	829	847	866	884	903	278	404	420	436	451	467	483	498	514	529	545	6 96 90
234	922	940	959	977	996	014	033	051	070	088	279	560	576	592	607	623	638	654	669	685	700	7 112 105
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	

TABLE LI.—Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.

No.	Logarithm										No.	Logarithm										Pro. Parts		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
280	447	16	731	747	762	778	793	809	824	840	855	325	511	88	202	215	228	242	255	268	282	295	308	D. 14 13 1 1'4 1'3 2 2'8 2'6 3 4'2 3'9 4 5'6 5'2 5 7'0 6'5 6 8'4 7'8 7 9'8 9'1 8 11'2 10'4 9 12'6 11'7
281	871	886	902	917	932	948	963	979	994	010	326	322	335	348	362	375	388	402	415	428	441			
282	450	25	040	056	071	086	102	117	133	148	163	327	455	468	481	495	508	521	534	548	561	574		
283	179	194	209	225	240	255	271	286	301	317	328	587	601	614	627	640	654	667	680	693	706			
284	332	347	362	378	393	408	423	439	454	469	329	720	733	746	759	772	786	799	812	825	838			
285	484	500	515	530	545	561	576	591	606	621	330	851	865	878	891	904	917	930	943	957	970			
286	637	652	667	682	697	712	728	743	758	773	331	983	996	009	022	035	048	061	075	088	101			
287	788	803	818	834	849	864	879	894	909	924	332	521	114	127	140	153	166	179	192	205	218	231		
288	939	954	969	984	000	015	030	045	060	075	333	244	257	270	284	297	310	323	336	349	362			
289	460	90	105	120	135	150	165	180	195	210	225	334	375	388	401	414	427	440	453	466	479	492		
290	240	255	270	285	300	315	330	345	359	374	335	504	517	530	543	556	569	582	595	608	621	D. 12 11 1 1'2 1'1 2 2'4 2'2 3 3'6 3'3 4 4'8 4'4 5 6'0 5'5 6 7'2 6'6 7 8'4 7'7 8 9'6 8'8 9 10'8 9'9		
291	389	404	419	434	449	464	479	494	509	523	336	634	647	660	673	686	699	711	724	737	750			
292	538	553	568	583	598	613	627	642	657	672	337	763	776	789	802	815	827	840	853	866	879			
293	687	702	716	731	746	761	776	790	805	820	338	892	905	917	930	943	956	969	982	994	007			
294	835	850	864	879	894	909	923	938	953	967	339	530	20	33	46	58	71	84	97	110	122		135	
295	982	997	012	026	041	056	070	085	100	114	340	148	161	173	186	199	212	224	237	250	263			
296	471	29	144	159	173	188	202	217	232	246	261	341	275	288	301	314	326	339	352	364	377		390	
297	270	290	305	319	334	349	363	378	392	407	342	403	415	428	441	453	466	479	491	504	517			
298	422	436	451	465	480	494	509	524	538	553	343	529	542	555	567	580	593	605	618	631	643			
299	567	582	596	611	625	640	654	669	683	698	344	656	668	681	694	706	719	732	744	757	769			
300	712	727	741	756	770	784	799	813	828	842	345	782	794	807	820	832	845	857	870	882	895			
301	857	871	885	900	914	929	943	958	972	986	346	908	920	933	945	958	970	983	995	008	020			
302	485	01	015	029	044	058	073	087	101	116	130	347	540	33	045	058	070	083	095	108	120	133	145	
303	144	159	173	187	202	216	230	244	259	273	348	158	170	183	195	208	220	233	245	258	270			
304	287	302	316	330	344	359	373	387	401	416	349	283	295	307	320	332	345	357	370	382	394			
305	430	444	458	473	487	501	515	530	544	558	350	407	419	432	444	456	469	481	494	506	518			
306	572	586	601	615	629	643	657	671	686	700	351	531	543	555	568	580	593	605	617	630	642			
307	714	728	742	756	770	785	799	813	827	841	352	654	667	679	691	704	716	728	741	753	765			
308	855	869	883	897	911	926	940	954	968	982	353	777	790	802	814	827	839	851	864	876	888			
309	996	010	024	038	052	066	080	094	108	122	354	900	913	925	937	949	962	974	986	998	011			
310	491	36	150	164	178	192	206	220	234	248	262	355	550	23	035	047	060	072	084	096	108	121	133	
311	276	290	304	318	332	346	360	374	388	402	356	145	157	169	182	194	206	218	230	242	255			
312	415	429	443	457	471	485	499	513	527	541	357	267	279	291	303	315	328	340	352	364	376			
313	554	568	582	596	610	624	638	651	665	679	358	388	400	413	425	437	449	461	473	485	497			
314	693	707	721	734	748	762	776	790	803	817	359	509	522	534	546	558	570	582	594	606	618			
315	831	845	859	872	886	900	914	927	941	955	360	630	642	654	666	678	691	703	715	727	739			
316	969	982	996	010	024	037	051	065	079	092	361	751	763	775	787	799	811	823	835	847	859			
317	501	06	120	133	147	161	174	188	202	215	229	362	871	883	895	907	919	931	943	955	967	979		
318	243	256	270	284	297	311	325	338	352	365	363	991	003	015	027	038	050	062	074	086	098			
319	379	393	406	420	433	447	461	474	488	501	364	561	110	122	134	146	158	170	182	194	205	217		
320	515	529	542	556	569	583	596	610	623	637	365	229	241	253	265	277	289	301	312	324	336			
321	651	664	678	691	705	718	732	745	759	772	366	348	360	372	384	396	407	419	431	443	455			
322	786	799	813	826	840	853	866	880	893	907	367	467	478	490	502	514	526	538	549	561	573			
323	920	934	947	961	974	987	001	014	028	041	368	585	597	608	620	632	644	656	667	679	691			
324	510	55	068	081	095	108	121	135	148	162	175	369	703	714	726	738	750	761	773	785	797	808		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			

TABLE LI.—Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.

No.	Logarithm										No.	Logarithm										Pro. Parts		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
370	568	20	832	844	855	867	879	891	902	914	926	415	618	05	815	826	836	847	857	868	878	888	899	D. 12
371	937	949	961	972	984	996	008	019	031	043	416	909	920	930	941	951	962	972	982	993	003	1	1.2	
372	570	54	066	078	089	101	113	124	136	148	159	417	620	14	024	034	045	055	066	076	086	097	107	2 2.4
373	171	183	194	206	217	229	241	252	264	276	418	118	128	138	149	159	170	180	190	201	211	3	3.6	
374	287	299	310	322	334	345	357	368	380	392	419	221	232	242	252	263	273	284	294	304	315	4	4.8	
375	403	415	426	438	449	461	473	484	496	507	420	325	335	346	356	366	377	387	397	408	418	5	6.0	
376	519	530	542	553	565	576	588	600	611	623	421	428	439	449	459	469	480	490	500	511	521	6	7.2	
377	634	646	657	669	680	692	703	715	726	738	422	531	542	552	562	572	583	593	603	613	624	7	8.4	
378	749	761	772	784	795	807	818	830	841	852	423	634	644	655	665	675	685	696	706	716	726	8	9.6	
379	864	875	887	898	910	921	933	944	955	967	424	737	747	757	767	778	788	798	808	818	829	9	10.8	
380	978	990	001	013	024	035	047	058	070	081	425	839	849	859	870	880	890	900	910	921	931	D. 11		
381	580	92	104	115	127	138	149	161	172	184	426	941	951	961	972	982	992	002	012	022	033	1	1.1	
382	206	218	229	240	252	263	274	286	297	309	427	630	443	053	063	073	083	094	104	114	124	2	2.2	
383	320	331	343	354	365	377	388	399	410	422	428	144	155	165	175	185	195	205	215	225	236	3	3.3	
384	433	444	456	467	478	490	501	512	524	535	429	246	256	266	276	286	296	306	317	327	337	4	4.4	
385	546	557	569	580	591	602	614	625	636	647	430	347	357	367	377	387	397	407	417	428	438	5	5.5	
386	659	670	681	692	704	715	726	737	749	760	431	448	458	468	478	488	498	508	518	528	538	6	6.6	
387	771	782	794	805	816	827	838	850	861	872	432	548	558	568	579	589	599	609	619	629	639	7	7.7	
388	883	894	906	917	928	939	950	961	973	984	433	649	659	669	679	689	699	709	719	729	739	8	8.8	
389	995	006	017	028	040	051	062	073	084	095	434	749	759	769	779	789	799	809	819	829	839	9	9.9	
390	591	06	118	129	140	151	162	173	184	195	435	849	859	869	879	889	899	909	919	929	939	D. 10		
391	218	229	240	251	262	273	284	295	306	318	436	949	959	969	979	988	998	008	018	028	038	1	1.0	
392	329	340	351	362	373	384	395	406	417	428	437	640	448	058	068	078	088	098	108	118	128	2	2.0	
393	439	450	461	472	483	494	506	517	528	539	438	147	157	167	177	187	197	207	217	227	237	3	3.0	
394	550	561	572	583	594	605	616	627	638	649	439	246	256	266	276	286	296	306	316	326	335	4	4.0	
395	660	671	682	693	704	715	726	737	748	759	440	345	355	365	375	385	395	404	414	424	434	5	5.0	
396	770	780	791	802	813	824	835	846	857	868	441	444	454	464	473	483	493	503	513	523	532	6	6.0	
397	879	890	901	912	923	934	945	956	966	977	442	542	552	562	572	582	591	601	611	621	631	7	7.0	
398	988	999	010	021	032	043	054	065	076	086	443	640	650	660	670	680	689	699	709	719	729	8	8.0	
399	600	97	108	119	130	141	152	163	173	184	444	738	748	758	768	777	787	797	807	816	826	9	9.0	
400	206	217	228	239	249	260	271	282	293	304	445	836	846	856	865	875	885	895	904	914	924	D. 9		
401	314	325	336	347	358	369	379	390	401	412	446	933	943	953	963	972	982	992	002	011	021	1	1.0	
402	423	433	444	455	466	477	487	498	509	520	447	650	31	040	050	060	070	079	089	099	108	2	2.0	
403	531	541	552	563	574	584	595	606	617	627	448	128	137	147	157	167	176	186	196	205	215	3	3.0	
404	638	649	660	670	681	692	703	713	724	735	449	225	234	244	254	263	273	283	292	302	312	4	4.0	
405	746	756	767	778	788	799	810	821	831	842	450	321	331	341	350	360	369	379	389	398	408	5	5.0	
406	853	863	874	885	895	906	917	927	938	949	451	418	427	437	447	456	466	475	485	495	504	6	6.0	
407	959	970	981	991	002	013	023	034	045	055	452	514	523	533	543	552	562	571	581	591	600	7	7.0	
408	610	06	077	087	098	109	119	130	140	151	453	610	619	629	639	648	658	667	677	686	696	8	8.0	
409	172	183	194	204	215	225	236	247	257	268	454	706	715	725	734	744	753	763	772	782	792	9	9.0	
410	278	289	300	310	321	331	342	352	363	374	455	801	811	820	830	839	849	858	868	877	887	D. 9		
411	384	395	405	416	426	437	448	458	469	479	456	896	906	916	925	935	944	954	963	973	982	1	1.0	
412	490	500	511	521	532	542	553	563	574	584	457	992	001	011	020	030	039	049	058	068	077	2	2.0	
413	595	606	616	627	637	648	658	669	679	690	458	660	87	096	106	115	124	134	143	153	162	3	3.0	
414	700	711	721	731	742	752	763	773	784	794	459	181	191	200	210	219	229	238	247	257	266	4	4.0	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			

TABLE LI.—Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.

No.	Logarithm										No.	Logarithm										Pro. Parts		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
460	662	76	285	295	304	314	323	332	342	351	361	505	703	29	338	346	355	364	372	381	389	398	406	D. 10
461	370	380	389	398	408	417	427	436	445	455	506	415	424	432	441	449	458	467	475	484	492	1 1.0		
462	464	474	483	492	502	511	521	530	539	549	507	501	509	518	526	535	544	552	561	569	578	2 2.0		
463	558	567	577	586	596	605	614	624	633	642	508	586	595	603	612	621	629	638	646	655	663	3 3.0		
464	652	661	671	680	689	699	708	717	727	736	509	672	680	689	697	706	714	723	731	740	749	4 4.0		
465	745	755	764	773	783	792	801	811	820	829	510	757	766	774	783	791	800	808	817	825	834	5 5.0		
466	839	848	857	867	876	885	894	904	913	922	511	842	851	859	868	876	885	893	902	910	919	6 6.0		
467	932	941	950	960	969	978	987	997	006	015	512	927	935	944	952	961	969	978	986	995	003	7 7.0		
468	670	25	034	043	052	062	071	080	089	099	108	513	710	12	020	029	037	046	054	063	071	079	088	8 8.0
469	117	127	136	145	154	164	173	182	191	201	514	096	105	113	122	130	139	147	155	164	172	9 9.0		
470	210	219	228	237	247	256	265	274	284	293	515	181	189	198	206	214	223	231	240	248	257	D. 9		
471	302	311	321	330	339	348	357	367	376	385	516	265	273	282	290	299	307	315	324	332	341	1 0.9		
472	394	403	413	422	431	440	449	459	468	477	517	349	357	366	374	383	391	399	408	416	425	2 1.8		
473	486	495	504	514	523	532	541	550	560	569	518	433	441	450	458	466	475	483	492	500	508	3 2.7		
474	578	587	596	605	614	624	633	642	651	660	519	517	525	533	542	550	559	567	575	584	592	4 3.6		
475	669	679	688	697	706	715	724	733	742	752	520	600	609	617	625	634	642	650	659	667	675	5 4.5		
476	761	770	779	788	797	806	815	825	834	843	521	684	692	700	709	717	725	734	742	750	759	6 5.4		
477	852	861	870	879	888	897	906	916	925	934	522	767	775	784	792	800	809	817	825	834	842	7 6.3		
478	943	952	961	970	979	988	997	006	015	024	523	850	858	867	875	883	892	900	908	917	925	8 7.2		
479	680	34	043	052	061	070	079	088	097	106	115	524	933	941	950	958	966	975	983	991	999	008	D. 8	
480	124	133	142	151	160	169	178	187	196	205	525	720	16	024	032	041	049	057	066	074	082	090	1 0.8	
481	215	224	233	242	251	260	269	278	287	296	526	099	107	115	123	132	140	148	156	165	173	2 1.6		
482	305	314	323	332	341	350	359	368	377	386	527	181	189	198	206	214	222	230	239	247	255	3 2.4		
483	395	404	413	422	431	440	449	458	467	476	528	263	272	280	288	296	304	313	321	329	337	4 3.2		
484	485	494	502	511	520	529	538	547	556	565	529	346	354	362	370	378	387	395	403	411	419	5 4.0		
485	574	583	592	601	610	619	628	637	646	655	530	428	436	444	452	460	469	477	485	493	501	6 4.8		
486	664	673	681	690	699	708	717	726	735	744	531	509	518	526	534	542	550	558	567	575	583	7 5.6		
487	753	762	771	780	789	797	806	815	824	833	532	591	599	607	616	624	632	640	648	656	665	8 6.4		
488	842	851	860	869	878	886	895	904	913	922	533	673	681	689	697	705	713	722	730	738	746	9 7.2		
489	931	940	949	958	966	975	984	993	002	011	534	754	762	770	779	787	795	803	811	819	827	D. 7		
490	690	20	028	037	046	055	064	073	082	090	099	535	835	843	852	860	868	876	884	892	900	908	1 0.7	
491	108	117	126	135	144	152	161	170	179	188	536	916	925	933	941	949	957	965	973	981	989	2 1.4		
492	197	205	214	223	232	241	249	258	267	276	537	997	006	014	022	030	038	046	054	062	070	3 2.1		
493	285	294	302	311	320	329	338	346	355	364	538	730	78	086	094	102	111	119	127	135	143	151	4 2.8	
494	373	381	390	399	408	417	425	434	443	452	539	159	167	175	183	191	199	207	215	223	231	5 3.5		
495	461	469	478	487	496	504	513	522	531	539	540	239	247	255	263	272	280	288	296	304	312	6 4.2		
496	548	557	566	574	583	592	601	609	618	627	541	320	328	336	344	352	360	368	376	384	392	7 4.9		
497	636	644	653	662	671	679	688	697	705	714	542	400	408	416	424	432	440	448	456	464	472	8 5.6		
498	723	732	740	749	758	767	775	784	793	801	543	480	488	496	504	512	520	528	536	544	552	9 6.3		
499	810	819	827	836	845	854	862	871	880	888	544	560	568	576	584	592	600	608	616	624	632			
500	897	906	914	923	932	940	949	958	966	975	545	640	648	656	664	672	679	687	695	703	711			
501	984	992	001	010	018	027	036	044	053	062	546	719	727	735	743	751	759	767	775	783	791			
502	700	70	079	088	096	105	114	122	131	140	148	547	799	807	815	823	830	838	846	854	862	870		
503	157	165	174	183	191	200	209	217	226	234	548	878	886	894	902	910	918	926	933	941	949			
504	243	252	260	269	278	286	295	303	312	321	549	957	965	973	981	989	997	005	013	020	028			
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			

TABLE LI.—Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.

No.	Logarithm										No.	Logarithm										Pro. Parts		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
550	740	36	044	052	060	068	076	084	092	099	107	595	774	52	459	466	474	481	488	495	503	510	517	D. 8
551	115	123	131	139	147	155	162	170	178	186	596	525	532	539	546	554	561	568	576	583	590	1 0.8		
552	194	202	210	218	225	233	241	249	257	265	597	597	605	612	619	627	634	641	648	656	663	2 1.6		
553	273	280	288	296	304	312	320	327	335	343	598	670	677	685	692	699	706	714	721	728	735	3 2.4		
554	351	359	367	374	382	390	398	406	414	421	599	743	750	757	764	772	779	786	793	801	808	4 3.2		
555	429	437	445	453	461	468	476	484	492	500	600	815	822	830	837	844	851	859	866	873	880	5 4.0		
556	507	515	523	531	539	547	554	562	570	578	601	887	895	902	909	916	924	931	938	945	952	6 4.8		
557	586	593	601	609	617	624	632	640	648	656	602	960	967	974	981	988	996	003	010	017	025	7 5.6		
558	663	671	679	687	695	702	710	718	726	733	603	780	32	039	046	053	061	068	075	082	089	097	8 6.4	
559	741	749	757	764	772	780	788	796	803	811	604	104	111	118	125	132	140	147	154	161	168	9 7.2		
560	819	827	834	842	850	858	865	873	881	889	605	176	183	190	197	204	211	219	226	233	240	D. 7		
561	896	904	912	920	927	935	943	950	958	966	606	247	254	262	269	276	283	290	297	305	312	1 0.7		
562	974	981	989	997	005	012	020	028	035	043	607	319	326	333	340	347	355	362	369	376	383	2 1.4		
563	750	51	059	066	074	082	089	097	105	113	120	608	390	398	405	412	419	426	433	440	447	455	3 2.1	
564	128	136	143	151	159	166	174	182	189	197	609	462	469	476	483	490	497	504	512	519	526	4 2.8		
565	205	213	220	228	236	243	251	259	266	274	610	533	540	547	554	561	569	576	583	590	597	5 3.5		
566	282	289	297	305	312	320	328	335	343	351	611	604	611	618	625	633	640	647	654	661	668	6 4.2		
567	358	366	374	381	389	397	404	412	420	427	612	675	682	689	696	704	711	718	725	732	739	7 4.9		
568	435	442	450	458	465	473	481	488	496	504	613	746	753	760	767	774	781	789	796	803	810	8 5.6		
569	511	519	526	534	542	549	557	565	572	580	614	817	824	831	838	845	852	859	866	873	880	9 6.3		
570	587	595	603	610	618	626	633	641	648	656	615	888	895	902	909	916	923	930	937	944	951	D. 6		
571	664	671	679	686	694	702	709	717	724	732	616	958	965	972	979	986	993	000	007	014	021	1 0.6		
572	740	747	755	762	770	778	785	793	800	808	617	790	29	036	043	050	057	064	071	078	085	092	2 1.2	
573	815	823	831	838	846	853	861	868	876	884	618	099	106	113	120	127	134	141	148	155	162	3 1.8		
574	891	899	906	914	921	929	937	944	952	959	619	169	176	183	190	197	204	211	218	225	232	4 2.4		
575	967	974	982	989	997	005	012	020	027	035	620	239	246	253	260	267	274	281	288	295	302	5 3.0		
576	760	42	050	057	065	072	080	087	095	103	110	621	309	316	323	330	337	344	351	358	365	372	6 3.6	
577	118	125	133	140	148	155	163	170	178	185	622	379	386	393	400	407	414	421	428	435	442	7 4.2		
578	193	200	208	215	223	230	238	245	253	260	623	449	456	463	470	477	484	491	498	505	511	8 4.8		
579	268	275	283	290	298	305	313	320	328	335	624	518	525	532	539	546	553	560	567	574	581	9 5.4		
580	343	350	358	365	373	380	388	395	403	410	625	588	595	602	609	616	623	630	637	644	650			
581	418	425	433	440	448	455	462	470	477	485	626	657	664	671	678	685	692	699	706	713	720			
582	492	500	507	515	522	530	537	545	552	559	627	727	734	741	748	754	761	768	775	782	789			
583	567	574	582	589	597	604	612	619	626	634	628	796	803	810	817	824	831	837	844	851	858			
584	641	649	656	664	671	678	686	693	701	708	629	865	872	879	886	893	900	906	913	920	927			
585	716	723	730	738	745	753	760	768	775	782	630	934	941	948	955	962	969	975	982	989	996			
586	790	797	805	812	819	827	834	842	849	856	631	800	03	010	017	024	030	037	044	051	058	065		
587	864	871	879	886	893	901	908	916	923	930	632	072	079	085	092	099	106	113	120	127	134			
588	938	945	953	960	967	975	982	989	997	004	633	140	147	154	161	168	175	182	188	195	202			
589	770	12	019	026	034	041	048	056	063	070	078	634	209	216	223	229	236	243	250	257	264	271		
590	085	093	100	107	115	122	129	137	144	151	635	277	284	291	298	305	312	318	325	332	339			
591	159	166	173	181	188	195	203	210	217	225	636	346	353	359	366	373	380	387	393	400	407			
592	232	240	247	254	262	269	276	283	291	298	637	414	421	428	434	441	448	455	462	468	475			
593	305	313	320	327	335	342	349	357	364	371	638	482	489	496	502	509	516	523	530	536	543			
594	379	386	393	401	408	415	422	430	437	444	639	550	557	564	570	577	584	591	598	604	611			
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			

TABLE LI.—Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.

No.	Logarithm										No.	Logarithm										Pro. Parts		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
640	806	186	625	632	638	645	652	659	665	672	679	685	835	659	575	582	588	594	601	607	613	620	626	D. 7 1 0.7 2 1.4 3 2.1 4 2.8 5 3.5 6 4.2 7 4.9 8 5.6 9 6.3
641	686	693	699	706	713	720	726	733	740	747	686	632	639	645	651	658	664	670	677	683	689			
642	754	760	767	774	781	787	794	801	808	814	687	696	702	708	715	721	727	734	740	746	753			
643	821	828	835	841	848	855	862	868	875	882	688	759	765	771	778	784	790	797	803	809	816			
644	889	895	902	909	916	922	929	936	943	949	689	822	828	835	841	847	853	860	866	872	879			
645	956	963	969	976	983	990	996	003	010	017	690	885	891	897	904	910	916	923	929	935	942			
646	810	23	030	037	043	050	057	064	070	077	084	691	948	954	960	967	973	979	985	992	998	004		
647	090	097	104	111	117	124	131	137	144	151	692	840	11	017	023	029	036	042	048	055	061	067		
648	158	164	171	178	184	191	198	204	211	218	693	073	080	086	092	098	105	111	117	123	130			
649	224	231	238	245	251	258	265	271	278	285	694	136	142	148	155	161	167	173	180	186	192			
650	291	298	305	311	318	325	331	338	345	351	695	198	205	211	217	223	230	236	242	248	255	D. 6 1 0.6 2 1.2 3 1.8 4 2.4 5 3.0 6 3.6 7 4.2 8 4.8 9 5.4		
651	358	365	371	378	385	391	398	405	411	418	696	261	267	273	280	286	292	298	305	311	317			
652	425	431	438	445	451	458	465	471	478	485	697	323	330	336	342	348	354	361	367	373	379			
653	491	498	505	511	518	525	531	538	544	551	698	386	392	398	404	410	417	423	429	435	442			
654	558	564	571	578	584	591	598	604	611	617	699	448	454	460	466	473	479	485	491	497	504			
655	624	631	637	644	651	657	664	671	677	684	700	510	516	522	528	535	541	547	553	559	566			
656	690	697	704	710	717	723	730	737	743	750	701	572	578	584	590	597	603	609	615	621	628			
657	757	763	770	776	783	790	796	803	809	816	702	634	640	646	652	658	665	671	677	683	689			
658	823	829	836	842	849	856	862	869	875	882	703	696	702	708	714	720	726	733	739	745	751			
659	889	895	902	908	915	921	928	935	941	948	704	757	763	770	776	782	788	794	800	807	813			
660	954	961	968	974	981	987	994	000	007	014	705	819	825	831	837	844	850	856	862	868	874	D. 5 1 0.5 2 1.0 3 1.5 4 2.0 5 2.5 6 3.0 7 3.5 8 4.0 9 4.5		
661	820	20	027	033	040	046	053	060	066	073	079	706	880	887	893	899	905	911	917	924	930		936	
662	086	092	099	105	112	119	125	132	138	145	707	942	948	954	960	967	973	979	985	991	997			
663	151	158	164	171	178	184	191	197	204	210	708	850	03	009	016	022	028	034	040	046	052		058	
664	217	223	230	236	243	249	256	263	269	276	709	065	071	077	083	089	095	101	107	114	120			
665	282	289	295	302	308	315	321	328	334	341	710	126	132	138	144	150	156	163	169	175	181			
666	347	354	360	367	373	380	387	393	400	406	711	187	193	199	205	211	217	224	230	236	242			
667	413	419	426	432	439	445	452	458	465	471	712	248	254	260	266	272	278	285	291	297	303			
668	478	484	491	497	504	510	517	523	530	536	713	309	315	321	327	333	339	345	352	358	364			
669	543	549	556	562	569	575	582	588	595	601	714	370	376	382	388	394	400	406	412	418	425			
670	607	614	620	627	633	640	646	653	659	666	715	431	437	443	449	455	461	467	473	479	485			
671	672	679	685	692	698	705	711	718	724	730	716	491	497	503	509	516	522	528	534	540	546			
672	737	743	750	756	763	769	776	782	789	795	717	552	558	564	570	576	582	588	594	600	606			
673	802	808	814	821	827	834	840	847	853	860	718	612	618	625	631	637	643	649	655	661	667			
674	866	872	879	885	892	898	905	911	918	924	719	673	679	685	691	697	703	709	715	721	727			
675	930	937	943	950	956	963	969	975	982	988	720	733	739	745	751	757	763	769	775	781	788			
676	995	001	008	014	020	027	033	040	046	052	721	794	800	806	812	818	824	830	836	842	848			
677	830	59	065	072	078	085	091	097	104	110	117	722	854	860	866	872	878	884	890	896	902	908		
678	123	129	136	142	149	155	161	168	174	181	723	914	920	926	932	938	944	950	956	962	968			
679	187	193	200	206	213	219	225	232	238	245	724	974	980	986	992	998	004	010	016	022	028			
680	251	257	264	270	276	283	289	296	302	308	725	860	34	040	046	052	058	064	070	076	082	088		
681	315	321	327	334	340	347	353	359	366	372	726	094	100	106	112	118	124	130	136	141	147			
682	378	385	391	398	404	410	417	423	429	436	727	153	159	165	171	177	183	189	195	201	207			
683	442	448	455	461	467	474	480	487	493	499	728	213	219	225	231	237	243	249	255	261	267			
684	506	512	518	525	531	537	544	550	556	563	729	273	279	285	291	297	303	308	314	320	326			
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			

TABLE LI.—Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.

No.	Logarithm										No.	Logarithm										Pro. Parts
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
730	86332	338	344	350	356	362	368	374	380	386	775	88930	936	941	947	953	958	964	969	975	981	D. 6
731	392	398	404	410	415	421	427	433	439	445	776	986	992	997	003	009	014	020	025	031	037	1 0.6
732	451	457	463	469	475	481	487	493	499	504	777	89042	048	053	059	064	070	076	081	087	092	2 1.2
733	510	516	522	528	534	540	546	552	558	564	778	098	104	109	115	120	126	131	137	143	148	3 1.8
734	570	576	581	587	593	599	605	611	617	623	779	154	159	165	170	176	182	187	193	198	204	4 2.4
735	629	635	641	646	652	658	664	670	676	682	780	209	215	221	226	232	237	243	248	254	260	5 3.0
736	688	694	700	705	711	717	723	729	735	741	781	265	271	276	282	287	293	298	304	310	315	6 3.6
737	747	753	759	764	770	776	782	788	794	800	782	321	326	332	337	343	348	354	360	365	371	7 4.2
738	806	812	817	823	829	835	841	847	853	859	783	376	382	387	393	398	404	409	415	421	426	8 4.8
739	864	870	876	882	888	894	900	906	911	917	784	432	437	443	448	454	459	465	470	476	481	9 5.4
740	923	929	935	941	947	953	958	964	970	976	785	487	492	498	504	509	515	520	526	531	537	D. 5
741	982	988	994	999	005	011	017	023	029	035	786	542	548	553	559	564	570	575	581	586	592	1 0.5
742	97040	046	052	058	064	070	075	081	087	093	787	597	603	609	614	620	625	631	636	642	647	2 1.0
743	099	105	111	116	122	128	134	140	146	151	788	653	658	664	669	675	680	686	691	697	702	3 1.5
744	157	163	169	175	181	186	192	198	204	210	789	708	713	719	724	730	735	741	746	752	757	4 2.0
745	216	221	227	233	239	245	251	256	262	268	790	763	768	774	779	785	790	796	801	807	812	5 2.5
746	274	280	286	291	297	303	309	315	320	326	791	818	823	829	834	840	845	851	856	862	867	6 3.0
747	332	338	344	349	355	361	367	373	379	384	792	873	878	883	889	894	900	905	911	916	922	7 3.5
748	390	396	402	408	413	419	425	431	437	442	793	927	933	938	944	949	955	960	966	971	977	8 4.0
749	448	454	460	466	471	477	483	489	495	500	794	982	988	993	998	004	009	015	020	026	031	9 4.5
750	506	512	518	523	529	535	541	547	552	558	795	90037	042	048	053	059	064	069	075	080	086	
751	564	570	576	581	587	593	599	604	610	616	796	091	097	102	108	113	119	124	129	135	140	
752	622	628	633	639	645	651	656	662	668	674	797	146	151	157	162	168	173	179	184	189	195	
753	679	685	691	697	703	708	714	720	726	731	798	200	206	211	217	222	227	233	238	244	249	
754	737	743	749	754	760	766	772	777	783	789	799	255	260	266	271	276	282	287	293	298	304	
755	795	800	806	812	818	823	829	835	841	846	800	309	314	320	325	331	336	342	347	352	358	
756	852	858	864	869	875	881	887	892	898	904	801	363	369	374	380	385	390	396	401	407	412	
757	910	915	921	927	933	938	944	950	955	961	802	417	423	428	434	439	445	450	455	461	466	
758	967	973	978	984	990	996	001	007	013	018	803	472	477	482	488	493	499	504	509	515	520	
759	88024	030	036	041	047	053	058	064	070	076	804	526	531	536	542	547	553	558	563	569	574	
760	081	087	093	098	104	110	116	121	127	133	805	580	585	590	596	601	607	612	617	623	628	
761	138	144	150	156	161	167	173	178	184	190	806	634	639	644	650	655	660	666	671	677	682	
762	195	201	207	213	218	224	230	235	241	247	807	687	693	698	703	709	714	720	725	730	736	
763	252	258	264	270	275	281	287	292	298	304	808	741	747	752	757	763	768	773	779	784	789	
764	309	315	321	326	332	338	343	349	355	360	809	795	800	806	811	816	822	827	832	838	843	
765	366	372	377	383	389	395	400	406	412	417	810	849	854	859	865	870	875	881	886	891	897	
766	423	429	434	440	446	451	457	463	468	474	811	902	907	913	918	924	929	934	940	945	950	
767	480	485	491	497	502	508	513	519	525	530	812	956	961	966	972	977	982	988	993	998	004	
768	536	542	547	553	559	564	570	576	581	587	813	91009	014	020	025	030	036	041	046	052	057	
769	593	598	604	610	615	621	627	632	638	643	814	062	068	073	078	084	089	094	100	105	110	
770	649	655	660	666	672	677	683	689	694	700	815	116	121	126	132	137	142	148	153	158	164	
771	705	711	717	722	728	734	739	745	750	756	816	169	174	180	185	190	196	201	206	212	217	
772	762	767	773	779	784	790	795	801	807	812	817	222	228	233	238	243	249	254	259	265	270	
773	818	824	829	835	840	846	852	857	863	868	818	275	281	286	291	297	302	307	312	318	323	
774	874	880	885	891	897	902	908	913	919	925	819	328	334	339	344	350	355	360	365	371	376	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	

TABLE LI.—Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.

No.	Logarithm										No.	Logarithm										Pro. Parts
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
820	91381	387	392	397	403	408	413	418	424	429	865	93702	707	712	717	722	727	732	737	742	747	D. 6 1 0.6 2 1.2 3 1.8 4 2.4 5 3.0 6 3.6 7 4.2 8 4.8 9 5.4
821	434	440	445	450	455	461	466	471	477	482	866	752	757	762	767	772	777	782	787	792	797	
822	487	492	498	503	508	514	519	524	529	535	867	802	807	812	817	822	827	832	837	842	847	
823	540	545	551	556	561	566	572	577	582	587	868	852	857	862	867	872	877	882	887	892	897	
824	593	598	603	609	614	619	624	630	635	640	869	902	907	912	917	922	927	932	937	942	947	
825	645	651	656	661	666	672	677	682	687	693	870	952	957	962	967	972	977	982	987	992	997	
826	698	703	709	714	719	724	730	735	740	745	871	94002	007	012	017	022	027	032	037	042	047	
827	751	756	761	766	772	777	782	787	793	798	872	052	057	062	067	072	077	082	086	091	096	
828	803	808	814	819	824	829	834	840	845	850	873	101	106	111	116	121	126	131	136	141	146	
829	855	861	866	871	876	882	887	892	897	903	874	151	156	161	166	171	176	181	186	191	196	
830	908	913	918	924	929	934	939	944	950	955	875	201	206	211	216	221	226	231	236	240	245	D. 5 1 0.6 2 1.0 3 1.6 4 2.0 5 2.5 6 3.0 7 3.5 8 4.0 9 4.5
831	960	965	971	976	981	986	991	997	002	007	876	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	
832	92012	018	023	028	033	038	044	049	054	059	877	300	305	310	315	320	325	330	335	340	345	
833	065	070	075	080	085	091	096	101	106	111	878	349	354	359	364	369	374	379	384	389	394	
834	117	122	127	132	137	143	148	153	158	163	879	399	404	409	414	419	424	429	433	438	443	
835	169	174	179	184	189	195	200	205	210	215	880	448	453	458	463	468	473	478	483	488	493	
836	221	226	231	236	241	247	252	257	262	267	881	498	503	507	512	517	522	527	532	537	542	
837	273	278	283	288	293	298	304	309	314	319	882	547	552	557	562	567	571	576	581	586	591	
838	324	330	335	340	345	350	355	361	366	371	883	596	601	606	611	616	621	626	630	635	640	
839	376	381	387	392	397	402	407	412	418	423	884	645	650	655	660	665	670	675	680	685	689	
840	428	433	438	443	449	454	459	464	469	474	885	694	699	704	709	714	719	724	729	734	738	D. 4 1 0.4 2 0.8 3 1.2 4 1.6 5 2.0 6 2.4 7 2.8 8 3.2 9 3.6
841	480	485	490	495	500	505	511	516	521	526	886	743	748	753	758	763	768	773	778	783	787	
842	531	536	542	547	552	557	562	567	572	578	887	792	797	802	807	812	817	822	827	832	836	
843	583	588	593	598	603	609	614	619	624	629	888	841	846	851	856	861	866	871	876	880	885	
844	634	639	645	650	655	660	665	670	675	681	889	890	895	900	905	910	915	919	924	929	934	
845	686	691	696	701	706	711	716	722	727	732	890	939	944	949	954	959	963	968	973	978	983	
846	737	742	747	752	758	763	768	773	778	783	891	988	993	998	002	007	012	017	022	027	032	
847	788	793	799	804	809	814	819	824	829	834	892	95036	041	046	051	056	061	066	071	075	080	
848	840	845	850	855	860	865	870	875	881	886	893	085	090	095	100	105	109	114	119	124	129	
849	891	896	901	906	911	916	921	927	932	937	894	134	139	143	148	153	158	163	168	173	177	
850	942	947	952	957	962	967	973	978	983	988	895	182	187	192	197	202	207	211	216	221	226	
851	993	998	003	008	013	018	024	029	034	039	896	231	236	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	274	
852	93044	049	054	059	064	069	075	080	085	090	897	279	284	289	294	299	303	308	313	318	323	
853	095	100	105	110	115	120	125	131	136	141	898	328	332	337	342	347	352	357	361	366	371	
854	146	151	156	161	166	171	176	181	186	192	899	376	381	386	390	395	400	405	410	415	419	
855	197	202	207	212	217	222	227	232	237	242	900	424	429	434	439	444	448	453	458	463	468	
856	247	252	258	263	268	273	278	283	288	293	901	472	477	482	487	492	497	501	506	511	516	
857	298	303	308	313	318	323	328	334	339	344	902	521	525	530	535	540	545	550	554	559	564	
858	349	354	359	364	369	374	379	384	389	394	903	569	574	578	583	588	593	598	602	607	612	
859	399	404	409	414	420	425	430	435	440	445	904	617	622	626	631	636	641	646	650	655	660	
860	450	455	460	465	470	475	480	485	490	495	905	665	670	674	679	684	689	694	698	703	708	
861	500	505	510	515	520	526	531	536	541	546	906	713	718	722	727	732	737	742	746	751	756	
862	551	556	561	566	571	576	581	586	591	596	907	761	766	770	775	780	785	789	794	799	804	
863	601	606	611	616	621	626	631	636	641	646	908	809	813	818	823	828	832	837	842	847	852	
864	651	656	661	666	671	676	682	687	692	697	909	856	861	866	871	875	880	885	890	895	899	

TABLE LI.—Common Logarithms to 5 places of Decimals.

No.	Logarithm										No.	Logarithm										Pro. Parts		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
910 ^p	959	04	909	914	918	923	928	933	938	942	947	955	980	00	005	009	014	019	023	028	032	037	041	D. 5
911	952	957	961	966	971	976	980	985	990	995		956	046	050	055	059	064	068	073	078	082	087		1 0.5
912	999	004	009	014	019	023	028	033	038	042		957	091	096	100	105	109	114	118	123	127	132		2 1.0
913	960	47	052	057	061	066	071	076	080	085	090	958	137	141	146	150	155	159	164	168	173	177	3 1.5	
914	095	099	104	109	114	118	123	128	133	137		959	182	186	191	195	200	204	209	214	218	223		4 2.0
915	142	147	152	156	161	166	171	175	180	185		960	227	232	236	241	245	250	254	259	263	268		5 2.5
916	190	194	199	204	209	213	218	223	227	232		961	272	277	281	286	290	295	299	304	308	313		6 3.0
917	237	242	246	251	256	261	265	270	275	280		962	318	322	327	331	336	340	345	349	354	358		7 3.5
918	284	289	294	298	303	308	313	317	322	327		963	363	367	372	376	381	385	390	394	399	403		8 4.0
919	332	336	341	346	350	355	360	365	369	374		964	408	412	417	421	426	430	435	439	444	448		9 4.5
920	379	384	388	393	398	402	407	412	417	421		965	453	457	462	466	471	475	480	484	489	493		D. 4
921	426	431	435	440	445	450	454	459	464	468		966	498	502	507	511	516	520	525	529	534	538		1 0.4
922	473	478	483	487	492	497	501	506	511	515		967	543	547	552	556	561	565	570	574	579	583		2 0.8
923	520	525	530	534	539	544	548	553	558	562		968	588	592	597	601	605	610	614	619	623	628		3 1.2
924	567	572	577	581	586	591	595	600	605	609		969	632	637	641	646	650	655	659	664	668	673		4 1.6
925	614	619	624	628	633	638	642	647	652	656		970	677	682	686	691	695	700	704	709	713	717		5 2.0
926	661	666	670	675	680	685	689	694	699	703		971	722	726	731	735	740	744	749	753	758	762		6 2.4
927	708	713	717	722	727	731	736	741	745	750		972	767	771	776	780	784	789	793	798	802	807		7 2.8
928	755	759	764	769	774	778	783	788	792	797		973	811	816	820	825	829	834	838	843	847	851		8 3.2
929	802	806	811	816	820	825	830	834	839	844		974	856	860	865	869	874	878	883	887	892	896		9 3.6
930	848	853	858	862	867	872	876	881	886	890		975	900	905	909	914	918	923	927	932	936	941		
931	895	900	904	909	914	918	923	928	932	937		976	945	949	954	958	963	967	972	976	981	985		
932	942	946	951	956	960	965	970	974	979	984		977	989	994	998	003	007	012	016	021	025	029		
933	988	993	997	002	007	011	016	021	025	030		978	990	34	038	043	047	052	056	061	065	069	074	
934	970	35	039	044	049	053	058	063	067	072	077	979	078	083	087	092	096	100	105	109	114	118		
935	081	086	090	095	100	104	109	114	118	123		980	123	127	131	136	140	145	149	154	158	162		
936	128	132	137	142	146	151	155	160	165	169		981	167	171	176	180	185	189	193	198	202	207		
937	174	179	183	188	192	197	202	206	211	216		982	211	216	220	224	229	233	238	242	247	251		
938	220	225	230	234	239	243	248	253	257	262		983	255	260	264	269	273	277	282	286	291	295		
939	267	271	276	280	285	290	294	299	304	308		984	300	304	308	313	317	322	326	330	335	339		
940	313	317	322	327	331	336	340	345	350	354		985	344	348	352	357	361	366	370	374	379	383		
941	359	364	368	373	377	382	387	391	396	400		986	388	392	396	401	405	410	414	419	423	427		
942	405	410	414	419	424	428	433	437	442	447		987	432	436	441	445	449	454	458	463	467	471		
943	451	456	460	465	470	474	479	483	488	493		988	476	480	484	489	493	498	502	506	511	515		
944	497	502	506	511	516	520	525	529	534	539		989	520	524	528	533	537	542	546	550	555	559		
945	543	548	552	557	562	566	571	575	580	585		990	564	568	572	577	581	585	590	594	599	603		
946	589	594	598	603	607	612	617	621	626	630		991	607	612	616	621	625	629	634	638	642	647		
947	635	640	644	649	653	658	663	667	672	676		992	651	656	660	664	669	673	677	682	686	691		
948	681	685	690	695	699	704	708	713	717	722		993	695	699	704	708	712	717	721	726	730	734		
949	727	731	736	740	745	749	754	759	763	768		994	739	743	747	752	756	760	765	769	774	778		
950	772	777	782	786	791	795	800	804	809	813		995	782	787	791	795	800	804	808	813	817	822		
951	818	823	827	832	836	841	845	850	855	859		996	826	830	835	839	843	848	852	856	861	865		
952	864	868	873	877	882	886	891	896	900	905		997	870	874	878	883	887	891	896	900	904	909		
953	909	914	918	923	928	932	937	941	946	950		998	913	917	922	926	930	935	939	944	948	952		
954	955	959	964	968	973	978	982	987	991	996		999	957	961	965	970	974	978	983	987	991	996		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		

TABLE LII.—Logarithmic Sines and Cosines to 5 places of Decimals.

0°			1°		2°		3°		4°		
	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	
0	Inf. neg.	10.00000	8.24186	9.99993	8.54282	9.99974	8.71880	9.99940	8.84358	9.99894	60
1	6.46373	0	24903	93	54642	73	72120	40	84539	93	59
2	76476	0	25009	93	54999	73	72359	39	84718	92	58
3	94085	0	26304	93	55354	72	72597	38	84897	91	57
4	7.06579	0	26988	92	55705	72	72834	38	85075	91	56
5	16270	0	27661	92	56054	71	73069	37	85252	90	55
6	24188	0	28324	92	56400	71	73303	36	85429	89	54
7	30882	0	28977	92	56743	70	73535	36	85605	88	53
8	36682	0	29621	92	57084	70	73767	35	85780	87	52
9	41797	0	30255	91	57421	69	73997	34	85955	86	51
10	46373	0	30879	91	57757	69	74226	34	86128	85	50
11	7.50512	10.00000	8.31495	9.99991	8.58089	9.99968	8.74454	9.99933	8.86301	9.99884	49
12	54291	0	32103	90	58419	68	74680	32	86474	83	48
13	57767	0	32702	90	58747	67	74906	32	86645	82	47
14	60985	0	33292	90	59072	67	75130	31	86816	81	46
15	63982	0	33875	90	59395	67	75353	30	86987	80	45
16	66784	0	34450	89	59715	66	75575	29	87156	79	44
17	69417	9.99999	35018	89	60033	66	75795	29	87325	79	43
18	71900	99	35578	89	60349	65	76015	28	87494	78	42
19	74248	99	36131	89	60662	64	76234	27	87661	77	41
20	76475	99	36678	88	60973	64	76451	26	87829	76	40
21	7.78594	9.99999	8.37217	9.99988	8.61282	9.99963	8.76667	9.99926	8.87995	9.99875	39
22	80615	99	37750	88	61589	63	76883	25	88161	74	38
23	82545	99	38276	87	61894	62	77097	24	88326	73	37
24	84393	99	38796	87	62196	62	77310	23	88490	72	36
25	86166	99	39310	87	62497	61	77522	23	88654	71	35
26	87870	99	39818	86	62795	61	77733	22	88817	70	34
27	89509	99	40320	86	63091	60	77943	21	88980	69	33
28	91088	99	40816	86	63385	60	78152	20	89142	68	32
29	92612	98	41307	85	63678	59	78360	20	89304	67	31
30	94084	98	41792	85	63968	59	78568	19	89464	66	30
31	7.95508	9.99998	8.42272	9.99985	8.64256	9.99958	8.78774	9.99918	8.89625	9.99865	29
32	96887	98	42746	84	64543	58	78979	17	89784	64	28
33	98223	98	43216	84	64827	57	79183	17	89943	63	27
34	99520	98	43683	84	65110	56	79386	16	90102	62	26
35	8.00779	98	44139	83	65391	56	79588	15	90260	61	25
36	02002	98	44594	83	65670	55	79789	14	90417	60	24
37	03192	97	45044	83	65947	55	79990	13	90574	59	23
38	04350	97	45489	82	66223	54	80189	13	90730	58	22
39	05478	97	45930	82	66497	54	80388	12	90885	57	21
40	06578	97	46366	82	66769	53	80585	11	91040	56	20
41	8.07650	9.99997	8.46799	9.99981	8.67039	9.99952	8.80782	9.99910	8.91195	9.99855	19
42	08696	97	47226	81	67308	52	80978	09	91349	54	18
43	09718	97	47650	81	67575	51	81173	09	91502	53	17
44	10717	96	48069	80	67841	51	81367	08	91655	52	16
45	11693	96	48485	80	68104	50	81560	07	91807	51	15
46	12647	96	48896	79	68367	49	81752	06	91959	50	14
47	13581	96	49304	79	68627	49	81944	05	92110	48	13
48	14495	96	49708	79	68886	48	82134	04	92261	47	12
49	15391	96	50108	78	69144	48	82324	04	92411	46	11
50	16268	95	50504	78	69400	47	82513	03	92561	45	10
51	8.17128	9.99995	8.50899	9.99977	8.69654	9.99946	8.82701	9.99902	8.92710	9.99844	9
52	17971	95	51287	77	69907	46	82888	01	92859	43	8
53	18798	95	51673	77	70159	45	83075	00	93007	42	7
54	19610	95	52055	76	70409	44	83261	99	93154	41	6
55	20407	94	52434	76	70658	44	83446	98	93301	40	5
56	21189	94	52810	75	70905	43	83630	98	93448	39	4
57	21958	94	53183	75	71151	42	83813	97	93594	38	3
58	22713	94	53552	74	71395	42	83996	96	93740	37	2
59	23456	94	53919	74	71638	41	84177	95	93885	36	1
60	24186	93	54282	74	71880	40	84358	94	94030	34	0
	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	
	89°		88°		87°		86°		85°		

TABLE LII.—Logarithmic Sines and Cosines to 5 places of Decimals.

5°		6°		7°		8°		9°			
Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.		
0	8.94030	9.99834	9.01923	9.99761	9.08589	9.99675	9.14356	9.99575	9.19433	9.99462	60
1	94174	33	02043	60	08692	74	14445	74	19513	60	59
2	94317	32	02163	59	08795	72	14535	72	19592	58	58
3	94461	31	02283	57	08897	70	14624	70	19672	56	57
4	94603	30	02402	56	08999	69	14714	68	19751	54	56
5	94746	29	02520	55	09101	67	14803	66	19830	52	55
6	94887	28	02639	53	09202	66	14891	65	19909	50	54
7	95029	27	02757	52	09304	64	14980	63	19988	48	53
8	95170	25	02874	51	09405	63	15069	61	20067	46	52
9	95310	24	02992	49	09506	61	15157	59	20145	44	51
10	95450	23	03109	48	09606	59	15245	57	20223	42	50
11	8.95589	9.99822	9.03226	9.99747	9.09707	9.99658	9.15333	9.99556	9.20302	9.99440	49
12	95728	21	03342	45	09807	56	15421	54	20380	38	48
13	95867	20	03458	44	09907	55	15508	52	20458	36	47
14	96005	19	03574	42	10006	53	15596	50	20535	34	46
15	96143	17	03690	41	10106	51	15683	48	20613	32	45
16	96280	16	03805	40	10205	50	15770	46	20691	29	44
17	96417	15	03920	38	10304	48	15857	45	20768	27	43
18	96553	14	04034	37	10402	47	15944	43	20845	25	42
19	96689	13	04149	36	10501	45	16030	41	20922	23	41
20	96825	12	04262	34	10599	43	16116	39	20999	21	40
21	8.96960	9.99810	9.04376	9.99733	9.10697	9.99642	9.16203	9.99537	9.21076	9.99419	39
22	97095	01	04490	31	10795	40	16289	35	21153	17	38
23	97229	08	04603	30	10893	38	16374	33	21229	15	37
24	97363	07	04715	28	10990	37	16460	32	21306	13	36
25	97496	06	04828	27	11087	35	16545	30	21382	11	35
26	97629	04	04940	26	11184	33	16631	28	21458	09	34
27	97762	03	05052	24	11281	32	16716	26	21534	07	33
28	97894	02	05164	23	11377	30	16801	24	21610	04	32
29	98026	01	05275	21	11474	29	16886	22	21685	02	31
30	98157	00	05386	20	11570	27	16970	20	21761	00	30
31	8.98288	9.99798	9.05497	9.99718	9.11666	9.99625	9.17055	9.99518	9.21836	9.99398	29
32	98419	97	05607	17	11761	24	17139	17	21912	96	28
33	98549	96	05717	16	11857	22	17223	15	21987	94	27
34	98679	95	05827	14	11952	20	17307	13	22062	92	26
35	98808	93	05937	13	12047	18	17391	11	22137	90	25
36	98937	92	06046	11	12142	17	17474	09	22211	88	24
37	99066	91	06155	10	12236	15	17558	07	22286	85	23
38	99194	90	06264	08	12331	13	17641	05	22361	83	22
39	99322	88	06372	07	12425	12	17724	03	22435	81	21
40	99450	87	06481	05	12519	10	17807	01	22509	79	20
41	8.99577	9.99786	9.06589	9.99704	9.12612	9.99608	9.17890	9.99499	9.22583	9.99377	19
42	99704	85	06696	02	12706	07	17973	97	22657	75	18
43	99830	83	06804	01	12799	05	18055	95	22731	72	17
44	99956	82	06911	9.99699	12892	03	18137	94	22805	70	16
45	9.00082	81	07018	98	12985	01	18220	92	22878	68	15
46	00207	80	07124	96	13078	00	18302	90	22952	66	14
47	00332	78	07231	95	13171	9.99508	18383	88	23025	64	13
48	00456	77	07337	93	13263	96	18465	86	23098	62	12
49	00581	76	07442	92	13355	95	18547	84	23171	59	11
50	00704	75	07548	90	13447	93	18628	82	23244	57	10
51	9.00828	9.99773	9.07653	9.99689	9.13539	9.99591	9.18709	9.99480	9.23317	9.99355	9
52	00951	72	07758	87	13630	80	18790	78	23390	53	8
53	01074	71	07863	86	13722	88	18871	76	23462	51	7
54	01196	69	07968	84	13813	86	18952	74	23535	48	6
55	01318	68	08072	83	13904	84	19033	72	23607	46	5
56	01440	67	08176	81	13994	82	19113	70	23679	44	4
57	01561	65	08280	80	14085	81	19193	68	23752	42	3
58	01682	64	08383	78	14175	79	19273	66	23823	40	2
59	01803	63	08486	77	14266	77	19353	64	23895	37	1
60	01923	61	08589	75	14356	75	19433	62	23967	35	0
	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	
	81°		83°		82°		81°		80°		

TABLE LII.—Logarithmic Sines and Cosines to 5 places of Decimals.

10°		11°		12°		13°		14°			
Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.		
0	9'23967	9'99335	9'28060	9'99195	9'31788	9'99040	9'35209	9'98872	9'38368	9'98690	60
1	24039	33	28125	93	31847	38	35263	69	38418	87	59
2	24110	31	28190	90	31907	35	35318	67	38469	84	58
3	24181	28	28254	87	31966	32	35373	64	38519	81	57
4	24253	26	28319	85	32025	30	35427	61	38570	78	56
5	24324	24	28384	82	32084	27	35481	58	38620	75	55
6	24395	22	28448	80	32143	24	35536	55	38670	71	54
7	24466	19	28512	77	32202	22	35590	52	38721	68	53
8	24536	17	28577	75	32261	19	35644	49	38771	65	52
9	24607	15	28641	72	32319	16	35698	46	38821	62	51
10	24677	13	28705	70	32378	13	35752	43	38871	59	50
11	9'24748	9'99310	9'28769	9'99167	9'32437	9'99011	9'35806	9'98840	9'38921	9'98656	48
12	24818	08	28833	65	32495	08	35860	37	38971	52	49
13	24888	06	28896	62	32553	05	35914	34	39021	49	47
14	24958	04	28960	60	32612	02	35968	31	39071	46	46
15	25028	01	29024	57	32670	00	36022	28	39121	43	45
16	25098	9'99290	29087	55	32728	9'98997	36075	25	39170	40	44
17	25168	97	29150	52	32786	94	36129	22	39220	36	43
18	25237	94	29214	50	32844	91	36182	19	39270	33	42
19	25307	92	29277	47	32902	89	36236	16	39319	30	41
20	25376	90	29340	45	32960	86	36289	13	39369	27	40
21	9'25445	9'99288	9'29403	9'99142	9'33018	9'98983	9'36342	9'98810	9'39418	9'98623	39
22	25514	85	29466	40	33075	80	36395	07	39467	20	38
23	25583	83	29529	37	33133	78	36449	04	39517	17	37
24	25652	81	29591	35	33190	75	36502	01	39566	14	36
25	25721	78	29654	32	33248	72	36555	9'98798	39615	10	35
26	25790	76	29716	30	33305	69	36608	95	39664	07	34
27	25858	74	29779	27	33362	67	36660	92	39713	04	33
28	25927	71	29841	24	33420	64	36713	89	39762	01	32
29	25995	69	29903	22	33477	61	36766	86	39811	9'98597	31
30	26063	67	29966	19	33534	58	36819	83	39860	94	30
31	9'26131	9'99264	9'30028	9'99117	9'33591	9'98955	9'36871	9'98780	9'39909	9'98591	29
32	26199	62	30090	14	33647	53	36924	77	39958	88	28
33	26267	60	30151	12	33704	50	36976	74	40006	84	27
34	26335	57	30213	09	33761	47	37028	71	40055	81	26
35	26403	55	30275	06	33818	44	37081	68	40103	78	25
36	26470	52	30336	04	33874	41	37133	65	40152	74	24
37	26538	50	30398	01	33931	38	37185	62	40200	71	23
38	26605	48	30459	9'99090	33987	36	37237	59	40249	68	22
39	26672	45	30521	96	34043	33	37289	56	40297	65	21
40	26739	43	30582	93	34100	30	37341	53	40346	61	20
41	9'26806	9'99241	9'30643	9'99091	9'34156	9'98927	9'37393	9'98750	9'40394	9'98558	19
42	26873	38	30704	88	34212	24	37445	46	40442	55	18
43	26940	36	30765	86	34268	21	37497	43	40490	51	17
44	27007	33	30826	83	34324	19	37549	40	40538	48	16
45	27073	31	30887	80	34380	16	37600	37	40586	45	15
46	27140	29	30947	78	34436	13	37652	34	40634	41	14
47	27206	26	31008	75	34491	10	37703	31	40682	38	13
48	27273	24	31068	72	34547	07	37755	28	40730	35	12
49	27339	21	31129	70	34602	04	37806	25	40778	31	11
50	27405	19	31189	67	34658	01	37858	22	40825	28	10
51	9'27471	9'99217	9'31200	9'99064	9'34713	9'98898	9'37909	9'98719	9'40873	9'98525	9
52	27537	14	31310	62	34769	96	37960	15	40921	21	8
53	27602	12	31370	59	34824	93	38011	12	40968	18	7
54	27668	09	31430	56	34879	90	38062	09	41016	15	6
55	27734	07	31490	54	34934	87	38113	06	41063	11	5
56	27799	04	31549	51	34989	84	38164	03	41111	08	4
57	27864	02	31609	48	35044	81	38215	00	41158	05	3
58	27930	00	31669	46	35099	78	38266	9'98697	41205	01	2
59	27995	9'99197	31728	43	35154	75	38317	94	41252	9'98498	1
60	28060	95	31788	40	35209	72	38368	90	41300	94	0
	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	
	79°		78°		77°		76°		75°		

TABLE LII.—Logarithmic Sines and Cosines to 5 places of Decimals.

	15°		16°		17°		18°		19°		
	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	
0	9°41300	9°98494	9°44034	9°98284	9°46594	9°98060	9°48908	9°97821	9°51264	9°97567	60
1	41347	91	44078	81	46635	56	49037	17	51301	63	59
2	41394	88	44122	77	46676	52	49076	12	51338	58	58
3	41441	84	44166	73	46717	48	49115	08	51374	54	57
4	41488	81	44210	70	46758	44	49153	04	51411	50	56
5	41535	77	44253	66	46800	40	49192	00	51447	45	55
6	41582	74	44297	62	46841	36	49231	9°97796	51484	41	54
7	41628	71	44341	59	46882	32	49269	92	51520	36	53
8	41675	67	44385	55	46923	29	49308	88	51557	32	52
9	41722	64	44428	51	46964	25	49347	84	51593	28	51
10	41768	60	44472	48	47005	21	49385	79	51629	23	50
11	9°41815	9°98457	9°44516	9°98244	9°47045	9°98017	9°49424	9°97775	9°51666	9°97519	49
12	41861	53	44559	40	47086	13	49462	71	51702	15	48
13	41908	50	44602	37	47127	09	49500	67	51738	10	47
14	41954	47	44646	33	47168	05	49539	63	51774	06	46
15	42001	43	44689	29	47209	01	49577	59	51811	01	45
16	42047	40	44733	26	47249	9°97997	49615	54	51847	9°97917	44
17	42093	36	44776	22	47290	93	49654	50	51883	92	43
18	42140	33	44819	18	47330	89	49692	46	51919	88	42
19	42186	29	44862	15	47371	86	49730	42	51955	84	41
20	42232	26	44905	11	47411	82	49768	38	51991	79	40
21	9°42278	9°98422	9°44948	9°98207	9°47452	9°97978	9°49806	9°97734	9°52027	9°97475	39
22	42324	19	44992	04	47492	74	49844	29	52063	70	38
23	42370	15	45035	00	47533	70	49882	25	52099	66	37
24	42416	12	45077	9°98196	47573	66	49920	21	52135	61	36
25	42461	09	45120	86	47613	62	49958	17	52171	57	35
26	42507	05	45163	80	47654	58	49996	13	52207	53	34
27	42553	02	45206	75	47694	54	50034	08	52242	48	33
28	42599	9°98398	45249	71	47734	50	50072	04	52278	44	32
29	42644	95	45292	67	47774	46	50110	00	52314	39	31
30	42690	91	45334	63	47814	42	50148	9°97696	52350	35	30
31	9°42735	9°98388	9°45377	9°98170	9°47854	9°97938	9°50185	9°97691	9°52385	9°97430	29
32	42781	84	45419	66	47894	34	50223	87	52421	26	28
33	42826	81	45462	62	47934	30	50261	83	52456	21	27
34	42872	77	45504	59	47974	26	50298	79	52492	17	26
35	42917	73	45547	55	48014	22	50336	74	52527	12	25
36	42962	70	45589	51	48054	18	50374	70	52563	08	24
37	43008	66	45632	47	48094	14	50411	66	52598	03	23
38	43053	63	45674	44	48133	10	50449	62	52634	9°97399	22
39	43098	59	45716	40	48173	06	50486	57	52669	94	21
40	43143	56	45758	36	48213	02	50523	53	52705	90	20
41	9°43188	9°98352	9°45801	9°98132	9°48252	9°97898	9°50561	9°97649	9°52740	9°97385	19
42	43233	49	45843	29	48292	94	50598	45	52775	81	18
43	43278	45	45885	25	48332	90	50635	40	52811	76	17
44	43323	42	45927	21	48371	86	50673	36	52846	72	16
45	43367	38	45969	17	48411	82	50710	32	52881	67	15
46	43412	34	46011	13	48450	78	50747	28	52916	63	14
47	43457	31	46053	10	48490	74	50784	23	52951	58	13
48	43502	27	46095	06	48529	70	50821	19	52986	53	12
49	43546	24	46136	02	48568	66	50858	15	53021	49	11
50	43591	20	46178	9°98098	48606	61	50896	10	53056	44	10
51	9°43635	9°98317	9°46220	9°98004	9°48647	9°97857	9°50933	9°97606	9°53092	9°97340	9
52	43680	13	46262	90	48686	53	50970	02	53126	35	8
53	43724	09	46303	87	48725	49	51007	9°97597	53161	31	7
54	43769	06	46345	83	48764	45	51043	93	53196	26	6
55	43813	02	46386	79	48803	41	51080	89	53231	22	5
56	43857	9°98291	46428	75	48842	37	51117	84	53266	17	4
57	43901	95	46469	71	48881	33	51154	80	53301	12	3
58	43946	91	46511	67	48920	29	51191	76	53336	08	2
59	43990	88	46552	63	48959	25	51227	71	53370	03	1
60.	44034	84	46594	60	48998	21	51264	67	53405	9°97299	0
	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	
	74°		73°		72°		71°		70°		

TABLE LII.—Logarithmic Sines and Cosines to 5 places of Decimals.

	20°		21°		22°		23°		24°		
	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	
0	9°53405	9°97299	9°55433	9°97015	9°57358	9°96717	9°59188	9°96403	9°60931	9°96073	60
1	440	294	460	010	389	711	218	397	960	067	59
2	475	289	499	005	420	706	247	392	988	062	58
3	509	285	532	001	451	701	277	387	961016	056	57
4	544	280	564	9°96996	482	696	307	381	045	050	56
5	578	276	597	991	514	691	336	376	073	045	55
6	613	271	630	986	545	686	366	370	101	039	54
7	647	266	663	981	576	681	396	365	129	034	53
8	682	262	695	976	607	676	425	360	158	028	52
9	716	257	728	971	638	670	455	354	186	022	51
10	751	252	761	966	669	665	484	349	214	017	50
11	9°53785	9°97248	9°55793	9°96962	9°57760	9°96660	9°59514	9°96343	9°61242	9°96011	49
12	819	243	826	957	731	655	543	338	270	005	48
13	854	238	858	952	762	650	573	333	298	000	47
14	888	234	891	947	793	645	602	327	326	9°95994	46
15	922	229	923	942	824	640	632	322	354	988	45
16	957	224	956	937	855	634	661	316	382	982	44
17	991	220	988	932	885	629	690	311	411	977	43
18	9°54025	9°56021	9°56021	9°27	916	624	720	305	438	971	42
19	059	210	053	922	947	619	749	300	466	965	41
20	093	206	085	917	978	614	778	294	494	960	40
21	9°54127	9°97201	9°56118	9°96912	9°58008	9°96608	9°59808	9°96289	9°61522	9°95954	39
22	161	196	150	907	039	603	837	284	550	948	38
23	195	192	182	903	070	598	866	278	578	942	37
24	229	187	215	898	101	593	895	273	606	937	36
25	263	182	247	893	131	588	924	267	634	931	35
26	297	178	279	888	162	582	954	262	662	925	34
27	331	173	311	883	192	577	983	256	689	920	33
28	365	168	343	878	223	572	9°60012	251	717	914	32
29	399	163	375	873	253	567	041	245	745	908	31
30	433	159	408	868	284	562	070	240	773	902	30
31	9°54466	9°97154	9°56440	9°96863	9°58314	9°96556	9°60099	9°96234	9°61800	9°95897	29
32	500	149	472	858	345	551	128	229	828	891	28
33	534	145	504	853	375	546	157	223	856	885	27
34	567	140	536	848	406	541	186	218	883	879	26
35	601	135	568	843	436	535	215	212	911	873	25
36	635	130	599	838	467	530	244	207	939	868	24
37	668	126	631	833	497	525	273	201	966	862	23
38	702	121	663	828	527	520	302	196	994	856	22
39	735	116	695	823	557	514	331	190	9°62021	850	21
40	769	111	727	818	588	509	359	185	049	844	20
41	9°54802	9°97107	9°56759	9°96813	9°58618	9°96504	9°60388	9°96179	9°62076	9°95839	19
42	836	102	790	808	648	498	417	174	104	833	18
43	869	097	822	803	678	493	446	168	131	827	17
44	903	092	854	798	709	488	474	162	159	821	16
45	936	087	886	793	739	483	503	157	186	815	15
46	969	083	917	788	769	477	532	151	214	810	14
47	9°55001	078	949	783	799	472	561	146	241	804	13
48	036	073	980	778	829	467	589	140	268	798	12
49	069	068	9°57012	772	859	461	618	135	296	792	11
50	102	063	044	767	889	456	646	129	323	786	10
51	9°55136	9°97059	9°57075	9°96762	9°58919	9°96451	9°60675	9°96122	9°62350	9°95780	9
52	169	054	107	757	949	445	704	118	377	775	8
53	202	049	138	752	979	440	732	112	405	769	7
54	235	044	169	747	9°59009	435	761	107	432	763	6
55	268	039	201	742	039	429	789	101	459	757	5
56	301	035	232	737	069	424	818	095	486	751	4
57	334	030	264	732	098	419	846	090	513	745	3
58	367	025	295	727	128	413	875	084	541	739	2
59	400	020	326	722	158	408	903	079	568	733	1
60	433	015	358	717	188	403	931	073	595	728	0
	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	
	69°		68°		67°		66°		65°		

TABLE LII.—Logarithmic Sines and Cosines to 5 places of Decimals.

25°		26°		27°		28°		29°			
	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	
0	9.62595	9.95728	9.64184	9.95366	9.65795	9.94988	9.67161	9.94503	9.68557	9.94182	60
1	622	722	360	360	729	982	185	587	580	175	59
2	649	716	236	354	754	975	208	580	603	168	58
3	676	710	262	348	779	969	232	573	625	161	57
4	703	704	288	341	804	962	256	567	648	154	56
5	730	698	313	335	828	956	280	560	671	147	55
6	757	692	339	329	853	949	303	553	694	140	54
7	784	686	365	323	878	943	327	546	716	133	53
8	811	680	391	317	902	936	350	540	739	126	52
9	838	674	417	310	927	930	374	533	762	119	51
10	865	668	442	304	952	923	398	526	784	112	50
11	9.62892	9.95663	9.64468	9.95298	9.65976	9.94917	9.67421	9.94519	9.68807	9.94105	49
12	918	657	494	292	9.66001	911	445	513	819	098	48
13	945	651	519	286	025	904	468	506	852	090	47
14	972	645	545	279	050	898	492	499	875	083	46
15	999	639	571	273	075	891	515	492	897	076	45
16	9.63026	6.33	596	267	099	885	539	485	920	069	44
17	052	627	622	261	124	878	562	479	942	062	43
18	079	621	647	254	148	871	586	472	965	055	42
19	106	615	673	248	173	865	609	465	987	048	41
20	133	609	698	242	197	858	633	458	9.69010	041	40
21	9.63159	9.95603	9.64724	9.95236	9.66221	9.94852	9.67656	9.94451	9.69032	9.94034	39
22	186	597	749	229	246	845	680	445	055	027	38
23	213	591	775	223	270	839	703	438	077	020	37
24	239	585	800	217	295	832	726	431	100	012	36
25	266	579	826	211	319	826	750	424	122	005	35
26	292	573	851	204	343	819	773	417	144	9.93998	34
27	319	567	877	198	368	813	796	410	167	991	33
28	345	561	902	192	392	806	820	404	189	984	32
29	372	555	927	185	416	799	843	397	212	977	31
30	398	549	953	179	441	793	866	390	234	970	30
31	9.63425	9.95543	9.64978	9.95173	9.66465	9.94786	9.67890	9.94383	9.69256	9.93963	29
32	451	537	9.65003	167	489	780	913	376	279	955	28
33	478	531	029	160	513	773	936	369	301	948	27
34	504	525	054	154	537	767	959	362	323	941	26
35	531	519	079	148	562	760	982	355	345	934	25
36	557	513	104	141	586	753	9.68006	349	368	927	24
37	583	507	130	135	610	747	029	342	390	920	23
38	610	500	155	129	634	740	052	335	412	912	22
39	636	494	180	122	658	734	075	328	434	905	21
40	662	488	205	116	682	727	098	321	456	898	20
41	9.63689	9.95482	9.65239	9.95110	9.66706	9.94720	9.68121	9.94314	9.69479	9.93891	19
42	715	476	255	103	711	714	144	307	501	884	18
43	741	470	281	097	735	707	167	300	523	876	17
44	767	464	306	090	759	700	190	293	545	869	16
45	794	458	331	084	783	694	213	286	567	862	15
46	820	452	356	078	807	687	237	279	589	855	14
47	846	446	381	071	831	680	260	273	611	847	13
48	872	440	406	065	855	674	283	266	633	840	12
49	898	434	431	059	879	667	305	259	655	833	11
50	924	427	456	052	903	660	328	252	677	826	10
51	9.63950	9.95421	9.65481	9.95046	9.66946	9.94654	9.68351	9.94245	9.69699	9.93819	9
52	976	415	506	039	970	647	374	238	721	811	8
53	9.64002	409	531	033	994	640	397	231	743	804	7
54	028	403	556	027	9.67018	634	420	224	765	797	6
55	054	397	580	020	042	627	443	217	787	789	5
56	080	391	605	014	066	620	466	210	809	782	4
57	106	384	630	007	090	614	489	203	831	775	3
58	132	378	655	001	113	607	512	196	853	768	2
59	158	372	680	9.94995	137	600	534	189	875	760	1
60	184	366	705	988	161	593	557	182	897	753	0
	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	
	61°		63°		62°		61°		60°		

TABLE LII.—Logarithmic Sines and Cosines to 5 places of Decimals.

	30°		31°		32°		33°		34°		
	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	
0	9.69897	9.93753	9.71184	9.93307	9.72421	9.92842	9.73611	9.92359	9.74756	9.91857	60
1	919	746	205	299	441	834	630	351	775	849	59
2	941	738	226	291	461	826	650	343	794	840	58
3	963	731	247	284	482	818	669	335	812	832	57
4	984	724	268	276	502	810	689	326	831	823	56
5	9.70006	717	289	269	522	803	708	318	850	815	55
6	028	709	310	261	542	795	727	310	868	806	54
7	050	702	331	253	562	787	747	302	887	798	53
8	072	695	352	246	582	779	766	293	906	789	52
9	093	687	373	238	602	771	785	285	924	781	51
10	115	680	393	230	622	763	805	277	943	772	50
11	9.70137	9.93673	9.71414	9.93223	9.72643	9.92755	9.73824	9.92269	9.74961	9.91763	49
12	159	665	435	215	663	747	843	260	980	755	48
13	180	658	456	207	683	739	863	252	999	746	47
14	202	650	477	200	703	731	882	244	9.75017	738	46
15	224	643	498	192	723	723	901	235	036	729	45
16	245	636	519	184	743	715	921	227	054	720	44
17	267	628	539	177	763	707	940	219	073	712	43
18	288	621	560	169	783	699	959	211	091	703	42
19	310	614	581	161	803	691	978	202	110	695	41
20	332	606	602	154	823	683	997	194	128	686	40
21	9.70353	9.93599	9.71622	9.93146	9.72843	9.92675	9.74017	9.92186	9.75147	9.91677	39
22	375	591	643	138	843	667	036	177	165	669	38
23	396	584	664	131	863	659	055	169	184	660	37
24	418	577	685	123	883	651	074	161	202	651	36
25	439	569	705	115	902	643	093	152	221	643	35
26	461	562	726	108	922	635	113	144	239	634	34
27	482	554	747	100	942	627	132	136	258	625	33
28	504	547	767	92	962	619	151	127	276	617	32
29	525	539	788	84	9.73002	611	170	119	294	608	31
30	547	532	809	77	022	603	189	111	313	599	30
31	9.70568	9.93525	9.71829	9.93069	9.73041	9.92595	9.74208	9.92102	9.75331	9.91591	29
32	590	517	850	661	061	587	227	094	350	582	28
33	611	510	870	653	081	579	246	086	368	573	27
34	633	502	891	646	101	571	265	077	386	565	26
35	654	495	911	638	121	563	284	069	405	556	25
36	675	487	932	630	140	555	303	060	423	547	24
37	697	480	952	622	160	546	322	052	441	538	23
38	718	472	973	614	180	538	341	044	459	530	22
39	739	465	994	607	200	530	360	035	478	521	21
40	761	457	9.72914	9.92999	219	522	379	027	496	512	20
41	9.70782	9.93450	9.72034	9.92991	9.73239	9.92511	9.74398	9.92018	9.75514	9.91504	19
42	803	442	055	983	239	506	417	010	533	495	18
43	824	435	075	976	258	498	436	002	551	486	17
44	846	427	096	968	278	490	455	9.91993	569	477	16
45	867	420	116	960	318	482	474	985	587	469	15
46	888	412	137	952	337	473	493	9.91913	605	460	14
47	909	405	157	944	357	465	512	968	624	451	13
48	931	397	177	936	377	457	531	959	642	442	12
49	952	390	198	929	396	449	549	951	660	433	11
50	973	382	218	921	416	441	568	942	678	425	10
51	9.70994	9.93375	9.72238	9.92913	9.73435	9.92433	9.74587	9.91931	9.75696	9.91416	9
52	9.71015	367	259	905	435	425	606	925	714	407	8
53	036	360	279	897	474	416	625	917	733	398	7
54	058	352	299	889	494	408	644	908	751	389	6
55	079	344	320	881	513	400	662	900	769	381	5
56	100	337	340	874	533	392	681	891	787	372	4
57	121	329	360	866	552	384	700	883	805	363	3
58	142	322	381	858	572	376	719	874	823	354	2
59	163	314	401	850	591	367	737	866	841	345	1
60	184	307	421	842	611	359	756	857	859	336	0
	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	
	57°		58°		57°		56°		55°		

TABLE LII.—Logarithmic Sines and Cosines to 5 places of Decimals.

35°		36°		37°		38°		39°			
	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	
0	9°75859	9°91336	9°7692*	9°90796	9°77946	9°90235	9°78934	9°89653	9°79887	9°89050	60
1	877	328	939	787	963	225	950	643	903	040	59
2	895	319	957	777	980	216	967	633	918	030	58
3	913	310	974	768	997	206	983	624	934	020	57
4	931	301	991	759	9°78013	197	999	614	950	009	56
5	949	292	9°77009	750	030	187	9°79015	604	965	9°38999	55
6	967	283	026	741	047	178	031	594	981	989	54
7	985	274	043	731	063	168	047	584	996	978	53
8	9°76003	266	061	722	080	159	063	574	9°80012	968	52
9	021	257	078	713	097	149	079	564	027	958	51
10	039	248	095	704	113	139	095	554	043	948	50
11	9°76057	9°91239	9°77112	9°90694	9°78130	9°90130	9°79111	9°89544	9°80058	9°89037	49
12	075	230	130	685	147	120	128	534	074	927	48
13	093	221	147	676	163	111	144	524	080	917	47
14	111	212	164	667	180	101	160	514	105	906	46
15	129	203	181	657	197	091	176	504	120	896	45
16	146	194	199	648	213	082	192	495	136	886	44
17	164	185	216	639	230	072	208	485	151	875	43
18	182	176	233	630	246	063	224	475	166	865	42
19	200	167	250	620	263	053	240	465	182	855	41
20	218	158	268	611	280	043	256	455	197	844	40
21	9°76236	9°91149	9°77285	9°90602	9°78206	9°90034	9°79272	9°89445	9°80213	9°88844	39
22	253	141	302	592	313	024	288	435	228	824	38
23	271	132	319	583	329	014	304	425	244	813	37
24	289	123	336	574	346	005	319	415	259	803	36
25	307	114	353	565	362	9°89995	335	405	274	793	35
26	324	105	370	555	379	985	351	395	290	782	34
27	342	096	387	546	395	976	367	385	305	772	33
28	360	087	405	537	412	966	383	375	320	761	32
29	378	078	422	527	428	956	399	364	336	751	31
30	395	069	439	518	445	947	415	354	351	741	30
31	9°76413	9°91060	9°77456	9°90509	9°78461	9°89937	9°79431	9°89344	9°80366	9°88730	29
32	431	051	473	499	478	927	447	334	382	720	28
33	448	042	490	490	494	918	463	324	397	709	27
34	466	033	507	480	510	908	478	314	412	699	26
35	484	023	524	471	527	898	494	304	428	688	25
36	501	014	541	462	543	888	510	294	443	678	24
37	519	005	558	452	560	879	526	284	458	668	23
38	537	9°90996	575	443	576	869	542	274	473	657	22
39	554	987	592	434	592	859	558	264	489	647	21
40	572	978	609	424	609	849	573	254	504	636	20
41	9°76590	9°90969	9°77626	9°90415	9°78625	9°89840	9°79589	9°89244	9°80519	9°88626	19
42	607	960	613	405	642	830	605	233	534	615	18
43	625	951	660	396	658	820	621	223	550	605	17
44	642	942	677	386	674	810	636	213	565	594	16
45	660	933	694	377	691	801	652	203	580	584	15
46	677	924	711	368	707	791	668	193	595	573	14
47	695	915	728	358	723	781	684	183	610	563	13
48	712	906	744	349	739	771	699	173	625	552	12
49	730	896	761	339	756	761	715	162	641	542	11
50	747	887	778	330	772	752	731	152	656	531	10
51	9°76765	9°90878	9°77795	9°90320	9°78788	9°89742	9°79746	9°89142	9°80671	9°88521	9
52	782	869	812	311	805	732	742	132	686	510	8
53	800	860	829	301	821	722	758	122	701	499	7
54	817	851	846	292	837	712	773	112	716	489	6
55	835	842	862	282	853	702	789	101	731	478	5
56	852	832	879	273	869	693	825	091	746	468	4
57	870	823	896	263	886	683	840	081	762	457	3
58	887	814	913	254	902	673	856	071	777	447	2
59	904	805	930	244	918	663	872	060	792	436	1
60	922	796	946	235	934	653	887	050	807	425	0
	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	
	54°		53°		52°		51°		50°		

TABLE LII.—Logarithmic Sines and Cosines to 5 places of Decimals.

	40°		41°		42°		43°		44°		
	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	
0	9.80807	9.88425	9.81694	9.87778	9.82551	9.87107	9.83378	9.86413	9.84177	9.85693	60
1	822	415	709	767	595	096	392	401	190	681	59
2	837	404	723	756	579	085	405	389	203	669	58
3	852	394	738	745	563	073	419	377	216	657	57
4	867	383	752	734	547	062	432	366	229	645	56
5	882	372	767	723	531	050	446	354	242	632	55
6	897	362	781	712	515	039	459	342	255	620	54
7	912	351	796	701	499	028	473	330	269	608	53
8	927	340	810	690	483	016	486	318	282	596	52
9	942	330	825	679	467	005	500	306	295	583	51
10	957	319	839	668	451	9.86093	513	295	308	571	50
11	9.80972	9.88308	9.81854	9.87657	9.82705	9.86082	9.83527	9.86283	9.84321	9.85559	49
12	987	298	868	646	719	970	540	271	334	547	48
13	9.81002	287	882	635	733	959	554	259	347	534	47
14	017	276	897	624	747	947	567	247	360	522	46
15	032	266	911	613	761	936	581	235	373	510	45
16	047	255	926	601	775	924	594	223	385	497	44
17	061	244	940	590	788	913	608	211	398	485	43
18	076	234	955	579	802	902	621	200	411	473	42
19	091	223	969	568	816	890	634	188	424	460	41
20	106	212	983	557	830	879	648	176	437	448	40
21	9.81121	9.88201	9.81998	9.87546	9.82844	9.86867	9.83661	9.86164	9.84450	9.85436	39
22	136	191	9.82012	535	858	855	674	152	463	423	38
23	151	180	026	524	872	844	688	140	476	411	37
24	166	169	041	513	885	832	701	128	489	399	36
25	180	158	055	501	899	821	715	116	502	386	35
26	195	148	069	490	913	809	728	104	515	374	34
27	210	137	084	479	927	798	741	092	528	361	33
28	225	126	098	468	941	786	755	080	540	349	32
29	240	115	112	457	955	775	768	068	553	337	31
30	254	105	126	446	968	763	781	056	566	324	30
31	9.81269	9.88094	9.82141	9.87434	9.82982	9.86752	9.83795	9.86044	9.84579	9.85312	29
32	284	083	155	423	996	740	808	032	592	299	28
33	299	072	169	412	9.83010	728	821	020	605	287	27
34	314	061	184	401	023	717	834	008	618	274	26
35	328	051	198	390	037	705	848	9.85996	630	262	25
36	343	040	212	378	051	694	861	984	643	250	24
37	358	029	226	367	065	682	874	972	656	237	23
38	372	018	240	356	078	670	887	960	669	225	22
39	387	007	255	345	092	659	901	948	682	212	21
40	402	9.87996	269	334	106	647	914	936	694	200	20
41	9.81417	9.87985	9.82283	9.87322	9.83120	9.86635	9.83927	9.85924	9.84707	9.85187	19
42	431	975	297	311	133	624	940	912	720	175	18
43	446	964	311	300	147	612	954	900	733	162	17
44	461	953	326	288	161	600	967	888	745	150	16
45	475	942	340	277	174	589	980	876	758	137	15
46	490	931	354	266	188	577	993	864	771	125	14
47	505	920	368	255	202	565	9.84006	851	784	112	13
48	519	909	382	243	215	554	020	839	796	100	12
49	534	898	396	232	229	542	033	827	809	087	11
50	549	887	410	221	242	530	046	815	822	074	10
51	9.81563	9.87877	9.82424	9.87209	9.83256	9.86518	9.84059	9.85803	9.84835	9.85062	9
52	578	866	439	198	270	507	072	791	847	049	8
53	592	855	453	187	283	495	085	779	860	037	7
54	607	844	467	175	297	483	098	766	873	024	6
55	622	833	481	164	310	472	112	754	885	012	5
56	636	822	495	153	324	460	125	742	898	9.84999	4
57	651	811	509	141	338	448	138	730	911	986	3
58	665	800	523	130	351	436	151	718	923	974	2
59	680	789	537	119	365	425	164	706	936	961	1
60	694	778	551	107	378	413	177	693	949	949	0
	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	Cos.	Sin.	
	49°		48°		47°		46°		45°		

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance $1^{\circ} 10'$, and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmina- tion	LATITUDE 0°				LATITUDE 2°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>
0 15	0 4 35	+ 0.65	1 31 23	+ 9.98	0 4 35	+ 0.66	3 25 13	+ 9.98
0 30	0 9 8	1.31	1 31 0	9.91	0 9 9	1.31	3 22 48	9.91
0 45	0 13 39	1.95	1 30 20	9.81	0 13 41	1.96	3 22 6	9.81
1 0	0 18 7	2.59	1 29 22	9.66	0 18 9	2.59	3 21 4	9.66
1 15	0 22 30	3.22	1 28 12	9.47	0 22 32	3.22	3 19 48	9.47
1 30	0 26 47	3.83	1 26 43	9.24	0 26 49	3.84	3 18 16	9.24
1 45	0 30 58	4.42	1 25 0	8.97	0 31 0	4.43	3 16 27	8.97
2 0	0 35 0	5.00	1 23 4	8.66	0 35 3	5.01	3 14 23	8.66
2 15	0 38 54	5.56	1 20 53	8.31	0 38 56	5.57	3 12 5	8.31
2 30	0 42 37	6.09	1 18 29	7.93	0 42 40	6.10	3 9 32	7.93
2 45	0 46 9	6.60	1 15 52	7.52	0 46 13	6.61	3 6 43	7.51
3 0	0 49 30	7.07	1 13 3	7.07	0 49 33	7.08	3 3 45	7.07
3 20	0 53 38	7.66	1 8 59	6.43	0 53 41	7.67	2 59.25	6.42
3 40	0 57 21	8.19	1 4 35	5.74	0 57 24	8.20	2 54 53	5.73
4 0	1 0 37	8.66	0 59 55	5.00	1 0 41	8.67	2 50 3	4.99
4 20	1 3 27	9.06	0 55 22	4.23	1 3 30	9.07	2 44 59	4.22
4 40	1 5 47	9.40	0 50 39	3.42	1 5 50	9.41	2 39 40	3.41
5 0	1 7 37	9.66	0 45 47	2.59	1 7 40	9.67	2 34 14	2.58
5 20	1 8 56	9.85	0 40 47	1.74	1 8 59	9.86	2 28 39	1.73
Elong.	1 10 0	10.00	0 30 32	0.00	1 10 3	10.01	2 17 13	0.01
Elong. at	<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>			<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>		
	6 0 0	0.00			5 59 50	- 0.02		
6 40	...	...	...	...	1 8 58	+ 9.85	2 5 52	- 1.74
7 0	...	...	...	...	1 7 39	9.66	2 0 17	2.59
7 20	...	...	...	...	1 5 48	9.40	1 55 0	3.43
7 40	...	...	...	...	1 3 28	9.06	1 49 55	4.23
8 0	...	...	...	...	1 0 38	8.66	1 45 1	5.01
8 20	...	...	...	...	0 57 21	8.19	1 40 23	5.74
8 40	...	...	...	...	0 53 38	7.66	1 36 1	6.43
9 0	...	...	...	...	0 49 30	7.07	1 31 57	7.07
9 15	...	...	...	...	0 46 10	6.59	1 29 7	7.52
9 30	...	...	...	...	0 42 37	6.09	1 26 31	7.94
9 45	...	...	...	...	0 38 54	5.55	1 24 6	8.32
10 0	...	...	...	...	0 35 0	5.00	1 21 54	8.66
10 15	...	...	...	...	0 30 58	4.42	1 19 58	8.97
10 30	...	...	...	...	0 26 47	3.83	1 18 16	9.24
10 45	...	...	...	...	0 22 30	3.21	1 16 47	9.47
11 0	...	...	...	...	0 18 7	2.59	1 15 37	9.66
11 15	...	...	...	...	0 13 39	1.95	1 14 39	9.81
11 30	...	...	...	...	0 9 8	1.30	1 13 59	9.91
11 45	...	...	...	...	0 4 35	0.65	1 13 34	9.98

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance $1^{\circ} 10'$, and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmina- tion	LATITUDE 4°				LATITUDE 6°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>
0 15	0 4 36	+ 0.66	5 10 12	+ 9.98	0 4 37	+ 0.66	7 16 58	+ 9.98
0 30	0 9 10	1.31	5 18 47	9.91	0 9 12	1.32	7 16 33	9.91
0 45	0 13 43	1.96	5 18 4	9.81	0 13 46	1.97	7 15 49	9.81
1 0	0 18 11	2.60	5 17 1	9.66	0 18 15	2.61	7 14 46	9.66
1 15	0 22 35	3.23	5 15 43	9.47	0 22 40	3.25	7 13 27	9.47
1 30	0 26 54	3.85	5 14 10	9.24	0 27 0	3.86	7 11 53	9.24
1 45	0 31 5	4.45	5 12 18	8.96	0 31 12	4.47	7 10 0	8.96
2 0	0 35 8	5.03	5 10 11	8.66	0 35 16	5.05	7 7 52	8.65
2 15	0 39 2	5.58	5 7 51	8.31	0 39 11	5.61	7 5 29	8.31
2 30	0 42 46	6.12	5 5 13	7.93	0 42 55	6.14	7 2 51	7.92
2 45	0 46 19	6.63	5 2 24	7.51	0 46 29	6.65	7 0 0	7.51
3 0	0 49 40	7.10	4 59 21	7.06	0 49 51	7.13	6 56 55	7.06
3 20	0 53.48	7.69	4 54 59	6.42	0 54 0	7.73	6 52 27	6.41
3 40	0 57 32	8.23	4 50 16	5.73	0 57 44	8.26	6 47 42	5.72
4 0	1 0 49	8.69	4 45 17	4.99	1 1 1	8.73	6 42 37	4.98
4 20	1 3 38	9.10	4 40 1	4.21	1 3 51	9.13	6 37 18	4.21
4 40	1 5 58	9.43	4 34 33	3.41	1 6 11	9.46	6 31 44	3.40
5 0	1 7 48	9.69	4 28 53	2.57	1 8 2	9.72	6 26 0	2.57
5 20	1 9 7	9.88	4 23 6	1.72	1 9 21	9.91	6 20 8	1.72
Elong.	1 10 10	10.03	4 11 25	0.01	1 10 23	10.06	6 8 22	0.02
Elong. at	<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>			<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>		
	5 59 40	- 0.05			5 59 31	- 0.07		
	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>			<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>		
6 40	1 9 5	+ 9.87	3 59 32	- 1.75	1 9 17	+ 9.90	5 56 18	- 1.76
7 0	1 7 45	9.68	3 53 49	2.60	1 7 57	9.70	5 50 28	2.61
7 20	1 5 54	9.41	3 48 16	3.43	1 6 6	9.44	5 44 47	3.44
7 40	1 3 34	9.07	3 42 50	4.24	1 3 44	9.10	5 39 16	4.24
8 0	1 0 44	8.67	3 37 40	5.01	1 0 54	8.69	5 33 57	5.02
8 20	0 57 26	8.20	3 32 46	5.75	0 57 35	8.22	5 28 56	5.75
8 40	0 53 42	7.67	3 28 6	6.43	0 53 51	7.68	5 24 13	6.44
9 0	0 49 34	7.08	3 23 47	7.08	0 49 42	7.09	5 19 49	7.08
9 15	0 46 13	6.60	3 20 49	7.52	0 46 20	6.61	5 16 46	7.53
9 30	0 42 40	6.09	3 18 1	7.94	0 42 47	6.10	5 13 56	7.94
9 45	0 38 57	5.56	3 15 28	8.32	0 39 2	5.57	5 11 20	8.32
10 0	0 35 3	5.00	3 13 10	8.66	0 35 8	5.01	5 8 59	8.66
10 15	0 31 0	4.42	3 11 5	8.97	0 31 4	4.43	5 6 53	8.97
10 30	0 26 49	3.83	3 9 18	9.24	0 26 53	3.83	5 5 2	9.24
10 45	0 22 32	3.21	3 7 44	9.47	0 22 35	3.22	5 3 28	9.47
11 0	0 18 8	2.59	3 6 27	9.66	0 18 11	2.59	5 2 10	9.66
11 15	0 13 40	1.95	3 5 28	9.81	0 13 42	1.95	5 1 10	9.81
11 30	0 9 9	1.31	3 4 46	9.91	0 9 10	1.31	5 0 27	9.91
11 45	0 4 35	0.65	3 4 21	9.98	0 4 36	0.66	5 0 1	9.98

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance 1° 10', and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmination	LATITUDE 8°				LATITUDE 10°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of 10" in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of 10" in N.P.D.	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of 10" in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of 10" in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	° ' "	"	° ' "	"	° ' "	"	° ' "	"
0 15	0 4 38	+ 0'66	9 15 37	+ 9'98	0 4 40	+ 0'67	11 14 37	+ 9'98
0 30	0 9 15	1'33	9 15 11	9'91	0 9 19	1'34	11 14 11	9'91
0 45	0 13 50	1'98	9 14 27	9'81	0 13 55	2'00	11 13 28	9'81
1 0	0 18 21	2'63	9 13 24	9'66	0 18 28	2'65	11 12 24	9'66
1 15	0 22 47	3'26	9 12 5	9'47	0 22 56	3'29	11 11 5	9'47
1 30	0 27 8	3'89	9 10 30	9'23	0 27 18	3'91	11 9 29	9'23
1 45	0 31 21	4'49	9 8 37	8'96	0 31 33	4'52	11 7 36	8'96
2 0	0 35 26	5'08	9 6 28	8'65	0 35 39	5'11	11 5 27	8'65
2 15	0 39 22	5'64	9 4 4	8'30	0 39 37	5'68	11 3 2	8'30
2 30	0 43 8	6'18	9 1 25	7'92	0 43 24	6'22	11 0 23	7'92
2 45	0 46 43	6'69	8 58 33	7'50	0 47 0	6'73	10 57 28	7'50
3 0	0 50 5	7'17	8 55 25	7'06	0 50 24	7'22	10 54 22	7'05
3 20	0 54 15	7'77	8 50 58	6'41	0 54 35	7'82	10 49 54	6'41
3 40	0 58 0	8'30	8 46 9	5'72	0 58 21	8'35	10 45 4	5'71
4 0	1 1 18	8'77	8 41 5	4'98	1 1 40	8'83	10 39 56	4'97
4 20	1 4 9	9'18	8 35 42	4'20	1 4 31	9'23	10 34 33	4'19
4 40	1 6 29	9'51	8 30 8	3'40	1 6 53	9'57	10 28 57	3'39
5 0	1 8 20	9'77	8 24 22	2'56	1 8 43	9'83	10 23 10	2'55
5 20	1 9 39	9'95	8 18 28	1'71	1 10 3	10'01	10 17 15	1'70
Elong.	1 10 41	10'10	8 6 39	0'03	1 11 5	10'16	10 5 27	0'04
Elong. rt	<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>			<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>		
	5 59 21	- 0'09			5 59 11	- 0'12		
	° ' "	"			° ' "	"		
6 40	1 9 35	+ 9'94	7 54 23	- 1'76	1 9 57	+ 9'99	9 53 10	- 1'77
7 0	1 8 14	9'74	7 48 30	2'61	1 8 36	9'79	9 47 15	2'62
7 20	1 6 22	9'47	7 42 45	3'44	1 6 43	9'52	9 41 28	3'45
7 40	1 3 59	9'13	7 37 11	4'25	1 4 19	9'18	9 35 53	4'26
8 0	1 1 8	8'72	7 31 52	5'02	1 1 27	8'76	9 30 32	5'03
8 20	0 57 49	8'25	7 26 48	5'75	0 58 6	8'28	9 25 27	5'76
8 40	0 54 3	7'71	7 22 0	6'44	0 54 20	7'74	9 20 40	6'45
9 0	0 49 53	7'11	7 17 36	7'09	0 50 8	7'15	9 16 12	7'09
9 15	0 46 31	6'63	7 14 30	7'53	0 46 45	6'66	9 13 8	7'53
9 30	0 42 56	6'12	7 11 39	7'94	0 43 9	6'15	9 10 16	7'95
9 45	0 39 11	5'59	7 9 1	8'32	0 39 23	5'61	9 7 38	8'32
10 0	0 35 16	5'03	7 6 40	8'67	0 35 26	5'05	9 5 13	8'67
10 15	0 31 11	4'45	7 4 32	8'97	0 31 20	4'46	9 3 6	8'98
10 30	0 26 59	3'85	7 2 39	9'24	0 27 7	3'86	9 1 14	9'24
10 45	0 22 40	3'23	7 1 5	9'47	0 22 46	3'24	8 59 38	9'47
11 0	0 18 15	2'60	6 59 46	9'66	0 18 20	2'61	8 58 19	9'66
11 15	0 13 45	1'96	6 58 45	9'81	0 13 49	1'97	8 57 18	9'81
11 30	0 9 12	1'31	6 58 2	9'91	0 9 15	1'32	8 56 35	9'92
11 45	0 4 37	0'66	6 57 36	9'98	0 4 38	0'66	8 56 7	9'98

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance $1^{\circ} 10'$, and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmination	LATITUDE 12°				LATITUDE 14°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>
0 15	0 4 42	+ 0'67	13 13 54	+ 9'98	0 4 45	+ 0'68	15 13 22	+ 9'98
0 30	0 9 23	1'35	13 13 28	9'91	0 9 28	1'36	15 12 56	9'91
0 45	0 14 11	2'01	13 12 43	9'81	0 14 09	2'03	15 12 10	9'81
1 0	0 18 36	2'67	13 11 41	9'66	0 18 46	2'69	15 11 8	9'66
1 15	0 23 06	3'31	13 10 21	9'46	0 23 18	3'35	15 9 49	9'46
1 30	0 27 30	3'95	13 8 44	9'23	0 27 44	3'98	15 8 11	9'23
1 45	0 31 47	4'56	13 6 50	8'96	0 32 3	4'60	15 6 17	8'96
2 0	0 35 55	5'15	13 4 41	8'65	0 36 14	5'20	15 4 8	8'65
2 15	0 39 54	5'72	13 2 18	8'30	0 40 15	5'78	15 1 42	8'30
2 30	0 43 43	6'27	12 59 37	7'92	0 44 06	6'33	14 59 3	7'91
2 45	0 47 21	6'79	12 56 44	7'50	0 47 45	6'85	14 56 8	7'50
3 0	0 50 46	7'28	12 53 37	7'05	0 51 12	7'34	14 53 11	7'04
3 20	0 54 59	7'88	12 49 06	6'40	0 55 27	7'95	14 48 32	6'40
3 40	0 58 46	8'42	12 44 16	5'71	0 59 16	8'49	14 43 41	5'70
4 0	1 2 7	8'89	12 39 7	4'97	1 2 38	8'97	14 38 32	4'96
4 20	1 4 59	9'30	12 33 45	4'19	1 5 32	9'38	14 33 8	4'18
4 40	1 7 21	9'64	12 28 7	3'38	1 7 55	9'72	14 27 29	3'37
5 0	1 9 12	9'90	12 22 19	2'55	1 9 47	9'98	14 21 43	2'54
5 20	1 10 32	10'08	12 16 23	1'69	1 11 7	10'17	14 15 46	1'69
Elong.	1 11 34	10'23	12 4 36	0'04	1 12 09	10'31	14 4 0	0'05
Elong. nt	<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>			<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>		
	5 59 0	- 0'14			5 58 50	- 0'17		
	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>			<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>		
6 40	1 10 25	+ 10'05	11 52 14	- 1'78	1 10 59	+ 10'13	13 51 33	- 1'79
7 0	1 9 13	9'85	11 46 18	2'63	1 9 36	9'93	13 45 39	2'64
7 20	1 7 19	9'58	11 40 33	3'46	1 7 41	9'65	13 39 50	3'46
7 40	1 4 45	9'23	11 34 57	4'26	1 5 15	9'30	13 34 14	4'27
8 0	1 1 51	8'82	11 29 35	5'03	1 2 19	8'88	13 28 52	5'04
8 20	0 58 29	8'33	11 24 27	5'76	0 58 56	8'39	13 23 45	5'77
8 40	0 54 40	7'79	11 19 39	6'45	0 55 5	7'84	13 18 57	6'46
9 0	0 50 27	7'19	11 15 13	7'09	0 50 50	7'24	13 14 28	7'10
9 15	0 47 2	6'70	11 12 06	7'54	0 47 23	6'75	13 11 23	7'54
9 30	0 43 25	6'18	11 9 13	7'95	0 43 45	6'23	13 8 30	7'95
9 45	0 39 37	5'64	11 6 36	8'33	0 39 55	5'68	13 5 51	8'33
10 0	0 35 39	5'08	11 4 11	8'67	0 35 55	5'11	13 3 27	8'67
10 15	0 31 32	4'49	11 2 4	8'98	0 31 46	4'52	13 1 20	8'98
10 30	0 27 17	3'88	11 0 11	9'24	0 27 29	3'91	12 59 27	9'25
10 45	0 22 55	3'26	10 58 36	9'47	0 23 5	3'28	12 57 51	9'47
11 0	0 18 27	2'63	10 57 17	9'66	0 18 35	2'64	12 56 31	9'66
11 15	0 13 54	1'98	10 56 15	9'81	0 14 0	1'99	12 55 30	9'81
11 30	0 9 18	1'32	10 55 31	9'92	0 9 22	1'33	12 54 46	9'92
11 45	0 4 40	0'66	10 55 6	9'98	0 4 42	0'67	12 54 18	9'98

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance $1^{\circ} 10'$, and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmination	LATITUDE 16°				LATITUDE 18°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>
0 15	0 4 47	+ 0'69	17 12 56	+ 9'98	0 4 51	+ 0'70	19 12 36	+ 9'98
0 30	0 9 34	1'37	17 12 31	9'91	0 9 40	1'39	19 12 10	9'91
0 45	0 14 17	2'05	17 11 45	9'81	0 14 27	2'08	19 11 24	9'81
1 0	0 18 57	2'72	17 10 43	9'66	0 19 10	2'76	19 10 22	9'65
1 15	0 23 32	3'38	17 9 23	9'46	0 23 49	3'42	19 9 3	9'46
1 30	0 28 1	4'03	17 7 45	9'23	0 28 21	4'07	19 7 25	9'23
1 45	0 32 23	4'65	17 5 52	8'96	0 32 45	4'71	19 5 31	8'96
2 0	0 36 36	5'26	17 3 42	8'65	0 37 1	5'32	19 3 22	8'64
2 15	0 40 39	5'84	17 1 17	8'30	0 41 7	5'91	19 0 56	8'29
2 30	0 44 32	6'39	16 58 37	7'91	0 45 3	6'47	18 58 14	7'91
2 45	0 48 14	6'92	16 55 42	7'49	0 48 47	7'00	18 55 21	7'49
3 0	0 51 43	7'42	16 52 34	7'04	0 52 18	7'51	18 52 11	7'04
3 20	0 56 0	8'03	16 48 3	6'39	0 56 38	8'12	18 47 42	6'39
3 40	0 59 51	8'58	16 43 12	5'70	1 0 31	8'68	18 42 51	5'69
4 0	1 3 15	9'06	16 38 3	4'95	1 3 57	9'17	18 37 42	4'95
4 20	1 6 10	9'48	16 32 38	4'18	1 6 54	9'58	18 32 17	4'17
4 40	1 8 34	9'82	16 27 1	3'37	1 9 19	9'93	18 26 37	3'36
5 0	1 10 27	10'08	16 21 13	2'53	1 11 13	10'19	18 20 48	2'53
5 20	1 11 47	10'27	16 15 16	1'68	1 12 34	10'38	18 14 51	1'67
Elong.	1 12 49	10'41	16 3 32	0'06	1 13 36	10'52	18 3 11	0'07
Elong.at	<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>			<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>		
	5 58 40	- 0'19			5 58 29	- 0'22		
	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>			<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>		
6 40	1 11 38	+ 10'22	15 51 1	- 1'79	1 12 24	+ 10'33	17 50 38	- 1'80
7 0	1 10 14	10'02	15 45 6	2'64	1 10 58	10'12	17 44 41	2'65
7 20	1 8 18	9'74	15 39 18	3'47	1 9 0	9'84	17 38 54	3'48
7 40	1 5 50	9'38	15 33 43	4'27	1 6 31	9'48	17 33 17	4'28
8 0	1 2 53	8'96	15 28 18	5'04	1 3 32	9'05	17 27 54	5'05
8 20	0 59 27	8'47	15 23 11	5'77	1 0 4	8'55	17 22 47	5'78
8 40	0 55 35	7'91	15 18 25	6'46	0 56 9	7'99	17 17 58	6'47
9 0	0 51 17	7'30	15 13 56	7'10	0 51 48	7'37	17 13 30	7'10
9 15	0 47 48	6'80	15 10 48	7'54	0 48 18	6'87	17 10 23	7'55
9 30	0 44 8	6'28	15 7 57	7'95	0 44 35	6'34	17 7 29	7'96
9 45	0 40 16	5'73	15 5 18	8'33	0 40 40	5'78	17 4 52	8'33
10 0	0 36 14	5'15	15 2 54	8'67	0 36 36	5'20	17 2 28	8'68
10 15	0 32 3	4'55	15 0 45	8'98	0 32 22	4'60	17 0 19	8'98
10 30	0 27 43	3'94	14 58 53	9'25	0 28 0	3'98	16 58 27	9'25
10 45	0 23 17	3'31	14 57 18	9'47	0 23 31	3'34	16 56 52	9'48
11 0	0 18 45	2'66	14 55 58	9'66	0 18 56	2'69	16 55 32	9'66
11 15	0 14 8	2'01	14 54 56	9'81	0 14 16	2'03	16 54 30	9'81
11 30	0 9 27	1'34	14 54 12	9'92	0 9 33	1'36	16 53 46	9'92
11 45	0 4 44	0'67	14 53 44	9'98	0 4 47	0'68	16 53 20	9'98

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance $1^{\circ} 10'$, and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmination	LATITUDE 20°				LATITUDE 22°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>
0 15	0 4 55	+ 0.71	21 12 19	+ 9.98	0 4 59	+ 0.72	23 12 5	+ 9.98
0 30	0 9 48	1.41	21 11 53	9.91	0 9 56	1.43	23 11 39	9.91
0 45	0 14 38	2.11	21 11 8	9.81	0 14 51	2.14	23 10 54	9.80
1 0	0 19 25	2.80	21 10 6	9.65	0 19 42	2.84	23 9 52	9.65
1 15	0 24 7	3.47	21 8 46	9.46	0 24 28	3.52	23 8 32	9.46
1 30	0 28 42	4.13	21 7 8	9.23	0 29 7	4.19	23 6 54	9.23
1 45	0 33 10	4.77	21 5 14	8.95	0 33 39	4.84	23 5 0	8.95
2 0	0 37 29	5.39	21 3 5	8.64	0 38 1	5.47	23 2 48	8.64
2 15	0 41 39	5.99	21 0 39	8.29	0 42 14	6.08	23 0 23	8.29
2 30	0 45 37	6.56	20 57 57	7.91	0 46 16	6.65	22 57 43	7.90
2 45	0 49 24	7.10	20 55 2	7.49	0 50 6	7.20	22 54 47	7.48
3 0	0 52 57	7.61	20 51 54	7.03	0 53 42	7.72	22 51 40	7.03
3 20	0 57.20	8.23	20 47 23	6.38	0 58 9	8.35	22 47 8	6.38
3 40	1 1 17	8.79	20 42 31	5.69	1 2 8	8.92	22 42 17	5.68
4 0	1 4 45	9.29	20 37 22	4.94	1 5 39	9.42	22 37 5	4.94
4 20	1 7 44	9.71	20 31 57	4.17	1 8 40	9.84	22 31 40	4.16
4 40	1 10 11	10.05	20 26 17	3.35	1 11 9	10.19	22 26 2	3.35
5 0	1 12 6	10.32	20 20 28	2.52	1 13 5	10.46	22 20 11	2.51
5 20	1 13 27	10.51	20 14 31	1.66	1 14 27	10.65	22 14 14	1.66
Elong.	1 14 30	10.65	20 2 55	0.07	1 15 30	10.79	22 2 40	0.08
Elong. at	<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>			<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>		
	5 58 18	- 0.24			5 58 7	- 0.27		
	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>			<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>		
6 40	1 13 16	+ 10.45	19 50 17	- 1.81	1 14 15	+ 10.59	21 49 59	- 1.82
7 0	1 11 49	10.24	19 44 19	2.66	1 12 46	10.37	21 44 2	2.66
7 20	1 9 49	9.95	19 38 32	3.49	1 10 45	10.08	21 38 14	3.49
7 40	1 7 18	9.58	19 32 55	4.29	1 8 11	9.71	21 32 37	4.29
8 0	1 4 17	9.15	19 27 32	5.06	1 5 7	9.26	21 27 16	5.06
8 20	1 0 46	8.64	19 22 25	5.79	1 1 33	8.75	21 22 8	5.79
8 40	0 56 48	8.08	19 17 37	6.47	0 57 32	8.18	21 17 19	6.47
9 0	0 52 24	7.45	19 13 8	7.11	0 53 5	7.54	21 12 51	7.11
9 15	0 48 51	6.94	19 10 2	7.55	0 49 29	7.03	21 9 44	7.55
9 30	0 45 5	6.40	19 7 9	7.96	0 45 40	6.48	21 6 52	7.96
9 45	0 41 8	5.84	19 4 31	8.34	0 41 40	5.91	21 4 12	8.34
10 0	0 37 1	5.25	19 2 6	8.68	0 37 29	5.32	21 1 49	8.68
10 15	0 32 44	4.65	18 59 58	8.98	0 33 9	4.70	20 59 41	8.98
10 30	0 28 19	4.02	18 58 6	9.25	0 28 41	4.07	20 57 49	9.25
10 45	0 23 47	3.37	18 56 31	9.48	0 24 5	3.41	20 56 14	9.48
11 0	0 19 9	2.72	18 55 11	9.66	0 19 23	2.75	20 54 54	9.66
11 15	0 14 26	2.05	18 54 9	9.81	0 14 37	2.07	20 53 52	9.81
11 30	0 9 39	1.37	18 53 25	9.92	0 9 47	1.39	20 53 8	9.92
11 45	0 4 50	0.69	18 52 57	9.98	0 4 54	0.69	20 52 40	9.98

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance 1° 10', and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmina- tion	LATITUDE 24°				LATITUDE 20°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of 10" in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of 10" in N.P.D.	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of 10" in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of 10" in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>
0 15	0 5 3	+ 0.73	25 11 53	+ 9.98	0 5 9	+ 0.74	27 11 43	+ 9.98
0 30	0 10 6	1.46	25 11 27	9.91	0 10 16	1.48	27 11 17	9.91
0 45	0 15 5	2.17	25 10 42	9.80	0 15 21	2.21	27 10 31	9.80
1 0	0 20 1	2.88	25 9 40	9.65	0 20 21	2.94	27 9 29	9.65
1 15	0 24 51	3.58	25 8 20	9.46	0 25 17	3.65	27 8 7	9.46
1 30	0 29 34	4.26	25 6 42	9.23	0 30 5	4.34	27 6 32	9.22
1 45	0 34 10	4.92	25 4 48	8.95	0 34 46	5.01	27 4 36	8.95
2 0	0 38 37	5.56	25 2 36	8.64	0 39 17	5.66	27 2 26	8.63
2 15	0 42 54	6.18	25 0 11	8.29	0 43 38	6.29	27 0 0	8.28
2 30	0 46 59	6.76	24 57 29	7.90	0 47 48	6.88	26 57 18	7.90
2 45	0 50 52	7.32	24 54 35	7.48	0 51 44	7.45	26 54 23	7.47
3 0	0 54 32	7.84	24 51 25	7.02	0 55 28	7.98	26 51 15	7.02
3 20	0 59 3	8.48	24 46 54	6.37	1 0 3	8.63	26 46 43	6.37
3 40	1 3 6	9.06	24 42 2	5.67	1 4 10	9.22	26 41 50	5.67
4 0	1 6 40	9.57	24 36 53	4.93	1 7 47	9.73	26 36 40	4.92
4 20	1 9 43	10.00	24 31 27	4.15	1 10 53	10.17	26 31 14	4.14
4 40	1 12 14	10.35	24 25 48	3.34	1 13 26	10.53	26 25 35	3.33
5 0	1 14 11	10.62	24 19 58	2.50	1 15 25	10.80	26 19 45	2.50
5 20	1 15 35	10.81	24 13 59	1.65	1 16 50	10.99	26 13 46	1.64
Elong.	1 16 38	10.95	24 2 29	0.09	1 17 53	11.13	26 2 20	0.10
Elong. at	<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>			<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>		
	5 57 55	- 0.30			5 57 43	- 0.33		
	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>			<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>		
6 40	1 15 20	+ 10.75	23 49 43	- 1.82	1 16 34	+ 10.92	25 49 30	- 1.83
7 0	1 13 50	10.52	23 43 48	2.67	1 15 2	10.69	25 43 35	2.68
7 20	1 11 47	10.22	23 37 59	3.50	1 12 56	10.38	25 37 47	3.51
7 40	1 9 11	9.85	23 32 23	4.30	1 10 17	10.00	25 32 10	4.31
8 0	1 6 4	9.40	23 27 0	5.07	1 7 7	9.54	25 26 46	5.07
8 20	1 2 27	8.88	23 21 52	5.80	1 3 26	9.01	25 21 41	5.80
8 40	0 58 22	8.29	23 17 5	6.48	0 59 17	8.42	25 16 51	6.49
9 0	0 53 50	7.64	23 12 35	7.12	0 54 41	7.76	25 12 23	7.12
9 15	0 50 11	7.12	23 9 30	7.56	0 50 58	7.23	25 9 18	7.56
9 30	0 46 19	6.57	23 6 38	7.97	0 47 3	6.67	25 6 24	7.97
9 45	0 42 15	5.99	23 3 58	8.34	0 42 55	6.08	25 3 46	8.34
10 0	0 38 1	5.59	23 1 34	8.68	0 38 37	5.47	25 1 22	8.68
10 15	0 33 37	4.77	22 59 27	8.99	0 34 9	4.84	24 59 15	8.99
10 30	0 29 5	4.12	22 57 35	9.25	0 29 32	4.18	24 57 21	9.25
10 45	0 24 25	3.46	22 55 59	9.48	0 24 18	3.51	24 55 45	9.48
11 0	0 19 40	2.79	22 54 39	9.67	0 19 58	2.83	24 54 27	9.67
11 15	0 14 49	2.10	22 53 37	9.81	0 15 3	2.13	24 53 25	9.81
11 30	0 9 55	1.40	22 52 53	9.92	0 10 4	1.42	24 52 41	9.92
11 45	0 4 58	0.70	22 52 25	9.98	0 5 3	0.71	24 52 13	9.98

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance $1^{\circ} 10'$, and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmination	LATITUDE 28°				LATITUDE 30°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	<i>c i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>
0 15	0 5 15	+ 0'76	29 11 34	+ 9'98	0 5 21	+ 0'77	31 11 26	+ 9'98
0 30	0 10 28	1'51	29 11 8	9'91	0 10 41	1'54	31 11 0	9'91
0 45	0 15 38	2'26	29 10 22	9'80	0 15 57	2'31	31 10 14	9'80
1 0	0 20 44	2'99	29 9 20	9'65	0 21 10	3'06	31 9 12	9'65
1 15	0 25 45	3'72	29 7 58	9'46	0 26 17	3'80	31 7 50	9'46
1 30	0 30 39	4'42	29 6 20	9'22	0 31 17	4'52	31 6 12	9'22
1 45	0 35 25	5'11	29 4 27	8'95	0 36 8	5'22	31 4 19	8'95
2 0	0 40 1	5'77	29 2 17	8'63	0 40 50	5'89	31 2 7	8'63
2 15	0 44 27	6'41	28 59 51	8'28	0 45 21	6'54	30 59 41	8'28
2 30	0 48 41	7'02	28 57 9	7'89	0 49 40	7'16	30 56 59	7'89
2 45	0 52 42	7'59	28 54 13	7'47	0 53 46	7'75	30 54 3	7'47
3 0	0 56 30	8'13	28 51 4	7'02	0 57 38	8'30	30 50 55	7'01
3 20	1 1'10	8'80	28 46 32	6'36	1 2 24	8'98	30 46 22	6'36
3 40	1 5 21	9'39	28 41 40	5'66	1 6 40	9'59	30 41 30	5'65
4 0	1 9 2	9'92	28 36 29	4'92	1 10 25	10'12	30 36 20	4'91
4 20	1 12 11	10'36	28 31 3	4'14	1 13 37	10'57	30 30 53	4'13
4 40	1 14 46	10'72	28 25 23	3'32	1 16 16	10'94	30 25 13	3'32
5 0	1 16 47	11'00	28 19 34	2'49	1 18 19	11'22	30 19 23	2'48
5 20	1 18 13	11'19	28 13 36	1'63	1 19 46	11'42	30 13 26	1'62
Elong.	1 19 17	11'33	28 2 12	0'11	1 20 50	11'55	30 2 6	0'12
Elong. at	<i>h m s</i>	<i>"</i>			<i>h m s</i>	<i>"</i>		
	5 57 31	- 0'35			5 57 18	- 0'39		
6 40	1 17 56	+ 11'11	27 49 18	- 1'84	1 19 26	+ 11'32	29 49 7	- 1'85
7 0	1 16 22	10'88	27 43 23	2'69	1 17 50	11'09	29 43 12	2'70
7 20	1 14 13	10'56	27 37 35	3'52	1 15 39	10'76	29 37 24	3'52
7 40	1 11 31	10'17	27 31 57	4'31	1 12 54	10'36	29 31 47	4'32
8 0	1 8 17	9'70	27 26 36	5'08	1 9 35	9'88	29 26 25	5'09
8 20	1 4 33	9'16	27 21 28	5'81	1 5 46	9'33	29 21 17	5'81
8 40	1 0 19	8'56	27 16 41	6'49	1 1 27	8'71	29 16 30	6'49
9 0	0 55 38	7'89	27 12 11	7'12	0 56 41	8'03	29 12 2	7'13
9 15	0 51 51	7'35	27 9 5	7'56	0 52 50	7'48	29 8 56	7'57
9 30	0 47 51	6'78	27 6 14	7'97	0 48 45	6'90	29 6 3	7'98
9 45	0 43 39	6'18	27 3 36	8'35	0 44 29	6'29	29 3 25	8'35
10 0	0 39 17	5'56	27 1 12	8'69	0 40 1	5'66	29 1 1	8'69
10 15	0 34 44	4'91	26 59 2	8'99	0 35 23	5'00	28 58 53	8'99
10 30	0 30 3	4'25	26 57 10	9'25	0 30 36	4'33	28 57 1	9'26
10 45	0 25 14	3'57	26 55 34	9'48	0 25 42	3'63	28 55 25	9'48
11 0	0 20 19	2'87	26 54 16	9'67	0 20 41	2'92	28 54 7	9'67
11 15	0 15 18	2'16	26 53 15	9'81	0 15 35	2'20	28 53 5	9'81
11 30	0 10 14	1'45	26 52 31	9'92	0 10 26	1'47	28 52 21	9'92
11 45	0 5 8	0'73	26 52 3	9'98	0 5 14	0'74	28 51 53	9'98

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance $1^{\circ} 10'$, and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmination	LATITUDE 32°				LATITUDE 34°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude.	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>
0 15	0 5 28	+ 0'79	33 11 19	+ 9'98	0 5 36	+ 0'81	35 11 13	+ 9'98
0 30	0 10 55	1'58	33 10 53	9'91	0 11 10	1'62	35 10 47	9'91
0 45	0 16 19	2'36	33 10 7	9'80	0 16 42	2'42	35 10 1	9'80
1 0	0 21 38	3'13	33 9 5	9'65	0 22 9	3'21	35 8 57	9'65
1 15	0 26 52	3'88	33 7 43	9'46	0 27 30	3'98	35 7 37	9'45
1 30	0 31 58	4'62	33 6 5	9'22	0 32 44	4'74	35 5 59	9'22
1 45	0 36 56	5'34	33 4 11	8'94	0 37 49	5'47	35 4 5	8'94
2 0	0 41 44	6'03	33 1 59	8'63	0 42 44	6'18	35 1 53	8'63
2 15	0 46 21	6'69	32 59 34	8'27	0 47 27	6'86	34 59 27	8'27
2 30	0 50 46	7'33	32 56 52	7'89	0 51 58	7'51	34 56 45	7'88
2 45	0 54 57	7'93	32 53 56	7'46	0 56 15	8'12	34 53 47	7'46
3 0	0 58 54	8'49	32 50 46	7'00	1 0 18	8'70	34 50 40	7'00
3 20	1 3 45	9'18	32 46 14	6'35	1 5 16	9'41	34 46 6	6'35
3 40	1 8 7	9'80	32 41 21	5'65	1 9 43	10'04	34 41 14	5'64
4 0	1 11 56	10'34	32 36 11	4'90	1 13 38	10'59	34 36 2	4'90
4 20	1'15 13	10'80	32 30 43	4'12	1 16 58	11'06	34 30 37	4'11
4 40	1 17 54	11'18	32 25 4	3'31	1 19 43	11'44	34 24 55	3'30
5 0	1 19 59	11'46	32 19 14	2'47	1 21 51	11'73	34 19 5	2'46
5 20	1 21 28	11'66	32 13 16	1'61	1 23 21	11'93	34 13 8	1'60
Elong.	1 22 33	11'80	32 2 0	0'13	1 24 26	12'07	34 1 55	0'14
Elong. at	<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>			<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>		
	5 57 5	- 0'42			5 56 51	- 0'45		
	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>			<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>		
6 40	1 21 6	+ 11'56	31 48 58	- 1'86	1 22 57	+ 11'82	33 48 49	- 1'87
7 0	1 19 28	11'31	31 43 2	2'71	1 21 16	11'57	33 42 53	2'71
7 20	1 17 14	10'98	31 37 14	3'53	1 18 58	11'23	33 37 6	3'54
7 40	1 14 24	10'57	31 31 39	4'33	1 16 5	10'81	33 31 30	4'34
8 0	1 11 2	10'08	31 26 15	5'09	1 12 37	10'30	33 26 6	5'10
8 20	1 7 8	9'52	31 21 10	5'82	1 8 38	9'73	33 21 0	5'83
8 40	1 2 43	8'89	31 16 20	6'50	1 4 7	9'08	33 16 13	6'51
9 0	0 57 51	8'19	31 11 54	7'13	0 59 8	8'37	33 11 45	7'14
9 15	0 53 55	7'63	31 8 46	7'57	0 55 6	7'79	33 8 39	7'58
9 30	0 49 45	7'04	31 5 54	7'98	0 50 51	7'19	33 5 47	7'98
9 45	0 45 23	6'42	31 3 17	8'35	0 46 23	6'55	33 3 9	8'36
10 0	0 40 50	5'77	31 0 53	8'69	0 41 44	5'89	33 0 46	8'69
10 15	0 36 6	5'10	30 58 45	8'99	0 36 54	5'21	32 58 38	8'99
10 30	0 31 13	4'41	30 56 53	9'26	0 31 55	4'50	32 56 46	9'26
10 45	0 26 13	3'70	30 55 17	9'48	0 26 48	3'78	32 55 10	9'48
11 0	0 21 6	2'98	30 53 59	9'67	0 21 34	3'04	32 53 52	9'67
11 15	0 15 54	2'25	30 52 57	9'81	0 16 15	2'29	32 52 50	9'81
11 30	0 10 38	1'50	30 52 13	9'92	0 10 52	1'53	32 52 6	9'92
11 45	0 5 20	0'75	30 51 45	9'98	0 5 27	0'77	32 51 38	9'98

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance $1^{\circ} 10'$, and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmination	LATITUDE 36°				LATITUDE 38°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>
0 15	0 5 45	+ 0.83	37 11 7	+ 9.98	0 5 54	+ 0.86	39 11 1	+ 9.98
0 30	0 11 28	1.66	37 10 41	9.91	0 11 47	1.71	39 10 35	9.91
0 45	0 17 8	2.48	37 9 55	9.80	0 17 36	2.56	39 9 50	9.80
1 0	0 22 43	3.29	37 8 51	9.65	0 23 21	3.39	39 8 46	9.65
1 15	0 28 13	4.09	37 7 31	9.45	0 29 0	4.21	39 7 26	9.45
1 30	0 33 34	4.86	37 5 53	9.22	0 34 30	5.00	39 5 48	9.21
1 45	0 38 47	5.62	37 3 57	8.94	0 39 52	5.78	39 3 52	8.94
2 0	0 43 50	6.34	37 1 47	8.62	0 45 2	6.53	39 1 40	8.62
2 15	0 48 40	7.04	36 59 19	8.27	0 50 1	7.24	38 59 14	8.26
2 30	0 53 18	7.71	36 56 37	7.88	0 54 46	7.93	38 56 32	7.87
2 45	0 57 42	8.34	36 53 42	7.45	0 59 17	8.57	38 53 34	7.45
3 0	1 1 50	8.93	36 50 32	7.00	1 3 32	9.18	38 50 24	6.99
3 20	1 6 55	9.65	36 46 0	6.34	1 8 45	9.92	38 45 53	6.33
3 40	1 11 29	10.30	36 41 6	5.64	1 13 26	10.59	38 40 59	5.63
4 0	1 15 29	10.86	36 35 54	4.89	1 17 33	11.17	38 35 47	4.88
4 20	1 18 55	11.34	36 30 29	4.10	1 21 3	11.66	38 30 21	4.09
4 40	1 21 43	11.73	36 24 47	3.29	1 23 56	12.05	38 24 39	3.28
5 0	1 23 54	12.03	36 18 57	2.45	1 26 9	12.36	38 18 50	2.44
5 20	1 25 25	12.23	36 12 58	1.59	1 27 43	12.56	38 12 50	1.58
Elong.	1 26 32	12.37	36 1 51	0.15	1 28 50	12.70	38 1 47	0.16
Elong. at	<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>			<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>		
	5 56 37	- 0.48			5 56 21	- 0.52		
	<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>			<i>o i "</i>	<i>"</i>		
6 40	1 24 59	+ 12.11	35 48 41	- 1.88	1 27 14	+ 12.43	37 48 33	- 1.89
7 0	1 23 15	11.85	35 42 45	2.73	1 25 27	12.16	37 42 37	2.73
7 20	1 20 54	11.50	35 36 57	3.55	1 23 1	11.79	37 36 50	3.56
7 40	1 17 56	11.06	35 31 22	4.35	1 19 58	11.35	37 31 14	4.35
8 0	1 14 23	10.55	35 25 58	5.11	1 16 19	10.82	37 25 52	5.12
8 20	1 10 17	9.96	35 20 52	5.83	1 12 6	10.21	37 20 44	5.84
8 40	1 5 40	9.29	35 16 4	6.51	1 7 22	9.53	37 15 59	6.52
9 0	1 0 33	8.56	35 11 37	7.14	1 2 7	8.78	37 11 31	7.15
9 15	0 56 25	7.97	35 8 31	7.58	0 57 53	8.17	37 8 25	7.59
9 30	0 52 4	7.35	35 5 39	7.99	0 53 24	7.54	37 5 33	7.99
9 45	0 47 29	6.70	35 3 1	8.36	0 48 43	6.87	37 2 55	8.36
10 0	0 42 43	6.03	35 0 39	8.70	0 43 49	6.18	37 0 31	8.70
10 15	0 37 46	5.33	34 58 31	9.00	0 38 44	5.46	36 58 23	9.00
10 30	0 32 40	4.61	34 56 39	9.26	0 33 30	4.72	36 56 31	9.26
10 45	0 27 26	3.87	34 55 3	9.48	0 28 8	3.96	36 54 58	9.49
11 0	0 22 5	3.11	34 53 45	9.67	0 22 39	3.19	36 53 38	9.67
11 15	0 16 38	2.34	34 52 44	9.81	0 17 4	2.49	36 52 38	9.81
11 30	0 11 8	1.57	34 52 0	9.92	0 11 25	1.61	36 51 54	9.92
11 45	0 5 35	0.79	34 51 32	9.98	0 5 43	0.80	36 51 26	9.98

TABLE LIII.—Azimuth and Apparent Altitude of Polaris computed with North Polar Distance $1^{\circ} 10'$, and Mean Refraction.

Hour Angle before or after Culmination	LATITUDE 40°			
	Azimuth	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.	Apparent Altitude	Correc- tion for Increment of $10''$ in N.P.D.
<i>h m</i>	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>
0 15	0 6 5	+ 0.88	41 10 57	+ 9.98
0 30	0 12 8	1.76	41 10 31	9.91
0 45	0 18 8	2.64	41 9 45	9.80
1 0	0 24 3	3.49	41 8 41	9.65
1 15	0 29 52	4.34	41 7 21	9.45
1 30	0 35 32	5.16	41 5 41	9.21
1 45	0 41 3	5.96	41 3 47	8.93
2 0	0 46 23	6.73	41 1 35	8.62
2 15	0 51 30	7.46	40 59 7	8.26
2 30	0 56 24	8.17	40 56 25	7.87
2 45	1 1 2	8.83	40 53 29	7.44
3 0	1 5 24	9.46	40 50 19	6.98
3 20	1 10.47	10.22	40 45 46	6.32
3 40	1 15 36	10.91	40 40 52	5.62
4 0	1 19 49	11.50	40 35 40	4.87
4 20	1 23 25	12.00	40 30 14	4.08
4 40	1 26 22	12.41	40 24 32	3.27
5 0	1 28 39	12.72	40 18 43	2.43
5 20	1 30 15	12.93	40 12 43	1.57
Elong.	1 31 23	13.06	40 1 45	0.17
Elong. at	<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>		
	5 56 5	- 0.56		
	<i>o ' "</i>	<i>"</i>		
6 40	1 29 43	+ 12.78	39 48 26	- 1.90
7 0	1 27 52	12.50	39 42 30	2.75
7 20	1 25 22	12.12	39 36 42	3.57
7 40	1 22 13	11.66	39 31 7	4.37
8 0	1 18 28	11.11	39 25 45	5.13
8 20	1 14 8	10.49	39 20 39	5.85
8 40	1 9 14	9.78	39 15 51	6.53
9 0	1 3 51	9.01	39 11 23	7.15
9 15	0 59 29	8.39	39 8 18	7.59
9 30	0 54 53	7.74	39 5 26	8.00
9 45	0 50 4	7.05	39 2 50	8.37
10 0	0 45 2	6.34	39 0 26	8.70
10 15	0 39 49	5.60	38 58 18	9.00
10 30	0 34 26	4.84	38 56 26	9.26
10 45	0 28 55	4.06	38 54 52	9.49
11 0	0 23 16	3.27	38 53 32	9.67
11 15	0 17 32	2.46	38 52 32	9.81
11 30	0 11 44	1.65	38 51 48	9.92
11 45	0 5 53	0.83	38 51 20	9.98

TABLE LIV.—Elements of Circumpolar Stars for 1st January 1910.

Number	Star's Name	Magnitude	Mean Right Ascension Jan. 1, 1910	Annual Precession in Right Ascension	Secular Variation of Precession in Right Ascension	$\frac{d^2\alpha}{dt^2}$	Annual Proper Motion in Right Ascension	Mean Declination Jan. 1, 1910	Annual Precession in Declination	Secular Variation of Precession in Declination	$\frac{d^2\delta}{dt^2}$	Annual Proper Motion in Declination
			<i>h m s</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>° ' "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>
1	Bradley 48	6.3	0 32 55.81	+ 4.434	+ 0.400	+ 8	-0.053	81 59 48.93	+19.839	-0.101	- 3	+0.09
2	Bradley 74	5.5	0 46 23.07	+ 5.332	+ 0.608	+ 14	+0.028	83 13 8.60	+19.637	-0.163	- 5	-0.02
3	H. Cephei	4.5	0 56 16.13	+ 7.469	+ 1.512	+ 56	+0.071	85 46 29.29	+19.445	-0.271	- 11	0.00
4	1 B. Urs. Min.	6.5	0 58 16.00	+16.275	+10.849	+1166	+0.171	88 32 29.95	+19.402	-0.600	- 66	-0.02
5	Bradley 95	7.5	1 0 36.92	+ 9.071	+ 2.441	+ 113	+0.055	86 40 0.41	+19.349	-0.357	- 18	-0.02
6	a Urs. Min. (Polaris)	2.1	1 26 56 *	...	...	...	...	88 49 34 *	...	...	...	...
7	Piazzi 11.60	8.4	2 24 24.44	+ 8.187	+ 0.684	+ 8	...	81 14 48.23	+16.197	-0.707	- 12	...
8	Bradley 396	6.0	2 57 40.92	+ 9.062	+ 0.675	+ 5	-0.023	81 7 25.97	+14.317	-0.933	- 13	0.00
9	Bradley 402	5.9	3 10 49.13	+13.520	+ 1.660	+ 16	+0.044	84 35 41.49	+13.490	-1.466	- 31	-0.12
10	Groom. 642	5.8	3 37 16.58	+20.161	+ 3.328	+ 21	+0.165	86 21 54.75	+11.692	-2.389	- 64	-0.06
11	Groom. 766	5.4	4 7 13.91	+13.559	+ 0.987	- 6	...	83 35 28.16	+ 9.470	-1.745	- 22	...
12	151 H. Cephei	6.7	4 7 59.67	+17.480	+ 1.778	+ 13	+0.012	85 19 4.72	+ 9.411	-2.254	- 38	+0.04
13	Groom. 774	5.8	4 10 7.42	+12.909	+ 0.850	- 6	-0.039	83 7 34.63	+ 9.247	-1.673	- 19	+0.10
14	Groom. 856	5.5	4 43 28.06	+11.086	+ 0.391	- 7	...	81 2 47.58	+ 6.570	-1.528	- 10	...
15	Lalande F. 693	6.4	4 59 45.67	+20.836	+ 1.334	- 62	...	85 50 41.04	+ 5.208	-2.937	- 30	...
16	158 H. Cephei	6.4	5 33 1.50	+18.727	+ 0.460	- 52	+0.013	85 9 14.48	+ 2.354	-2.713	- 11	0.00
17	Groom. 1004	7.0	6 12 29.17	+26.629	- 0.460	- 165	...	86 45 28.30	- 1.092	-3.877	+ 11	...
18	CEPHEI 51 (REV.)	5.2	6 58 39 *	...	...	...	...	87 11 31 *	...	...	...	...
19	Piazzi VI. 285	6.3	7 8 19.89	+11.542	- 0.383	- 8	...	81 25 23.84	- 5.889	-1.607	+ 19	...
20	25 H. Camelop	5.3	7 12 12.46	+12.839	- 0.528	- 11	+0.014	82 35 14.36	- 6.212	-1.778	+ 13	-0.05
21	Piazzi VI. 334	7.0	7 18 18.51	+11.096	- 0.401	- 7	...	81 4 52.76	- 6.717	-1.523	+ 10	...
22	Groom., 1359	6.5	7 55 30.99	+14.839	- 1.268	- 6	...	84 19 14.39	- 9.682	-1.886	+ 28	...
23	Groom. 1391	6.5	8 7 12.38	+11.953	- 0.841	- 2	...	82 42 42.04	-10.564	- 1.478	+ 19	...
24	B.A.C. 2320 (Grom. 1119)	7.0	8 8 41 *	...	...	...	...	88 54 17 *	...	...	...	...
25	Groom. 1418	7.5	8 28 4.58	+16.263	- 2.140	+ 13	...	85 22 30.42	-12.069	-1.889	+ 42	...
26	Groom. 1431	7.0	8 30 11.85	+11.185	- 0.883	+ 3	...	82 33 33.07	-12.217	-1.289	+ 18	...
27	Lalande F. 1347	7.0	8 46 24.57	+11.319	- 1.049	+ 7	...	83 5 24.81	-13.310	-1.232	+ 21	...
28	Radcliffe 2218	6.2	8 56 44.04	+13.107	- 1.650	+ 19	...	84 32 39.23	-13.971	-1.362	+ 30	...
29	Groom. 1480	6.7	8 57 50.13	+ 9.228	- 0.683	+ 4	...	81 11 26.70	-14.040	-0.953	+ 13	...
30	1 H. Draconis	4.5	9 24 20.03	+ 8.845	- 0.767	+ 8	-0.006	81 43 31.07	-15.597	-0.806	+ 14	-0.03
31	29 H. Camelop.	5.6	10 16 42.62	+ 9.360	- 1.482	+ 37	-0.093	84 42 36.38	-18.044	-0.584	+ 18	-0.05
32	30 H. Camelop.	5.3	10 20 11.64	+ 7.675	- 0.889	+ 17	-0.047	83 1 1.34	-18.175	-0.466	+ 11	+0.01
33	Bradley 1439	6.2	10 26 48.60	+ 6.394	- 0.549	+ 8	-0.006	80 57 32.15	-18.412	-0.360	+ 7	0.00
34	Bradley 1458	6.2	10 34 39.38	+ 6.107	- 0.519	+ 8	+0.011	80 53 49.59	-18.672	-0.314	+ 6	+0.01
35	Groom. 1782	6.1	11 25 31.61	+ 4.432	- 0.376	+ 7	-0.069	81 37 22.30	-19.820	-0.087	+ 3	+0.03
36	Groom. 1845	6.2	11 55 38.49	+ 3.240	- 0.214	+ 4	...	81 21 16.33	-20.042	0.000	+ 1	...
37	Groom. 1850	5.7	12 0 13.24	+ 3.054	- 0.429	+ 19	-0.056	86 5 9.07	-20.046	+0.009	+ 1	+0.08
38	Groom. 1858	6.3	12 6 58.26	+ 2.775	- 0.173	+ 4	-0.019	82 12 38.00	-20.037	+0.021	+ 1	+0.03
39	Bradley 1656	6.3	12 14 14.49	+ 1.522	- 0.001	+ 2	+0.276	86 56 9.17	-20.007	+0.022	0	-0.02
40	B.A.C. 4165 (Brad. 1672)	6.3	12 14 26 *	...	...	...	...	88 11 56 *	...	...	...	...

TABLE LIV.—Elements of Circumpolar Stars for 1st January 1910.

Number	Star's Name	Magnitude	Mean Right Ascension Jan. 1, 1910			Annual Precession in Right Ascension	Secular Variation of Precession in Right Ascension	$\frac{d^2\alpha}{dt^2}$	Annual Proper Motion in Right Ascension	Mean Declination Jan. 1, 1910	Annual Precession in Declination	Secular Variation of Precession in Declination	$\frac{d^2\delta}{dt^2}$	Annual Proper Motion in Declina- tion
			h	m	s									
41	Groom. 1892	6.0	12	21	3.29	+ 1.920	- 0.067	+ 2	+ 0.003	83 55 37.55	- 19.961	+ 0.034	0	- 0.04
42	Groom. 1923	6.0	12	37	58.14	+ 0.926	+ 0.119	- 3	- 0.002	84 8 15.74	- 19.771	+ 0.031	0	+ 0.02
43	Groom. 1927	6.0	12	42	8.38	+ 1.510	+ 0.007	0	+ 0.023	81 6 52.93	- 19.708	+ 0.049	0	- 0.01
44	Bradley 1730	5.4	12	48	20.04	+ 0.452	- 0.196	- 5	- 0.017	83 54 25.72	- 19.602	+ 0.022	+ 1	+ 0.02
45	32 ³ H. Camelop	5.2	12	48	27.37	+ 0.447	+ 0.195	- 5	- 0.019	83 54 7.55	- 19.600	+ 0.023	+ 1	+ 0.02
46	Groom. 2006	8.0	13	3	6.92	- 8.076	+ 5.515	- 464	...	88 7 58.93	- 19.291	- 0.311	+ 28	...
47	Groom. 1977	6.3	13	11	36.53	+ 0.494	+ 0.129	- 2	...	80 56 50.97	- 19.075	+ 0.030	+ 1	...
48	Groom. 2007	7.0	13	18	14.47	- 2.234	+ 0.843	- 27	- 0.110	85 13 29.54	- 18.889	- 0.102	+ 5	+ 0.03
49	Piaz. XIII. 263	6.3	13	44	51.07	- 1.881	+ 0.510	- 11	...	83 12 15.88	- 17.984	- 0.114	+ 4	...
50	Groom. 2071	6.8	13	52	17.41	- 0.995	+ 0.289	- 5	+ 0.025	81 12 38.76	- 17.688	- 0.060	+ 2	- 0.01
51	Groom. 221C	6.8	14	47	49.42	- 10.826	+ 2.794	- 75	...	86 19 18.25	- 14.907	- 1.051	+ 37	...
52	Groom. 2196	5.8	14	56	20.21	- 4.373	+ 0.672	- 9	+ 0.091	82 52 55.73	- 14.399	- 0.436	+ 8	- 0.24
53	Groom. 2213	7.5	15	0	36.12	- 6.416	+ 1.104	- 18	...	84 17 52.15	- 14.137	- 0.660	+ 15	...
54	B. A. C. 5140 (Groom. 2283)	7.1	15	5	59 *	...	...	...	...	87 34 47 *	...	...	...	...
55	Lalande F. 2690	6.8	15	35	19.03	- 3.794	+ 0.400	- 3	...	81 4 16.83	- 11.831	- 0.440	+ 6	...
56	ε Urs. Min.	4.4	16	55	9 *	...	...	...	...	82 11 12 *	...	...	...	...
57	δ Urs. Min.	4.4	18	1	18 *	...	...	...	...	86 36 51 *	...	...	...	...
58	24 Urs. Min.	5.9	18	4	4.82	- 22.386	- 0.142	+ 144	+ 0.069	86 59 44.02	+ 0.357	- 3.264	- 3	+ 0.01
59	Bradley 2412	6.2	18	36	3.93	- 7.851	- 0.232	+ 8	+ 0.022	83 6 37.09	+ 3.142	- 1.132	- 4	- 0.03
60	Lalande F. 3178	7.0	18	44	36.11	- 18.939	- 1.294	+ 78	...	86 35 27.97	+ 3.877	- 2.709	- 26	...
61	Lalande F. 3177	6.5	19	2	33.65	- 8.745	- 0.494	+ 8	...	83 47 5.87	+ 5.404	- 1.229	- 9	...
62	Lalande F. 3154	6.9	19	3	37.54	- 6.362	- 0.308	+ 3	...	82 14 31.99	+ 5.494	- 0.893	- 5	...
63	λ Urs. Min.	6.6	19	10	58 *	...	...	...	...	89 0 22 *	...	...	...	...
64	Lalande F. 3268	6.3	19	26	42.79	- 7.482	- 0.550	+ 2	...	83 17 21.16	+ 7.405	- 1.016	- 10	...
65	Cephei 24	Var.	19	49	51.71	- 56.119	- 25.801	+ 292	...	88 51 8.49	+ 9.246	- 7.261	- 488	...
66	Groom. 3212	6.7	20	12	36.90	- 8.355	- 1.075	- 7	...	84 24 29.54	+ 10.963	- 1.022	- 17	...
67	75 Draconis	5.6	20	33	55.56	- 3.620	- 0.401	- 3	+ 0.009	81 6 54.74	+ 12.474	- 0.418	- 5	- 0.01
68	Lalande F. 2616-7	6.2	20	38	8.40	- 5.721	- 0.767	- 8	...	83 18 52.70	+ 12.760	- 0.650	- 11	...
69	76 Draconis	5.7	20	49	9.54	- 4.143	- 0.544	- 6	+ 0.013	82 11 55.37	+ 13.489	- 0.454	- 7	+ 0.03
70	B. A. C. 7504 (Groom. 3548)	7.4	21	17	38 *	...	...	...	...	86 39 58 *	...	...	...	...
71	Bradley 2935	7.5	22	1	29.47	- 1.903	- 0.441	- 8	- 0.071	82 26 12.83	+ 17.425	- 0.147	- 4	- 0.03
72	Groom. 3709	8.0	22	1	36.53	- 1.900	- 0.438	- 8	- 0.064	82 26 17.47	+ 17.430	- 0.143	- 3	+ 0.01
73	Bradley 2993	5.4	22	20	36.12	- 4.320	- 1.354	- 45	+ 0.053	85 39 19.82	+ 18.190	- 0.270	- 10	+ 0.04
74	Bradley 2997	6.5	22	20	57.76	- 4.494	- 1.438	- 49	+ 0.025	85 46 10.75	+ 18.203	- 0.282	- 11	+ 0.01
75	Bradley 3038	4.8	22	47	51.55	- 0.147	- 0.242	- 5	+ 0.006	82 40 34.89	+ 19.061	- 0.014	- 1	+ 0.04
76	Bradley 3058	5.0	22	55	9.39	- 0.398	- 0.337	- 9	+ 0.060	83 51 52.52	+ 19.249	- 0.025	- 1	+ 0.01
77	B. A. C. 8213 (Brad. 3147)	5.6	23	27	46 *	...	...	...	...	86 48 40 *	...	...	...	...
78	Bradley 3187	6.3	23	52	12.90	+ 2.710	+ 0.179	+ 4	+ 0.024	82 41 23.99	+ 20.034	+ 0.005	- 1	0.00
79	Bradley 3194	8.0	23	5	12.78	+ 2.652	+ 0.323	+ 14	+ 0.022	86 12 18.93	+ 20.042	0.000	- 1	- 0.03
80	Bradley 3203	7.0	23	58	3.92	+ 2.987	+ 0.215	+ 5	- 0.014	82 28 19.20	+ 20.045	- 0.005	- 1	- 0.01

* See Nautical Almanac.

TABLE LV.—Values of $\frac{2 \sin^2 \frac{1}{2} t}{\sin 1''}$ for the Reduction of Circum-meridian Observations for Latitude.

Seconds	Hour Angles in Time																			
	0 ^m	1 ^m	2 ^m	3 ^m	4 ^m	5 ^m	6 ^m	7 ^m	8 ^m	9 ^m	10 ^m	11 ^m	12 ^m	13 ^m	14 ^m	15 ^m	16 ^m	17 ^m	18 ^m	19 ^m
0	0	2	8	18	31	49	71	96	126	159	196	238	283	332	385	442	502	567	636	708
1	0	2	8	18	32	49	71	97	126	160	197	238	283	333	386	443	504	568	637	710
2	0	2	8	18	32	50	71	97	127	160	198	239	284	333	387	444	505	569	638	711
3	0	2	8	18	32	50	72	98	127	161	198	240	285	334	387	445	506	571	639	712
4	0	2	8	18	32	50	72	98	128	161	199	240	286	335	388	446	507	572	640	713
5	0	2	9	19	33	51	73	99	128	162	200	241	287	336	389	447	508	573	642	715
6	0	2	9	19	33	51	73	99	129	163	200	242	287	337	390	448	509	574	643	716
7	0	2	9	19	33	51	73	99	129	163	201	243	288	338	391	449	510	575	644	717
8	0	3	9	19	34	52	74	100	130	164	202	243	289	339	392	450	511	576	645	718
9	0	3	9	19	34	52	74	100	130	164	202	244	290	339	393	451	512	577	646	720
10	0	3	9	20	34	52	75	101	131	165	203	245	291	340	394	452	513	578	648	721
11	0	3	9	20	34	53	75	101	131	166	204	246	291	341	395	452	514	579	649	722
12	0	3	10	20	35	53	75	102	132	166	204	246	292	342	396	453	515	581	650	723
13	0	3	10	20	35	53	76	102	133	167	205	247	293	343	397	454	516	582	651	725
14	0	3	10	21	35	54	76	103	133	167	206	248	294	344	398	455	517	583	652	726
15	0	3	10	21	35	54	77	103	134	168	206	248	295	345	399	456	518	584	654	727
16	0	3	10	21	36	54	77	104	134	169	207	249	295	345	400	457	519	585	655	728
17	0	3	10	21	36	55	78	104	135	169	208	250	296	346	400	458	520	586	656	730
18	0	3	10	21	36	55	78	105	135	170	208	251	297	347	401	459	521	587	657	731
19	0	3	11	22	37	55	78	105	136	170	209	251	298	348	402	460	523	589	658	732
20	0	3	11	22	37	56	79	106	136	171	210	252	299	349	403	461	524	590	660	733
21	0	4	11	22	37	56	79	106	137	172	210	253	299	350	404	462	525	591	661	735
22	0	4	11	22	37	57	80	107	137	172	211	254	300	351	405	463	526	592	662	736
23	0	4	11	22	38	57	80	107	138	173	212	254	301	352	406	464	527	593	663	737
24	0	4	11	23	38	57	80	108	139	173	212	255	302	352	407	465	528	594	664	739
25	0	4	11	23	38	58	81	108	139	174	213	256	303	353	408	466	529	595	666	740
26	0	4	12	23	39	58	81	108	140	175	214	257	303	354	409	468	530	596	667	741
27	0	4	12	23	39	58	82	109	140	175	214	257	304	355	410	469	531	598	668	742
28	0	4	12	24	39	59	82	109	141	176	215	258	305	356	411	470	532	599	669	744
29	0	4	12	24	39	59	83	110	141	177	216	259	306	357	412	471	533	600	670	745
30	0	4	12	24	40	59	83	110	142	177	216	260	307	358	413	472	534	601	672	746
31	1	5	12	24	40	60	83	111	142	178	217	260	308	359	414	473	535	602	673	747
32	1	5	13	25	40	60	84	111	143	178	218	261	308	360	415	474	537	603	674	749
33	1	5	13	25	41	60	84	112	144	179	219	262	309	360	416	475	538	604	675	750
34	1	5	13	25	41	61	85	112	144	180	219	263	310	361	416	476	539	606	676	751
35	1	5	13	25	41	61	85	113	145	180	220	263	311	362	417	477	540	607	678	753
36	1	5	13	25	42	62	86	113	145	181	221	264	312	363	418	478	541	608	679	754
37	1	5	13	26	42	62	86	114	146	182	221	265	312	364	419	479	542	609	680	755
38	1	5	14	26	42	62	86	114	146	182	222	266	313	365	420	480	543	610	681	756
39	1	5	14	26	42	63	87	115	147	183	223	266	314	366	421	481	544	611	683	758
40	1	5	14	26	43	63	87	115	147	183	223	267	315	367	422	482	545	613	684	759
41	1	5	14	27	43	63	88	116	148	184	224	268	316	368	423	483	546	614	685	760
42	1	6	14	27	43	64	88	116	149	185	225	269	317	368	424	484	547	615	686	762
43	1	6	14	27	44	64	89	117	149	185	225	269	317	369	425	485	548	616	687	763
44	1	6	15	27	44	65	89	117	150	186	226	270	318	370	426	486	550	617	689	764
45	1	6	15	28	44	65	89	118	150	187	227	271	319	371	427	487	551	618	690	765
46	1	6	15	28	45	65	90	118	151	187	228	272	320	372	428	488	552	619	691	767
47	1	6	15	28	45	66	90	119	151	188	228	273	321	373	429	489	553	621	692	768
48	1	6	15	28	45	66	91	119	152	189	229	273	322	374	430	490	554	622	694	769
49	1	6	16	29	46	66	91	120	153	189	230	274	322	375	431	491	555	623	695	771
50	1	7	16	29	46	67	92	120	153	190	230	275	323	376	432	492	556	624	696	772
51	1	7	16	29	46	67	92	121	154	190	231	276	324	377	433	493	557	625	697	773
52	1	7	16	29	47	68	93	121	154	191	232	276	325	377	434	494	558	626	699	774
53	2	7	16	30	47	68	93	122	155	192	233	277	326	378	435	495	559	628	700	776
54	2	7	17	30	47	68	93	123	156	192	233	278	327	379	436	496	561	629	701	777
55	2	7	17	30	47	69	94	123	156	193	234	279	328	380	437	497	562	630	702	778
56	2	7	17	30	48	69	94	124	157	194	235	280	328	381	438	498	563	631	703	780
57	2	7	17	31	48	70	95	124	157	194	235	280	329	382	439	499	564	632	705	781
58	2	8	17	31	48	70	95	125	158	195	236	281	330	383	440	500	565	634	706	782
59	2	8	17	31	49	70	96	125	158	196	237	282	331	384	441	501	566	635	707	784

TABLE LVI.—Factors for Bessel's Probable Error Formulæ.

n	$\frac{0.6745}{\sqrt{(n-1)}}$	$\frac{0.6745}{\sqrt{n(n-1)}}$	n	$\frac{0.6745}{\sqrt{(n-1)}}$	$\frac{0.6745}{\sqrt{n(n-1)}}$
2	0.6745	0.4769	51	0.0954	0.0134
3	.4769	.2754	52	.0944	.0131
4	.3894	.1947	53	.0935	.0128
5	.3372	.1508	54	.0926	.0126
6	0.3016	0.1231	55	.0918	.0124
7	.2754	.1041	56	0.0909	0.0122
8	.2549	.0901	57	.0901	.0119
9	.2385	.0795	58	.0893	.0117
10	.2248	.0711	59	.0886	.0115
11	0.2133	0.0643	60	.0878	.0113
12	.2034	.0587	61	0.0871	0.0111
13	.1947	.0540	62	.0864	.0110
14	.1871	.0500	63	.0857	.0108
15	.1803	.0465	64	.0850	.0106
16	0.1742	0.0435	65	.0843	.0105
17	.1686	.0409	66	0.0837	0.0103
18	.1636	.0386	67	.0830	.0101
19	.1590	.0365	68	.0824	.0100
20	.1547	.0346	69	.0818	.0098
21	0.1508	0.0329	70	.0812	.0097
22	.1472	.0314	71	0.0806	0.0096
23	.1438	.0300	72	.0800	.0094
24	.1406	.0287	73	.0795	.0093
25	.1377	.0275	74	.0789	.0092
26	0.1349	0.0265	75	.0784	.0091
27	.1323	.0255	76	0.0779	0.0089
28	.1298	.0245	77	.0774	.0088
29	.1275	.0237	78	.0769	.0087
30	.1253	.0229	79	.0764	.0086
31	0.1231	0.0221	80	.0759	.0085
32	.1211	.0214	81	0.0754	0.0084
33	.1192	.0208	82	.0749	.0083
34	.1174	.0201	83	.0745	.0082
35	.1157	.0196	84	.0740	.0081
36	0.1140	0.0190	85	.0736	.0080
37	.1124	.0185	86	0.0732	0.0079
38	.1109	.0180	87	.0727	.0078
39	.1094	.0175	88	.0723	.0077
40	.1080	.0171	89	.0719	.0076
41	0.1066	0.0167	90	.0715	.0075
42	.1053	.0163	91	0.0711	0.0075
43	.1041	.0159	92	.0707	.0074
44	.1029	.0155	93	.0703	.0073
45	.1017	.0152	94	.0699	.0072
46	0.1005	0.0148	95	.0696	.0071
47	.0994	.0145	96	0.0692	0.0071
48	.0984	.0142	97	.0688	.0070
49	.0974	.0139	98	.0685	.0069
50	.0964	.0136	99	.0681	.0068
			100	.0678	.0068

TABLE LVII.—Quadrilateral Surfaces of, 15' in Latitude and in Longitude on the Terrestrial Ellipsoid.

Latitude	Area in Square Miles	Latitude	Area in Square Miles	Latitude	Area in Square Miles
0 0 to 0 15	296·973	14 0 to 14 15	288·223	27 0 to 27 15	265·042
0 15 " 0 30	296·967	14 15 " 14 30	287·912	27 15 " 27 30	264·459
0 30 " 0 45	296·957	14 30 " 14 45	287·595	27 30 " 27 45	263·872
0 45 " 1 0	296·940	14 45 " 15 0	287·273	27 45 " 28 0	263·279
1 0 " 1 15	296·918	15 0 " 15 15	286·946	28 0 " 28 15	262·682
1 15 " 1 30	296·891	15 15 " 15 30	286·613	28 15 " 28 30	262·079
1 30 " 1 45	296·857	15 30 " 15 45	286·275	28 30 " 28 45	261·472
1 45 " 2 0	296·819	15 45 " 16 0	285·932	28 45 " 29 0	260·860
2 0 " 2 15	296·775	16 0 " 16 15	285·583	29 0 " 29 15	260·242
2 15 " 2 30	296·725	16 15 " 16 30	285·229	29 15 " 29 30	259·620
2 30 " 2 45	296·671	16 30 " 16 45	284·869	29 30 " 29 45	258·993
2 45 " 3 0	296·610	16 45 " 17 0	284·504	29 45 " 30 0	258·361
3 0 " 3 15	296·544	17 0 " 17 15	284·135	30 0 " 30 15	257·723
3 15 " 3 30	296·472	17 15 " 17 30	283·759	30 15 " 30 30	257·081
3 30 " 3 45	296·396	17 30 " 17 45	283·379	30 30 " 30 45	256·435
3 45 " 4 0	296·313	17 45 " 18 0	282·992	30 45 " 31 0	255·783
4 0 " 4 15	296·225	18 0 " 18 15	282·601	31 0 " 31 15	255·126
4 15 " 4 30	296·132	18 15 " 18 30	282·205	31 15 " 31 30	254·465
4 30 " 4 45	296·032	18 30 " 18 45	281·802	31 30 " 31 45	253·798
4 45 " 5 0	295·928	18 45 " 19 0	281·396	31 45 " 32 0	253·127
5 0 " 5 15	295·818	19 0 " 19 15	280·983	32 0 " 32 15	252·451
5 15 " 5 30	295·702	19 15 " 19 30	280·566	32 15 " 32 30	251·770
5 30 " 5 45	295·582	19 30 " 19 45	280·142	32 30 " 32 45	251·084
5 45 " 6 0	295·455	19 45 " 20 0	279·714	32 45 " 33 0	250·394
6 0 " 6 15	295·323	20 0 " 20 15	279·281	33 0 " 33 15	249·699
6 15 " 6 30	295·186	20 15 " 20 30	278·842	33 15 " 33 30	248·999
6 30 " 6 45	295·043	20 30 " 20 45	278·398	33 30 " 33 45	248·294
6 45 " 7 0	294·894	20 45 " 21 0	277·949	33 45 " 34 0	247·584
7 0 " 7 15	294·741	21 0 " 21 15	277·494	34 0 " 34 15	246·870
7 15 " 7 30	294·581	21 15 " 21 30	277·035	34 15 " 34 30	246·151
7 30 " 7 45	294·417	21 30 " 21 45	276·570	34 30 " 34 45	245·427
7 45 " 8 0	294·247	21 45 " 22 0	276·100	34 45 " 35 0	244·699
8 0 " 8 15	294·071	22 0 " 22 15	275·625	35 0 " 35 15	243·965
8 15 " 8 30	293·890	22 15 " 22 30	275·144	35 15 " 35 30	243·228
8 30 " 8 45	293·703	22 30 " 22 45	274·659	35 30 " 35 45	242·485
8 45 " 9 0	293·511	22 45 " 23 0	274·168	35 45 " 36 0	241·738
9 0 " 9 15	293·313	23 0 " 23 15	273·672	36 0 " 36 15	240·986
9 15 " 9 30	293·110	23 15 " 23 30	273·171	36 15 " 36 30	240·230
9 30 " 9 45	292·902	23 30 " 23 45	272·665	36 30 " 36 45	239·468
9 45 " 10 0	292·688	23 45 " 24 0	272·153	36 45 " 37 0	238·703
10 0 " 10 15	292·469	24 0 " 24 15	271·637	37 0 " 37 15	237·933
10 15 " 10 30	292·244	24 15 " 24 30	271·116	37 15 " 37 30	237·158
10 30 " 10 45	292·014	24 30 " 24 45	270·589	37 30 " 37 45	236·378
10 45 " 11 0	291·778	24 45 " 25 0	270·057	37 45 " 38 0	235·594
11 0 " 11 15	291·537	25 0 " 25 15	269·520	38 0 " 38 15	234·806
11 15 " 11 30	291·291	25 15 " 25 30	268·978	38 15 " 38 30	234·013
11 30 " 11 45	291·039	25 30 " 25 45	268·431	38 30 " 38 45	233·215
11 45 " 12 0	290·782	25 45 " 26 0	267·878	38 45 " 39 0	232·413
12 0 " 12 15	290·519	26 0 " 26 15	267·321	39 0 " 39 15	231·606
12 15 " 12 30	290·251	26 15 " 26 30	266·759	39 15 " 39 30	230·795
12 30 " 12 45	289·977	26 30 " 26 45	266·192	39 30 " 39 45	229·980
12 45 " 13 0	289·699	26 45 " 27 0	265·619	39 45 " 40 0	229·160
13 0 " 13 15	289·414				
13 15 " 13 30	289·124				
13 30 " 13 45	288·829				
13 45 " 14 0	288·529				

TABLE LVIII.—Semi-diurnal and Semi-nocturnal Arcs, showing the time of the rising and setting of the Sun, Moon, or Equatorial Stars.

Latitude	DECLINATION															Latitude	
	0°	2°	4°	6°	8°	10°	12°	14°	16°	18°	20°	22°	23°	23° 27'			
°	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	°
1	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	1
2	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	2
3	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	3
4	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	4
5	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	5
6	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6
7	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	7
8	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	8
9	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	9
10	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	10
11	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	11
12	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	12
13	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	13
14	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	14
15	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	15
16	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	16
17	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	17
18	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	18
19	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	19
20	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	20
21	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	21
22	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	22
23	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	23
24	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	24
25	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	25
26	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	26
27	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	27
28	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	28
29	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	29
30	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	30
31	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	31
32	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	32
33	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	33
34	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	34
35	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	35
36	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	36
37	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	37
38	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	38
39	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	39
40	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	40
Dates corresponding to Sun's Declination	Sep. 23, Mar. 20	" 28, "	Oct. 3, "	" 8, "	" 13, Feb. 28	" 19, "	" 25, "	" 31, "	Nov. 6, "	" 13, Jan. 29	" 21, "	Dec. 2, "	" 11, "	December 22			S. Declination
	Sep. 23, Mar. 20	" 18, " 25	" 12, " 30	" 7, Apr. 5	" 2, " 10	Aug. 27, " 16	" 21, " 27	" 15, " 27	" 8, May 4	" 1, " 11	July 23, " 20	" 12, " 31	" 3, June 10	June 22			N. Declination

TABLE LIX.—Corrections for reducing Apparent to Mean Solar Time.

Day of Month	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	August	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1	+ 4 ^m	+ 14 ^m	+ 13 ^m	+ 4 ^m	- 3 ^m	- 2 ^m	+ 3 ^m	+ 6 ^m	- 0 ^m	- 10 ^m	- 16 ^m	- 11 ^m
2	4	14	12	4	3	2	4	6	0	10	16	11
3	4	14	12	3	3	2	4	6	1	11	16	10
4	5	14	12	3	3	2	4	6	1	11	16	10
5	5	14	12	3	3	2	4	6	1	11	16	9
6	6	14	12	3	3	2	4	6	2	12	16	9
7	6	14	11	2	4	1	5	6	2	12	16	9
8	7	14	11	2	4	1	5	6	2	12	16	8
9	7	14	11	2	4	1	5	5	3	13	16	8
10	8	14	11	1	4	1	5	5	3	13	16	7
11	8	14	10	1	4	1	5	5	3	13	16	7
12	8	14	10	1	4	1	5	5	4	13	16	6
13	9	14	10	1	4	0	5	5	4	14	16	6
14	9	14	9	0	4	0	6	5	4	14	16	5
15	9	14	9	0	4	0	6	4	5	14	15	5
16	10	14	9	0	4	0	6	4	5	14	15	4
17	10	14	9	0	4	+ 1	6	4	5	14	15	4
18	10	14	8	- 1	4	1	6	4	6	15	15	3
19	11	14	8	1	4	1	6	4	6	15	15	3
20	11	14	8	1	4	1	6	3	6	15	14	2
21	11	14	7	1	4	1	6	3	7	15	14	2
22	12	14	7	1	4	2	6	3	7	15	14	1
23	12	14	7	2	3	2	6	3	7	16	14	1
24	12	13	7	2	3	2	6	2	8	16	13	0
25	12	13	6	2	3	2	6	2	8	16	13	0
26	13	13	6	2	3	2	6	2	9	16	13	+ 1
27	13	13	6	2	3	3	6	2	9	16	12	1
28	13	13	5	3	3	3	6	1	9	16	12	1
29	13	13	5	3	3	3	6	1	10	16	12	2
30	13	...	5	3	3	3	6	1	10	16	11	2
31	14	...	4	...	3	...	6	0	...	16	...	3

TABLE LX.—Showing Links to be subtracted from each Chain, in an ascending or descending line, in order to reduce it to the Horizontal Measure.

Deg.	Links	Deg.	Links	Deg.	Links	Deg.	Links	Deg.	Links	Deg.	Links
1	0·02	6	0·55	11	1·84	16	3·87	21	6·64	26	10·12
2	0·06	7	0·75	12	2·19	17	4·37	22	7·28	27	10·90
3	0·14	8	0·97	13	2·56	18	4·89	23	7·95	28	11·71
4	0·24	9	1·23	14	2·97	19	5·45	24	8·65	29	12·54
5	0·38	10	1·52	15	3·41	20	6·03	25	9·37	30	13·40

TABLE LXI.—For the Conversion of Feet into Miles.

Tens of Thousands	Thousands										Tens of Thousands
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	<i>Miles</i> ...	<i>Miles</i> 0·1894	<i>Miles</i> 0·3788	<i>Miles</i> 0·5682	<i>Miles</i> 0·7576	<i>Miles</i> 0·9470	<i>Miles</i> 1·1364	<i>Miles</i> 1·3258	<i>Miles</i> 1·5152	<i>Miles</i> 1·7045	0
1	1·8939	2·0833	2·2727	2·4621	2·6515	2·8409	3·0303	3·2197	3·4091	3·5985	1
2	3·7879	3·9773	4·1667	4·3561	4·5455	4·7348	4·9242	5·1136	5·3030	5·4924	2
3	5·6818	5·8712	6·0606	6·2500	6·4394	6·6288	6·8182	7·0076	7·1970	7·3864	3
4	7·5758	7·7652	7·9545	8·1439	8·3333	8·5227	8·7121	8·9015	9·0909	9·2803	4
5	9·4697	9·6591	9·8485	10·0379	10·2273	10·4167	10·6061	10·7955	10·9848	11·1742	5
6	11·3636	11·5530	11·7424	11·9318	12·1212	12·3106	12·5000	12·6894	12·8788	13·0682	6
7	13·2576	13·4470	13·6364	13·8258	14·0152	14·2045	14·3939	14·5833	14·7727	14·9621	7
8	15·1515	15·3409	15·5303	15·7197	15·9091	16·0985	16·2879	16·4773	16·6667	16·8561	8
9	17·0455	17·2348	17·4242	17·6136	17·8030	17·9924	18·1818	18·3712	18·5606	18·7500	9

Hundreds	Tens										Hundreds
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	<i>Miles</i> ...	<i>Miles</i> 0·0019	<i>Miles</i> 0·0038	<i>Miles</i> 0·0057	<i>Miles</i> 0·0076	<i>Miles</i> 0·0095	<i>Miles</i> 0·0114	<i>Miles</i> 0·0133	<i>Miles</i> 0·0152	<i>Miles</i> 0·0170	0
1	0·0189	0208	0227	0246	0265	0284	0303	0322	0341	0360	1
2	0379	0398	0417	0436	0455	0473	0492	0511	0530	0549	2
3	0568	0587	0606	0625	0644	0663	0682	0701	0720	0739	3
4	0758	0777	0795	0814	0833	0852	0871	0890	0909	0928	4
5	0947	0966	0985	1004	1023	1042	1061	1080	1098	1117	5
6	1136	1155	1174	1193	1212	1231	1250	1269	1288	1307	6
7	1326	1345	1364	1383	1402	1420	1439	1458	1477	1496	7
8	1515	1534	1553	1572	1591	1610	1629	1648	1667	1686	8
9	1705	1723	1742	1761	1780	1799	1818	1837	1856	1875	9

Units	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Units
...	·0002	·0004	·0006	·0008	·0009	·0011	·0013	·0015	·0017	·0017	Units

TABLE LXII.—For the conversion of Miles into Feet.

Tens	Units										Tens
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	<i>Feet</i> ...	<i>Feet</i> 5280	<i>Feet</i> 10560	<i>Feet</i> 15840	<i>Feet</i> 21120	<i>Feet</i> 26400	<i>Feet</i> 31680	<i>Feet</i> 36960	<i>Feet</i> 42240	<i>Feet</i> 47520	0
1	52800	58080	63360	68640	73920	79200	84480	89760	95040	100320	1
2	105600	110880	116160	121440	126720	132000	137280	142560	147840	153120	2
3	158400	163680	168960	174240	179520	184800	190080	195360	200640	205920	3
4	211200	216480	221760	227040	232320	237600	242880	248160	253440	258720	4
5	264000	269280	274560	279840	285120	290400	295680	300960	306240	311520	5
6	316800	322080	327360	332640	337920	343200	348480	353760	359040	364320	6
7	369600	374880	380160	385440	390720	396000	401280	406560	411840	417120	7
8	422400	427680	432960	438240	443520	448800	454080	459360	464640	469920	8
9	475200	480480	485760	491040	496320	501600	506880	512160	517440	522720	9

Tenths	Hundredths										Tenths
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	<i>Feet</i> ...	<i>Feet</i> 52'8	<i>Feet</i> 105'6	<i>Feet</i> 158'4	<i>Feet</i> 211'2	<i>Feet</i> 264'0	<i>Feet</i> 316'8	<i>Feet</i> 369'6	<i>Feet</i> 422'4	<i>Feet</i> 475'2	0
1	528'0	580'8	633'6	686'4	739'2	792'0	844'8	897'6	950'4	1003'2	1
2	1056'0	1108'8	1161'6	1214'4	1267'2	1320'0	1372'8	1425'6	1478'4	1531'2	2
3	1584'0	1636'8	1689'6	1742'4	1795'2	1848'0	1900'8	1953'6	2006'4	2059'2	3
4	2112'0	2164'8	2217'6	2270'4	2323'2	2376'0	2428'8	2481'6	2534'4	2587'2	4
5	2640'0	2692'8	2745'6	2798'4	2851'2	2904'0	2956'8	3009'6	3062'4	3115'2	5
6	3168'0	3220'8	3273'6	3326'4	3379'2	3432'0	3484'8	3537'6	3590'4	3643'2	6
7	3696'0	3748'8	3801'6	3854'4	3907'2	3960'0	4012'8	4065'6	4118'4	4171'2	7
8	4224'0	4276'8	4329'6	4382'4	4435'2	4488'0	4540'8	4593'6	4646'4	4699'2	8
9	4752'0	4804'8	4857'6	4910'4	4963'2	5016'0	5068'8	5121'6	5174'4	5227'2	9

TABLE LXIII.—For the conversion of Links into Feet.

Tens of Thousands	Thousands										Tens of Thousands
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	<i>Feet</i> ...	<i>Feet</i> 660	<i>Feet</i> 1320	<i>Feet</i> 1980	<i>Feet</i> 2640	<i>Feet</i> 3300	<i>Feet</i> 3960	<i>Feet</i> 4620	<i>Feet</i> 5280	<i>Feet</i> 5940	0
1	6600	7260	7920	8580	9240	9900	10560	11220	11880	12540	1
2	13200	13860	14520	15180	15840	16500	17160	17820	18480	19140	2
3	19800	20460	21120	21780	22440	23100	23760	24420	25080	25740	3
4	26400	27060	27720	28380	29040	29700	30360	31020	31680	32340	4
5	33000	33660	34320	34980	35640	36300	36960	37620	38280	38940	5
6	39600	40260	40920	41580	42240	42900	43560	44220	44880	45540	6
7	46200	46860	47520	48180	48840	49500	50160	50820	51480	52140	7
8	52800	53460	54120	54780	55440	56100	56760	57420	58080	58740	8
9	59400	60060	60720	61380	62040	62700	63360	64020	64680	65340	9
Hundreds	Tens										Hundreds
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	<i>Feet</i> ...	<i>Feet</i> 6·6	<i>Feet</i> 13·2	<i>Feet</i> 19·8	<i>Feet</i> 26·4	<i>Feet</i> 33·0	<i>Feet</i> 39·6	<i>Feet</i> 46·2	<i>Feet</i> 52·8	<i>Feet</i> 59·4	0
1	66·0	72·6	79·2	85·8	92·4	99·0	105·6	112·2	118·8	125·4	1
2	132·0	138·6	145·2	151·8	158·4	165·0	171·6	178·2	184·8	191·4	2
3	198·0	204·6	211·2	217·8	224·4	231·0	237·6	244·2	250·8	257·4	3
4	264·0	270·6	277·2	283·8	290·4	297·0	303·6	310·2	316·8	323·4	4
5	330·0	336·6	343·2	349·8	356·4	363·0	369·6	376·2	382·8	389·4	5
6	396·0	402·6	409·2	415·8	422·4	429·0	435·6	442·2	448·8	455·4	6
7	462·0	468·6	475·2	481·8	488·4	495·0	501·6	508·2	514·8	521·4	7
8	528·0	534·6	541·2	547·8	554·4	561·0	567·6	574·2	580·8	587·4	8
9	594·0	600·6	607·2	613·8	620·4	627·0	633·6	640·2	646·8	653·4	9
Units	...	·66	1·32	1·98	2·64	3·30	3·96	4·62	5·28	5·94	Units

TABLE LXIV.—For the conversion of Feet into Links.

Tens of Thousands	Thousands										Tens of thousands
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	<i>Links</i> ...	<i>Links</i> 1515·2	<i>Links</i> 3030·3	<i>Links</i> 4545·5	<i>Links</i> 6060·6	<i>Links</i> 7575·8	<i>Links</i> 9090·9	<i>Links</i> 10606·1	<i>Links</i> 12121·2	<i>Links</i> 13636·4	0
1	15151·5	16666·7	18181·8	19697·0	21212·1	22727·3	24242·4	25757·6	27272·7	28787·9	1
2	30303·0	31818·2	33333·3	34848·5	36363·6	37878·8	39393·9	40909·1	42424·2	43939·4	2
3	45454·5	46969·7	48484·8	50000·0	51515·2	53030·3	54545·5	56060·6	57575·8	59090·9	3
4	60606·1	62121·2	63636·4	65151·5	66666·7	68181·8	69697·0	71212·1	72727·3	74242·4	4
5	75757·6	77272·7	78787·9	80303·0	81818·2	83333·3	84848·5	86363·6	87878·8	89393·9	5
6	90909·1	92424·2	93939·4	95454·5	96969·7	98484·8	100000·0	101515·2	103030·3	104545·5	6
7	106060·6	107575·8	109090·9	110606·1	112121·2	113636·4	115151·5	116666·7	118181·8	119697·0	7
8	121212·1	122727·3	124242·4	125757·6	127272·7	128787·9	130303·0	131818·2	133333·3	134848·5	8
9	136363·6	137878·8	139393·9	140909·1	142424·2	143939·4	145454·5	146969·7	148484·8	150000·0	9
Hundreds	Tens										Hundreds
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	<i>Links</i> ...	<i>Links</i> 15·2	<i>Links</i> 30·3	<i>Links</i> 45·5	<i>Links</i> 60·6	<i>Links</i> 75·8	<i>Links</i> 90·9	<i>Links</i> 106·1	<i>Links</i> 121·2	<i>Links</i> 136·4	0
1	151·5	166·7	181·8	197·0	212·1	227·3	242·4	257·6	272·7	287·9	1
2	303·0	318·2	333·3	348·5	363·6	378·8	393·9	409·1	424·2	439·4	2
3	454·5	469·7	484·8	500·0	515·2	530·3	545·5	560·6	575·8	590·9	3
4	606·1	621·2	636·4	651·5	666·7	681·8	697·0	712·1	727·3	742·4	4
5	757·6	772·7	787·9	803·0	818·2	833·3	848·5	863·6	878·8	893·9	5
6	909·1	924·2	939·4	954·5	969·7	984·8	1000·0	1015·2	1030·3	1045·5	6
7	1060·6	1075·8	1090·9	1106·1	1121·2	1136·4	1151·5	1166·7	1181·8	1197·0	7
8	1212·1	1227·3	1242·4	1257·6	1272·7	1287·9	1303·0	1318·2	1333·3	1348·5	8
9	1363·6	1378·8	1393·9	1409·1	1424·2	1439·4	1454·5	1469·7	1484·8	1500·0	9
Units	...	1·5	3·0	4·5	6·1	7·6	9·1	10·6	12·1	13·6	Units

TABLE LXV.—For the conversion of Versts and Kilometres into Miles and *vice versa*.

Versts	Miles	Kilometres	Miles	Miles	Versts	Kilometres
1	0·6629	1	0·6214	1	1·5086	1·6093
2	1·3258	2	1·2428	2	3·0171	3·2187
3	1·9886	3	1·8641	3	4·5257	4·8280
4	2·6515	4	2·4855	4	6·0343	6·4373
5	3·3144	5	3·1069	5	7·5429	8·0466
6	3·9773	6	3·7283	6	9·0514	9·6560
7	4·6402	7	4·3496	7	10·5600	11·2653
8	5·3030	8	4·9710	8	12·0686	12·8746
9	5·9659	9	5·5924	9	13·5771	14·4840
10	6·6288	10	6·2138	10	15·0857	16·0933

1 Mile = 1·6093296 Kilometres.
1 Verst = 3500 Feet.

TABLE LXVI.—For the conversion of French into English Measures.

Measure of Length	Measure of Weight or Mass
1 Millimetre = ·039370432 Inches or about $\frac{1}{25}$ inch.	1 Milligramme = ·015432349 Grains.
1 Centimetre = ·39370432 „	1 Centigramme = ·15432349 „
1 Decimetre = 3·9370432 „	1 Decigramme = 1·5432349 „
1 Metre = 39·370432* „ or 3·2809 ft. nearly.	1 Gramme = 15·432349 „
1 Kilometre = 39370·432 „ or 1093·6 yds. „	1 Kilogramme = 15432·349 „ or 2·20462125 lbs. Avoir.
Measure of Volume.	
The Litre used for liquids = 1 cubic decimetre = 1·76168 Imperial pints.	

* See "Comparison of the Standards of Lengths," by Captain A. B. Clarke, B.E., 1866, page 280.

TABLE LXVII.—For the conversion of English into French Measures.

Measure of Length	Measure of Weight or Mass
1 Inch = 2·5399772 Centimetres.	1 Grain = ·064799 Grammes.
1 Foot = 30·4797264 „	1 oz. Avoir. = 28·34954 „
1 Yard = 91·4391792 „	1 lb. „ = 453·59265 „
1 Mile = 1·6093296 Kilometres.	1 Ton = 1016·05 Kilogrammes.
Measure of Volume.	
1 Pint = ·5676400 Litres.	
1 Gallon = 4·54112 „	
1 Bushel = 36·32896 „	

